# đず doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 44

## Chemistry

1. The correct order of atomic radii in group 13
elements is
A. $B<G a<A l>T i<I n$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B. } B<A l<G a<\text { In }<T l \\
& \text { C. } B<A l<\text { In }<G a<T l \\
& \text { D. } B<G a<A l<\text { In }<T l
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: D

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2. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?
A. Examples are bakelite and melamine .
B. They are formed from bi - and tri -
functional monomers.
C. They contain covalent bonds between
various linear polymer chains.
D. They contain weak covalents bonds in their polymer chains.

Answer: D

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3. The correct order of N -compounds, in its decreasing order of oxidation states is
A. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}, \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{NO}, \mathrm{N}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}, \mathrm{NO}, \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{N}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}, \mathrm{NO}, \mathrm{N}_{2}, \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{N}_{2}, \mathrm{NO}, \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$

Answer: C
4. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets.

Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
A. 2.8
B. 3.0
C. 1.4
D. 4.4

## 5. Which of the following oxides is least basic in

 nature?A. BaO

B. BeO

C. MgO
D. CaO

Answer: B
6. The compound $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8}$ undergoes the following reactions:
$\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \xrightarrow{3 \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \Delta} A \xrightarrow{\mathrm{Br}_{2} / \mathrm{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{HCl}} C$
The product ' C ' is
A. 3-bromo-2, 4 ,6-trichlorotoluene
B. o-bromotoluene
C. m - bromotoluene
D. p-bromotoluene

Answer: C
7. Which of the following molecules represents
the order of hybridisation $s p^{2}, s p^{2}, s p, s p$ from left to right atoms?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{CH}$
С. $H C \equiv C-C \equiv C H$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$

Answer: B

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8. 

In
the
reaction


The electrophile involved is
(A) Dichloromethyl anion $\left(\stackrel{\oplus}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{HCl}_{2}\right)$
(B) Formyl cation $(\stackrel{\oplus}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{HO})$
(C) Dichloromethyl cation $\left(\stackrel{\oplus}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{HCl}_{2}\right)$
A. Dichloromethyl anion $\left(\stackrel{\oplus}{C} H C l_{2}\right)$
B. Formyl cation $(\stackrel{\oplus}{C} \mathrm{HO})$
C. Dichloromethyl cation $\left(\stackrel{\oplus}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{HCl}_{2}\right)$
D. Dichorocarbene (: $\mathrm{CCl}_{2}$ )

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

9. Match the metal ions given in column I with
the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in
column II and assign the correct code

|  | Column I |  | Column II |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | $\mathrm{Co}^{3+}$ | i. | $\sqrt{8} \mathrm{BM}$ |
| 2. | $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$ | ii. | $\sqrt{35} \mathrm{BM}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ | iii. | $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{BM}$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ | iv. | $\sqrt{24} \mathrm{BM}$ |
|  |  | v. | $\sqrt{15} \mathrm{BM}$ |


| A |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| iv | i | ii | iii |

B

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| i | ii | iii | iv |

$\begin{array}{llll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
A.
$i v \quad i \quad i i \quad i i$
$1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$
B.
$i \quad i i \quad i i i \quad i v$
$1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$
C.
$i v \quad v \quad i i \quad i$
$\begin{array}{llll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
D.
$i i i \quad v \quad i \quad i i$

Answer: C

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10. Which one of the following ions exhibits $d-d$ transition and paramagnetism as well ?
A. $M n_{4}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$
C. $\mathrm{CrO}_{4}^{2-}$
D. $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{2-}$

## Answer: D

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11. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{CO})_{4}\right]$ are
A. Square planer geometry and paramagnetic
B. Tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic
C. Square planer geometry and diamagnetic
D. Tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic

Answer: B

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12. The solubility of $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$ in water is
$2.42 \times 10^{-3} g L^{-1}$ at $298 K$. The value of its
solubility product $\left(K_{s p}\right)$ will be (Given molar mass of $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}=233 \mathrm{gmol}^{-1}$ )
A. $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \mathrm{~mol}^{2} L^{-2}$
B. $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~mol}^{2} L^{-2}$
C. $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \operatorname{mol}^{2} L^{-2}$

# D. $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{~mol}^{2} L^{-2}$ 

## Answer: C

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13. In which case the number of water molecules is maximum ?
A. 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and

273 K
B. 0.18 g of water
C. 18 mL of water

# D. $10^{-2} \mathrm{~mol}$ of water 

## Answer: C

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14. The correct difference between first and second order reactions is that
A. A first - order reaction can catalyze , a
second - order reaction cannot be
catalyzed
B. The half - life of a first - order reaction does
not depend on $\left[A_{0}\right]$, the half - life of a second - order reaction does depend on $\left[A_{0}\right]$
C. The rate of a first - order reaction does not
depend on reactant concentrations, the
rate of a second - order reaction does
depend on reactant concentrations.
D. The rate of a first - order reaction does
depend on reactant concentrations, the
rate of a second - order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations.

