# © 'doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## JEE MOCK TEST 3

## Chemistry

1. $X e F_{6}$ on partial hydrolysis with water produces a compound ' $X$ '. The same compound ' $X$ ' is formed when $X e F_{6}$ reacts with silica. The compound ' $X$ ' Is:
A. $X e F_{4}$
B. $X e F_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{XeOF}_{4}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

2. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} H S(s) \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}(\mathrm{~g})$

In the above reaction, if the pressure at equilibrium and at 300 K is 100atm then what will be equilibrium constant $K_{p}$ ?
A. $2500 \mathrm{~atm}^{2}$
B. $50 \mathrm{~atm}^{2}$
C. $100 \mathrm{~atm}^{2}$
D. $200 \mathrm{~atm}^{2}$

## D Watch Video Solution

3. How many EDTA molecules are required to make an octahedral complex with a $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ ion?
A. six
B. Three
C. One
D. Two

## Answer: C

## Watch Video Solution

4. Which of the following statements is true for the reaction given below?

A. $P$ is a the meso compound 2,3 - butanediol formed by
syn-addition
B. $P$ is a the meso compound 2,3- butanediol formed by
anti-addition
C. P is a racemic mixture of (d) and (I) 2,3-butanediol
formed by anti-addition
D. P is a racemic mixture of (d) and (I) 2,3-butanediol
formed by syn-addition.

## D Watch Video Solution

5. Electrometallurgical process is used to extract
A. Fe
B. Pb
C. Na
D. Ni

## Answer: C

6. The equivalent conductivity of $0.1 M$ weak acid is 100 times less than that at infinite dilution. The degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte at $0.1 M$ is.
A. 100
B. 10
C. 0.01
D. 0.001

## Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

7. For one mole of a van der Waals gas when $b=0$ and $T=30 K$ the $P V v s 1 / V$ plot is shown below The value of the
van Waals constant a $\left(\mathrm{atm}\right.$ litre $\left.^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-2}\right)$ is

A. 1.0
B. 4.5
C. 1.5
D. 3.0

## - Watch Video Solution

8. An isomer of $C_{6} H_{14}$ forms three monochloro derivaties. The isomer may be- (Excluding stereo isomer)
A. neo-pentane
B. n-hexane
C. 2, 3-dimethylbutane
D. iso-hexane

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

9. Why is $\mathrm{Cr}^{2+}$ reducing and $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ oxidising when both have $d^{4}$ configuration ?
A. both are reducing agent
B. both are oxidizing agents
C. $\mathrm{Cr}^{2+}$ is an oxidizing agent while $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ is a reducing agent.
D. $M n^{3+}$ is an oxidizing agent while $C r^{2+}$ is a reducing
agent.

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

10. The IUPAC name of the product obtained by the oxidation of phenol with the help of chromic acid is
A. cyclohexa-2, 4-diene-1, 4-diol
B. cyclohexa-2, 4diene -1, 4-dione
C. cyclohexa-2, 5-diene-1, 4-diol
D. cyclohexa -2, 5-diene-1, 4-dione

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

11. Three elements $X, Y$ and $Z$ have atomic numbers 19, 37 and

55 respectively. Then the correct statements (s) is/are
A. their ionization potential would increase with increasing atomic numbers
B. $Y$ would have an ionization potential between those of $X$ and $Z$
C. $Y$ would have the highest ionization potential
D. $Z$ would have the highest ionization potential

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

12. In which of the following species, each atom carries same number of lone pair of electron on it?
A. $\mathrm{XeO}_{4}^{2-}$
B. $\mathrm{XeF}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{XeO}_{6}^{4-}$
D. $O_{3}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

13. An electron in an atom jumps in such a way that its kinetic energy changes from $x$ to $\frac{x}{9}$. The change in its potential energy (magnitude) will be-
A. $\frac{x}{9}$
B. $\frac{16 x}{9}$
C. $9 x$
D. $\frac{9 x}{16}$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

