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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA JEE MOCK TEST 63

## Chemistry

1. The solubility of alkli metals salts in water is due to the fact that the cations get hydrated by water molecules. The degree of hydration depends upon the size of the cation. If the trend of relative ionic radii is $\mathrm{Cs}^{+}>\mathrm{Rb}^{+}>\mathrm{K}^{+}>\mathrm{Na}^{+}>\mathrm{Li}^{+}$.

What is the relative degree of hydration?
A. $C a_{(a q)}^{+}>R b_{(a q)}^{+}>K_{(a q)}^{+}>N a_{(a q)}^{+}>L i_{(a q)}^{+}$
B. $\mathrm{Li}{ }_{(a q)}^{+}>N a_{(a q)}^{+}>K_{(a q)}^{+}>R b_{(a q)}^{+}>C s_{(a q)}^{+}$
C. $N a_{(a q)}^{+}>K_{(a q)}^{+}>R b_{(a q)}^{+}>C s_{(a q)}^{+}>L i_{(a q)}^{+}$
D. $C s_{(a q)}^{+}>N a_{(a q)}^{+}>L i_{(a q)}^{+}>K_{(a q)}^{+}>R b_{(a q)}^{+}$

## Answer: B

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2. Fill in the blanks :
(i) $\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{P}_{2}+6 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{CaCl}_{2}+\ldots . \mathrm{p} \ldots$.
(ii) $\mathrm{P}_{4}+3 \mathrm{NaOH}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \ldots q \ldots+3 \mathrm{NaH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{2}$
(iii) $\mathrm{PH}_{4} \mathrm{I}+\mathrm{KOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{KI}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\ldots r \ldots \mathrm{p}$, q and r respectively are
A. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}, \mathrm{PI}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}, P H_{3}, P H_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{PCl}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}, \mathrm{PH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}, \mathrm{PH}_{3}, \mathrm{P}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{6}$

## Answer: B

3. Match the column I with Column II and mark the appropriate choice.

|  | Column I | Column II |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (p) | State function | (i) |
| At constant pressure |  |  |
| (q) | $\Delta \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{q}$ | (ii) |
| Specific heat |  |  |
| (r) | $\Delta \mathrm{U}=\mathrm{q}$ | (iii) |

A. (p) - (iii), (q) - (i), (r) - (iv), (s) - (ii)
B. (p) - (ii), (q) - (iv), (r) - (i), (s) - (iii)
C. (p) - (ii), (q) - (iv), (r) - (iii), (s) - (i)
D. (p) - (iii), (q) - (ii), (r ) - (i), (s) - (iv)

## Answer: A

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4. Match the column I with Column II and mark the appropriate choice.

|  | Column I | Column II |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (p) | NaH | (i) | Interstitial hydride |
| (q) | $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ | (ii) | Molecular hydride |
| (r) | $\mathrm{VH}_{0.56}$ | (iii) | Ionic hydride |
| (s) | $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ | (iv) | Electron-deficient hydride |

A. (p) - (ii), (q) - (iv), (r) - (ii), (s) - (i)
B. (p) - (ii), (q) - (iv), (r) - (iii), (s) - (i)
C. (p) - (i), (q) - (ii), (r) - (iv), (s) - (iii)
D. (p) - (iii), (q) - (ii), (r) - (i), (s) - (iv)

## Answer: D

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5. Monoclinic sulphur is an example of monoclinic cystal system. What are the characteristics of the crystal system ?
A. $a \neq b \neq c, \alpha=\beta=\gamma=90^{\circ}$
B. $a \neq b b e c, \alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90^{\circ}$
C. $a=b \neq c, \alpha=\beta=\gamma=90^{\circ}$
D. $a \neq b \neq c, \alpha=\gamma=90^{\circ}, \beta \neq 90^{\circ}$

## Answer: D

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6. Which of the plots is adsorption isobar for chemisorption?
A.

B.

C.

D.


## Answer: B

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7. Select the correct option, among $\mathrm{Sc}(\mathrm{III}), \mathrm{Ti}(\mathrm{IV}), \mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{II})$ and $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{II})$ ions
A. all are paramagnetic
B. all are diamagnetic
C. Sc (III), Ti (IV) are paramagnetic and Pd (III), Cu(II) are diamagnetic
D. Sc (III), Ti (IV) are diamagnetic and Pd (II), Cu (III) are paramagnetic

## Answer: D

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## 8. Consider the following bromides


(A)

Br
(B)


Br
(C)

The correct order of $S_{N} 1$ reactivity is
A. $A>B>C$
B. $B>C>A$
C. $B>A>C$
D. $C>B>A$

## Answer: B

9. Dehydration of the following in increasing order is

A. $I<I I<I I I<I V$
B. $I I<I I I<I V<I$
C. $I<I I I<I V<I I$
D. None of these

## Answer: A

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10. The half-life for radioactive decay of . ${ }^{14} C$ is 5730 years. An archaeological artifact containing wood had only $80 \%$ of the.${ }^{14} C$ found in a living tree. Estimate the age of the sample.
A. 1845 years
B. 184.5 years
C. 1900 years
D. 190 years

