



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NEET MOCK TEST 18



1. Concentrated aqueous solution of sulphuric acid is 98 % by mass and has density of $1.80 \mathrm{g \, m L^{-1}}$. What is the volume of acid required to make one liter $0.1 M H_2 SO_4$ solution ?

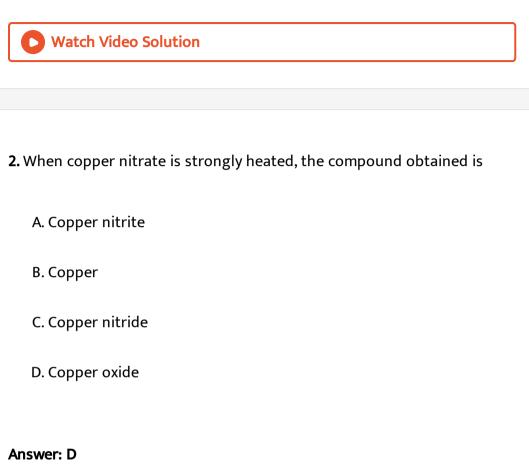
A. 16.65 mL

B. 22.20 mL

C. 5.55 mL

D. 11.10 mL

Answer: C



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3.
$$\left[Fe(H_2O)_6
ight]^{2+}$$
 and $\left[Fe(CN)_6
ight]^{4-}$ differ in $\,:\,$

A. Geometry, magnetic moment

- B. Magnetic moment and colour
- C. Geometry and hybridization
- D. None of these

Answer: B

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4. A gas expands from $3dm^3$ to $5dm^3$ against a constant pressure of 3 atm. The work done during expansion is used to heat 10 mol of water at a temperature of 290 K. Calculate final temperature of water. Specific heat of water = $4.184Jg^{-1}K^{-1}$

A. 290.81 K

B. 290.61 K

C. 290.41 K

D. 290.21 K

Answer: A



5. Reaction of methyl bromide with aqueous sodium hydroxide involves

A. Racemization

- B. $S_N 1$ mechanism
- C. Retention of configuration
- D. $S_N 2$ mechanism

Answer: D

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6. Melmac is a polymer of melamine and

A. addition polymerization of melamine and formaldehyde.

B. free radical polymerisation of acrylonitrile

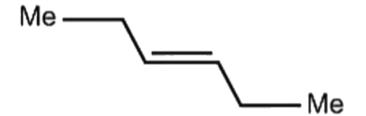
C. Condensation polymerization of melamine and formaldehyde.

D. coordination polymerisation of melamine.

Answer: C

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7. What is the IUPAC name of the following compounds?



A. trans-hex-3-ene

B. trans-hex-4-ene

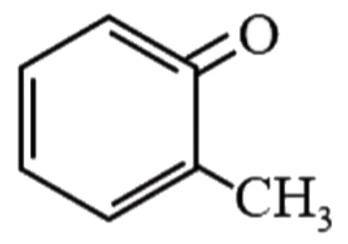
C. trans-hex-5-ene

D. trans-hex-6-ene

Answer: A



8. IUPAC name for the compound



A. Methylcyclohexanone

B. 2-Methylcyclohexanone

C. Heptanone-2

D. Methylcyclo-hexanone

Answer: B



9. For the reaction $M^{x+} + MnO_4^{\Theta} \to MO_3^{\Theta} + Mn^{2+} + (1/2)O_2$ if 1mol of MnO_4^{Θ} oxidises 1.67mol of M^{x+} to MO_3^{Θ} , then the value of x in the reaction is

A. 5 B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

Answer: C

10. The equivalent conductances of two strong electrolytes at infinite dilution in H_2O (where ions move freely through a solution) at $25^{\circ}C$ are given below :

 $\Lambda^{\,\circ}_{CH_3COONa}=91.0Scm^2\,/\,{
m equi}~{
m v}.$

 $\Lambda^\circ_{HCl}=426.2Scm^2/{
m equiv}.$ What additional information//quantity one need to calculate Λ° of an aqueous solution of acetic acid ?

A. Λ_o of chloroacetic acid $(ClCH_2COOH)$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,\Lambda^{o}\mathrm{of}NaCl$

C. Λ^o of CH_3COOK

D. The limiting equivalent conductance of $H^{\,+}\left(\lambda^{o}_{H\,+}
ight)$

Answer: B



11. Wrong statement regarding white phosphorus $\left(P_4
ight)$ is:

A. it has six P - P single bonds

B. it has four P - P single bonds

C. it has four lone pair of electrons

D. bond angle around phosphorus is 60°

Answer: B

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12. 2-methylpent-2-ene on ozonolysis will give

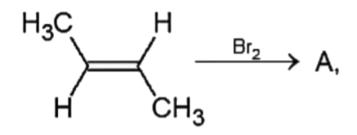
A. Propanal only

B. Propanal and ethanal

C. Propanone & propanal

D. Propan-2-ol and ethanal

Answer: C



13.

