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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA JEE MOCK TEST 57

## Chemistry

1. Which one of the following transition metal ions is diamagnetic?
A. $\mathrm{Co}^{2+}$
B. $N i^{2+}$
C. $C u^{2+}$
D. $Z n^{2+}$
2. $X$ - rays can generated by accelerating electrons in a vacuum and letting them impact on atoms in a metal surface. If the 1000 eV kinetic energy of the electrons is completely converted to photon energy. If the electron current is $1.5 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~A}$, how many photons are produced in $10^{-10}$ second?
A. 9375 photons
B. 1000 photons
C. 8687 photons
D. 1610 photons

## Answer: A

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3. The species in which the N -atom is in a state of sp hybridisation is
A. $\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{+}$
D. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$

## Answer: C

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4. Among the following metal oxides, which is most basic?
A. ZnO
B. $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
C. $A s_{2} O_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## Answer: D

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5. The heats of combustion of $C_{x} H_{y}$, carbon and hydrogen are $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c cal respectively. The heat of formation of $C_{x} H_{y}$, will be:
A. $-\left(x b+\frac{y c}{2}-\frac{a}{2}\right) \mathrm{cal}$
B. $-\left(x b+\frac{y c}{2}-a\right)$ cal
C. $\left(x b-\frac{y c}{2}+\frac{a}{2}\right) \mathrm{cal}$
D. $\left(x b-\frac{y c}{2}-\frac{a}{2}\right) \mathrm{cal}$

## Answer: B

6. The compound fromed when Ethyl bromide is heated with dry silver oxide is
A. dimethylether
B. diethylether
C. methyalcohol
D. ethylalcohol

## Answer: B

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7. A mixture of $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ occupied a certain volume at a total pressure equal to 63 torr. The same gas mixture was burnt to $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l}) . \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ alone was collected in the same volume and at the same temperature, the pressure was found to be 99 torr.

What was the mole fraction of $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ in the original gas mixture?
A. $\frac{19}{21}$
B. $\frac{19}{20}$
C. $\frac{17}{18}$
D. $\frac{15}{16}$

## Answer: A

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8. Phenolphthalein is obtained by heating phthalic anhydride with conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and
A. Benzyl alcohol
B. Benzene
C. Phenol
D. Benzoic acid

## Answer: C

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9. In a cell that utilizes the reactions.
$\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{s})+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}(a q) \rightarrow \mathrm{Zn}^{2+}(a q)+\mathrm{H}_{2}(g)$
addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ to cathode compartment, will
A. Lowers the E and shifts equilibrium to the left
B. Lowers the E and shifts the equilibrium to the right
C. Increases the E and shifts the equilibrium to the right
D. Increases the E and shifts the equilibrium to the left

## Answer: C

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10. The rate of reaction is doubled for every $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise in temperature. The increase in rate as result of an increase in temperature from $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} C$ is how many times of the original rate?
A. 112
B. 512
C. 400
D. 256

## Answer: B

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11. Consider the atomization of $B r_{2}(g)$ according to the reaction :

$$
B r_{2}(g) \Leftrightarrow 2 B r(g) \quad\left\{\text { Given antilog }(-7.02)=9 \times 10^{-4}\right\}
$$

If the heat of atomization of bromine gas is $82 \mathrm{Kj} / \mathrm{mol}$, standard molar entropies of $\operatorname{Br}(g)$ and $B r_{2}(g)$ are 175 and $245.4 \mathrm{JK}^{-1}$ respectively,
calculate degree of dissociation when the total pressure is 40 atm at 500 K.
(assume $\alpha \ll 1$ in your calculation)
A. $2.37 \times 10^{-3}$
B. $3.20 \times 10^{-4}$
C. $4.30 \times 10^{-5}$
D. $3.60 \times 10^{-2}$

## Answer: A

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12. In which of the following molecules, the number of possible $\angle X A X$ angles is maximum in the anionic part of their solid state ? [A : Central atom, X : Surrounding atom ]
A. $\mathrm{PBr}_{5}$
B. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
C. $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$
D. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6}$

## Answer: C

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13. Give the IUPAC name of $\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$
A. 1-(3-Chloro-3-methylphenyl) -2, 2 - diethyl propane
B. 2-(3-Chloromethyl propyl)-2,2-dimethyl propane
C. 1-(3-Chloromethyl phenyl)-3,3-dimethyl propane
D. 1-Chloromethyl -3-(2, 2-dimethyl propyl) benzene

## Answer: D

14. The number of aldol reaction (s) that occurs in the given transformation is

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

## Answer: C

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15. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{OH}$ are:
A. Functional group isomer
B. Tautomer
C. Position isomer
D. Not an isomer

## Answer: B

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16. Which of the following presents the correct order of the acidity in the given compounds?
A.

$$
\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

B.

$$
\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

C.
$\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
D.

$$
\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

## Answer: D

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The major product is -
A.

B.

C.


## Answer: C

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18. 4 ml of HCl solution of $\mathrm{pH}=2$ is mixed with 6 ml of NaOH solution of $\mathrm{pH}=12$. What would be the final pH of solution ?( $\log 2=0.3$ )
A. 10.3
B. 11.3
C. 11
D. 4.3

## Answer: B

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19. How many among the following imparts colour to the Bunsen flame, when flame test is carried out?
$B a, M g, C a, B e, N a, S r, L$
A. 5
B. 6
C. 7
D. 4

## Answer: A

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20. Aqueous solution of $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ contains $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$ and its magnetic moment is 2.83 B.M. When ammonia is added in it, the predicted change in the magnetic moment of solution is:
A. It decreases from 2.83 BM
B. It increases from 2.83 BM
C. It will remains same
D. Cannot be predicted by given information

## Answer: C

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21. When $1.22 g C_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$ is added into two solvents, the following data of $\Delta T_{b}$ and $K_{b}$ are obtained:
i. In $100 g \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}, \Delta T_{b}=0.17, K_{b}=1.7 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{Kmol}^{-1}$.
ii. In $100 g$ benzene, $\Delta T_{b}=0.13$ and $K_{b}=2.6 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{Kmol}^{-1}$.

Find out the molecular weight of $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$ in both cases and interpret the results.

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22. The change in the oxidation state of iodine when axcess chlorine water is added to an iodide salt is
23. How many of the following compounds exhibit stereoisomerism?

| i. | 2-Hydroxypropanoic acid |
| :--- | :--- |
| li. | 2-Methylbut-1-ene |
| iii. | Butane-2, 3-diol |
| iv. | 3-Methylbutanoic acid |
| v. | 3-Methylbut- I-yne |
| vi. | 2,3- Dichlorobutane |
| vii. | 2-Bromo-3-methylpentane |
| viii. | 2-Methylbutanoic acid |

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24. Two important ores of metals are given below

Malachite $\mathrm{CuCO}_{3} . \mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} . \mathrm{xH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
Carnallite $\mathrm{KCl} . \mathrm{MgCl}_{2} . \mathrm{yH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
What is $y-x$ ?
25. Malonic acid
$\xrightarrow[150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}]{\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}}$ Foul smell $(A) \xrightarrow{200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}}(B)+$ Carbon
The total number of $\sigma$ and $\Pi$ bonds present in compound A are :

