

## **CHEMISTRY**

### **BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS**

## **NTA NEET SET 61**

# Chemistry

**1.** For a photochemical reaction  $A o B, 1.0 imes 10^{-5}$  mole of B were formed on absorbing  $1.2 imes 10^{19}$  quanta each of  $\lambda=360nm.$  The quantum efficiency is given by

A. 0.50

B. 1

 $\mathsf{C.}\ 0.1$ 

D. 0.2

## Answer: A



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**2.** Calculate percentage of carbon in ethanol  $(C_2H_5OH)$ .

A. 52

B. 13
C. 34
D. 90
Answer: A
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**3.** Which among the following metals crystallises as a simple cube ?

A. Polonium

B. Iron

C. Copper

D. Gold

### **Answer: A**



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**4.** Which of the following compounds contain(s) no covalent bond(s)?

 $KCl, PH_3, O_2, B_2H_6, H_2SO_4$ 

A.  $KCl, B_2H_6$ 

B. KCl,  $B_2H_6$ ,  $PH_3$ 

C. KCl,  $H_2SO_4$ 

D. KCl

### **Answer: D**



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**5.** When  $I_2$  dissociates to its atomic form the following reaction occurs  $I_2(g)\Leftrightarrow 2I(g), \Delta_f H^\circ=+150kJ$  The reaction is favoured at

A. low temperature

B. high temperature

C. no change with temperature

D. high pressure

**Answer: B** 



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**6.** For a reaction,  $I^- + OCl^- \to IO^- + Cl^-$  in an aqueous medium, the rate of reaction is given by  $\frac{d[IO^-]}{dt} = k \bigg(\frac{I^-[OCl^-]}{[OH^-]}\bigg).$  The overall order of reaction is

A. - 1

B. 0

C. 1

D. 2

#### **Answer: C**



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**7.** The alkali metals dissolve in ammonia to give a deep blue solution which is conducting in nature.

$$M+(x+y)NH_3
ightarrow \left[M(NH_3)_x
ight]^{2+}+2\Big[e(NH_3)_y\Big]^{-1}$$

Which of the following is not true about the solutions of alkli metals in liquid ammonia?

- A. The blue colour is due to ammoniated electron
- B. The solutions is paramagnetic
- C. The blue colour changes to brown on standing
- D. In concentrated solution blue colour changes to bronze and becomes diamagnetic

#### **Answer: C**



**8.** One mole of ethanol is produced reacting graphite ,  $H_2$  and  $O_2$  together . The standard enthalpy of formation is  $-277.7~{
m kJ~mol}^{-1}$ 

Calculate the standard enthalpy of the reaction when 4 moles of graphite is involved.

- A. -227.7 kJ/mol
- ${\sf B.}-555.4~{\sf kJ/mol}$
- $\mathsf{C.}-138.85\,\mathsf{kJ/mol}$
- $\mathsf{D.}-69.42\ \mathsf{kJ/mol}$

### **Answer: B**



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9. The source of energy in a cellular reaction is

- A. Light energy
- B. Solar radiation
- C. Chemical energy
- D. Heat energy

#### **Answer: C**



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10. 1 mole of  $FeSO_4$  (atomic weight of Fe is  $55.84gmol^{-1}$  ) is oxidized to  $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$  . Calculate the equivalent weight of ferrous ion.

- A. 55.84
- B. 27.92
- C. 18.61
- D. 111.68

#### **Answer: A**



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11. The temperature coefficient of a reaction is 2. When the temperature is increases from  $30^{\circ}C$  to  $90^{\circ}C$ , the rate of reaction is increased by

- **A.** 150 times
- **B.** 410 times
- C. 72 times
- D. 64 times

#### **Answer: D**



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**12.** 100 mL of a solution with pH = 6 is diluted to

1000 mL by adding water. pH will

A. decrease by 0.7 unit

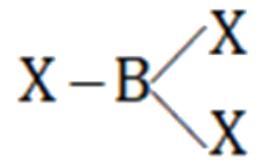
- B. increase by 1 unit
- C. increase by 9 units
- D. increase by 0.7 unit

#### **Answer: D**



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**13.** In  $BX_3,\,B-X$  distance is shortes than what is expected theoretically because (X = F, Cl Br , I)



- A.  $sp^3$  hybridisation of B is responsible for shorter B X
- B. B X has a double bond character due to back bonding
- C. Dimerisation takes place in  $BX_3$  which is responsible for shorter B X distance
- D. Due to larger size of X, B X distance decrease

### **Answer: B**



- **14.** A gaseous hydrocarbon gives upon combustion 0.72g of water and 3.08g of  $CO_2$ . The empirical formula of the hydrocarbon is
  - A.  $C_6H_5$
  - B.  $C_3H_4$
  - C.  $C_2H_4$
  - D.  $C_7H_8$

#### **Answer: D**



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**15.** Which of the following represents the correct order of increasing first ionization enthalpy for Ca, Ba, S. Se and Ar?

