# © 'doubtnut 

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 30

## Chemistry

1. When the electron of a hydrogen atom jumps from the $n=4$ to the $\mathrm{n}=1$ state, the number of all possible spectral lines emitted is :-
A. 9
B. 3
C. 6
D. 15

Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

2. The reaction that does NOT define calcination is :
A. $\mathrm{ZnCO}_{3} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{ZnO}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} . \mathrm{XH}_{2} \mathrm{O} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+\mathrm{XH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3} . \mathrm{MgCO}_{3} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{MgO}+2 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. $2 \mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+3 \mathrm{O}_{2} \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2 \mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}+2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}$

Answer: D
3. The logarithm of the equilibriium constant of the cell reaction corresponding to the cell
$X(s)\left|x^{2+}(a q)\right|\left|Y^{+}(a q)\right| Y(s)$ with standard cell potential
$E_{\text {cell }}^{\circ}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ given by
A. 40.2
B. 47.2
C. 12.5
D. 21.5

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
4. If the half cell reactions are given as
(i) $F e^{2+}(A q)+2 e^{-} \rightarrow F e(s), E^{\circ}=-0.44 V$
(ii) $2 \mathrm{H}^{+}(s q)+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(g)+2 e^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l) E^{\circ}=+1.23 \mathrm{~V}$ The $E^{\circ}$ for the reaction
$\mathrm{Fe}(s)+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}(a q)+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l)$ will be
A. -0.79
B. -1.67 V
C. 1.67 V
D. 0.79 V

Answer: C
5. Among the following the surfactant that will from micelles in squeous solution at the lowest molar concentration at ambident condition is :
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{15} \mathrm{~N}^{+}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Br}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{OSO}_{3}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{6} \mathrm{COO}^{-} \mathrm{Na}^{+}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{11} \mathrm{~N}^{+}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Br}^{-}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Identify the correct statements regarding the structure of $\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{BH}_{4}\right)_{3}$.
7. Al is $s p^{3} d^{2}$ and $B$ is $s p^{3}$ hybridized
8. It has $63 c-2 e^{-}$bonds
9. It has $6 \mathrm{Al}-\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{B}$ bonds
10. It has $62 c-2 e^{-}$bonds.
A. only 1,3,4
B. only 1,2,3
C. only 1.24
D. all of 1, 2, 3 and 4

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

7. 0.1 M NaCl and $0.05 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ solutions are separated by a semi-permeable membrane in a container. For this system,
choose the correct answer
A. Water flows form $B a C l_{2}$ solution towards NaCl solution
B. There is no movement of any solution across the membrane
C. Osmotic pressure of 0.1 M NaCl is lower than the osmotic pressure of $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ (Assume complete dissociation)
D. Water flows from NaCl solution towards $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ solution

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

8. The increasing order of pKa of the following amino acids in aqueous solution is:

Gly Asp Lys Arg
A. $A s p<G l y<A r g<L y s$
B. $\operatorname{Arg}<L y s<G l y<A s p$
C. $G l y<A s p<A r g<L y s$
D. Asp $<G l y<L y s<A r g$

## Answer: D

## ( Watch Video Solution

9. Four solutions of $K_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ with the following concentration $0.1 \mathrm{~m}, 0.01 \mathrm{~m}, 0.001 \mathrm{~m}$ and 0.0001 m are available. The

# maximum value of Van't Hoff factor (i) will be of: 

A. 0.001 m solution
B. 0.0001 m solution
C. 0.1 m solution
D. 0.01 m solution

## Answer: B

## ( Watch Video Solution

10. The pH of a solution prepared by mixing 2.0 mL of HCl solution of pH 3.0 and 3.0 mL of NaOH of pH 10.0 is
A. 3.5
B. 2.5
C. 6.5
D. 5.5

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

11. A photon of hard gamma radiations knocks out a proton for ${ }_{12}^{24} M g$ nucleaus to from:
A. The isotope of parent nucleus
B. The isobar of parent nucleus
C. The nuclide ${ }_{11}^{23} \mathrm{Na}$
D. The iosbar of . ${ }_{11}^{23} N a$

## - Watch Video Solution

12. The number of molecules in 100 mL of $0.02 \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is
A. $6.02 \times 10^{20}$
B. $6.20 \times 10^{26}$
C. $6.02 \times 10^{22}$
D. $6.02 \times 10^{21}$

