# © 'doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA JEE MOCK TEST 75

## Chemistry

1. The critical constants $P_{C} \& T_{C}$ for methane are 45
atm and 180 K . The correct statement is -
A. $V_{C}=2.4 L$

$$
\text { B. } b=0.04 L / \mathrm{mol}
$$

C. $V_{C}=0.8 L$
D. $b=0.8 L / \mathrm{mol}$

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

2. If the dipole moment of Toluene and Nitro benzene are 0.43 D and 3.93 D respectively, then what is the expected dipole moment of p-Nitrotoluene?
A. 3.50 D
B. 2.18 D
C. 4.36 D
D. 5.30 D

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

3. Benzoyl chloride is prepared from benzoic acid by :
A. $C l_{2}, h v$
B. $\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{SOCl}_{2}$, pyridine
D. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## - Watch Video Solution

4. An organic compound $(E)\left(C_{5} H_{8}\right)$, on hydrogenation gives a compound $(F)\left(C_{5} H_{12}\right)$.

Compound ( $E$ ) on ozonolysis gives formaldehyde and 2 - ketopropanal. Deduce the structure of the compouns $(E)$.

A.
B.



D.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

5. For an exothermic reaction, following two steps are involved.

Step 1. $A+B \rightarrow I \quad$ (slow)

Step 2. $I \rightarrow A B$

Which of the following graphs correctly represent this reaction?


## - Watch Video Solution

6. Which of the following pairs of a chemical reaction is certain to result in a spontaneous reaction?
A. Exothermic and increasing disorder
B. Exothermic and decreasing disorder
C. Endothermic and increasing disorder
D. Endothermic and decreasing disorder
7. The equivalent conductance of NaCl at concentration of $C$ and at infinite dilution are $\lambda_{C}$ and $\lambda_{\infty}$ respectively. The correct relationship between $\lambda_{C}$ and $\lambda_{\infty}$ is given as :
( where the constant $B$ is positive )
A. $\lambda_{C}=\lambda_{\infty}+(B) C$
B. $\lambda_{C}=\lambda_{\infty}-(B) C$
C. $\lambda_{C}=\lambda_{\infty}-(B) \sqrt{C}$
D. $\lambda_{C}=\lambda_{\infty}+(B) \sqrt{C}$

## Answer: C

8. Phenol when it first reacts with concentrated sulphuric acid and then with concentrated nitric acid gives:
A. 6 - trinitrotoluene
B. Nitrophenol
C. 2, 4, 60 trinitrophenol
D. None of the above

Answer: C
9. The reagent with which both acetaldehyde and acetophenone react easily are
A. Fehling's solution
B. Schiff's reagent
C. Tollen's reagent
D. 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine

Answer: D
10. Assuming $2 s-2 p$ mixing is $N O T$ operative, the paramagnetic species among the following is .
A. $B e_{2}$
B. $B_{2}$
C. $C_{2}$
D. $N_{2}$

## Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
11. In a period, atom with smaller radius is

# A. Chalcogen 

B. Halogen

C. Aerogen

D. Pnicogen

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

12. Calcium crystallizes in a face centred cubic unit cell with $\mathrm{a}=0.560 \mathrm{~nm}$. The density of the metal if it contains $0.1 \%$ schottky defects would be:
A. $1.51 \mathrm{gcm}^{-3}$
B. $2.51 g m c^{-3}$

> C. $15.1 \mathrm{gcm}^{-3}$
> D. $0.151 \mathrm{gmc}^{-3}$

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

13. At a definite temperature, the equilibrium constant for a reaction, $A+B \Leftrightarrow 2 C$, was found to be 81 . Starting with 1 mole A and 1 mole B, the mole fraction of $C$ at equilibrium is :
A. $\frac{9}{11}$
B. $\frac{1}{11}$
C. $\frac{2}{11}$
D. $\frac{7}{11}$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

14. Select the correct statements among the following.
A. Co (III) is stabilised in presence of weak field
ligands, while Co (II) is stabilised in presence of
strong field ligabd,
B. Four coordinated complexes of $\mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{II})$ and $\mathrm{Pt}(\mathrm{II})$
are paramagnetic and square planar.
C. $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{CN})_{4}\right]^{4-} \quad$ ion and $\quad\left[\mathrm{Ci}(\mathrm{CO})_{4}\right] \quad$ are
tetrahedral and square planar respectively.
D. $N i^{2+}$ ion does not form inner orbital octahedral complexes in presence of weak ligand fields.

