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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 75

## Chemistry

1. Slope of the straight line obtained by plotting
$\log _{10} \mathrm{k}$ against $1 / \mathrm{T}$ represents what term ?
A. $-E_{a}$
B. $-2.303 E_{a} / R$
C. $-E_{a} /(2.303 R)$
D. $-E_{a} / R$

## Answer: C

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2. Pick out the incorrect statement about glycolysis
A. It is anaerobic respiration
B. During glycolysis glucose is converted into pyruvate or lactate with generation of 38 molecules of ATP per molecule of glucose
C. Glycolysis provides energy to those cells
which live without oxygen
D. It occurs in the cytoplasm of the cell

Answer: B
3. For which of the following process enrgy is absorbed:
A. Separating an electron from an electron
B. Separating a proton from a proton
C. Separating a neutron from a neutron
D. Separating an electron from a neutral
atom

Answer: D
4. What type of intermolecular forces exist between $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ ?
A. Dispersion forces
B. Dipole-dipole forces
C. Dipole - induced dipole forces and

## dispersion forces

D. Dispersion and dipole - dipole forces

Answer: C
5. The ratio of coefficient of $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}, \mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
and $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ in the following redox reaction

$$
\mathrm{Fe}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

are respectively
A. $10: 1: 4$
B. $10: 4: 1$
C. $4: 10: 1$
D. $4: 1: 10$

Answer: B
6. List the hydrogen halide acids in decreasing order of reactivity in the following reaction $R-\mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{HX} \rightarrow \mathrm{RX}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
A. $\mathrm{HI}>\mathrm{HBr}>\mathrm{HCl}>\mathrm{HF}$
B. $\mathrm{HBr}>\mathrm{HCl}>\mathrm{HCl}>\mathrm{HF}$
C. $\mathrm{HI}>\mathrm{HCl}>\mathrm{HBr}>\mathrm{HF}$
D. $\mathrm{HI}>H F>H B r>H I$

Answer: A
7. Which of the following oxides is formed when potassium metal is burnt in excess air ?
A. $K_{2} O$
B. $K_{2} O_{2}$
C. $K O_{2}$
D. $K O$

Answer: C

## 8. A compound has the formula $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{HCl}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$. The

 number of non - identical structures that are possible isA. one
B. two
C. three
D. four

Answer: C
9. The molecule of which gas have highest speed
?
A. $H_{2}$ at $-73{ }^{\circ} C$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ at 300 K
C. $N_{2}$ at $1027^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D. $O_{2}$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Answer: A

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10. Consider the following carbocations
11. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \stackrel{+}{C} \mathrm{H}_{2}$
12. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{HCH} \mathrm{H}_{3}$
$3\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{2}{ }^{+} \stackrel{ }{C} H$
13. $\left(C_{6} H_{5}\right)_{3} \stackrel{+}{C}$

The correct sequence of increasing order of thir stabilities is
A. $1<2<4<3$
B. $4<2<3<1$
C. $1<2<3<4$
D. $1>2>4>3$

Answer: C

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11. Hydrolysis of benzonitrile gives
A. benzlamine
B. aniline
C. benzoic acid
D. phenol
12. Pick out the incorrect statement
A. In ferromagnetic material , all the magnetic moments are aligned in the same direction
B. In anti - ferromagnetic material , magnetic
moments are aligned in parallel and anti -
parallel directions in equal numbers
C. In ferrimagnetism, magnetic moments moments are aligned in parallel and anti parallel direction in unequal number

D. Paramagnetism of a substance increases at

elevated temperature

## Answer: D

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13. Pick out the incorrect statements for HI .
A. It reduces $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ to $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$

## B. It reduces iodic acid to $I_{2}$

C. It does not decolourise acidified $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$

## D. It liberates $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ with $\mathrm{CuSO} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ solution

## Answer: C

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14. The final product $(Z)$ is the following sequence of reaction
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HNO}_{2}}(\mathrm{X}) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{Socl}_{2}}(Y)$ is $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{NH}_{3}}(Z)$

## A. methanamine

B. ethanamide
C. ethanamine
D. propan-1-amine

Answer: C

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15. Which type of hybridization of Xe is involved in $\mathrm{XeOF}_{4}$ molecule ?
A. $s p^{3}$
B. $s p^{3} d$
C. $s p^{3} d^{2}$
D. $s p^{3} d^{3}$

