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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 42

Chemistry

1. Which of the following cannot behave like a Lewis acid
?
A. $\mathrm{CO}_{3}^{2-}$
B. $Z n^{2+}$
C. $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{SiCl}_{4}$

## Answer: A

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2. Which of the following cannot give iodometric titrations?
A. $A g^{+}$
B. $F e^{3+}$
C. $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}$
D. $C u^{2+}$

Answer: C

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3. Which of the following is known as gem - dibromide ?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br}) \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}(\mathrm{Br}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CBr}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

## Answer: D

4. Potassium is involved in
A. Water
B. Kerosene
C. Alcohol
D. Liquid ammonia

Answer: B

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5. Colloidal solution of which of the following cannot be prepared by Breding's arc method?
A. Pt
B. Au
C. Ag
D. Fe

## Answer: D

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6. Which set of reagents are needed to synthesize the given unsymmetrical
alkyne
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ?
A. Acetaldyde , 1 - bromopropane and conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. Ethyne, iodomethane, iodothane and sodamide
C. 1,2 - dichloroethane , 1 - propanol and alcoholic potassium hydroxide
D. Ethene , iodoethane , iodomethane and potassium hydroxide

## Answer: B

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> 7. The relationship between $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right] \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ and $\left[\mathrm{CO}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl} . \mathrm{NO}_{2}\right] \mathrm{Cl}$ isomers is
A. Linkage

# B. Geometrical 

C. Ionization
D. Optical

## Answer: C

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8. Which reagent used to test unsaturation of alkenes ?
A. conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. Solution of $B r_{2}$ in $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$
C. Ammonical $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
D. Ammonical $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$

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9. Which compound does not from iodoform with alkali and iodine? .
A. Diethyl ketone
B. Acetone
C. Ethanol
D. Isopropyl alcohol

Answer: A
10. An isostere is
A. $\mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}$and $O C N^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$and $\mathrm{PO}_{4}^{3-}$
C. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}^{-}$and $O_{3}$

## Answer: D

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11. The reaction of, water gas $\left(\mathrm{CO}+\mathrm{H}_{2}\right)+\mathrm{H}_{2}$ at 673 K , 300 atmosphere in presence of the catalyst
$\mathrm{Cr}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} / \mathrm{ZnO}$ is used for the manufacture of
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$
B. HCOOH
C. HCHO
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$

## Answer: A

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12. What is the general electronic configuration for second row transition series?
A. $[N e] 3 d^{1-10}, 4 s^{2}$
B. $[A r] 3 d^{1-10}, 4 s^{1-2}$
C. $[K r] 4 d^{1-10}, 5 s^{1-2}$
D. $[X e] 5 d^{1-10}, 5 s^{1-2}$

## Answer: C

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13. $R \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ reacts with $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$ in aqueous KOH to give a clear solution. On acidification a precepitate is obtained which is due to the formation of
A. $R-\underset{N}{N} \mathrm{~N}^{+}-\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
C. $R-N^{-} S O_{2} C_{6} H_{5} K^{+}$
D. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{NHSO}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}$

## Answer: D

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14. Which species in the given below has a coordinated bond?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{SO}_{3}^{2-}$
C. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

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15. Cinnamic acid is formed when $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CHO}$ condenses with $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2}\right) \mathrm{O}$ in the presence of
A. Sodium metal
B. Conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
C. Sodium acetate
D. Anhydrous $\mathrm{ZnCl}_{2}$

## Answer: C

16. The chemical formula of chile salt petre is $\qquad$ .
A. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4.10} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3.5} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## Answer: A

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17. The freshly prepared solution if sugar undergo change in optical rotation , with time , is known as
A. Inversion
B. Specific rotation
C. Rotatory motion
D. Mutarotation

## Answer: D

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18. Calculate molarity of the resultant solution obtained by mixing 1 M and 2.5 liter NaON solution and 0.5 M 3 liter NaOH solution .
A. 0.50 M
B. 0.73 M
C. 0.80 M
D. 1.0 M

## Answer: B

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19. Electrolytic refining's is used to purify which of the following metals?
A. Cu and Zn
B. Ge and Si
C. Zr and Ti
D. Zn and Hg

## Answer: A

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20. In which of the following crystals, alternate tetrahedral voids are occupied?
A. $N a_{2} O$
B. ZnS
C. NaCl
D. $C a F_{2}$
21. Which of the following drugs is an analgesic?
A. Penicillin
B. Paludrin
C. Sulphaguanidine
D. Analgin

## Answer: D

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22. By adding which of the following process, permanent hardness of water can be removed.
A. Sodiumbicarbonate
B. Sodium chloride
C. Washing soda
D. Sodalime

## Answer: C

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23. Which statement of the following is incorrect for gases ?
A. Volume of the gas is equal to the volume of the container confining the gas
B. Confined gas exerts uniform pressure on the walls of its container in all directions
C. Gases do not have a definite shape and volume
D. Mass of the gas cannot gas cannot be determined by weighing a container in which it is enclosed

Answer: D

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24. Which of the following will exhibit geometrical isomerism?
A. Propene
B. Butene - 2
C. Butene - 1
D. 1, 1 -dichloro butane

