

India's Number 1 Education App

## **CHEMISTRY**

# **BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS**

## NTA NEET SET 37



**1.** The molarity of  $HNO_3$  in a sample which has

density 1.4 g/mL and mass percentage of 63~%

is \_\_\_\_.

### (Molecular Weight of $HNO_3 = 63$ )

A. 7 M

- B. 14 M
- C. 2.1 M
- D. 28 M

Answer: B



2. The de Broglie wavelength of an electron in

the 3rd Bohr orbit is

A.  $2\pi a_0$ 

B.  $4\pi a_0$ 

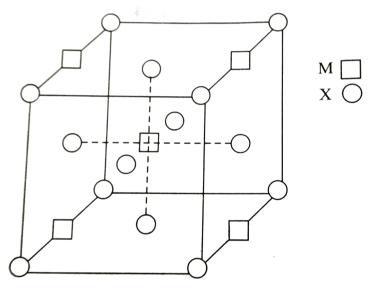
C.  $6\pi a_0$ 

D.  $8\pi a_0$ 

Answer: C

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**3.** A compound  $M_pX_q$  has cubic close packing (p) arrangement of X. Its unit cell structure is shown below. The empirical formula of the compound is



**a.** MX **b.**  $MX_2$  **c.**  $M_2X$ 

A.  $M_2X$ 

 $\mathsf{B.}\,M+5X_{14}$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.MX_2$ 

D. MX

#### Answer: C



4. Using the data provided, calculate the multiple bond energy  $(kJmol^{-1})$  of a  $C \equiv C$ bond in  $C_2H_2$ . That energy is (take the bond energy of a C - H bond as  $350kJmol^{-1}$ ).  $2C_{(s)} + H_{2(g)} \rightarrow C_2H_{2(g)}, \Delta = 225kJmol^{-1}$   $2{C}_{\left(\,s\,
ight)}\,
ightarrow\,2{C}_{g}ig), \Delta H=1410kJmol^{-1}$ 

 $H_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,
ightarrow 2 H_{(\,g\,)}\,, \Delta H = 330 k Jmol^{-\,1}$ 

#### A. 837

B. 1165

C. 815

D. 865

#### Answer: C



**5.** At constant volume , 4 moles of an ideal gas when heated from 300 K to 500 K change its internal energy by 5000 J. The molar heat capacity at constant volume is ?

A. 3.125

 $B.\,6.25$ 

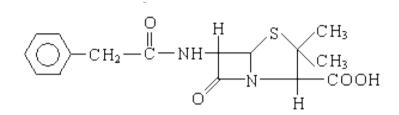
 $C.\,6.75$ 

 $\mathsf{D.}-6.75$ 

Answer: B



6. The following structure is known as



#### A. Ampicillin

- B. Penicillin K
- C. Penicillin G
- D. Penicillin F

#### Answer: C

7. Select the set having correct statements pertaining to the adsorption of a gas on a solid surface

 physisortion may transform into chemisorption at high temperature (2) chemisorption is more exothermic than physisortion , however it is very slow due to higher energy of activation
 Adsorption is always exothermic
 Physiosorption increase with increasing temperature but chemisorption decreases

with increasing temperature

A. 1,2

B. 2,3

C. 1,2,3

D. 1,2,4

Answer: C



**8.** 108 g of silver (molar mass  $108g - mol^{-1}$ ) is deposited at cathode from solution by a certain quantity of electricity. The volume (in L) of oxygen gas produced at 273 K and 1 bar pressure from water by the same quantity of electricity is \_\_\_\_.

A. 2.82 L

B. 5.675 . L

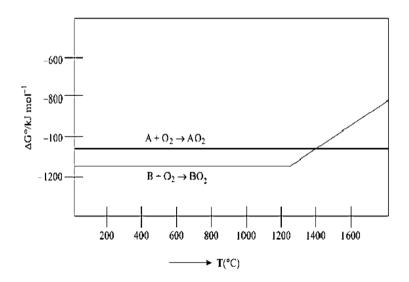
C. 1.41 L

D. 0.746 L

#### Answer: B



# **9.** According to the following diagram, A reduces $BO_2$ When the temperature is



A.  $> 1400^{\,\circ} C$ 

#### B. $> 1200^{\circ}C$ but $< 1400^{\circ}C$

C.  $> 1400^{\circ}C$ 

D.  $> 1200^{\circ}C$ 

#### Answer: A

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### 10. Consider the following $E^{\,\circ}$ values $E^{\,\circ}$

values  $E^{\,\circ}_{Fe^{3+}\,/\,Fe^{2+}} = 0.77 v$  ,

 $E^{\,\circ}_{Sn^{2\,+}\,/\,Sn}=\,-\,0.14$  under standard condition

the potential for the reaction $Sn_s+2Fe^{3+}(aq)
ightarrow 2Fe^{2+}(aq)+Sn^{2+}(aq)$ is :

#### A. 1.68 V

B. 0.91 V

C. 0.63 V

D. 1.46 V

#### **Answer: B**

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**11.** Which one of the following statements is not true ?