## Answer: C

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16. The partial pressures of $\mathrm{NO}, \mathrm{Br} r_{2}$, and NOBr in a flask at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are $0.01,0.1$, and 0.04 atm , respectively. If the equilibrium constant at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
for the reaction
$2 N O(g)+B r_{2}(g) \Leftrightarrow 2 N O B r(g)$
is equal to $160 \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$, then we can say that
A. there is equilibrium in the flask
B. there reaction will proceed in the forward
C. the reaction will proceed in the backward
direction
D. the partial pressure of NOBr finally will be
0.05 atm

Answer: A
17. Which one of the following mixtures is suitable for making a buffer solution will an optimum pH of 9.2-9.3?
A.

$$
\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Na} / \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}\left(K_{a}=1.8 \times 10^{-5}\right)
$$

B.

$$
\mathrm{NH}_{3} / \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}\left(K_{a}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}\right)=5.6 \times 10^{-10}\right)
$$

C. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2} / \mathrm{HOCl}\left(K_{a}=4.5 \times 10^{-8}\right)$
D. $\mathrm{NaNO} \mathrm{O}_{2} / \mathrm{HNO}_{2}\left(K_{a}=4.5 \times 10^{-4}\right)$

Answer: B

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## C3 bond is of the type :

A. $s p-s p^{2}$
B. $s p^{3}-s p^{3}$
C. $s p-s p^{3}$

$$
\text { D. } s p^{2}-s p^{3}
$$

## Answer: D

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19. The type of isomerism present in intro pentaamine-chromium $(I I I)$ chloride is:
A. Polymerization
B. Geometrical

## C. Optical

## D. Linkage

## Answer: D

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20. Alkane can be prepared by
A. at action of Grignard's reagent with water
B. the reduction of alkyl halide with $H_{2}$ in
presence of nickel
C. the action of ethereal of alkyl halide with

## sodium metal

D. all the above

## Answer: D

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21. 

$\Delta_{f} H^{\circ}$ ofCO $O_{2}(g), \mathrm{CO}(g), \mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(g)$ and $\mathrm{NO}_{2}(g)$
in $\mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$ are respectively $-393-110,81$ and
34.Calculate the $\Delta H$ in kj of the following
reaction:
$2 \mathrm{NO}_{2}(g)+3 \mathrm{CO}(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}(g)+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)$
A. 836

B. 1460

C. -836
D. -1460

Answer: C

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22. Which of the following reaction does not involve oxidation - reduction?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } 2 \mathrm{Rb}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{RbOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \\
& \text { B. } 2 \mathrm{Cu} I_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{CuI}+\mathrm{I}_{2} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CuO}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& \text { D. } 4 \mathrm{KCN}+\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{~K}_{4}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: D
23. Among $\mathrm{LiCl}, B e C l_{2}, B C l_{3}$ and $C C l_{4}$, the covalent bond charater follows the order-

A. $\mathrm{LiCl}<\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}>B C l_{3}>\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$<br>B. $\mathrm{LiCl}>B e C l_{2}<B C l_{3}<\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$<br>C. $\mathrm{LiCl}<B e C l_{2}<B C l_{3}<\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$<br>D. $\mathrm{LiCl}>\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}>B C l_{3}>\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$

Answer: C
24. The maximum number of electrons with $n=3$

## and $\mathrm{I}=3$ is

A. 11
B. 6
C. 10
D. 0

## Answer: D

25. $V_{2} O_{5}$ is red or orange in colour. It is $a / a n$ ....oxide
A. acidic
B. basic
C. amphoteric
D. neutral

Answer: C
26. 100 mL of liquid A was mixed with 25 mL of liquid $B$ to give non-ideal solution of $A-B$. The volume of this mixture will be
A. 75 mL
B. 125 mL
C. close to 125 mL , but not exceeding 125 mL
D. just more than 125 mL

## Answer: C

27. One mL of an organic compound was
dissolved in ethanol and a very small drop of dilute alkali was added to it and them a drop of phenolphalein was added. The red colour of the indicator was seen . The mixture. was then heated . The colour disappeared in a few minutes. The organic compound is most likely to be
A. an aldehyde
B. a ketone
C. a carboxylic acid

## D. an ester

## Answer: D

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28. Which the following does not respond to iodoform reaction ?
A. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{PhCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHOHCH}$
C. $\mathrm{phCH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

## D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$

## Answer: C

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29. A mixture of 2 mol of carbon monoxide and 1 mol of oxygen in a closed vessel is ignited to get carbon dioxide, then
A. $\Delta H>\Delta E$
B. $\Delta H<\Delta E$
C. $\Delta H=\Delta E$

## D. not definite

## Answer: B

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30. 