## Answer: A

## (D) Watch Video Solution

13. A $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ solution can be standarised by titration against $\mathrm{As}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3(\mathrm{~s})}$. A 0.1156 g sample of $\mathrm{As} s_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ requires 27.06 mL of
the $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4(a q \text {. })}$ for its titration. What is the molarity of the

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{KMnO}_{4(\text { aq. })}[\text { As }=75] ? \\
& 5 \mathrm{As}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+4 \mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+9 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+12 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow 10 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{AsO}_{4}+4 \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}
\end{aligned}
$$

A. 0.0172 M
B. 1.0172 M
C. 0,172 M
D. 0.9172 M

## Answer: A

14. The correct match between item I and item II is

| Item I | Item II |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) Norethindrone | (P) Anti-biotic |
| (2) Ofloxacin | (Q) Anti-fertility |
| (3) Equanil | (R) Hypertension |
|  | (S) Analgesics |

A. $1-R, 2-P, 3-S$
B. $1-Q, 2-P, 3-R$
C. $1-S, 2-P, 3-R$
D. $1-Q, 2-R, 3-S$

Answer: B
15. The major product obtained in the following reaction is


B.

C.


Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

16. The $K_{\text {sp }}$ of $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ is $1 \times 10^{-12} .0 .01 \mathrm{MMg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ will precipitate at the limiting $p H$
A. 3
B. 9
C. 5
D. 8

## D Watch Video Solution

17. For the reaction, $A B(g) \Leftrightarrow A(g)+B(g), A B$ is $33 \%$ dissociated at a total pressure of ' $p$ ' Therefore, ' $p$ ' is related to
$K_{p}$ by one of the following options
A. $P=3 K_{p}$
B. $p=K_{p}$
C. $P=8 K_{p}$
D. $P=4 K_{p}$

## Answer: C

18. The correct order of increasing hydration energy of the following conjugate bases of oxoacids of chlorine is
A. $\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{2}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{ClO}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{2}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}$
C. $\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{2}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}^{-}<\mathrm{ClO}_{2}^{-}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

19. A solid is formed by two elements $P$ and $Q$. The element $Q$ forms cubic close packing and atoms of P occupy one third of tetrahedral voids. The formula of the compound is
A. $P_{3} Q$
B. $P_{2} Q_{3}$
C. $P_{3} Q_{3}$
D. $P Q_{3}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

20. Le-blanc process is employed in the manufacturing of
A. Baking soda
B. Caustic soda
C. Soda ash and potash
D. Plaster of Paris

Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

21. Which of the following have been arranged in the decreasing order of oxidation number of sulphur ?
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}>\mathrm{SO}_{2}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8}$
B. $N a_{2} S_{4} O_{6}>H_{2} S_{2} O_{7}>N a_{2} S_{2} O_{3}>S_{8}$
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{5}>\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}>\mathrm{SCl}_{2}>\mathrm{H}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}^{2+}>\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}>\mathrm{SO}_{3}^{2-}>\mathrm{HSO}_{4}^{-}$

## Answer: C

22. The degree of hardness of water is usually expressed in terms of
A. g/L of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$ present
B. ppm by weight of $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$
C. ppm of $\mathrm{CaCO} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ actually present in water
D. ppm by weight of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ irrespective of whether it is actually present

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

23. AgCl dissolved in excess of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{KCN}$ and $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ solutions the complex produces ions
A. $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{2+},\left[\mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{2-}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{+},\left[\mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{2-}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{+},\left[\mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right]^{-}$and $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{3-}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{2+},\left[\mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{Ag}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{2-}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

24. The maximum number of reducing hydrogens are contained in which of the following molecule/s ?
A. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{2}$
C. $H_{4} P_{2} O_{7}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

25. The bond order of the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}$ bonds in $\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}$ion is
A. 1.33
B. 1.50
C. 1.00
D. 0.33

## Answer: A

26. Which of the following fluorides of Xe has zero dipole moment?
A. $X e F_{3}$
B. $X e F_{4}$
C. $X e F_{6}$
D. $X e F_{2}$

## Answer: B

## (D) Watch Video Solution

27. The hydrolysis of $\mathrm{NCl}_{3}$ by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ produces
A. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ and HOCl
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ and HOCl
C. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$ and HOCl
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ and HOCl

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

28. Salt $A+S \rightarrow B \xrightarrow{\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}}$ White precipitate A is paramagnetic in nature and contains about $55 \% \mathrm{~K}$. Thus, A is
A. $K_{2} O$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
C. $K O_{2}$
D. $K_{2} S O_{4}$

## D Watch Video Solution

29. Among the following, the third ionisation energy is
highest for
A. Aluminium
B. Beryllium
C. Boron
D. Magnesium

## Answer: B

30. The highest lattice energy corresponds to
A. SrO
B. BaO
C. MgO
D. CaO

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

31. Which of the following is an appropriate set of reactants for the preparation of 1 methoxy - 4 nitrobenzene?

A.