## Answer: B

## (D) Watch Video Solution

15. Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corredponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below :

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{BrO}_{4}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.82 \mathrm{~V}} \mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.5 \mathrm{~V}} \mathrm{HBrO} \\
\mathrm{Br}^{-} \underset{1.0652 \mathrm{~V}}{\leftarrow} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \leftarrow{ }_{1.595 \mathrm{~V}}^{\longleftrightarrow}
\end{gathered}
$$

The the species undergoing dispropprtionation is .
A. $B r_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{BrO}_{4}^{-}$
C. $\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-}$
D. HBrO

Answer: D
(D) Watch Video Solution

# 16. When initial concentration of the reactant is 

doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
A. Is tripled
B. Is doubled
C. Is halved
D. Remains unchanged

Answer: B
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17. The bond dissociation energies of
$X_{2}, Y_{2}$ and $X Y$ are in the ratio of1:0.5:1. $\Delta H$
for the formation of $X Y$ is $-200 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$. The bond dissociation energy of $X_{2}$ will be
A. $800 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
B. $100 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
C. $200 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
D. $400 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$

Answer: A

# 18. The correction factor 'a' to be the ideal gas 

 equation corresponds to-A. Electric field present between the gas molecules
B. Volume of the gas molecules
C. Density of the gas molecules
D. Forces of attraction between the gas molecules

Answer: D
19. Consider the following species
$C N^{-}, C N^{-}, N O$ and CN.
Which one of these will hqave the highest bond order?
A. $C N^{+}$
B. $C N^{-}$
C. NOT gate
D. CN

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20. The structure of isobutyl group in an organic compound is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}- \\
& \text { C. }\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}- \\
& \text { D. }\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: D

21. Which of the following statements about the interstitial compounds is incorrect?
A. They are chemically reactive
B. They are much harder than the pure metal
C. They have higher melting points than the
pure metal
D. They retain metallic conductivity

Answer: A
22. The number of carbon atoms per unit cell of diamond unit cell is
A. 8
B. 6
C. 1
D. 4

Answer: A
23. Nitrobenzene on reaction with conc. $\frac{\mathrm{HNO}_{3}}{\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}}$ at $80-100^{\circ} C$ forms which one of the following products?
A. 1,2 dinitrobenzene
B. 1,3 dinitrobenzene
C. 1,4 dinitrobenzene
D. 1,2,4 trinitrobenzene

Answer: B

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24. Indentify the correct order of solubility in aqueous medium
A. $Z n S>N a_{2} S>C u S$
B. $N a_{2} S>C u S>Z n S$
C. $N a_{2} S>Z n S>C u S$
D. Cus $>Z n S>N a_{2} S$

Answer: C
25. Amongst the following, the form of water with the lowest ionic conductance at 298 K
A. sea water
B. distilled water
C. saline water used for intravenous
D. water from a well

Answer: B
(D) Watch Video Solution
26. The number of $s p^{2}$ hybrid orbitals in a molecule of benzene is:
A. 18
B. 6
C. 12
D. 24

Answer: A
27. Which of the following reaction will not form racemic mixture as product?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \\
& \xrightarrow[C H]{ } \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HCl}} \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HBr}} \\
& \text { o } \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HCN}} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{\left.\right|_{\mathrm{H}} ^{\mathrm{CH}}}{\stackrel{\mathrm{CH}_{3}}{\mathrm{C}}}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HCl}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: D

28. Which of the following has the shortest $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bond?
A. $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$

Answer: A
29. Name the gas that can readily decolourise acidified $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ solution:
A. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
D. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

Answer: A
30. The element with $Z=114$ has been discovered recently .it will belong to which of the following family / group in periodic table and its electronic configuration is ?
A. Carbon family , $[R n] 5 f^{14}, 6 d^{10}, 7 s^{2} 7 p^{2}$
B. Oxygen family , $[R n] 5 f^{14}, 6 d^{10}, 7 s^{2} 7 p^{4}$
C. Nitrogen family , $[R n] 5 f^{14}, 6 d^{10}, 7 s^{2} 7 p^{6}$
D. Halogen family , $[R n] 5 f^{14}, 6 d^{10}, 7 s^{2} 7 p^{5}$

Answer: A
31. Match the interhalogen compounds of column - I with the geometry in
column - II and assign the correct code.
Column - IColumn - II

| (1) $\mathrm{XX'}^{\prime}$ | (i) T-shape |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(2) \mathrm{XX}_{3}$ | (ii) Pentagonal bipyramidal |
| $(3) \mathrm{XX}_{5}$ | (iii) Linear |
| $(4) \mathrm{XX}^{\prime}$ | (iv) Square-pyramidal |
|  | (v) Tetrahedral |

A.

$$
(A) \rightarrow(i i i)(B) \rightarrow(i)(C) \rightarrow(i v)(d) \rightarrow(i i)
$$

B.

$$
(A) \rightarrow(v)(B) \rightarrow(i v)(C) \rightarrow(i i i)(d) \rightarrow(i i)
$$

C.

$$
(A) \rightarrow(i v)(B) \rightarrow(i i i)(C) \rightarrow(i i)(d) \rightarrow(i)
$$