Which of the following statement is true ?

A. A is formed by anti-addition and is meso

B. A is formed by syn addition and is meso

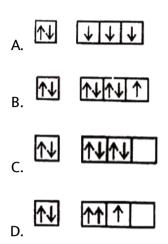
C. A is formed by anti-addition and is racemic

D. A is formed by syn addition and is racemic

Answer: A



14. The orbital diagram in which both the pauli's exclusion principal and Hund's rule are violated is :



Answer: D



15. Which one of the following complexes shows optical isomerism?

- A. trans $\left[Co(en)_2 Cl_2 \right] Cl$
- $\mathsf{B.}\left[Co(NH_3)_4 Cl_2 \right] Cl$
- $\mathsf{C.}\left[Co(NH_3)_3Cl_3\right]$

D. cis $[Co(en)_2 Cl_2]Cl$

Answer: D



16. If the end energies of H-H, Br-Br and H-Br are 433, 192 and 364 kJ mol^{-1} respectively, then ΔH° for the reaction, $H_2(g) + Br_2(g) \rightarrow 2HBr(g)$ is A. -261kJB. +103kJC. +261kJD. -103kJ

Answer: D

17. Which of the following has unpaired electron(s)?

A. O_2^-

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2^{2\,+}$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,O_2^{2\,-}$

D. N_2

Answer: A

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18. The pair of species having identical shapes for molecules of both species is

A. CF_4 , SF_4

B. XeF_2 , CO_2

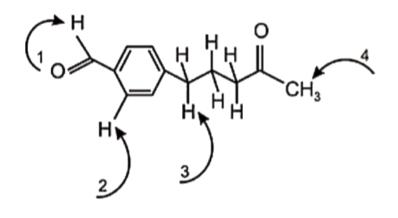
 $C. BF_3, PCl_3$

 $\mathsf{D}.\, PF_5, IF_5$

Answer: B



19. Choose from the indicated protons, the one that is most acidic



A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Answer: D

20. The products of the following chemical reactions are

 $(i)C_2H_5NH_2+C_6H_5SO_2Cl
ightarrow$

(ii) $C_2H_5NH_2 + HNO_2 \stackrel{H_2O}{\longrightarrow}$

A. $(i)C_6H_5SO_2NHC_2H_5$

(ii) C_2H_5Cl

 $\mathsf{B.}\,(i)C_6H_5SO_2NH_2$

(ii) C_2H_5OH

 $\mathsf{C.}\,(i)C_6H_5SO_2NHC_2H_5$

(ii) C_2H_5OH

D. None of these

Answer: C

21. Extraction of gold and silver involves leaching with CN^- ion.silver is later recovered by:

A. Liquation

B. Distillation

C. Zone refining

D. Displacement with Zn

Answer: D

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22. For the reaction mechanism of the reaction

$$2NO(g) + 2H_2(g)$$

 $\rightarrow N_2(g) + 2H_2O(g)$
 $\left(\text{Step I, 2NO, } \stackrel{k_1}{\iff}, N_2O_2, , , K_{eq}(\text{fast})\right), \left(\text{Step II, } N_2O_2 + H_2, \stackrel{k_2}{\longrightarrow}, N_2O_2, \right)$

Expression of rate of reaction is

(Take $K_{eq} imes k_2 = k')$

A. $k'[NO]^2[H_2]$

B. $k'N_2O_2[H_2]$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,k\,{}^{\prime}N_2O[H_2]$

D. $k'N_2O_2$

Answer: A

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23. The reaction $A(g) \rightarrow B(g) + 2C(g)$ is a first-order reaction with a rate constant of $2.303 \times 10^{-3} s^{-1}$. Strating with 0.1 moles of 'A' in a 2 litre vessel, find the concentration of A after 301 sec when the reaction is allowed to take place at constant pressure at 300 K.

