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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA JEE MOCK TEST 62

Chemistry

1. In an experiment, 2.4 g of iron oxide on iron. In another experiment, 2.9 g of iron oxide gave 2.09
$g$ of iron on reduction. Which law is ilustrated from the above data?
A. Law of constant proportions
B. Law of multiple proportions
C. Law of conservation of mass
D. Law of reciprocal proportions

Answer: A

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2. Equivalent amounts of $H_{2}$ and $I_{2}$ are heated in
a closed vessel till equilibrium is obtained. If $80 \%$ of the hydrogen is converted to $H I$, the $K_{c}$ at this temperature is
A. 64
B. 16
C. 0.25
D. 4

Answer: A
3. Which of the following statements is false?
A. Permanent magnetic moment of

$$
\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{2+} \text { is } 1.732 \text { B.M. }
$$

B. Equilibrium constant is the ratio of rate
constants of forward and backward reactions
C. $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{4}\right]\right.$ is tetrahedral
D. For forming $N C l_{5}{ }^{\prime} N^{\prime}$ adopts $s p^{3} d$ hybrid state

## Answer: D

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4. By diluting a weak electrolyte, specific conductivity $\left(K_{c}\right)$ and equivalent conductivity
$\left(\lambda_{c}\right)$ change as -
A. both increase
B. $K_{c}$ increases, $\lambda_{c}$ decreases
C. $K_{c}$ decreases, $\lambda_{c}$ increases
D. Both decrease

Answer: C

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5. Identify $X$ and $Y$ in the following reaction $\mathrm{BCl}_{3}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl} \xrightarrow{140^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}} X \xrightarrow{\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}} Y$
A. $X=N a B O_{2}, Y=B_{2} O_{3}$
B. $X=N a_{2} B_{4} O_{7}, Y=H_{3} B O_{3}$
C. $X=B N, Y=\left[N H_{4}\right]^{+}\left[B C l_{4}\right]^{-}$
D. $X=B_{3} N_{3} H_{3} C l_{3}, Y=B_{3} N_{3} H_{6}$

## Answer: D

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6. The following data were obtained during the
first order thermal decomposition of $\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ at a constant volume.
$\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})} \rightarrow \mathrm{SO}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}$

| Experiment | Time $/ \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ | Total pressure/atm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 0.5 |
| 2 | 100 | 0.6 |

What is the rate of reaction when total pressure of 0.65 atm ?
A. $0.35 \mathrm{~atm} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
B. $2.235 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~atm} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
C. $7.8 \times 10^{-4} \quad \mathrm{~atm} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
D. $1.55 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~atm} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$

## Answer: C

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7. The chemical composition of slag formed during the smelting process in the extraction of copper is :-
A. $C u_{2} O+F e S$
B. $\mathrm{FeSiO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{CuFe} \mathrm{S}_{2}$
D. $C u_{2} S+F e O$

Answer: B

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8. Benzene carbaldehyde is reacted with concentrated NaOH solution, to give the products ' A ' and ' B '. The prodcut ' B ' is an aromatic
hydroxy compounds where OH group in linked to
$s p^{3}$ hybridised carbon atom next to benzene ring.

The products ' A ' and ' B ' are respectibvely:
A. Sodium benzoate and phenol
B. Sodium benzoate and phenyl methanol
C. Sodium benzoate and cresol
D. Sodium benzoate and picric acid

## Answer: B

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9. Identify the correct pathway to convert propanoic acid to ethylamine. The reagent represented by $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C are
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH} \xrightarrow{A} X \xrightarrow{B} Y \xrightarrow{C} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
A
$B \quad C$
A.
$\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ Heat $\mathrm{Pt} / \mathrm{H}_{2}$
$\begin{array}{lll}A & B & C\end{array}$
B.
$\mathrm{SOCl}_{2} \quad \mathrm{NH}_{3} \quad \mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{KOH}$
C. $\begin{array}{lll}A & B & C\end{array}$
$\mathrm{HNO}_{2} \quad \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{I}_{2} \quad \mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
A
$B$
C
D. $\mathrm{HCN} \quad \mathrm{NH}_{3} \quad \mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{KOH}$

Answer: B
10. The abstraction of proton will be fatest from which carbon in the following compound?

A. $x$
B. y
C. z
D. p

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11. Most of the transition metals exhibit
(i) paramagnetic behaviour
(ii) diamagnetic behaciour
(iii) variable oxidation states
(iv) formation of coloured ions
A. (ii), (iii) and (iv)
B. (i), (iii) and (iv)
C. (i), (ii) and (iii)
D. (i), (ii) and (iv)

## Answer: B

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12. On treatment of 10 ml of 1 M solution of the complex $\mathrm{CrCl}_{3} \cdot 6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ with excess of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$, 4.305 g of AgCl was obtained. The complex is
A. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Cl}_{3}\right] \cdot 3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right] \mathrm{Cl} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{Cl}\right) \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$

## Answer: D

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## 13. Match the columns I, II and III and mark the

 appropriate choice.|  | Column <br> I |  | Column II |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Column III |  |  |  |  |
| (a) | Bromine | (i) | Noble metal | (p) | Amalgam 9.