A. 
$$Ca < Ba < S < Se < Ar$$

$$\mathrm{B.}\,S < Se < Ca < Ba < Ar$$

C. 
$$Ba < Ca < Se < S < Ar$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\, Ca < S < Ba < Se < Ar$$

### **Answer: C**



- **16.** What type of forces bind the substrate to the active site of enzyme ?
- (i) Ionic bonding (ii) Hydrogen bonding (iii) van der Waals forces (iv) Reaction with functional group of enzymes
  - A. (i), (ii) and (iv)
  - B. (i), (iii) and (iv)
  - C. (i), (ii) and (iii)

D. (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

**Answer: C** 



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**17.** Which of the following has the highest nucleophilicity?

A. .  $^-$  OH

B...  $CH_3$ 

C. .  $^ NH_2$ 

D.  $F^{\,-}$ 

### **Answer: B**



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**18.** The molarity of a solution obtained by mixing 750mL of 0.5(M)HCl with 250mL of 2(M)HCl will be:

A. 0.875 M

B. 0.975 M

C. 1.75 M

D. 1.00 M

### **Answer: A**



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**19.** An explosion takes place when conc.  $H_2SO_4$  is added to  $KMnO_4$ . Which of the following is formed?

- A.  $Mn_2O_7$
- B.  $Mn_2O_3$
- C.  $MnSO_4$
- D.  $MnO_2$

### **Answer: A**



**20.** During the fusion of an organic compound with sodium metal, nitrogen of the organic compound is converted into

A. 
$$NaNO_2$$

B. 
$$NaNH_2$$

C. NaCN

D. NaNC

### **Answer: C**



**21.** In a buffer solution consisting of a mixture of weak base and its salt, the ratio of salt to base is increases 10 times , the pOH of the solution will

- A. Increase by one units
- B. Decrease by one units
- C. Increase by ten units
- D. Decrease by ten units

### **Answer: A**



**22.** At  $37^{\circ}C$ , the osmotic pressure of blood is 8.21 atm . The amount of glucose that should be used per litre for an intravenous injection so that it becomes isotonic with blood is

A. 117 g

B. 58.06 g

C. 108 g

D. 580.6 g

#### **Answer: B**



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- **23.** The geometries of the ammonia complexes of  $Ni^{2+}$  ,  $Pt^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$  , respectively, are
  - A. octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral
  - B. square planar, octahedral and tetrahedral
  - C. tetrahedral and square planar and octahedral
  - D. octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar

**Answer: A** 

**24.** The oxidation number of sulphur in

 $S_8, S_2F_2 \text{ and } H_2S$  respectively are:

A. 0, 
$$+1$$
 and  $-2$ 

$$B. +2, +1 \text{ and } -2$$

$$C.0, +1 \text{ and } +2$$

D. 
$$-2, +1 \text{ and } -2$$

#### **Answer: A**



25. In the following reaction,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
CH_3 \\
\hline
CrO_2Cl_2 \\
\hline
CS_2
\end{array}
X \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} Z$$
the compound Z

is

- A. benzoic acid
- B. benzaldehyde
- C. acetophenone
- D. benzene

**Answer: B** 



**26.** When  $PbO_2$  reacts with conc  $HNO_3$ , the gas (es ) evolved is / are .

A.  $NO_2$ 

 $\mathsf{B.}\,O_2$ 

C.  $N_2$ 

D.  $N_2O$ 

### **Answer: B**



**27.** The number of possible organobromine compounds which can be obtained in the allylic bromination of 1 - butene with N - bromosuccinimide is

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

**Answer: D** 



**28.** The correct increasing order of solubility among the compounds follows as

A. 
$$CaCO_3 < NaHCO_3 < KHCO_3$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\ KHCO_3 < NaHCO_3 < CaCO_3$$

C. 
$$CaCO_3 < KHCO_3 < NaHCO_3$$

D. 
$$NaHCO_3 < CaCO_3 < KHCO_3$$

#### **Answer: A**



**29.** Which of the following statement is false for alkali metals?

A. lithium is strongest reducing agent

B. all alkali metals given blue solution in liquid ammonia

C.  $Li^+$  ion is exceptionally small

D. Lithium carbonate is stable towards heat and do not decompose

**Answer: D** 



**30.** Which will be the correct stability order of the different conformations of n - butane ?

- A. Fully eclipsed > eclipsed > gauche > anti staggered
- B. Anti staggered > eclipsed > gauche > fully eclipsed
- C. Anti staggered > gauche > eclipsed >
- D. Gauche > anti staggered > eclipsed >

fully - eclipsed

fully - eclipsed

**Answer: C** 



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**31.** End product D of reaction sequence is

$$CH_3Br \stackrel{KCN}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{H_2{
m O\,/\,H^{\,+}}}{\longrightarrow} B \stackrel{SOCl_2}{\longrightarrow} C \stackrel{(\,C_2H_5\,)_{\,2}Cd}{\longrightarrow} D$$