## Answer: A

11. Complete the missing links
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHBrCH} 3 \xrightarrow{\text { alc. } \mathrm{KOH}} X \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HBr}, \text { Peroxiden }} Y \xrightarrow{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Ona}} Z$
A. ${ }^{\mathrm{X}}$ $\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{X} & \mathrm{Y} & \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} & \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br} & \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}\end{array}$
B. ${ }^{\mathrm{X}}$ X
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ Y Z
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br} \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
X
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
Y Z
D. X
X
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br} \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$

## Answer: D

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12. The freezing point of 1 molal NaCl solution assuming NaCl to be $100 \%$ dissociated in water is:
A. $-1.86^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B. $-3.72^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C. $+1.86^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D. $+3.72^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Answer: B

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COOH
13. $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{NaOH}} X$,

COOH
The product $(X)$ will be
$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{ONa}$
A. |

COONa
COOH
B.

COOH
COONa
C. |

COONa
$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
D.
$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$

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14. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}+I_{2} \rightarrow X+Y+Z$
$\mathrm{BF}_{3}+\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4} \xrightarrow{450 \mathrm{~K}} X+P$
$B F_{3}+\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4} \rightarrow X+Q+R$
$\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}$ and R in the reactions are
A.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\mathrm{X} & \mathrm{Y} & \mathrm{Z} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$\mathrm{Na}_{4} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7} \quad \mathrm{Nal} \quad \mathrm{HI} \quad \mathrm{HF} \quad A l F_{3} \quad L i F$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\mathrm{X} & \mathrm{Y} & \mathrm{Z} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$B_{2} H_{6} \quad \mathrm{Nal} \quad \mathrm{H}_{2} \quad \mathrm{NaF}$ LiF $\quad \mathrm{AlF}_{3}$
C. $\begin{array}{llllll}\mathrm{X} & \mathrm{Y} & \mathrm{Z} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$B_{2} H_{6} \quad B H_{3} \quad \mathrm{Nal} \quad \mathrm{B}_{3} N_{3} H_{6} \quad A l_{2} F_{6} \quad A l F_{3}$
D. $\begin{array}{llllll}\mathrm{X} & \mathrm{Y} & \mathrm{Z} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$\mathrm{BH}_{3} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \quad \mathrm{H}_{2} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6} \quad \mathrm{LiF} \quad \mathrm{AlF} F_{3}$

## Answer: B

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15. In the following reaction,


The organic product X has the structure

A.

B.

C.
D.

## Answer: C

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16. Which of the following are arranged in the decreasing order of dipole moment?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$

## Answer: B

17. Study the structure of maltose and mark the incorrect statement.

A. Maltose is composed of two $\alpha-D-$ glucose units
B. C-1 of one glucose is linked to C-4 of other unit
C. It is a non - reducing sugar
D. It is a disaccharide

## Answer: C

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18. Work done on a ideal gas in a cylinder when it is compressed by an external pressure in a single step is shown below :


Which of the following graphs will show the work done on the gas?

A.

B.
C.

D.


## Answer: A

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19. Sometimes it is possible to separate two sulphide ores by adjusting the proportion of oil to water or by using depressant NaCN is added to an ore conaining ZnS and PbS , what is the correct observation?
A. NaCN prevents PbS from coming to the froth but allows ZnS to come with froth
B. NaCN prevents ZnS from coming to the froth but allows PbS to
C. NaCN prevents frothing of both ZnS and PbS , hence no froth is formed
D. NaCN does not act as depressant hence a mixture of PbS and ZnS is found in froth

## Answer: B

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20. Match the atomic numbers of the elements given in column I with the periods given in column II and mark the appropriate choice.

A. (p) - (i), (q) - (ii), (r) - (iii), (s) - (iv)
B. (p) - (ii), (q) - (i), (r) - (iv), (s) - (iii)
C. (p) - (iii), (q) - (iv), (r) - (i), (s) -(ii)
D. (p) - (iii), (q) - (i), (r) - (iv), (s) -(ii)

## Answer: D

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21. The drain cleaner Drainex contains small bits of aluminium which react with caustic soda to produce hydrogen What volume of hydrogen at $20^{\circ} C$ aand one bar will be released when $0.15 g$ of aluminium reacts ?.

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22. In the complex $K_{4}\left[T h\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]$. If coordination number is X and oxidation number of Th is Y . The sum of $X+Y$ is ?
23. How many these compounds/lons are aromatic here?


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24. How many of these metals can displace $H_{2}$ easily from acids.
$F e, M g, A l, C u, A g, A u, Z n$

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25. How many of these carbocations are more stable than $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}^{+}$ $\mathrm{pH}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{2},(\mathrm{Ph})_{2} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H},(\mathrm{Ph})_{3} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{O}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{2}, \Delta_{-} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{2}, \square-$

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