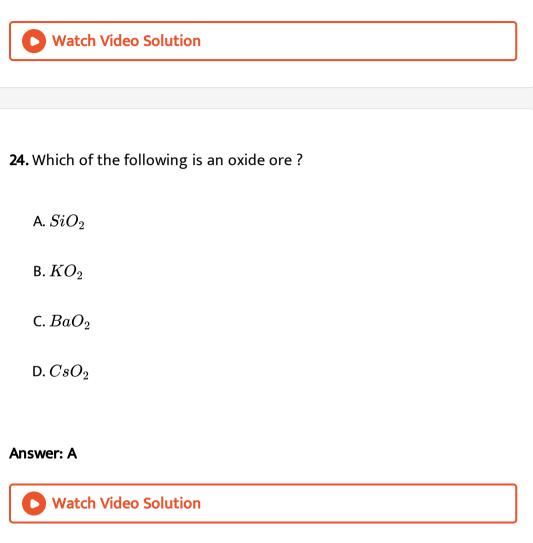
A. 0.0125 M

B. 0.025 M

C. 0.05 M

D. None of these

Answer: B



25.
$$CH_3MgBr + CO_2 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{Dry ether}} Y \xrightarrow{H_3O^{\oplus}} Z$$

Identify Z from the following.

A. Ethyl acetate

B. Acetic acid

C. Propanoic acid

D. Methyl acetate

Answer: B

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26. 3-Pentanol on reaction with aluminium tertiary butoxide in the presence of acetone gives

A. 3-pentanal

B. 2-pentanal

C. 3-pentanone

D. 2-pentanone

Answer: C

- **27.** In fluorite structure (CaF_2) -
 - A. Ca^{2+} ions form ccp & F^{-} ions are present in all the tetrahedral

voids

B. Ca^{2+} ions form ccp & F^{-} ions are present in all the octahedral

voids

C. Ca^{2+} ions form ccp & F^{-} ions are present in half of the

octahedral voids and the rest half ions in the tetrahedral voids

D. None

Answer: A

28. 30mL of $0.1MBaCl_2$ is mixed with 40mL of $0.2MAl_2(SO_4)_3$. What is

the weight of $BaSO_4$ formed?

 $BaCl_2 + Al_2(SO_4)_3 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + AlCl_3$

A. 0.999 g

B. 0.699 g

C. 0.799 g

D. 0.99 g

Answer: B

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29. Identify the correct trend given below:

(Atomic No = Ti: 22, Cr: 24 and Mo: 42)

A. $\Delta {
m of} ig[Cr(H_2 O)_6 ig]^{2+} \; ext{ and } \; > ig[Mo(H_2 O)_6 ig]^{2+}$

 $\Delta {
m of}ig[Ti(H_2O)_6ig]^{3\,+} > ig[Ti(H_2O)_6ig]^{2\,+}$

$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{B}.\,\Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Cr(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \;\;\mathrm{and}\;\; > \big[Mo(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \\ & \Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{3+} < \big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \\ & \mathsf{C}.\,\Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Cr(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \;\;\mathrm{and}\;\; < \big[Mo(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \\ & \Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{3+} > \big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \\ & \mathsf{D}.\,\Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Cr(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \;\;\mathrm{and}\;\; < \big[Mo(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \\ & \Delta \mathrm{of}\big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{3+} < \big[Ti(H_2O)_6\big]^{2+} \end{split}$$

Answer: C

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30. Sewage containing organic waste should not be disposed in water bodies because it causes major water pollution. Fishes in such a polluted water die because of

A. large number of mosquitoes

B. increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen

C. decrease in the amount of dissolved oxygen in water

D. clogging of gills by mud

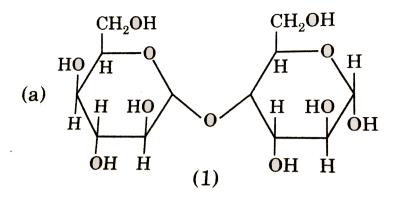
Answer: C

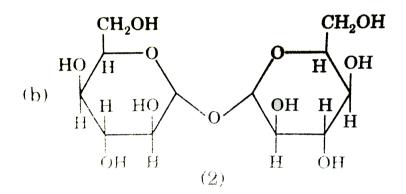


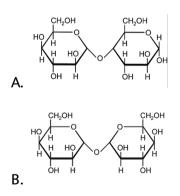
- **31.** Densities of diamond and graphite are 3.5 and $2.3gmL^{-1}$, respectively. The increase of pressure on the equilibrium $C_{\text{diamond}} \Leftrightarrow C_{\text{graphite}}$
 - A. Favours backward reaction
 - B. Favours forwards reaction
 - C. Forms 3^{rd} allotrope of carbon
 - D. increase the reaction rate

Answer: A

32. Which of the following will reduce Tollen's reagent ? Explain.







C. Both of them are correct

D. none of these

Answer: A



33. Which of the following reaction(s) can be used for the preparation of

alkyl halides?

