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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA JEE MOCK TEST 95

## Chemistry

1. Which graph shows how the energy $E$ of a photon of light is related to its wavelengths $(\lambda)$ ?
A.
B.

C.
D.

Answer: D

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2. $20 \% \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ molecules are dissociated in a sample of gas at $27^{\circ} C$ and 760 torr. Calculate the density of the equilibrium mixture.
A. $1.48 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$
B. $1.84 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$
C. $2.25 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$
D. $3.12 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$

## Answer: D

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3. Reaction between $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cd}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCl}$ leads to the formation of
A. Diethyl ketone`
B. Ethyl methyl ketone
C. Dimethyl ketone
D. Acetaldehyde
4. For which of the following molecules $\Delta \mu \neq 0$

I



A. Only I
B. I and II
C. Only III
D. III and IV

Answer: D

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5. $\mathrm{BaTi}\left[\mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{9}\right]$ is a class of
A. orthosilicateq
B. cyclic silicate
C. chain silicate
D. sheet silicate

Answer: B
6. In Mayer's relation:
$C_{P}-C_{V}=R$
'R' stands for:
A. translational kinetic energy of 1 mol gas
B. rotational kinetic energy of 1 mol gas
C. vibrational kinetic energy of 1 mol gas
D. work done to increase the temperature of 1 mol
gas by one degree

## Answer: D

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7. Products of the reaction which is given below will be

A. Vic diol
B. Vic dicarbonyl compound
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{\stackrel{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \text { and } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CHO}}{ }$
o
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{COOH}$

## Answer: C

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8. (Z) -3- bromo -3- hexene when treated with
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{-}$in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ gives
A. 3 - hexyne
B. 2 - hexyne
C. 2, 3 -hexadiene
D. 2, 4 - hexadiene

Answer: A

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9. Two oxides of nitrogen, NO and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ are allowed to react together at 243 K and form coloured compound of
nitrogen $(X)$, When compound $(X)$ reacts with water to
yeild another compound of nitrogen ( Y ). The shape of the anion $(\mathrm{Y})$ molecule is
A. angular
B. triangular pyramidal
C. tetrahedron
D. square planar

## Answer: A

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10. A carbon compound contains $12.8 \%$ of carbon,
$2.1 \%$ of hydrogen and $85.1 \%$ of bromince. The

## molecular

weight of the compound is 187.9 . Calculatte the molecular formula of the compound.
(Atomic weight of $\mathrm{H}+1.008, \mathrm{C}=12.0$ and $\mathrm{Br}={ }^{\text {'79.9) }}$ )
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{2} l$
C. $C_{2} H_{4} B r_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{Br}_{3}$

Answer: C

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11. Calcium lactate is a salt of weak organic acid and strong base represented as $C a(L a C)_{2}$. A saturated solution of $C a(L a C)_{2}$ contains 0.6 mole in 2 litre solution. pOH of solution is 5.60 . If $90 \%$ dissociation of the salt takes place then what is $p K_{a}$ of lactic acid?
A. $2.8-\log (0.54)$
B. $2.8+\log (0.54)$
C. $2.8+\log (0.27)$
D. None of these

Answer: A
12. The octahedral complex/complex ion which shown both facial and meridional isomers is
A. triglycinato cobalt (II)
B. tris (ethylene diamine) cobalt (III)
C. dichloro diglycinato cobalt (III)
D. trioxalate cobaltate (III)

## Answer: A

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13. The correct code for stability, of oxidation states for given cations is:
(i) $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}>\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}, \mathrm{Tl}^{+}<\mathrm{Tl}^{3+}$
(ii) $\mathrm{Bi}^{3+}<\mathrm{Sb}^{3+}, \mathrm{Sn}^{3+}<\mathrm{Sn}^{4+}$
(iii) $\mathrm{Pb}^{3+}>\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}, \mathrm{Bi}^{3+}>\mathrm{Bi}^{3+}$
(iv) $\mathrm{Tl}^{3+}<\mathrm{ln}^{3+}, \mathrm{Sn}^{2+}>\mathrm{Sn}^{4+}$
(v) $\mathrm{Sn}^{2+}<\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}, \mathrm{Sn}^{4+}>\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}$
(vi) $\mathrm{Sn}^{2+}<\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}, \mathrm{Sn}^{4+}<\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}$
A. V and VI
B. I, III and VI
C. III and V
D. II and IV

