





CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NTA JEE MOCK TEST 88



1. A forms ccp lattice B occupy half of the octahedral voids and O occupy

all the tetrahedral voids. Calculate formula-

A. $X_5Y_4Z_8$

 $\mathsf{B.}\, X_8Y_4Z_5$

 $\mathsf{C}.\, X_2 Y Z_2$

D. XYZ_2

Answer: A

2. Consider the following four elements, which are represented according

to long form of periodic table



Here W, Y and Z left, up and right elements with respect to the element 'X' and 'X' belongs to $16^{\rm th}$ group and $3^{\rm rd}$ period. Then according to given information the incorrect statement regarding given elements is

A. Maximum electronegativity : Y

B. Maximum catenation property : X

C. Maximum electron affinity : Z

D. Y exhibits variable covalency



D. (III), (I)

Answer: D

4. Incorrect statement is

A. $MgO > AlF_3 > MgF_2$: Lattice energy

B. Ni > Na > Mg: Electron affinity

 $\mathsf{C}.\,SF_6>PF_5>SiF_4$: Lewis acidic character

D.

 $SiCl_4 > SiBr_4 > SiI_4$: Decreasing order of electronegativity of Si

Answer: C

A.

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5. Complete the following reaction



Β.





Answer: B



6. Determine the value of equilibrium constant for the reaction $2Br^-(aq)+I_2(s) \Leftrightarrow Br_2(l)+2I^-(aq)E_{
m cell}^\circ=~-0.54v$

A. $5.01 imes 10^{-19}$

B. 18.3

 $\text{C.}\,1.7\times10^{54}$

D. $1.9 imes10^{18}$

Answer: A

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7. Consider the following reaction

$$CH_{3} - \begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ I \\ CH_{3} - \begin{array}{c} C \\ - \end{array} \\ CH_{3} \end{array} CH_{2} - \begin{array}{c} \overset{\text{*}_{6}H_{2}SO_{4}}{\longrightarrow} X \text{ (major product)} \\ (i) Hg(OAc)_{2} \\ (ii) NaBH_{4} \end{array} Y \text{ (major product)}$$

[X] and [Y] respectively be

A. 2, 3 - dimethyl -2- butanol and 3, 3 - dimethyl - 2 - butanol

B. 3, 3 - dimethyl -2- butanol and 3, 3 - dimethyl -1- 2 - butanol

C. 3, 3 - dimethyl -2- butanol and 3, 3 - dimethyl - 3 - butanol

Answer: A



8. The reaction sequence

 $C_6H_5-CH=CH-Ch \stackrel{[X]}{\longrightarrow} C_6H_5-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2OH$

[X] will be

A. $LiAlH_4$

B. $NaBH_4$

C. Aluminium isopropoxide

D. All of these

Answer: A

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9. The correct increasing order of extent of hydrolysis is

A. $CCl_4 < MgCl_2 < AlCl_3 < SiCl_4 < PCl_5$

 $\mathsf{B.} \ CCl_4 < AlCl_3 < MgCl_2 < PCl_5 < SiCl_4$

 $\mathsf{C.} \mathit{CCl}_4 < \mathit{SiCl}_4 < \mathit{PCl}_5 < \mathit{AlCl}_3 < \mathit{MgCl}_2$

 $\mathsf{D}.\, CCl_4 < PCl_5 < SiCl_4 < AlCl_3 < MgCl_2$

Answer: A

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10. Let a fully charged lead storage battery contains 1.5 L 5 M H_2SO_4 . What will be the concentration of H_2SO_4 in the battery after 2.5 ampere current is drawn from the battery for 6 hour?

A. 4.626 M

B. 0.1865 M

C. 0.373 M

D. 9.627 M

Answer: A

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11. Three sparingly soluble salts that have same solubility products as given below

I. A_2X II. AX III. A_2X_3

Their solubilities in a saturated solution will be such that

A. III > II > I

B. III gt I gt II

C. II gt III gt I

D. II gt I gt III

Answer: A

12. Correct sequence of CO bond order in given compounds is:

(P) $Fe(CO)_5$

(Q) *CO*

- (R) $H_3B \leftarrow CO$
- (S) $\left[Mn(CO)_5\right]^-$

A. P > R > S > Q

- $\operatorname{B.} S > P > R > Q$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,Q>S>P>R$
- $\mathsf{D}.\, R > Q > P > S$

Answer: D



13. Give the correct order of initials T or F for following statements. Use T

if statements is true and F if it is false.

(i) In gold schmidt thermite process aluminium acts as a reducing agent.

(ii)Mg is extracted by electrolysis of aq. solution of $MgCl_2$.

(iii) Extraction of Pb is possible by carbon reduction method

(iv) Red Bauxite is purified by Serpeck's process.

