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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 76

## Chemistry

1. The orbital diagram in which both the pauli's exclusion principal and Hund's rule are violated is :
B.

c.

## D.

Answer: B

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2. The most important conditions for the
formation of ionic bond are
A. High ionizations energy of the metallic atom and high electron affinity of the non - metallic atom
B. Low ionization of the metallic atom and
low electron affinity of the non-metallic
atom
C. Low ionization energy of metallic atom
and high electron affinity of the non metallic atom

## D. High ionization energy of the metallic

 atom and high electron affinity of non metallic atom
## Answer: C

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## 3. IUPAC name of the following compound

A. 2 - carboxybenzamide

## B. 6-carboxybenzamide

## C. carboxmidodenzoic acid

D. 2 - carboxmidodenzoic acid

## Answer: D

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> 4. The value of n in
> $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}+8 \mathrm{H}^{+}+n e \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ is
A. 5
B. 4
C. 3
D. 2

## Answer: A

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5. Which of the following alkali metal halides
has the lowest lattice energy
A. LiF

## B. NaCl

## C. KBr

## D. Csl

## Answer: D

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6. Which one of the following compounds show
optical activity


$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{CH}_{3} \\
\mathrm{l} \\
\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OCH}_{3} \\
\mathrm{I} \\
\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{OCH}_{3} \\
\mathrm{I} \\
\text { c. } \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3}
\end{gathered}
$$

```
            CH3
        H-\stackrel{|}{C}-\mp@subsup{O}{C-C}{3}
        |
        H-C-OCH3
        |
D. }\mp@subsup{\textrm{CH}}{3}{
```


## Answer: B

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7. Which of the following series contains nucleophiles only?
A. $B F_{3}, A l C l_{3}, N H_{3}$

# B. $\mathrm{RCH}_{2}^{-}, \overline{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ 

C. $B F_{3}, \bar{N} H_{2}, H_{2} O$
D. $R N H_{2},: \mathrm{CCl}_{2} H^{-}$

## Answer: B

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8. A mixture of ethyl iodide and $n$ - propyl iodide is treated with sodium metal in presence of ethoxyethane . The hydrocarbon which is not formed is
A. butane

## B. propane

C. pentane

D. hexane

## Answer: B

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9. Alkaline earth metals from dipositive ions
instead of unipositive ions because
A. the second ionization energy is almost

## double of the first ionization energy

B. unipositive<br>ions<br>have<br>stable

configuration
C. the hydration energy of dispositive ions
compensates the higher value of second
ionization energy

## D. unipositive ions are highly hydrated

Answer: C
10. NaCl is doped with $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{SrCl}_{2}$, the concentration of cation vacancies is

A. $3.01 \times 10^{18} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$

B. $12.04 \times 10^{18} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
C. $6.02 \times 10^{18} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
D. $12.04 \times 10^{20} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$

Answer: C
11. $B e$ and $A l$ have the following resemblance due to diagonal relationship,

# A. have identical atomic and ionic radii 

B. have<br>similar<br>outer<br>electronic

## configurations

C. have similar polarizing power
D. belong to the same group

Answer: C

# 12. The major product $(P)$ in the following 

 reactionA.
B.
c.
D.

Answer: A

## 13. Which one is most stable to heat ?

A. HClO

B. $\mathrm{HClO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{HClO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{HClO}_{4}$

Answer: D

O
14. HI was heated in a sealed tube at $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
till the equilibrium was reached. HI was found to be $22 \%$ decomposed. The equilibrium constant for dissociation is
A. 0.282
B. 0.0796
C. 0.0199
D. 1.99

Answer: C
15. Calculate the pH of buffer solution prepared by dissolving 0.20 mol of sodium cyanate
 enough water to make 1.0 litre of solution . $K_{a}(H C N O)=2.0 \times 10^{-4}$
A. 0
B. 3.0
C. 4.4
D. 5.0

Answer: B

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16. In the mechanism for the reaction of HBr with t - butyl alcohol, pick out the correct statement.
A. Formation of protonated alcohol in a
slow step
B. Formation of $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}^{+}$is a slow step
C. Formation of $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CBr}$ from

$$
\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}^{+} \text {is a slow step }
$$

D. Formation of $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}^{+}$is a fast step

## Answer: B

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17. 

$$
\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{5} \mathrm{Br}\right] \mathrm{SO}_{4}
$$

$\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{5} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right] \mathrm{Br}$ are the examples of:
A. Linkage isomers

# B. Coordination isomers 

C. Ionisation isomers

## D. Optical isomers

## Answer: C

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18. is the example of
A. Birch reduction
B. Clemmensen reduction

## C. Wolff - Kishner reduction

D. Hydride reduction

## Answer: A

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19. The difference between the heats of reaction at constant pressure and a constant volume for the reaction

$$
2 C_{6} H_{6}(l)+15 O_{2}(g) \rightarrow 12 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l)
$$

at $25^{\circ} C$ in $k J$ is

$$
\text { A. }-7.43
$$

B. +3.72

$$
\text { C. }-3.72
$$

D. +7.43

Answer: A

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20. Electrolyte used in Ni - Cd cell
A. KOH
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
C. LiOH

D. $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

## Answer: A

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21. The electronic configuration of a dipositive
ion $M^{2+}$ is $2,8,14$ and its mass number is 56.

