

# **CHEMISTRY**

# **BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS**

# **NTA NEET SET 51**

# Chemistry

**1.** Oxygen atom forms FCC unit cell with 'A ' atoms occupying all tetrahedral voids and 'B ' atoms occupying all octahedral voids. If atoms are removed from two of the body diagonals then determine the formula of resultant compound formed .

A. 
$$A_4B_4O_7$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\,A_8B_6O_7$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,A_8B_8O_7$$

D. 
$$A_6B_8O_6$$

## **Answer: B**



Watch Video Solution

**2.** What happens when 2-butyne reacts with  $H_2$  in presence of Nickle bride or lindlar's catalyst (Pd/ $CaCO_3-PbO$ )

$$CH_3 - C - H$$
A.  $||$ 
 $CH_3 - C - H$ 
 $CH_3 - C - H$ 
B.  $||$ 
 $H - C - CH_3$ 
C.  $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_3$ 
 $CH_2 = CH$ 
D.  $||$ 

 $CH = CH_2$ 

# **Answer: A**



**3.** The vapour pressure of water at  $20^\circ$  is 17.5mmHg. If 18g of glucose  $(C_6H_{12}O_6)$  is added to 178.2g of water at  $20^\circ C$ , the vapour pressure of the resulting solution will be

- A. 17.675 mmHg
- B. 15.750 mmHg
- C. 16.500 mmHg
- D. 17.325 mmHg

## **Answer: D**



- **4.** Which of the following exists as covalent crystals in the solid state?
  - A. Sulphur
  - B. Phosphorus
  - C. Iodine

D. Silicon

**Answer: D** 



**Watch Video Solution** 

**5.** The heat capacity of a bomb calorimeter is  $500J/^\circ C$ . When 0.1 g of a methane was burnt in this calorimeter, the temperature rose by  $2^\circ C$  . The value of  $\Delta E$  per mole will be

$$\mathsf{A.} + 10kJ$$

$$\mathrm{B.}-10kJ$$

$$\mathsf{C.} + 160kJ$$

$$D.-160kJ$$

**Answer: D** 



<b>6.</b> In the isolation of metals, calcination process usually results in:
A. Metal oxide
B. Metal carbonate
C. Metal sulphide
D. Metal hydroxide
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
7. Potassium superoxide is used in oxygen cylinders in space and submarines because it
A. Eliminates nitrogen
B. Produce moisture
C. Absorbs $CO_2$
D. Produce ozone



**Watch Video Solution** 

# 8. HYDROBORATION OXIDATION

## **Answer: D**



Watch Video Solution

## 9. For the reaction

 $N_2 + 3H_2 
ightarrow 2NH_3$  The rate of change of concentration for hydrogen is

 $0.3 imes 10^{-4} Ms^{-1}$  The rate of change of concentration of ammonia is :

A. 
$$-0.2 imes10^{-4}Ms^{-1}$$

$$B.0.2 \times 10^{-4} Ms^{-1}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,0.1 \times 10^{-4} Ms^{-1}$$

D. 
$$0.3 imes10^{-4}Ms^{-1}$$

# **Answer: B**



10. A bottle containing two immiscible liquids is given to you . They may

be separated by using a

A. Fractionating column

B. Separating funnel

C. Vacuum distillation

D. Steam distillation

### **Answer: B**



**Watch Video Solution** 

11. Reaction of phenol with dil.  $HNO_3$  gives

A. p and m - nitrophenols

B. o - and p - nitrophenols

C. Picric acid

D. o - and m - nitrophenols

## **Answer: B**



Watch Video Solution

**12.** Which of the following complex species is not expected to exhibit optical isomerism?

- A.  $\left[Co(NH_3)_3Cl_3\right]$
- B.  $\left[Co(en)(NH_3)_2Cl_2\right]^+$
- C.  $\left[Co(en)_3\right]^{3+}$
- D.  $\left[Co(en)_2Cl_2
  ight]^+$

### **Answer: A**



Watch Video Solution

13. The brown - ring complex compound of iron is formulated as

 $igl[Fe(H_2O)_5(NO)igr]SO_4$  . The oxidation state of iron is :

- **A.** 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 0

# **Answer: A**



## 14. Match Column I with Column II

Column I	Column II
Structure	Common Name
°	p. Caproic acid
Me COOH	q. Carbinol
6 5 3 1COC	Acetone
uch;on	s. valeric acid
e.PhOH	СООН
f. Malonic acid	COOH