A

#  <br> B 

B.
C. Both $A$ and $B$
D. None of these

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

32. How is the following transformation best carried out?

A. $\mathrm{OsO}_{4}: \mathrm{NaHSO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{HgSO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

33. Name the reagent used to bring about the following transformation, but-2-ene to ethanol:
A. $\mathrm{CrO}_{2} / \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ in acidic medium
C. $\mathrm{O}_{3} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{Zn}$ dust
D. PCC

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

34. The stability order of the given carbocations is:
i. $\mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}^{\oplus} \quad$ ii. $\mathrm{F}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}^{\oplus} \quad$ iii. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}^{\oplus}$
A. igt ii gt iii
B. iii gt igt ii
C. iii gt ii gt i
D. ii gt iii gt i

Answer: B
35. Arrange the following polymers in increasing order of their intermolecular forces :
(i) Nylon 6, 6
(ii) Buna-S
(iii) Polythene
A. I,II,III
B. II,III,I
C. II,I,III
D. III,II,I

## Answer: B

36. The $p K_{a 1}$ and $p K_{a 2}$ of an amino acid are 2.3 and 9.7 respectively. The isoelectric point of the amino acid is:
A. 7.4
B. 3.5
C. 12.0
D. 6.0

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

37. In the following reaction,

the major product obtained is

A.

B.


Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

38. Identify the product $(E)$ in the following sequence of reactions.

$\xrightarrow{\mathrm{Br}_{2}} A \xrightarrow{\mathrm{Sn} / \mathrm{HCl}} B \xrightarrow[273-278 \mathrm{~K}]{\mathrm{NaNO}_{2} / \mathrm{HCl}} C \xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{2}}$
$D \xrightarrow[O H^{-}]{\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}} E$
A.
B.




Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

39. Which of the following species would be expected to exhibit aromatic character?

A. I and IV
B. II and IV
C. I and III
D. II and III

Answer: D
(D) Watch Video Solution
40. For a zero order reaction, the plot of concentration versus time is linear with
A. Positive slope with zero intercept
B. positive slope with non-zero intercept
C. negative slope with non-zero intercept
D. parallel to time axis

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

41. Find work done in the irreversible process $C \rightarrow A$.


Temperature $\rightarrow$
Graph for one mole of an ideal gas
A. 4.51 atm
B. zero
C. 8.12 L atm
D. unpredictable

Answer: C
42. The correct match between item 'I' and item 'ii' is

| Item I <br> (Compound) | Item II (Reagent) |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) Lysine | (P) 1-naphthol |
| (2) Furfural | (Q) ninhydrin |
| (3) Benzyl <br> alcohol | (R) $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ |
| (4) Styrene | (S) Ceric ammonium <br> Nitrate |

A. $1-\mathrm{Q}, 2-\mathrm{P}, 3-\mathrm{S}, 4-\mathrm{R}$
B. 1-Q, 2-R, 3-S, 4-P
C. 1-Q, 2-P, 3-R, 4-S
D. $1-\mathrm{R}, 2-\mathrm{P}, 3-\mathrm{Q}, 4-\mathrm{S}$

## D Watch Video Solution

43. When acetaldehyde is treated with Fehling's solution, it gives a precipitate of
A. Cu
B. CuO
C. $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CuO}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

44. The major product of the following reaction is

## OH



## $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ (excess)


A.
Br
B.



D.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

45. Match the catalysts (Column I) with products (Column II)

| Column I | Column II |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) $\mathrm{V}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | (i) Polyethylene |
| (2) $\mathrm{TiCl}_{4} / \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{Me})_{3}$ (ii) ethanal |  |
| (3) $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}$ | (iii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ |
| (4) Iron Oxide | (iv) $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ |

A. (1) - (ii), (2) - (iii), 3 - (i), 4 - (iv)
B. (1) - (iii), (2) - (i), 3 - (ii), 4 - (iv)
C. (1) - (iii), (2) - (iv), 3 - (i), 4 - (ii)
D. (1) - (iv), (2) - (iii), 3 - (ii), 4 - (i)

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