The number of netrons present is
A. 24
B. 30
C. 32
D. 56

Answer: B
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22. The oxidation number of $C$ in sucrose
$\left(C_{12} H_{22} O_{11}\right)$ is
A. +4
B. +3
C. +2
D. 0

Answer: D
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23. Ammonium dichromate on heating gives
A. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

# B. $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) \mathrm{CrO}_{4}$ 

C. $\mathrm{CRO}_{3}$

$$
\text { D. } \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}
$$

## Answer: D

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24. The number of iodine atoms present in
$1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of its 0.1 M solution is
A. $12.04 \times 10^{23}$
B. $6.02 \times 10^{22}$
C. $12.04 \times 10^{19}$
D. $6.02 \times 10^{20}$

## Answer: C

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25. The reaction of $R C N$ with $R^{\prime} M g X$, followed by hydrolysis gives
A. an aldehyde

## B. a ketone

C. $2^{\circ}$ alcohol

D. $3^{\circ}$ alcohol

## Answer: B

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26. Arsenic is used to dope germanium to obtain
A. n-type semiconductor

## B. p-type semiconductor

C. germanium arsenide
D. a superconducting alloy

## Answer: A

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27. The following are some of the methods commonly employed for the extraction of metals from their ores. Which of the following
methods is generally employed for the extraction of sodium?
A. Reduction of an oxide with coke
B. Electrolysis of an aqueous solution of a chloride
C. Electrolysis of a molten chloride
containing $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
D. Reduction of a chloride with more
reactive metal

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28. Which of the following statement is false for alkali metals?
A. Lithium is the strongest reducing agent
B. Sodium is amphoteric in nature
C. $L i^{+}$is exceptionally small
D. All alkali metals give blue solution in
liquid ammonia

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29. The measured voltage of the cell, $\operatorname{Pt}(s)\left|H_{2}(1.0 \mathrm{~atm})\right| H^{+}(a q)| | A g^{+}(1.0 M) \mid A g(s)$
is 1.02 V at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Given $E_{\text {cell }}^{\circ}$ is 0.80 V , calculate the pH of the solution.
A. 1.86
B. 1.69
C. 3.73
D. 7.43

## Answer: C

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30. At $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, pure water has $\left[\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}\right]$as $10^{-6}$
$\mathrm{mol} L^{-1}$. What is the value of $K_{w}$ at $90^{\circ} C$ ?
A. $10^{-6}$
B. $10^{-12}$
C. $10^{-14}$
D. $10^{-8}$

Answer: B

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31. Which one of the following is a polyhdrocarbon?
A. Starch
B. Natural rubber
C. Casein
D. Terylene

Answer: B

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32. If the sequence of bases in one strand of
$D N A$ is $A T G A C T G T C$ then the sequence of
bases in its complementary strands is:
A. TACTGACAG
B. TUCTGUCUG
C. GUAGTUAUG
D. none of the above

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33. The Brownian motion is due to :
A. temperature fluctuations within the
liquid phase
B. attraction and repulsion between
charges on the colloidal particles

# C. impact of the molecules of the dispersion 

## medium on the colloidal particle

## D. convection current

## Answer: C

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34. The activation energy of a reaction is zero.

The rate constant of the reaction

# A. increases with the increase in 

temperature
B. decreases with increase in temperature
C. decreases with the decrease in
temperature
D. is independent of temperature

Answer: D

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35. Fluorobenzene is prepared conveniently
A. by
heating
benzene
diazonium
tetrafluoroborate
B. by treating benzene with fluorine
C. by the action of phenol with $S F_{4}$
D. by treating benzene with $\mathrm{CH}_{3} F$ in presence of anhydrous $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$

Answer: A
36. Give (a) conjugate acid (b) conjugate base of $\mathrm{HO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \stackrel{+}{\mathrm{O}}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{HO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \stackrel{+}{N} \mathrm{H}_{3}$
C. $\bar{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{HO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} N^{-} H$

Answer: C
37. ...........is a low spin complex.
A. $\left[N i(C N)_{4}\right]^{2-}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{CoF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$
C. $\left[N i C l_{4}\right]^{3-}$
D. $\left[F e F_{6}\right]^{3-}$

Answer: A

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38. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding positive deviation from ideal behaviour
A. Force of interaction decreases
B. Volume increases
C. Observed vapour pressure is more than
expected vapour pressure
D. Gibbs energy change $(\Delta G)$ is positive
39. Which of the following does not reflect periodicity of elements?
A. Bonding behaviour
B. Electronegativity
C. Ionization energy
D. Neutron/ proton ratio

Answer: D
40. The reaction of benzoyl chloride with phenol in presence of NaOH is called
A. Schotten - Baumann reaction

B. Bouveault - Blank reduction

C. Clemmensen reduction
D. Stephen's reduction

Answer: A
41. Which of the following statements about $R N A$ is not correct?
A. It has single strand structure
B. It controls the synthesis of proteins
C. It does not contains any pyrimidine base
D. It does not undergo replication

Answer: C
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42. Which one of the following statements is wrong about zinc blende type structure?

# A. Each $Z n^{2+}$ ion is surrounded 

tetrahedrally by four $S^{2-}$ ions and each
$S^{2-}$ ion by four $Z n^{2+}$ ions
B. $S^{2-}$ ions form fcc arrangement
C. AgBr has zinc blende type structure
D. Cuprous halides have zinc blende type structure

## Answer: C

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43. Pick out the incorrect statement regarding
$\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$.
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ is kept in waxlined bottle
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ acts both as oxidizing and
reducing agent
C. It is not possible to determine its boiling

## point at atmospheric pressure

D. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ does not react with acidified

$\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$

## Answer: D

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44. Ethanal reacts with HCN and the addition product so obtained is hydrolyzed to form a new compound. This compound shows
A. optical isomerism

## B. geometrical isomerism

C. tautomerism

D. metamerism

## Answer: A

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45. Which of the following is a false statement
A. Halogens are strong oxidizing agents
B. Halogens show only (negative) oxidation
state
C. HF molecules form intermolecular H bonds

D. Fluorine is highly reactive

Answer: B

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