A. 
$$CH_3CH_2-O-C_2H_5$$

- B.  $C_2H_5COOCH_3$
- C.  $CH_3COOC_2H_5$
- D.  $CH_3COOC_2H_5$

**Answer: C** 

**32.** Which of the following carboxylic acids is the most reactive towards esterification ?

A. 
$$(CH_3)_3$$
CCOOH

B. 
$$(CH_3)_2CHCOOH$$

C. 
$$CH_3CH_2COOH$$

D. 
$$(C_2H_5)_2CHCOOH$$

### **Answer: C**



**33.** Which of the following statements is true is case of alkyl halides ?

- A. They are polar in nature
- B. They can form hydrogen bonds
- C. They are highly soluble in water
- D. They undergo addition reactions

#### **Answer: A**



**34.** Tertiary butyl alcohol gives tertiary butyl chloride on treatment with

- A. Conc. HCl/anhydrous  $ZnCl_2$
- B. KCN
- C. NaOCl
- D.  $Cl_2$

#### **Answer: A**



**35.** Phenylacetylene on treatment with  $HgSO_4 \, / \, H_2SO_4, \, H_2O$  produces

- A. acetophenone
- B. phenylacetaldehyde
- C. phenylacetic acid
- D. 1- phenylethanol

**Answer: A** 



- **36.** Which of the following shows the correct reaction for nitrobenzene reduction ?
  - A. Nitrobenzene reacts with Zn dust and  $NH_4Cl$  to produce aniline
  - B. Nitrobenzene reacts with  $LiAlH_4$  to produce phenyl hydroxylamine
  - C. Nitrobenzene reacts with Fe and HCl to produce nitrobenzene
  - D. Nitrobenzene reacts with Zn dust and  $NH_4Cl$  to produce phenyl hydroxylamine

#### **Answer: D**



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**37.** Which of the manganese oxides is the most acidic from the given options?

A. 
$$Mn_2O_3$$

B. 
$$MnO$$

C. 
$$MnO_2$$

D. 
$$Mn_2O_7$$

**Answer: D** 

**38.** Which of the following can help to predict the rate of reaction if the standard Gibb's free energy of reaction  $(\Delta_r G^\circ)$  is known ?

A. Equilibrium constant

B.  $\Delta_r H^{\,\circ}$ 

C.  $\Delta_r U^{\,\circ}$ 

D. Heat liberated during the course of reaction in calorimeter

Answer: A

- **39.** Which statements are correct for the peroxide ion?
- (1) It has five completely filled anti bonding molecular orbitals
- (2) It is diamagnetic
- (3) It has bond order one
- (4) It is isoelectronic with neon
  - A. 1,2
  - B. 2,3
  - C. 2,4

D. 1,2,3

#### **Answer: B**



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**40.** Name the end product in the following series of reaction

$$CH_3COOH \stackrel{NH_3}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{\Delta}{\underset{P_2O_5}{\longrightarrow}} B$$

- A. Methane
- B. Methanol
- C. Acetonitrile

D. Acetamide

#### **Answer: C**



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**41.** For the reaction ,  $N_2O_4(g)\Leftrightarrow 2NO_2(g)$  the degree of dissociation at equilibrium is 0.4 at a pressure of 1 atm. The value of  $K_p$  is

A. 0.64 atm

B. 0.60 atm

C. 0.19 atm

D. 0.762 atm

#### **Answer: D**



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**42.** The reason for "drug induced poisoning" is :

A. binding reversibly at the active site of the enzyme

B. bringing conformational changes in the biding site of enzyme

C. binding at the allosteric sites of the enzyme

D. binding irreversibly to the active site of the enzyme

### **Answer: C**



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**43.** Which of the following is a branched polymer, having branched chain polysaccharide units?

A. Starch

B. Bakelite

C. High density polyethylene

D. Nylon

### **Answer: A**



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**44.** Which of the following is present in maximum amount in acid rain ?

A.  $HNO_3$ 

 $\operatorname{B.}H_2SO_4$ 

C. HCl

D.  $H_2CO_3$ 

### **Answer: B**



- **45.** Which one of the following statements is false?
  - A. R and S configurations correspond to the enantiomers of an optically active compound
  - B. The process of converting an optically active compound into a racemate is called racemization

- C. A molecule containing a plane of symmetry can be optically active
- D. Optical isomers that are not enantiomers are called diastereroisomers

**Answer: C** 