D.

$$
(A) \rightarrow(i i i)(B) \rightarrow(i v)(C) \rightarrow(i)(d) \rightarrow(i i)
$$

Answer: A

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32. Concentration of the $A g^{+}$ions in a saturated solution of $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ is $2.2 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{molL}^{-1}$

Solubility product of $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ is:
A. $2.66 \times 10^{-12}$
B. $4.5 \times 10^{-11}$
C. $5.3 \times 10^{-12}$
D. $2.42 \times 10^{-8}$

Answer: C
(D) Watch Video Solution
33. The emf of a Daniell cell at $298 K$ is $E_{1}$

$$
Z n\left|\mathrm{ZnSO}_{4}(0.01 \mathrm{M})\right|\left|C u S O_{4}(1.0 \mathrm{M})\right| \mathrm{Cu}
$$

When the concentration of $\mathrm{ZNSO}_{4}$ is 1.0 M and that of $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ is 0.01 M , the emf changed to
$E_{2}$. What is the relationship between $E_{1}$ and $E_{2}$ ?
A. $E_{1}<E_{2}$
B. $E_{1}>E_{2}$
C. $E_{2}=0 \neq E_{1}$
D. $E_{1}=E_{2}$
34. Which one of following is a wrong statement?

# A. The <br> uncertainty <br> principle <br> is 

$\Delta E \times \Delta t \geq h / 4 \pi$
B. Half filled and fully filled orbitals have
greater stability due to greater exchange
energy , greater symmetry and more balanced arrangement.
C. The energy of 2 s orbital is less than the energy of $2 p$ orbital in case of Hydrogen like atoms.
D. De - Broglie's wavelength is given by
$\lambda=\frac{h}{m v}$, where $m=$ mass of the particle ,
$\mathrm{v}=$ group velocity of the particle.

## Answer: C

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35. Which of the following is incorrect statement ?
A. Density decreases in case of crystals with

Schottky 's defect.
B. $\operatorname{NaCl}(s)$ is insulator, silicon is
semiconductor, silver is conductor, quartz
is piezo electric crystal .
C. Frenkel defect is favoured in those ionic
compounds in which sizes of cation and anions are almost equal.

# D. $F e O_{0.98}$ has non stoichiometric metal 

 deficiency defect.Answer: C

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36. Which of the following is a sink for $C O$ ?
A. Micro organism present in the soil

## B. Oceans

C. Plants

D. Haemoglobin

## Answer: A

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37. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
A. The value of equilibrium constant is
changed in the presence of a catalyst in the
reaction at equilibrium
B. Enzymes catalyse mainly bio 0 chemical reactions
C. Coenzymes increase the catalytic activity of
enzyme
D. Catalyst does not initiate any reaction

Answer: A

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38. In which pair of ions both the species contains $S-S$ bond?
A. $S_{4} O_{6}^{2-}, S_{2} O_{3}^{2-}$
B. $\mathrm{S}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}, \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8}^{2-}$
C. $S_{4} O_{6}^{2-}, S_{2} O_{7}^{2-}$
D. $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}, \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}^{2-}$

Answer: A

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39. Which of the following statement is true with respect to inert-pair effect?
A. $S n^{2+}$ is oxidising agent while $P b^{4+}$ is reducing agent
B. $\mathrm{Sn}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}$ are both oxidising agent and reducing agent
C. $S n^{2+}$ is reducing agent while $P b^{2+}$ is
oxidising agent
D. $S n^{2+}$ is reducing agent while $\mathrm{Pb}^{4+}$ is
oxidising agent

Answer: D
40. The refining method used when the metal and the impurities have low and high melting temperatures, respectively, is
A. vapour phase refining
B. liquation
C. zone refining
D. distillation

Answer: B
41. Elevation in the boiling point for 1 molal solution of glucose is 2 K . The depression in the freezing point for 2 molal solution of glucose in the same solvent is 2 K . The relation between $K_{b}$ and $K_{f}$ is
A. $K_{b}=0.5 K_{f}$
B. $K_{b}=2 K_{f}$
C. $K_{b}=1.5 K_{f}$
D. $K_{b}=K_{f}$

Answer: B
42. Which of the following compounds will produce a precipitate with $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ ?

A.



Answer: D

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43. The major product of the following reaction is

(i) aq. NaOH
(ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}$

B.


C. $\quad \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

## D. <br> 

## Answer: D

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44. The major product ' $Y$ ' in the following reaction is

A.



C.
D.


## Answer: A

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45. The correct match between Item I and Items II is :

Item I<br>Item II<br>(A)Ester test<br>(P)Tyr<br>(B) Carbylamine test<br>(Q)Asp<br>(C)Phthalein dye test (S)Lys

A. (1) - (Q) , (2) - (S) , (3) - (P)
B. (1) - (R) , (2) - (Q) , (3) - (P)
C. (1) - (Q) , (2) - (S) , (3) - (R)

## D. (1)-(R) , (2)-(S) , (3)-(Q)

Answer: A

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