



# **CHEMISTRY**

# **BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS**

# NTA JEE MOCK TEST 86

Chemistry

**1.** In the graph between  $\sqrt{v}$  and Z for the Mosley's equation,  $\sqrt{v} = a(Z - b)$ , the Mosley's equation,  $\sqrt{v} = a(Z - b)$ , the intercept OX is 1 on  $\sqrt{v}$  axis.



What is the frequency v when the atomic number Z is 52?

A.  $7.14s^{-1}$ B.  $7s^{-1}$ C.  $2401s^{-1}$ 

D.  $2601s^{\,-1}$ 



**2.** Which of the following transformation least energy is required?

A. 
$$F^{-}_{(g)} o F_{(g)} + e^{-}$$
  
B.  $P^{-}_{(g)} o P_{(g)} + e^{-}$   
C.  $S^{-}_{(g)} o S_{(g)} + e^{-}$   
D.  $Cl^{-}_{(g)} o Cl_{(g)} + e^{-}$ 

#### Answer: B



- **3.** When but -3 en 2 ol reacts with aqHBr
- , we get
  - A. 3 bromobut -1- ene
  - B.1-bromobut -2-ene
  - C. a mixture of both A and B
  - D. 2 bromobut -2- ene

Answer: C



4. The dipole moment of HBr is  $2.6 \times 10^{-30}$  esu.cm and the interatomic spacing is 1.41Å. The percentage of ionic character in HBr is

A. 10.5

B. 11.5

C. 12.5

D. 13.5

Answer: B

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5. The simultaneous solubility of AgCN  $(K_{sp} = 2.5 \times 10^{-6})$  and  $AgCl(K_{sp} = 1.6 \times 10^{-10})$ in  $1 \text{ M NH}_3(aq)$  are respectively Given  $K_f[Ag(NH_3)_2]^+ = 10^7$ A.  $1.58 \times 10^{-3}, 1.26 \times 10^{-5}$ B.  $0.04, 6.25 \times 10^{-8}$ 

C.  $5.58 imes 10^{-8}, 0.037$ 

D. 0.037,  $5.78 imes 10^{-8}$ 

#### Answer: D



6. The degree of adsorption of solution on solid surface depends on concentration of solution  $\frac{x}{m} = KC^{\frac{1}{n}}$ 

In which of the conditions, we get following type

of graph?



A. 
$$C=0$$

$$\mathsf{B}.\,\frac{1}{n}=0$$

C. C = constant

 $\mathsf{D.}\, \mathrm{C} = 2\;\mathrm{M}$ 

#### **Answer: B**



7. The solubility of metal halides depends on their nature, Lattice enthalpy and hydration enthalpy of the individual ions. Amongst fluorides of alkali metals, the lowest solubility of LiF in water is due to A. Ionic nature of lithium fluoride

B. High lattice enthalpy

C. High hydration enthalpy of lithium ion

D. Low ionisation enthalpy of lithium atom

Answer: B

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**8.** The addition of NaOH to  $Cr^{3+}$  solution produces the precipitate of

A.  $Cr(OH)_3$ 

B.  $CrO_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C.} \operatorname{Cr}_2O_3(H_2O)_n$ 

D.  $Cr_2O_3$ 

Answer: A

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9.  $MnO_4^-$  is good oxidising agent in different medium changing to -  $ightarrow MnO_4^{2-}$ 

 $ightarrow MnO_4^{2\,-}$ 

 $\rightarrow MnO_2$ 

 $\rightarrow Mn_2O_3$ 

Changes in oxidation number respectively are -

A. 
$$-1$$
,  $-3$ ,  $-4$ ,  $-5$   
B.  $-5$ ,  $-4$ ,  $-3$ ,  $-2$   
C.  $-5$ ,  $-1$ ,  $-3$ ,  $-4$   
D.  $-2$ ,  $-6$ ,  $-4$ ,  $-3$ 

#### Answer: C



10. Arrhenius equation  $k = Ae^{-E_a/RT}$  If the activation energy of the reaction is found to be equal to RT, then [given :  $\frac{1}{e} = 0.3679$ ]

A. the rate of reactions does not depend upon

initial concentration

B. the rate constant becomes about  $37\,\%\,$  of

the Arrhenius constant A

C. the rate constant becomes equal to  $73\,\%\,$  of

the Arrhenius constant A

D. the rate of the reaction becomes infinite of

### Answer: B



**11.** Two complexes  $[Cr(H_2O_6)_6]Cl_3$  and  $[Cr(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$  (B) are violet and yellow coloured, respectively. The incorrect statement regarding them is :

A.  $\Delta_0$  value of A is less than that of B

B.  $\Delta_0$  value of A and B are calculated from the

enrgies of violet and yellow light,

respectively

C. Both absorb energies corresponding to their

complementary colours

D. Both are paramagnetic with three unpaired

electrons

Answer: B

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**12.** Match the refining methods (Column I) with metals (Column II)

Column-I (Refining methods)	Column-II (Metals)
${ m (I)}$ Liquiation	(p) Zr
${ m (II)}$ Zone Refining	$(\mathrm{q})$ Ni
$\left( \mathrm{III} ight)$ Mond process	$(\mathrm{r})$ Sn
$(\mathrm{IV})$ Van Arkel Method	$({f s})$ Ga

### Answer: D



**13.** A solution is prepared containing a 2:1 mol ration of dibromoethane  $(C_2H_4Br_2)$  and dibromopropane  $(C_3H_6Br_2)$ . What is the total vapour pressure over the solution assuming ideal behaviour?