14. Which of the following compounds is not an antacid?
A. Ranitidine
B. Aluminium hydroxide
C. Cimetidine
D. Phenelzine

## Answer: D

15. How many grams of sucrose (molecular weight 342) should be dissolved in $100 g$ water in order to produce a solution with $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ difference between the freezing point and the boiling point ? $\left(K_{b}=0.51^{\circ} \mathrm{Cm}^{-1},\left(K_{f}=1.86^{\circ} \mathrm{Cm}^{-1}\right)\right.$
A. 34.2 g
B. 72.2 g
C. 342 g
D. 460 g

## Answer: B

(D) Watch Video Solution
16. 10 g of $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$ decomposes on heating to 0.1 mole $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and 4 g MgO . The percent purity of $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$ is (Given that atomic weights of $\mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{C}$ and O are 24,12 and 16 u )
A. $44 \%$
B. $54 \%$
C. $74 \%$
D. $84 \%$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

17. The rate of decomposition for methyl nitrite and ethyl nitrite can be given in terms of rate constant $k_{1}$ and $k_{2}$
respectively. The energy of activation for the two reactions are $152.30 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$ and $157.7 \mathrm{kgmol}^{-1}$ as well as frequency factors are $10^{13}$ and $10^{14}$ respectively for the decomposition of methyl and ethyl nitrite. Calculate the temperature at which rate constant will be same for the two reactions.
A. 256 K
B. 354 K
C. 282 K
D. 674 K

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

18. A body centred cubic lattice is made up of hollow sphere of B. Sphere of solid A are present in hollow sphere of B. Radius of $A$ is half of the radius of $B$. What is the ratio of total volume of sphere B unoccupied by $A$ in unit cell and volume of unit cell?
A. $\frac{29 \pi \sqrt{3}}{64}$
B. $\frac{7 \pi \sqrt{3}}{64}$
C. $\frac{19 \pi \sqrt{3}}{64}$
D. $\frac{2 \pi \sqrt{3}}{64}$

## Answer: B

19. The equilibrium constant for
$\mathrm{CN}^{-}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{HCN}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}$is: (Given $p K_{b}$ for $\mathrm{CN}^{-}=4.69$ and $p K_{b}$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}=2.25$ )
A. $3.7 \times 10^{4}$
B. $2.8 \times 10^{-5}$
C. $1.97 \times 10^{4}$
D. $0.5 \times 10^{-5}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Which of the following is a cyclic oxoacid
A. $H_{4} P_{2} O_{7}$
B. $H_{4} P_{2} O_{6}$
C. $H_{3} P_{3} O_{9}$
D. $H_{5} P_{5} O_{15}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

21. Among given compounds, how many compounds will react with $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ or soluble in $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ ?
(a)

(b)


OH
$\mathrm{O}=\mathrm{S}=0$
(d)

## (e) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{CH}$

## - Watch Video Solution

22. The critical micelle concentration (CMC) of a cationic colloidal electrolyte is $10^{-3} \mathrm{M}$. If $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ contains $10^{13}$ micelles, the number of cations making one micells is
(Given, $N_{A}=6.0 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ )
23. The ammonia evolved from the treatment of 0.30 g of an organic compound for the estimation of nitrogen was passed in 100 mL of 0.1 M sulphuric acid. The excess of acid required 20 mL of 0.5 M sodium hydroxide solution for complete neutralization. The percentage nitrogen in the organic compound is

## - Watch Video Solution

24. The ratio $K_{p}$ to $K_{c}$ of a reaction is 24.63 L atm $\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ at
$27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If heat of reaction at constant pressure is 98.8 kcal , what is the heat of reaction (in kcal) at constant volume?
25. The total number of compounds having at least one bridging oxo group among the molecules given below is $N_{2} O_{3}, N_{2} O_{5}, P_{4} O_{6}, P_{4} O_{7}, H_{4} P_{2} O_{5}, H_{5} P_{3} O_{10}, H_{2} S_{2} O_{3}, H_{2} S_{2} O_{5}$

- Watch Video Solution