## Answer: B

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25. Which is a characteristic of catalyst used in a chemical
A. Decreases rate constant of the reaction
B. Increase activation energy of the reaction
C. Reduces enthalpy of the reaction
D. Does not affect equilibrium constant of reaction

## Answer: D

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26. The equilibrium that exists in aqueous solution, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}+\mathrm{H}^{+}$if dil HCl is added at constant temperature then
A. The equilibrium constant will increase
B. The equilibrium constant will decrease
C. Concentration of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}$will decrease
D. Concentration of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}$will increase

## Answer: C

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27. For the reaction of one mole of zinc dust with one mole of sulphuric acid in a bomb calorimeter $\Delta U$ and $w$ correspond to
A. $\Delta U<0, w=0$
B. $\Delta U>0, w=0$
C. $\Delta U=0, w<0$
D. $\Delta U<0, w>0$

Answer: A

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28. The rate of a non - geseous reaction does not dependent on
A. Catalyst
B. Pressure
C. Concentration of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}$will decrease
D. Temperature

Answer: B

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29. In the given cell representation $Z n\left|Z^{2+}\right|\left|C u^{2+}\right| C u$ , which is the negative electrode?
A. $Z n^{2+}$
B. $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$
C. Zn
D. Cu

## Answer: C

30. In the following reaction correct change in phosphorus is explained by
$4 \mathrm{P}+3 \mathrm{KOH}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{KH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{2}+\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
A. $P$ is oxidized as well as reduced
B. $P$ is oxidized only
C. $P$ is reduced only
D. None of these

Answer: A

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31. What is the oxidising agent in chlorine water ?
A. HCl
B. HClO 2
C. HOCl
D. None of these

## Answer: C

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32. Activated charcoal is used to remove colouring matter from pure substance, it works by
A. Bleaching
B. Reduction
C. Oxidation
D. Adsorption

## Answer: D

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33. $P_{2} O_{5}$ is heated with water to give
A. Hypophosphorus acid
B. Hypophosphoric acid
C. Orthophosphoric acid
D. Orthophosphorus acid

## Answer: C

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34. One electron species having ionization enegry of $54.4 e \mathrm{~V}$ is
A. $H e^{+}$
B. H
C. $B e^{2+}$
D. $B e^{3+}$
35. The structure of compound, which is formed by $s p^{3} \mathrm{~d}$ hybridization will be
A. Angular
B. Planar
C. Pyramidal
D. Trigonal bipyramidal

## Answer: D

36. Arrange following carbocation in the decreasing order of stability
(i) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
(iii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{CO}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
A. $(i i i)>(i i)>(i)$
B. $(i)>(i i)>(i i i)$
C. $(i)>(i i)>(i i i)$
D. $(i)<(i i)<(i i i)$

Answer: C
37. Which is not an example of an ideal solution ?
A. $C_{6} H_{14}+C_{7} H_{16}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{OH}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{I}$
D. $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}+S i C l_{4}$

## Answer: B

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38. Calculate the heat of formation of CO using given
equations
$C+O_{2} \rightarrow O_{2}, \Delta H=X$
$\mathrm{CO}+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}, \Delta H=Y$
A. $X-Y$
B. $X+Y$
C. $\mathrm{Y}-2 \mathrm{X}$
D. $2 X-Y$

## Answer: A

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39. Calculate the standard potential of the cell ,If the
standard electrode potentials of
$Z n^{2+} / Z n$ and $A g^{+} / A g$ are $-0.763 \vee$ and $+0.799 \vee$ respectively.
A. 0.036 V
B. 1.56 V
C. -1.562 V
D. 0.799 V

## Answer: B

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40. The total number of structural ethers possible with the molecular formula $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}$ ?
A. 4
B. 5
C. 6
D. 7

## Answer: C

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41. What is vinegar?
A. HCOOH
B. HCHO
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$

## Answer: D

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42. Which of the following polymer is an example of fibre ?
A. Silk
B. Nylon-6,6
C. Dacron
D. All of these

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43. The gas $A$ is bubbled through lime water, a while precipitate is formed . This precipitate dissolved on prolonged bubbling the same gas. On heating this solution, the white precipitate reappears with the evolution of gas B. The gases A and B respectively are
A. CO and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and CO
C. $C O$ and $C O$
D. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

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44. If the reactivity factor for chlorine substitution through free radical by abstracting a primary H - atom is

1 then the ratio of the amount of product $A$ and $B$ is -

A. 1:1
B. 1:2
C. 2:1
D. 3:1

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45. The missing structures $A$ and $B$ in the recation
sequence:
R-CH2 $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH} \xrightarrow[350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}]{{\mathrm{AI}(2) \mathrm{O}_{3}}_{\longrightarrow}}$ R $-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow[(i i) Z n / \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}]{(i) \mathrm{O}_{3}}$
$\mathrm{RCHO}+A, \mathrm{RCHO} \xrightarrow{\text { Reduct }} B$, are
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{RCOOH}$
B. Methanal , $\mathrm{RCH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
C. Ethanal , RCOOH
D. Methanal , RCHOHR

Answer: B
$\square$