A. (a) - (iii, q), (b) - (i,r), (c )- (iv , p), (d) - (ii, s)
B. (a) - (ii, p), (b) - (i, s), (c ) - (iii, q), (d) - (iv, r)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { C. (a) - (i, s), (b) - (ii, p), (c ) - (iv, r), (d ) - (iii, q) } \\
& \text { D. (a) - (iv, r), (b) - (iii, q), (c ) - (ii, s), (d) - (i, p) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: A

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14. Given below are two reactions of water with sodium and carbon dioxide. What is the nature of water is these reactions?
(i) $2 \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$
(ii) $6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+12 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+6 \mathrm{O}_{2}$
A. In (ii) water acts as an oxidising agent and in (ii) it acts as a reducing agent
B. In (i) water acts an an oxidising agent while
in (ii) it acts as a reducing agent
C. In both, (i) and (ii) hydrogen acts as a
reducing agent
D. In both, (i) and (ii) hydrogen acts as a reducing agent

# 15. The edge length of sodium chloride unit cell is 

564 pm . If the size of $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ion is 181 pm . The size of $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ion will be
A. 101 pm
B. 181 pm
C. 410 pm
D. 202 pm

Answer: A

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16. Decreasing order of stability of following alkenes is
(i) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{cH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
(ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$

A. ${ }^{`}$ (i) $>$ (ii) $>$ (iii) $>$ (iv)
B. (iv) $>$ (iii) $>$ (ii) $>$ (i)
C. (iii) $>$ (ii) $>$ (i) $>$ (iv)
D. (ii) $>$ (iii) $>$ (iv) $>$ (i)

Answer: B

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17. Study the orbital diagrams of two atoms ' $X$ and $\mathrm{Y}^{\prime}$. Which subshell will be more stable and why?

' $X$

A. X , exchange energy is maximum, so is
stability
B. Y , exchange energy is maximum, so is
stability
C. X , exchange energy is minimum, so stability
is maximum
D. Y , exchange energy is minimum, so stability
is maximum

Answer: A

# 18. Study of the following names of the organic 

 compounds is not correctly written?

4 -hydroxy -3-methoxy benzaldehyde
B.


5 - methyl cyclohexane carboxaldehyde


2(2-chlorophenyl) ethanal

$$
\text { D. } \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\stackrel{\|}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}
$$

## penta -1, 4 -dien -3- one

## Answer: B

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19. The decreasing order of boiling points of the following alcohols is
A. 3-methylbutan -2- ol > 2-methylbutan
-2-ol $>$ pentan-1-ol
B. pentan-1-ol $>3$-methylbutan -2 - ol $>2$

- methylbutan -2- ol
C. 2-methylbutan -2- ol > 3-methylbutan
-2- ol $>$ pentan-1- ol
D. 2-methylbutan-2-ol $>$ pentan -1 - ol $>3$
- methylbutan -2- ol

Answer: B

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20. Graph between pressure and volume are plotted at different temperature. Which of the following isotherms represent Boyle's law as PV = constant?

(i)

(iii)

(ii)

(iv)
A. Only (ii) is correct representation of Boyle's
law
B. Only (iv) is correct representation of Boyle's
law
C. All are correct representations of Boyle's
law
D. None of these representations is correct for

Boyle's law

## Answer: C

21. How many litres of water must be added to $1 L$ of an aqueous solution of HCl with a pH of 1 to create an aqueous solution with pH of 2 ?

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22. Consider the equations given below and find the sum of $x, y$ and $z$.
(i) $\mathrm{Mg}+x \mathrm{HNO}_{3}(5 \%) \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$ (very dilute)
(ii)
$\mathrm{Cu}+y \mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+2 \mathrm{NO}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (dil.)
(iii) $\mathrm{I}_{2}+z \mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HIO}_{3}+10 \mathrm{NO}_{2}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

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23. A system changes from state $X$ to $Y$ with a change in internal energy measuring to $25 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$, by a reversible path and returns from $Y$ to $X$ by an irreversible path. What will be the net change in internal energy?

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24. When a gas is bubbled through water at 298

K , a very dilute solution of gas is obtained.

Henry's law constant for the gas is 100 kbar. If gas exerts a pressure of 1 bar , the number of moles of gas dissolved in 1 litre of water is $x \times 10^{-5}$. Find the value of $x$ here?

Report your answer upto two decimal places.

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25. How many of the following groups are ortho,para directing and ring activating?
$-\mathrm{NO}_{2},-\mathrm{CN},-\mathrm{CH}_{3},-\mathrm{OH},-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$,
$-O R,-X,-C H O,-N H R$

