

India's Number 1 Education App

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NTA NEET SET 38



1. The standard EMF of the cell reaction

$$rac{1}{2}Cu(s)+rac{1}{2}Cl_2(g) o rac{1}{2}Cu^{2+}+Cl^-$$

is 0.2 V. The value of $\ riangle \ G^0$ will be

 $\mathsf{A.}-98430J$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,98430J$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,96500J$

 $\mathsf{D.}-96500J$

Answer: A

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2. In order to prepare one litre normal solution of $KMnO_4$, how many grams of

 $KMnO_4$ are required if the solution is used in

acidic medium for oxidation

A. 158 g

- B. 31.6 g
- C. 79 g
- D. 52.6 g

Answer: B



3. Which of the given ion below is isoelectronic

with CO_2 ?

A. $N_2^{\,+}$

B. N_2O

 $\mathsf{C}.\,O_2^{\,+}$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,O_2^{\,-}$

Answer: B

4. The relationship between standard reduction potential of a cell and equilibrium constant is shown by

A.
$$E_{\text{Cell}}^{0} = 0.059n \log K_{c}$$

B. $E_{\text{Cell}}^{0} = \frac{0.059}{n} \log K_{c}$
C. $E_{\text{Cell}}^{0} = \frac{n}{0.059} \log K_{c}$
D. $E_{\text{Cell}}^{0} = \frac{\log K_{c}}{n}$

Answer: B



5. The correct sequence of increasing covalent

character is represented by

A. $BeCl_2 < NaCl < LiCl$

 $\mathsf{B}. \, BeCl_2 < LiCl < NaCl$

 $\mathsf{C.} \ NaCl < LiCl < BeCl_2$

D. $LiCl < NaCl < BeCl_2$

Answer: C

6. Calculate the mass of anhydrous Na_2CO_3 required to prepare 250 ml 0.25 M solution .

A. 6.225 g

B. 66.25 g

C. 6.0 g

D. 6.625 g

Answer: D

7. Which is the correct statement in the following ?

A. The coordination number of Na^+ ion in NaCl is 4

B. The unit cell having crystal parameters,

$$a=b
eq c, lpha=eta=90^\circ, \gamma=120^\circ$$
 is

hexagonal

C. The ionic crystal of AgBr has only Schottky defect D. In ionic compounds having Frenkel defect the ratio $\frac{\gamma_+}{\gamma_-}$ is high Answer: B Vatch Video Solution

8. A transition element X has a configuration $[Ar]3d^4$ in its +3 oxidation state. Its atomic number is

B. 24

C. 22

D. 21

Answer: A

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9. Two separate bulbs contain ideal gas A and B. The density of a gas A is twice that of a gas B. The molecular mass of A is half that of gas B. The two gases are at the same

temperature. The ratio of the pressure of A to

that gas B is

A. 1/4

B. 4

C. 2

 $\mathsf{D.}\,1/2$

Answer: B



10. Colemnite is

A. $Caig[B_3O_4(OH)_2ig].2H_2O$

B. $Ca_{2}B_{6}O_{11}.5H_{2}O$

 $\mathsf{C.}\, Ca(OH)_2$

D. $Na_2B_4O_7.2H_2O$

Answer: B

11. Which of the given radiations is having high penetrating power and not affected by electrical and magnetic field ?

A. Alpha rays

B. Beta rays

C. Gamma rays

D. Neutrons

Answer: C

12. According to law of mass action rate of a chemical reaction is proportional to

A. Concentration of reactants

B. Concentration of products

C. Product of activemasses of reactant

raised to a power equal to their

stoichiometry coefficient

D. Molar concentration of products





13. A litre of solution is saturated with AgCl. To this solution if $1.0 imes 10^{-4}$ Mole of solid NaCl is added , what will be the $\left[Ag^+
ight]$, assuming no volume change

A. increases

B. decreases

C. does not change

D. zero

Answer: B



temperature of the reaction



15. Sugar of lead is

A. $2PbSO_4$. PbO

 $\mathsf{B.} \left(CH_3 COO \right)_2 Pb$

 $C. PbCO_3$

D. $PbCO_3$. $Pb(OH)_2$

Answer: B

16. The number of electrons involve in the equation $CrO_4^{2-}
ightarrow Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ Then value of x is equal to

A. 0

B. 1

C. 3

D. 5

Answer: A



17. An example of halide ore is

A. Cinnabar

B. Bauxite

C. Galena

D. Cryolite

Answer: D



18. The dual nature of radiation was proposed

by

A. Lowry

B. Heisenberg

C. de - Broglie

D. Schrodinger

Answer: C

19. The lanthanide contraction is responsible

for the fact that

A. Zn and Y have about the same radii

B. Zr and Nb have simtextlar oxidation

state

- C. Zr and Hf have almost the same radii
- D. Zr and Zn have the same oxidation state

Answer: C

20. Which one of the following is a pseudohalide?

A. $CN^{\,-}$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,ICl$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,IF_5$

D. $I_3^{\,-}$

Answer: A

21. Which of the given reaction cannot be used

to prepare aromatic nitriles (ArCN)?

A. $ArCONH_2 + SOCl_2$

B. $ArN_2^+ + CuCN$

 $\mathsf{C.} ArCONH_2 + P_2O_5$

D. ArX + KCN

Answer: D

22. A liquid mixture which boils without changes in the composition is called a/an

A. Zeotropic liquid mixture

B. Binary liquid mixture

C. Azeotropic liquid mixture

D. Stable structure complex

Answer: C

23. Which of the given below is a natural

biodegradable polymer?