Answer: C
14. The most appropriate sequence of the reactions for carrying out the following conversion is
A. (i) peracid (ii) $H^{+}$(iii) $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{dil} . \mathrm{HCl}$
B. (i) Alkaline $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ (ii) $\mathrm{NaIO}_{4}$ (iii) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} / \mathrm{KOH}$
C. (i) Alkaline $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ (ii) $\mathrm{H}^{+}$(iii) $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{dil} . \mathrm{HCl}$
D. (i) $O_{3} / M e_{2} S$ (ii) NaOEt (iii) $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} / \mathrm{KOH}$

## Answer: D

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15. pH of 0.1 M monobasic acid is found to be 2 . Hence its osmotic pressure at a given temp. T K is :
A. 0.1 RT
B. 0.11 RT
C. 1.1 RT
D. 0.01 RT

Answer: B
(D) Watch Video Solution
16. The reduction of an oxide by aluminium is called
A. Beeyer's process
B. Godschmidt's aluminothermite process
C. Hall's process
D. van Arkel process

## Answer: B

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17. Match list - I with list - II and select the correct answer using the codes given below
A. $P(3), Q(1), R(2), S(4)$
B. $P(3), Q(1), R(4), S(2)$
C. $P(1), Q(3), R(4), S(2)$
D. $P(4), Q(3), R(2), S(1)$

## Answer: A

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18. Which of the following is second ion is more stable than the first
A. $C H_{2} \underset{\text { I }}{=} C \stackrel{\ominus}{H}$ and $C H_{\text {II }}=\stackrel{\theta}{C}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\underset{\text { I }}{ }-\stackrel{\ominus}{\mathrm{H}_{2}}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\underset{\text { II }}{\mathrm{CH}}-\mathrm{C} \stackrel{\ominus}{\mathrm{H}}_{2}$
C.

$$
C H_{3}-C \stackrel{\ominus}{\mathrm{H}}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \text { and } C \stackrel{\ominus}{H}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}
$$

D.

## Answer: A

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19. The equalitative sketches I, II and III given below show the variation of surface tension with molar concentration of three diferent aqueous solutions of $\mathrm{KCl}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{OSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$at room temperature.




The correct assignment of the sketches is
A.

$$
I: \mathrm{KCl}, \mathrm{II}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{III}: \mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{OSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}
$$

B.

$$
\mathrm{I}: \mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{OSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{II}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{III}: \mathrm{KCl}
$$

C.

$$
\mathrm{I}: \mathrm{KCl}, \mathrm{II}: \mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{PSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}, \mathrm{III}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}
$$

D.
$\mathrm{I}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{II}: \mathrm{KCl}, \mathrm{III}: \mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{OSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$

## (D) Watch Video Solution

20. A graph plotted between $\log k$ versus $1 / T$ for calculating activation energy is shown by
A.
A.
B.
.
c.
D.

Answer: B
21.60 g of gaseous $C_{2} H_{6}$ are mixed with 28 g of carbon monoxide. The pressure of the resulting gaseous mixture is 3 atm . The partial pressure in atm. Of $C_{2} H_{6}$ in the mixture is

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22. How many acidic H - atoms are present in this compound that can react with $\stackrel{\ominus}{R}$ for $R-M g X$ to give alkane
23. 

moles of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ evolved during given reaction?

What is the value of ' $n$ ' here

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24. A current of 2.0 A passed for 5 hours through a molten metal salt deposits 22.2 g of metal (At. Wt. =177).

The oxidation state of the metal in the metal salt is

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25. If $X e O F_{4}$ how many angles are of $90^{\circ}$ ?