A. 300 mm Hg

B. 158 mm Hg

C. 150 mm Hg

D. 142 mm Hg

Answer: B

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**14.** Which of the following expression is correct for packing fraction of NaCl if the ions along with face are diagonally removed?

A. 
$$\frac{\frac{13}{3}\pi r_{-}^{3}+\frac{16}{3}\pi r_{+}^{3}}{8(r_{+}+r_{-})^{3}}$$
B. 
$$\frac{\frac{13}{3}\pi r_{-}^{3}+\frac{4}{3}\pi r_{+}^{3}}{8(r_{+}+r_{-})^{3}}$$

C. 
$$\frac{\frac{16}{3}\pi r_{-}^{3} + \frac{13}{3}\pi r_{+}^{3}}{8(r_{+} + r_{-})^{3}}$$
D. 
$$\frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi r_{-}^{3} + \frac{13}{3}\pi r_{+}^{3}}{8(r_{+} + r_{-})^{3}}$$

#### Answer: A



Order of basicity of these compound in decreasing

# order is

A. 
$$4 > 1 > 2 > 3$$
  
B.  $1 > 3 > 4 > 2$   
C.  $2 > 3 > 4 > 1$   
D.  $1 > 3 > 2 > 4$ 

#### Answer: D



**16.** Which of the following functional groups is generally least reactive towards nucleophilic substitution reaction?

A. Amide

B. Ester

C. Acid chloride

D. Acid Anhydride

### Answer: A





[X] will be

A.  $CH_3-cH_2COOLi$ B.  $CH_3-CH_2-\overset{O}{\overset{||}{C}}-CH_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3-CH_2-CH_2OH$ 

 $\mathsf{D.}\,CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$ 

#### Answer: B

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18. Which one of the following will not give alkyl

cyanide on treatment with  $P_2O_5$ 

$$\overset{H}{\overset{}_{H}} C = N - 0H$$

- $\mathsf{B.}\, C_6H_5-CH=NOH$
- $\mathsf{C.}\, C_6 H_5 \operatornamewithlimits{C}_{|}_{\substack{|\\ \mathrm{NOH}}} C H_3$
- D. A and C

#### Answer: D



**19.** Pick out the incorrect statement

A.  $MnO_2$  dissolves in conc. HCl, but does not form  $Mn^{4+}$  ions B.  $MnO_2$  oxidizes hot concentrated  $H_2SO_4$ liberating oxygen C.  $K_2MnO_4$  is formed, when  $MnO_2$  is fused KOH is oxidized by air,  $KNO_2, PbO_2$  or  $NaBiO_3$ D. Decomposition of acidic  $KMnO_4$  is not catalysed by sunlight

#### Answer: D



20. In the given reaction $CH_2=CH-CHO \xrightarrow{[X]} CH_2=CH-CH_2OH$ 

[X] will be

A.  $H_2, Ni$ 

 $B. H_2, Pt$ 

C.  $NaBH_4$ 

D.  $H_2$  / Wilkinson catalyst

### Answer: C



**21.** Ammonium perchlorate,  $NH_4ClO_4$ , used in the solid fuel in the booster rockets on the space shuttle, is prepared from sodium perchlorate,  $NaClO_4$ , which is produced commercially by the electrolysis of a hot, stirred solution of sodium chloride. How many faradays are required to produce 1.0kg of sodium perchlorate?

 $NaCl + 4H_2O \rightarrow NaClO_4 + 4H_2$ 

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22. The haemoglobin from the red blood corpuscles of most mammals contains approximately 0.33% of iron by weight. The molecular weight of haemoglobin as 67, 200. The number of iron atoms in each molecule of haemoglobin is (atomic weight of iron = 56):

A. 3

B. 11

C. 4

D. 5



**23.** For the equilibrium  $AB(g) \Leftrightarrow A(g) + B(g)$  at

a given temperature, the pressure at which one-

third of AB is dissociated is numerically equal to

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24. The number of constitutional isomers of the

formula  $C_5H_{11}$  Br is

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**25.** The volume strength of 3.57 M solution hydrogen peroxide (at STP) is Report your answer by rounding it upto nearest whole number

A. 20

B.40

C. 25

D. 36

Answer: B