A. Oxides of sulphur, nitrogen and carbon

are the most widespread air pollutants

B. pH od drinking water should be between

5.5 - 9.5

C. Concentration of DO below 6 ppm is

good for the growth of fish

D. Clean water would have a BOD value of

less than 5 ppm





**12.** The material used to make anode and cathode of the commonly employed dry cells are

- A. aluminum and lead
- B. zinc and carbon

C. an alloy of silver , copper and

manganese

chloride and manganese

Answer: B

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**13.** Pb on reaction with conc.  $HNO_3$  gives

A.  $Pb(NO_3)_4 + NO_3$ 

B.  $Pb(NO_3)_3 + N_2O$ 

 $\mathsf{C.} \operatorname{Pb}(NO_3)_2 + NO_2$ 

#### $\mathsf{D.}\, PbNO_3 + NO$

#### Answer: C

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**14.** The reaction of white phosphorus with aqueous *NaOH* gives phosphine along with another phosphorus containing compound. The reacation type, the oxidation states of phosphorus in phosphine and the other product are respectively: A. Redox reaction , +3 and +5

- B. Redox reaction , -3 and -5
- C. Disproportionation reaction , -3 and +3
- D. Disproportionation reaction , -3 and +1

Answer: C

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15. Which of the following is least soluble?

A. 
$$NiSig(K_{sp}=3 imes10^{-21}ig)$$

B. 
$$FeSig(K_{sp}=4 imes10^{-19}ig)$$

C. 
$$MnSig(K_{sp}=7 imes10^{-16}ig)$$

D. 
$$PtSig(K_{sp}=8 imes10^{-73}ig)$$

#### Answer: D

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# **16.** The catalytic activity of the transition metals and their compound is described to:

A. Their ability of adopt variable oxidation

states

B. Their chemical reactivity

C. Their magnetic behaviour

D. Their unfilled d - orbitals

Answer: A

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17. The colour of light absobed by an aqueous

solution of  $CuSO_4$  is

A. Blue green

B. Yellow

C. Violet

D. Orange - red

**Answer: D** 

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**18.** A bubble of air released by a diver at the bottom of a pool of water become large as it approaches the surface of the water . Assume the temperature is constant and select the true statement. The pressure inside the bubble is

A. greater near the bottom of the water

B. greater near the top of the water

C. same at all depths

D. cannot be determined from the given

#### Answer: A



**19.** After equal volume of 0.10M solutions of  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$  and  $Ba(OH)_2$  have been mixed, which of the following species is present in greatest concentration in solution?

A.  $Ba^{2+}(aq)$ 

B.  $BaSO_4(aq)$ 

C.  ${NH_4^+}(aq)$ 

### D. $NH_3(aq)$

#### Answer: D

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**20.** The correct order of increasing covalent character is :

A.  $LiCl > NaCl > BeCl_2$ 

 $\mathsf{B}. \ BeCl_2 > NaCl > LiCl_2$ 

 $\mathsf{C.} \ NaCl > LiCl > BeCl_2$ 

D.  $BeCl_2 > LiCl > NaCl$ 

#### Answer: C

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# **21.** A knocking sound is produced in the internal combustion engine when the fuel

A. burns fast

B. burns slowly

C. is contaminated with lubricating oil

D. contains some water

#### Answer: A

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# **22.** Which of the following is the most preferred conformation of ethane molecule

A. Staggered

B. Skew

C. Eclipsed

D. None of the above

Answer: A

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**23.** Which one of the following processes is used for the manufacturing of calcium ?