A. TTTF

B. TFFT

C. FTTT

D. TFTF

Answer: D

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14. In the given reaction

$$CH_2-cH_2- \overset{O}{CH_2}-CH_2COOC_2H_5 \stackrel{[X]}{\longrightarrow} (A) \stackrel{(i)\,LiAlH_4}{\stackrel{(i)\,H_2O/H^{\oplus}}{\longrightarrow}} CH_3-CH_2- \overset{O}{CH_2}$$

[X] will be

A. HCHO

 CH_2-OH B. $|~~,H^\oplus$ CH_2OH CH_2-OH C. $|~,OH^\oplus$ CH_2OH D. HCN

Answer: B

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15. Volume of 0.1 M $K_2 Cr_2 O_7$ required to oxidize 35 mL of 0.5 M $FeSO_4$

solution is

A. 26.2 mL

B. 175 mL

C. 185 mL

D. 145 mL

Answer: A



16. The correct order of increasing solubility in water is:

A. KF < NaF < LiF

B. $NaHCO_3 < KHCO_3 < RbHCO_3$

C. $K_2CO_3 < Na_2CO_3 < Li_2CO_3$

D. $LiNO_3 < NaNO_3 < KNO_3$

Answer: B

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17. In the given reaction sequence

 $C_{6}H_{5}CHO+CH_{3}-NO_{2} \xrightarrow{(i) NaOH(ii) \Delta} [X]$

[X] will be

A. $C_6H_5 - CHOH - CH_2 - CHO$

B. $C_6H_5CH_2OH$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,C_6H_5-COOH$

D. $C_6H_5 - CH = CH - NO_2$

Answer: D

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18. For
$$(A) + K_2 CO_3 + air \stackrel{Heat}{\longrightarrow} (B)$$

 $(B)+CI_2
ightarrow (C)\mathsf{pink}$

Which of the following is correct ?

A.
$$X = black, \operatorname{MnO}_{-}(2), Y = Blue, K_2 CrO_4, Z = KMnO_4$$

 $\mathsf{B.X} = \mathsf{green} =, \ \ Cr_2O_3, \mathsf{Y} = \mathsf{Yellow}, \ \ K_2CrO_4, Z = K_2Cr_2O_7$

$$\mathsf{C.X} = \mathrm{black}, \ MnO_2, \mathsf{Y} = \mathrm{green}, \ K_2MnO_4, Z = KMnO_4$$

D. X = black, Bi_2O_3 , Y = colourless $KBiO_2$, Z = $KBiO_3$

Answer: C



19. Consider the following carbanions

 $(i)CH_3- \stackrel{\Theta}{C} H_2 \hspace{0.5cm} (ii)CH_2 = \stackrel{\Theta}{C} H \hspace{0.5cm} (iii)CH \equiv \stackrel{\Theta}{C}$

Correct order of stability of these carbanions in decreasing order is

A. 1 > 2 > 3B. 2 > 1 > 3

 $\mathsf{C.3}>2>1$

 $\mathsf{D.3}>1>2$

Answer: C



20. The degree of dissociation $'\alpha'$ of the reaction

 $N_2O_4(g) \Leftrightarrow 2NO_2(g)$

Can be related of K_p as [Given : Total pressure at equilibrium = P]

$$A. \alpha = \frac{\frac{Kp}{p}}{4 + \frac{Kp}{p}}$$

$$B. \alpha = \frac{Kp}{4 + Kp}$$

$$C. \alpha = \left[\frac{K_p/P}{4 + K_p/P}\right]^{1/2}$$

$$D. \alpha = \left[\frac{K_p}{4 + K_p}\right]^{1/2}$$

Answer: C



21. The wave function orbital of H-like atoms is given as under

$$\psi_{2s} = rac{1}{4\sqrt{2\pi}}Z^{3\,/\,2}(2-Zr)^{Zr\,/\,2}$$

Given that the radius is in ${
m \AA}$ then which of the following is the radius for

nodal surface for He^{Θ} ion ?

22. At 273 K one atm, 'a' litre of N_2O_4 decomposes to NO_2 as :

 $N_2O_4(g) \Leftrightarrow 2NO_2(g)$. To what extent has the decomposition proceeded when he original volume is 25 % less then that of existing volume ? [Report your answer up to decimal places.]

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23. The energy released during conversion of million atoms of iodine in gaseous state to iodide ions in gaseous state is $4.9 \times 210^{-13} J$. What is the electron gain enthalpy in eV/atom.

[Report your answer by rounding it up to nearest whole number]

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24. The Henry's law constant for the solubility of N_2 gas in water at 298 K is 1×10^{-5} atm. The mole fraction of N_2 in air in 0.8. If the number of moles of N_2 of air dissolved in 10 moles of water at 298 K and 5 atm x. 10^{-4} . Find the value of x. 25. How many structural isomers are possible when one of the hydrogen

in compound given below is replaced by chlorine atom