## Answer: D

15. In which of the following compounds, Mn has highest oxidation state?
A. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{MnO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{Mn}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

16. The ease of dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halide with alcoholic KOH is-
A. $3^{\circ}<2^{\circ}<1^{\circ}$
B. $3^{\circ}<2^{\circ}<1^{\circ}$
C. $3^{\circ}<2^{\circ}>1^{\circ}$
D. $3^{\circ}>2^{\circ}<1^{\circ}$

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

17. The important step in the extraction of metal from
carbonate ore is
A. Calcination
B. Roasting
C. Electro - reaction
D. Cupellation

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Identify the compound $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{X}$ and Z in the following
reactions:
(i) $\mathrm{A}+2 \mathrm{HCl}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NaCl}+x$
$X \underset{370 k}{\Delta} H B O_{2} \xrightarrow[>370 k]{\Delta} Z$
A
B
C
D
A.

$$
\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7} \quad \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{BO}_{3} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \quad B_{2} H_{6}
$$

## A

B
B. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{BO}_{3} \quad \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
C. \}:("
A","
B","
C","
D"),
( $\left.\left.\mathrm{H}_{-}(2) \mathrm{H}_{-}(6), \mathrm{B}_{-}(2) \mathrm{O}_{-}(3), \mathrm{H}_{-}(3) \mathrm{BO}_{-}(3), \mathrm{Na}_{-}(2) \mathrm{B}_{-}(4) \mathrm{O}_{-}(7)\right):\right\}$
A B
C
D
D.
$\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \quad \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{BO}_{3} \quad \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7} \quad \mathrm{~B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

19. Place the following alcohols in decreasing order of rate of dehydration with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
( $A$ )
$\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(B)

# $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}$ (C) <br> $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}$ ( D$)$ <br> $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ( E) 

A. 3 gt 2 gt 4 gt 5 gt 1
B. 3 gt 2 gt 4 gt 1 gt 5
C. 3 gt 2 gt 1 gt 4 gt 5
D. 3 gt 2 gt 1 gt 5 gt 4

Answer: B

# 20. How many enols (including stereo isomers) exist 

 for 3 -hexanone?A. Two
B. Three
C. Four
D. Six

## Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
21. Adenine is one of the two purine bases involved in the formation of nucleotides of the nucleic acids. The molecular formula of adenine is $C_{x} H_{x} N_{x}$ the value of ' $x$ ' is

## - Watch Video Solution

22. 30 mL of $0.1 M K I_{a q}$. and 10 mL of $0.2 \mathrm{MAgNO}_{3}$
are mixed. The solution is then filtered out. Assuming
that no change in total volume, the resulting solution will freezing at:
[ $K_{f}$ for $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=1.86 \mathrm{Kkgmol}^{-1}$, assume molality $=$ molality]

## - Watch Video Solution

23. Calculate the volume of water required to dissolve
$0.1 g$ lead (II) chloride to get a saturaed solution ( $K_{s p}$ of $\mathrm{PbCI}_{2}=3.2 \times 10^{-8}$, atomic mass of $\mathrm{Pb}=207 u$ )
. Multiply your answer with 10 to get answer.

## D Watch Video Solution

24. How many of the following are saline hydrides?
$\mathrm{CH}_{4}, \mathrm{NaH}, \mathrm{HF}, \mathrm{CrH}, \mathrm{PdH}_{0.7}, \mathrm{LiH}, \mathrm{CaH}_{2}, \mathrm{TiH}_{1.6}$
25. A light of wavelength $3000 \AA$ falls on a metal
surface. Ejected $e^{-}$is further accelerated by a potential difference of 2 V , then final K.E of the $e^{-}$is found to be $8 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{~J}$. If threshold energy for the metal surface is ' $\phi^{\prime} \mathrm{eV}$. Then find the numerical value of $8 \phi$

- Watch Video Solution