A. Reduction with CaO with hydrogen

B. Electrolysis of molten  $Ca(OH)_2$ 

C. Electrolysis of a mixture of anhydrous

#### $CaCl_2$ and $CaF_2$

D. Reduction of CaO with carbon

#### Answer: C

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#### 24. IUPAC nomenclature of

A. 4 - ethyl -2, 4 - dimethylpent - 2 - ene

B. 2,4,4 - trimethylhex - 2- ene

C. 3,3,5 - trimethylhex -4 -ene

D. 2,2,4 - trimethylhex -3 -ene

Answer: B

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25. In the following reaction, the product 'R' is:

$$CaC_2 \stackrel{H_2O}{\longrightarrow} P \stackrel{ ext{hot iron}}{ ext{tube}} Q \stackrel{CH_3Cl}{ ext{$AlCl_3$}} R$$

A. toluene

B. n - propylbenzene

C. ethylbenzene

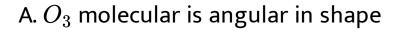
D. benzene

Answer: A

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26. Select the incorrect statement about the

following :



B. In  $O_3$  , O - O bond length is identical

with that of molecular oxygen

C.  $O_3$  is used as germicide for purification

of air

D.  $O_3$  is an oxidizing agent

Answer: B

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27. In brown ring complex compound  $[Fe(H_2O)_5NO]SO_4$ , the oxidation state of Fe is-

- $\mathsf{A.+1}$
- $\mathsf{B.}+5$
- C.+7
- $\mathsf{D.}-8$

#### Answer: A



**28.** Which of the following will produce only one product on reduction with  $LiAlH_4$ ?

A.  $CH_3COOC_2H_5$ 

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CH_3COOCH_2CH_2CH_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3CH_2COOCH_2CH_3$ 

D.  $CH_3CH_2COOCH_3$ 

Answer: A

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**29.** The relative strength of interionic / intermolecular forces in decreasing order is : A. ion - dipole > dipole - dipole > ion ion B. dipole - dipole > ion - dipole > ion ion C. ion - ion > ion - dipole > dipole dipole D. ion - dipole > ion - ion > dipole dipole

#### Answer: C



**30.** If 0.5 mol of  $BaCl_2$  is mixed with 0.2 mol of  $Na_3PO_4$ , the maximum number of moles of  $Ba_3(PO_4)_2$  that can be formed is

A. 0.7

B. 0.5

C. 0.03

D.0.10

### Answer: D



**31.** If the volume of the vessel in which the reaction  $2NO + O_2 \rightarrow 2NO_2$  is occurring is diminished to 1/3 rd of its initial volume . The rate of the reaction will be increased by

A. 5 times

B.8 times

C. 27 times

## D. 35 times

### Answer: C

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**32.** The freezing point of water is depressed by  $0.37^{\circ}C$  in a 0.01 molal NaCl solution. The freezing point of 0.02 molal solution of urea is depressed by

A.  $0.37^\circ C$ 

B.  $0^\circ C$ 

# $\mathsf{C.}\, 0.56^{\,\circ}\, C$

D.  $0.187^{\circ}C$ 

Answer: A

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# 33. When iodobenzene is treated with sodium

in dry ether the product is

#### A. DDT

B. Triphenyl

C. Diphenyl

D. Dichlorobenzene

Answer: C

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**34.** The compuond that does no liberate  $CO_2$ 

on treatment with aqueous sodium

bicarbonate solution is :

- A. Benzoic acid
- B. Benzensulphonic acid
- C. Salicylic acid
- D. Carbonic acid (Phenol)

Answer: D

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**35.** The initial rate of hydrolysis of methyl acetate (1M) by a weak acid (HA, 1M) is

1/100th of that of a strong acid (HX, 1M),

# at $25\,^\circ C$ . The $K_a(HA)$ is

A.  $1 imes 10^{-4}$ 

B.  $1 imes 10^{-5}$ 

- C.  $1 imes 10^{-6}$
- D.  $1 imes 10^{-3}$

#### Answer: A



**36.** The thermal dissociation equilibrium of  $CaCO_3(s)$  is studied under different conditions

 $CaCO_3(s) \Leftrightarrow CaO(s) + CO_2(g)$ 

For this equilibrium, the correct statements are

(i) K is dependent on the pressure of  $CO_2$  at a given T.

(ii)  $\Delta H$  is dependent on T.

(iii)  $\Delta H$  is independent of the catalyst, if any.

(iv) K is independent of the initial amount of  $CaCO_3$ .

# A. $\Delta H$ is dependent on T

B. K is independent of the initial amount of

 $CaCO_3$ 

C. K is dependent on the pressure of  $CO_2$ 

at a given T

D.  $\Delta H$  is independent of the catalyst , if

any

Answer: C

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**37.** Which one of the following types of reaction occurs when a peptide link in a protein is broken ?