A. 
$$a 
ightarrow r$$
,  $b 
ightarrow s$ ,  $c 
ightarrow p$ ,  $d 
ightarrow q$ ,  $e 
ightarrow u$ ,  $f 
ightarrow t$ 

B. 
$$a 
ightarrow s, b 
ightarrow p, c 
ightarrow q, d 
ightarrow u, e 
ightarrow r, {
m f} 
ightarrow t$$

C. 
$$a 
ightarrow p, b 
ightarrow q, c 
ightarrow u, d 
ightarrow s, e 
ightarrow r, {
m f} 
ightarrow t$$

D. 
$$a 
ightarrow q, b 
ightarrow u, c 
ightarrow t, d 
ightarrow r, e 
ightarrow s, {
m f} 
ightarrow p$$

## Answer: A

# 15. Alcoholic fermentation is brought about by the action of

- A.  $CO_2$
- $B.O_2$
- C. Invertase
- D. Yeast

## Answer: D



# Watch Video Solution

**16.** What is the standard reducing potential  $(E^\circ)$  for  $Fe^{3+} o Fe$ ?

(Given that  $Fe^{2\,+}\,+\,2e^{-}\,
ightarrow\,Fe,\;E_{Fe^{2\,+}\,/Fe^{\,\circ}}\,=\,-\,0.47V$ 

$$Fe^{3+}+e^-
ightarrow Fe^{2+}$$
 ,  $E^{\,\circ}_{Fe^{3+}\,/Fe^{2+}}=\,+\,0.77V$ 

$$\mathsf{A.}-0.057V$$



C. -0.30V

D. + 0.057V

# Answer: A



# Watch Video Solution

17. Approximate atomic weight of an element is 26.89. If its equivalent weight is 8.9, the exact atomic weight of element would be

A. 26.89

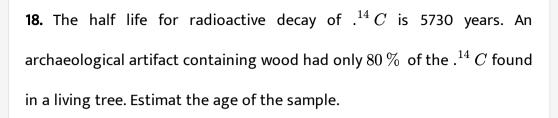
B. 8.9

C. 17.8

D. 26.7

# Answer: D





- A. 1845 years
- B. 184.5 years
- C. 1900 years
- D. 190 years

# **Answer: A**



- 19. The type of isomerism observed in alkanes is
  - A. Metamerism
  - B. Chain isomerism

C. Position isomerism

D. Geometrical isomerism

#### Answer: B



**Watch Video Solution** 

20. What is the minimum pH required to prevent the precipitation of ZnS

in a solution which is 0.01 M  $ZnCl_2$  and saturated with 0.1 M  $H_2S$  ?

$$K_{sp}~~{
m of}~~(ZnS)=10^{-21}, K_{a_1} imes K_{a_2}(H_2S)=10^{-20}$$

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 4

## Answer: B



21. Sodium chloride is an ionic compound whereas hydrogen chloride is
Mainly covalent because
A. Sodium is less reactive
B. Hydrogen is non - metal
C. Hydrogen chloride is a gas
D. Electronegativity difference in the case of hydrogen and chlorine is
less than 2.1
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
22. Which of the sulphide is yellow-
A. ZnS

B. CdS



# Answer: B



**23.** The vapour pressure of pure benzene and toluene are 160 and 60 mm Hg respectively. The mole fraction of benzene in vapour phase in contact with equimolar solution of benzene and toluene is :

- A. 0.073
- B. 0.027
- C. 0.27
- D. 0.73

## **Answer: D**



24. Clay is an example of

A. Three dimensional silicates

B. Chain silicates

C. Cyclic silicates

D. Sheet silicates

## **Answer: D**



Watch Video Solution

**25.** Identify the correct sequence of increasing number of  $\pi-bonds$  in strcutures of the following molecules.

- (I)  $H_2S_2O_6$
- (II)  $H_2SO_3$
- (III)  $H_2S_2O_5$ .

A. I < II < III

B. 
$$II < III < I$$

C. 
$$II < I < III$$

$$\mathsf{D}.\,I < III < II$$

### **Answer: B**



Watch Video Solution

**26.** Zirconium phosphate  $\left[Zr_3(PO_4)_4\right]$  dissociates into three zirconium cations of charge +4 and four phosphate anions of charge -3 . If molar solubility of zirconium phosphate is denoted by S and its solubility product by  $K_{sp}$  then which of the following relationship between S and  $K_{sp}$  is correct ?