The
reaction

A. Carbylamine reaction
B. Hofmann reaction
C. Gabriel phthalimide synthesis

## D. Cope reaction

## Answer: C

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31. Which statement is true in regard to a spontaneous redox reaction?
A. $E_{r e d}$ is always negative
B. $E_{\text {Cell }}$ is always positive
C. $E_{\text {ox }}$ is always positive

D. $E_{\text {red }}$ is always positive

Answer: B

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32. Which of the following aqueous solution will have a $p H$ less than 7.0 ?
A. $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$
B. NaOH
C. $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$

D. NaCH

## Answer: C

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33. When a sulphur sol is evaporated, solid sulphur is left. On mixing with water no colloidal sol is formed. The sulphur sol is :
A. Lyophilic
B. Reversible
C. Hydrophobic

## D. Hydrophilic

## Answer: C

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34. Which among the following is a peptide

## linkage ?

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text {-C-N- } \\
\begin{array}{c}
\| \\
\text { II } \\
\text { A. } \\
0
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
$$



Answer: A

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35. The colloidal solutions of gold prepared by
different methods have different colors due to :
A. variable valency of gold
B. different concentration of gold particles
C. different type of impurities

## D. different diameters of colloidal particles

## Answer: D

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36. If initial concentration is doubled, the time
for half-reaction is also doubled, the order of reaction is
A. zero
B. third
C. second
D. first

Answer: A

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37. Which of the following gives $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$ on treatment with water ?
A. $C a_{3} P_{2}$
B. $N a_{3} P$
C. AlP

## D. All of the above

## Answer: D

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38. Compare the boiling points of
39. n - butylamine
40. n-butyl alcohol
41. pentane
A. $2>3>1$
B. $2>1>3$
C. $1>3>2$
D. $3>2>1$

Answer: B
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39. Ferrocene is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } F e\left(\eta^{5}-C_{5} H_{5}\right)_{2} \\
& \text { B. } F e\left(\eta^{2}-C_{5} H_{5}\right)_{2} \\
& \text { C. } C r\left(\eta^{2}-C_{5} H_{5}\right)_{5} \\
& \text { D. } O s\left(\eta^{5}-C_{5} H_{5}\right)_{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: A

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40. The reaction of $\mathrm{CO}+\mathrm{HCl}$ in the presence of
$A l C l_{3}$ with benzene to form benzaldehyde is
called

# A. Meerwein - Ponndorf - Verley reaction 

## B. Cannizzaro reaction

C. Gatterman - Koch reaction

D. Bayer - Villeger reaction

## Answer: C

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41. The electronic configuration of an element $X$ is $1 s^{2}, 2 s^{2}, 2 p^{6}, 3 s^{2}, 3 p^{3}$. What is the atomic
number of the element which is just below the element $X$ in the periodic table?
A. 33
B. 34
C. 31
D. 49

Answer: A
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42. The radius of an atom is 100 pm . If this
element crystallizes in FCC lattice, the edge length of unit cell is
A. 280 pm
B. 150 pm
C. 141.4 pm
D. none of the above

Answer: A
43. Maximum number of active hydrogen are present in
A. ethanoic acid

B. ethyne

C. methanol
D. glycerol

Answer: D
44. The pair of structure given below


(II)
represents
A. conformational enantiomers
B. conformational diasteromers
C. structural isomers
D. none of the above

Answer: B

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45. Which series of elements have nearly the same atomic radii ?
A. $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{Co}, \mathrm{Ni}$
B. $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Rb}$
C. $\mathrm{Li}, \mathrm{Be}, \mathrm{Mg}$
D. $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{Br}$

Answer: A
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