A. Condensation

**B. Substitution** 

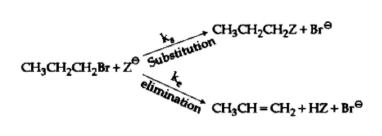
C. Addition

D. Hydrolysis

Answer: D

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### 38. For the following reactions



#### where,

$$z^- = CH_3CH_2O^-(A)$$
 or  $H_3C_{CH_3}^{CH_3} - O^-(B)$   
 $k_s$  and  $k_e$ , are, respectively, the rate  
constants for substitution and elimination,  
and  $\mu = \frac{k_s}{k_e}$ , the correct option is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A.  $\mu_A > \mu_B$  and  $k_e(A) > k_e(B)$ 

 $\texttt{B.} \ \mu_B > \mu_A \ \text{ and } \ k_e(B) > k_e(A)$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,\mu_A>\mu_B\, ext{ and }\,k_e(B)>k_e(A)$ 

 $\mathsf{D}.\,\mu_B>\mu_A\, ext{ and }\,k_e(A)>k_e(B)$ 

Answer: C



39. The increasing order of the atomic radii of

the following elements is :

(a) C (b) O (c) F(d) Cl ( e) Br

A. 
$$(b) < (c) < (d) < (a) < (e)$$

 $egin{aligned} {\sf B.}\,(d) < (c) < (b) < (a) < (e) \ {\sf C.}\,(c) < (b) < (b) < (a) < (d) < (e) \ {\sf D.}\,(a) < (b) < (c) < (d) < (e) \end{aligned}$ 

#### Answer: C

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**40.** A tetrapeptide has -COOH group on alanine. This produces glycine (Gly), valine (Val), phenyl alanine (Phe) and alanine (Ala), on complete hydrolyses. For this tetrapeptide, the

number of possible sequences (primary structures) with  $-NH_2$  group attached to a chiral centre is

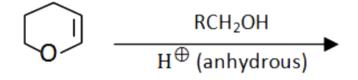
- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5

#### Answer: C

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41. The major product of the following

reaction is



 $RCH_2OH$  $H \oplus ( ext{ anhydrous })$ 

A. An ester

B. An ether

C. An acetal

D. A hemiacetal

### Answer: C



**42.**  $[PdFClBrI]^{2-}$  Number of Geometrical Isomers = n. For  $[Fe(CN)_6]^{n-6}$ , Determine the spin only magnetic moment and CFSE (Ignore the pairing energy)

A. 5.92 BM and  $\Delta_0$ 

B. 1.73 BM and -  $2.0\Delta_0$ 

C. 2.84 BM and  $-1.6\Delta_0$ 

D. 0 BM and  $-2.4\Delta_0$ 

#### Answer: B

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## 43. The correct match between Item - I and

#### Item - II is

. -

	Item II
(p) High density	(I) Peroxide catalyst
polythene	
(q)	(II) Condensation at high
Polyacrylonitrile	temperature and pressure
(r) Novolac	(III) Ziegler-Natta catalyst
(s) Nylon 6	(IV) Acid or base catalyst

A. (p) - (III),(q)-(I),(r)-(II),(s)-(IV)

# B. (p) - (IV),(q)-(II),(r)-(I),(s)-(III)

C. (p) - (III),(q)-(IV),(r)-(I),(s)-(III)

D. (p) -(III) ,(q) -(I) ,(r)-(IV),(s) -(II)

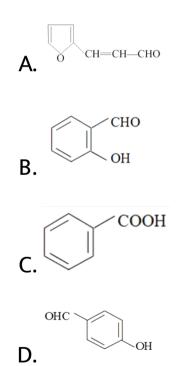
Answer: D

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**44.** An aromatic compound 'A' having molecular formula  $C_7H_6O_2$  on treating with aqueous ammonia and heating forms

compounds 'B'. The compound B on reaction with molecular bromine and potassium hydroxide provides compound 'C' having molecular formula  $C_6H_7N$ . The structure of 'A'

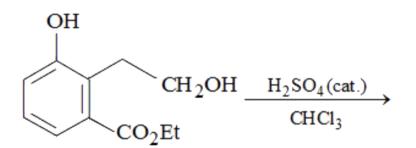
is :



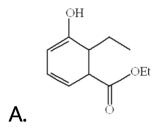
### Answer: C

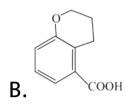


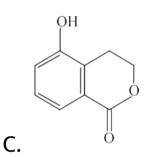
**45.** The major product of the following reaction is

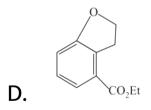


 $\xrightarrow{H_2SO_4(cat)}_{CHCl_3}$ 









# Answer: C