A. 
$$S = \left\{ {K_{sp} / 6912} 
ight\}^7$$

B. 
$$S = \left\{ K_{sp} / 144 \right\}^{1/7}$$

C. 
$$S = \left\{ K_{sp}/(6912)^{1/7} 
ight\}$$

D. 
$$S = (K_{sp}/6912)^{1/7}$$

## **Answer: D**



**Watch Video Solution** 

27. Which of the following is an example of nucleophilic addition?

$$O \qquad N-NH_2$$

$$A. \qquad || \qquad ||$$

$$CH_3-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{NH_2NH_2,H^+} CH_3-C-CH_3$$

$$B. CH_3-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{LiAlH_4} CH_3-CH-CH_3$$

$$O \qquad N-NH_2$$

$$C. \qquad || \qquad ||$$

$$CH_3-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{NH_2NH_2,H^+} CH_3-C-CH_3$$

$$O \qquad O \qquad OH$$

$$CH_3-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{NH_2NH_2,H^+} CH_3-C-CH_3$$

$$OH \qquad OH$$

$$CH_3-C-CH_3 \xrightarrow{LiAlH_4} CH_3-CH-CH_3$$

and

D. None of the two

## Answer: C



**28.** Among the following, the essential amino acid is:

A. Valine

B. Alanine

C. Serine

D. Aspartic acid

#### Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

**29.** For the reaction  $2NO_2(g) \Leftrightarrow 2NO(g) + O_2(g)$ 

 $K_c=1.8 imes10^{-6}$  at  $184^{\circ}C,R=0.00831kJ/$  ( mol.K) when  $K_p$  and  $K_c$  are compared at  $184^{\circ}C$ , it is found

A. Whether  $K_p$  is greater than less than or equal to  $K_c$  depends upon

the total gas pressure

B.  $K_p=K_c$ 

C.  $K_p$  is less than  $K_c$ 

D.  $K_p$  is greater than  $K_c$ 

### Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

**30.** A compound 'A' formula of  $C_3H_6CI_2$  on reaction with alkali can give 'B' of formula  $C_3H_6O$  or 'C' of formula  $C_3H_4$ . 'B' on oxidatrtion gave a compound of the formula  $C_3H_6O_2$ . 'C' with dilute  $H_2SO_4$  containing  $Hg^{2+}$  ion gave 'D' of formula  $C_3H_6O$  which with bromine and alkali gave

the sodium salt of  $C_2H_4O_2$ . Then 'A' is

A.  $CH_3CH_2CHCl_2$ 

B.  $CH_3\mathrm{CCl}_2CH_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_2ClCH_2CH_2Cl$ 

D.  $CH_3CHClCH_2Cl$ 

Answer: A

31. Which functional group participates in the disulphide bond formation in proteins?

A. Thioester

B. Thioether

C. Thiol

D. Thiolactone

**Answer: C** 



**Watch Video Solution** 

**32.** If  $\lambda_0$  and  $\lambda$  be the threshold wavelength and wavelength of incident light, the velocity of photoelectron ejected from the metal surface is:

A. 
$$\sqrt{rac{2hc}{m}igg(rac{\lambda_0-\lambda}{\lambda-\lambda_0}igg)}$$

B. 
$$\sqrt{rac{2hc}{m}(\lambda_O-\lambda)}$$

C. 
$$\sqrt{rac{2h}{m}(\lambda_O-\lambda)}$$

D. 
$$\sqrt{rac{2h}{m}igg(rac{1}{\lambda_o}-rac{1}{\lambda}igg)}$$

# Answer: A



# **Watch Video Solution**

# 33. Which of the following species is not expected to exist?

A. 
$$He_2^+$$

$$\mathrm{B.}\,H_2^{\,+}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,Be_2$$

D. 
$$Be_2^+$$

# **Answer: C**



**34.** In conversion of limestone to lime ,  $CaCO_3(s) \to CaO(s) + CO_2(g)$  the values of  $\Delta H^\circ$  and  $\Delta S^\circ$  are +179.1 KJ/mol , 160.2J/K respectively at 298 K and 1 bar. Assuming that  $\Delta H^\circ$  and  $\Delta S^\circ$  do not change with temperature , temperature above which conversion of limestone to lime will be spontaneous is

- A. 1008 K
- B. 1200 K
- C. 845 K
- D. 1118 K

**Answer: D** 



**Watch Video Solution** 

**35.** A gas is heated in such a way that its pressure and volume both become double. Now by decreasing temperature, some of air molecules were introduced into the container to maintain the increased volume and

pressure. Assuming  $1/4^{th}$  of the initial number of moles has been given for this purpose. By what fraction of temperature has been raised finally of initial absolute temperature.