(I) $CH_3CH_2OH + HCl \xrightarrow{anhy.ZnCl_2}$

(II) $CH_{3}CH_{2}OH + HCl
ightarrow$

(III) $(CH_3)_3COH + HCl
ightarrow$

 $(\mathsf{IV}) \ (CH_3)_2 CHOH + HCl \xrightarrow{anhy . \ ZnCl_2}$

A. I and IV only

B. I and II only

C. IV only

D. III and IV only

Answer: A



34. Osmotic pressure of 40 % (wt./vol.) urea solution is 1.64atm and that of 3.42 % (wt./vol.) cane sugar is 2.46atm. When equal volumes of the above two solutions are mixed, the osmotic pressure of the resulting solution is:

A. $1.02 \mathrm{atm}$

B. 2.06 atm

C. 3.04 atm

D. 0.02 atm

Answer: B

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35. Pb^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Zn^{2+} and Ni^{2+} ions are present in a given acidic solution. On passing hydrogen sulphide gas through this solution, the available precipitate will contain

A. PbS and NiS

B. PbS and CuS

C. CuS and ZnS

D. CuS and NiS

Answer: B

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36. If two molecules of A and B having mass 100 amu and 64 amu respectively and rate of diffusion of A is 12×10^{-3} , then what will be the rate of diffusion of B?

A. $15 imes 10^{-3}$

 $\text{B.}\,64\times10^{-3}$

 $\text{C.}\,5\times10^{-3}$

D. $46 imes 10^{-3}$

Answer: A



- 37. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - A. The bond length in CO is 1.128 Å and CO^+ is 1.115Å because during conversion of CO to CO^+ , electron is removed from anti bonding orbital
 - B. The bond length in CO is 1.115 Å and CO^+ is 1.128Å because during conversion of CO to CO^+ , electron is removed from anti bonding orbital
 - C. During conversion of CO to CO^+ bond length does not vary

because bond order remain same

D. The bond length in CO is 1.115 Å and CO^+ is 1.128Å because bond

order decreases during conversion of CO to CO^+

Answer: A



38. Tetragonal crystal system has the unit cell dimensions:

A.
$$a=b=c \,\, ext{and} \,\, lpha=eta=\gamma=90^{\circ}$$

 $\texttt{B.} \ a \neq b \neq c \ \text{and} \ \alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,a=b\neq c\,\,\text{and}\,\,\alpha=\beta=\gamma=90^\circ$

$$extsf{D} . \ a = b
eq c extsf{ and } lpha = eta = 90^\circ extsf{ and } \gamma = 120^\circ$$

Answer: C

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39. When a 20 mL of 0.08 M weak base BOH is titrated with 0.08 M HCl, the pH of the solution at the end point is 5. What will be the pOH if 10 mL

of 0.04 M NaOH is added to the resulting solution?

 $[Given: \log 2 = 0.30 \text{ and } \log 3 = 0.48]$

A. 5.40

B. 4.92

C. None of these

D. 5.88

Answer: D

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40. Which of the following catalyses the conversion of glucose into ethanol?

A. Zymase

B. Invertase

C. Maltase

D. Diastase

Answer: A



41. Which one of the following statements about water is false ?

A. There is extensive intramolecular hydrogen bonding in the condensed phase.

B. Ice formed by heavy water sinks in normal water.

C. Water is oxidized to oxygen during photosynthesis

D. Water can act both as an acid and as a base

Answer: A

42. The buffer system which helps to maintain the pH of blood between 7.26 to 7.42 is

A. H_2CO_3 / HCO_3^-

 $\operatorname{B.}{\it NH_4OH}/{\it NH_4Cl}$

 $C.CH_3COOH/CH_3COO^-$

D. CH_3COONH_4

Answer: A

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43. Bakelite is a product of the reaction between:

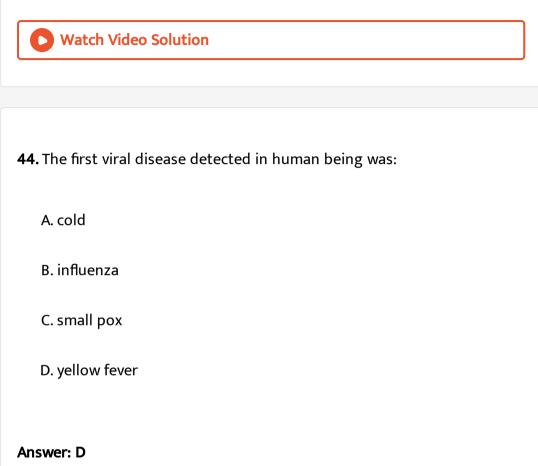
A. Formaldehyde and NaOH

B. Aniline and Urea

C. Phenol and Methanal

D. Phenol and Chloroform

Answer: C





45. An atom has 26 electrons and its atomic weight is 56. The number of

neutrons in the nucleus of the atom will be

B. 30

C. 36

D. 56

Answer: B