A. Nylon - 2 Nylon - 6

B. Polythene

C. Cellulose

D. Polyvinyl chloride

Answer: A,C

24. Which statement is incorrect for chemisorption?

A. Involves multilayer formation of

adsorbent on adsorbent

B. It is irreversible in nature

C. Decreases with increase of temperature

D. Involves the weak attractive interactions

between adsorbent and adsorbent





25. An organic compound with C =40 % and H=

6.7% will have the empirical formula

A. $C_2H_4O_2$

$\mathsf{B.}\,CH_2O$

$\mathsf{C.}\, C_3 H_6 O_3$

$\mathsf{D.}\, CH_2$

Answer: B

26. Benzene diazonium chloride on reaction with phenol in weakly basic medium gives

A. Diphenyl ether

B. p - hydroxyazobenzene

C. Chlorobenzene

D. Benzene chloride

Answer: B

27. The ionic conductance of the following cations in a given concentration is in the order

A. $Li^+ < Na + < K^+ < Rb^+$ B. $Li^+ > Na + > K^+ > Rb^+$ C. $Li^+ < Na + > K^+ > Rb^+$ D. $Li^+ = Na + < K^+ < Rb^+$

Answer: A

28. Which is acidic in the given hydrocarbons?

A. $CH_3C\equiv \mathbb{C}H_3$

B. $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_3$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3C\equiv CH$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,CH_2=CH-CH=CH_2$

Answer: C

29. According to Werner's theory of coordination compounds ,

A. Primary valency can be ionized

B. Secondary valency can be ionized

C. Primary and secondary valencies both

cannot be ionized

D. Only primary valency cannot be ionized

Answer: A

30. Which of the following is a conjugated acid

- base pair?

A. CHI,NaOH

 $\mathsf{B.}\, NH_4Cl,\, NH_4Br$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,H_2SO_4,\,HSO_4^-$

D. KCN , KON

Answer: C

31. The compound formed on heating chlorobenzene with chloral in the presence of concentrated sulphuric acid, is:

A. Freon

- B. Hexachloroethane
- C. Gammexene
- D. DDT

Answer: D

32. Match list I with II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists



A. 1 - b , 2 - a , 3 - d , 4 - c B. 1 - b , 2 - a , 3 - c , 4 - d

C.1-b,2-a,3-c,4-a

D.1-c,2-d,3-b,4-a

Answer: A

33. Predict the product 'B' in the sequence of reaction $HC \equiv CH \xrightarrow[HgSO_4]{30\,\%\,H_2SO_4} A \xrightarrow[HgSO_4]{NaOH} B$

A. CH_3COONa

B. CH_3COOH

C. CH_3CHO

D. $CH_3CH(OH)CH_2CHO$

Answer: D

34. Which is correct for spontaneity of an electrochemical cell ?

A.
$$\Delta G^0=~-ve, E^0=0$$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,\Delta G^0=\,+\,ve,\,E^0=\,+\,ve$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,\Delta G^0=0,\,E^0=0$

D.
$$\Delta G^0=~-ve, E^0=~+ve$$

Answer: D

35. Which compound is the most acidic of the

following?

A. C_6H_5COOH

B. $ClCH_2COOH$

 $\mathsf{C.}\, CD_3COOH$

D. CH_3CH_2COOH

Answer: B

36. Arrange Ce^{3+} , La^{3+} , Pm^3 and Yb^{3+} in increasing order of their size -A. $Ce^{+3} < Yb^{+3} < Pm^{+3} < La^{+3}$ B. $Yb^{+3} < Pm^{+3} < Ce^{+3} < La^{+3}$ C. $Yb^{+3} < Pm^{+3} < La^{+3} < Cl^{+3}$ D. $Pm^{+3} < La^{3+} < Ce^{+3} < Yb^{+3}$

Answer: B

37. Which factor affects the velocity constant k

of a reaction ?

A. Change in the concentration of the reactant

B. change of temperature

C. change in the concentration of the

product

D. None of the above







38. Give composition of dettol.

A. Chloroxylenol

B. Alcohol

C. Terpineol

D. All of these

Answer: D

39. The position of some metals in the electrochemical series in decreasing electropositve character is given as Mg > Al > Zn > Cu > Ag. What will happen if a copper spoon is used to stir a solution of aluminium nitrate ?

A. The solution becomes blue

B. The spoon will get coated with Al

C. An alloy of Cu and Al is formed

D. There is no reaction

Answer: D



40. Which character makes fluorine the best oxidising agent?

A. Highest electron affinity

B. Lowest electron affinity

C. Highest E_{red}^0

D. Highest $E_{
m oxid}^0$

Answer: C



41. A certain compound gives negative test with ninhydrin and positive test with Benedict's solution. The compound is

A. An amino acid

B. A monosaccharide

C. A protein

D. A lipid

Answer: B



42. Refractory metals are used in construction of furnances because

A. They can withstand high temperature

B. They are chemically inert

C. Their melting point is high

D. None of these

Answer: A



43. A mixture, on heating with conc. H_2SO_4 and MnO_2 , librates brown vapour of

A. $Br^{\,-}$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,NO_3^{\,-}$

C. Cl^{-}

D. $I^{\,-}$





44. Alcoholic solution of KOH is used for,

A. Dehalogenation

- B. Dehydrogenation
- C. Dehydrohalogenation
- D. Dehydration

Answer: C



45. Wood spirit is known as

A. Methanol

B. Ethanol

C. Acetone

D. Benzene

Answer: A