- A. 4 times
- B.  $\frac{16}{5}$  times
- C.  $\frac{4}{5}$  times
- D.  $\frac{1}{5}$  times

# **Answer: B**



**Watch Video Solution** 

36. The complex ion which has the highest magnetic moment among the following is

- A.  $[CoF_6]^{3-}$
- B.  $\left[ Co(NH_3)_6 
  ight]^{3+}$
- C.  $\left[Ni(NH_3)_4
  ight]^{2\,+}$

D. 
$$ig[Fe(CN)_6ig]^{4\,-}$$

Answer: A



**Watch Video Solution** 

37. Which of the following species is not paramagnetic?

- - A. CO
  - B.  $O_2$
  - $\mathsf{C.}\,B_2$
  - D. NO

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

**38.** Which of the following atoms has the highest first ionisation energy?

A. K
B. Sc
C. Rb
D. Na
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
<b>39.</b> A metal M and its compound can give the following observable
changes in a consequence of reactions
$M \xrightarrow[HNO_3]{\text{dilute}} [ ext{Colourless Solutions}] \xrightarrow[NaOH]{\text{aqueous}} [ ext{White Precipitate}] \xrightarrow[ ext{NaOH(aq)}]{\text{excess}}$
A. Mg
B. Pb
C. Zn
D. Sn

### **Answer: C**



Watch Video Solution

**40.** The two bonds N = O and N - O in  $H_3CNO_2$  are of same bond length due to

- A. Inductive effect
- B. Hyperconjugation
- C. Electrometric effect
- D. Resonance effect

### Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

**41.** An isomer of  $C_6H_{14}$  forms three monochloro derivaties. The isomer may be- (Excluding stereo isomer)

A. neo - pentane

B. n - hexane

C. 2, 3 - dimethylbutane

D. iso - hexane

### **Answer: B**



Watch Video Solution

- 42. Predict the product C in the following series of reactions,  $CH_3-COOH \stackrel{PCl_5}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{C_6H_6}{\xrightarrow{Anhyd\,.\,AlCl_3}} B \stackrel{CH_3MgBr}{\longrightarrow} C$
- - A.  $CH_3-C-CH_2-CH_3$
  - B.  $CH_3CH(OH)C_6H_5$
  - $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3CH(OH)C_2H_5$
  - D.  $(CH_3)_2C(OH)C_6H_5$

# Answer: D



- **43.** Calculate the mass in gm of 2g atom of Mg-
  - B. 84 g

A. 48 g

- C. 78 g
- D. 87 g

# Answer: A



**44.** Antiseptic chloroxylenol is

- A. 4 chloro 3, 5 dimethylphenol
  - B. 3 chloro 4, 5 dimethylphenol
  - C. 4 chloro 2, 5 dimethylphenol

D. 5 - chloro - 3, 4 - dimethylphenol

#### Answer: A



**Watch Video Solution** 

# 45. Account for the following:

- (i)  $pK_b$  of aniline is more than that of methylamine.
- (ii) Ethylamine is soluble in water whereas aniline is not.
- (iii) Methylamine in water reacts with ferric chloride to precipitate hydrated feric oxide.
- (iv) Although amino group is o- and p- directing in aromatic electrophilic substitution reactions, aniline on nitration gives a substantial amount of m-nitroaniline.
- (v) Aniline does not undergo Friedel-Crafts reaction.
- Diazonium salts of aromatic amines are more stable than those of aliphatic amines.
- (vii) Gabriel phthalimide synthesis is preferred for synthesising primary amines.

- A. (i), (ii) , (iii)
- B. (ii), (iii)
- C. (i), (iii)
- D. (i), (ii)

# **Answer: B**

