





CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NTA NEET SET 82



1. In Langumir's model of adosrption of a gas on a solid surface :

A. the rate of dissociation of adsorbed molecules

from the surface does not depend on the

surface covered

B. the adsorption at a single on the surface may involve multiple molecules at the same time
C. the mass of gas striking a given area of surface is proportional to the pressure to the gas
D. the mass of gas striking a given area of surface is independent to the pressure to the gas

Answer: C



2. Which of the following equation was suggested by de-Broglie?

A.
$$2\pi r=n\lambda$$

B. $\lambda=rac{\pi}{h}$
C. $\pi r^2=n\lambda$
D. $2\pi r=rac{nh}{\lambda}$

Answer: A



3. Which of the following gives rise to the formation

of bond ?



Answer: B



4. A metal oxide has the formula Z_2O_3 . It can be reduced by hydrogen to give free metal and water. 0.1596 g of the metal requires 6 mg of hydrogen for complete reduction. The atomic mass of the metal is:

A. 15.6

B. 155.8

C. 30.8

D. 55.8

Answer: D



5. Gypsum on heating above 437 gives

A. $CaSO_4$. (5) H_2O

B. $CaSO_4$. H_2O

 $C.CaO + SO_3$

D. $CaSO_4$

Answer: D



6. An alkene on reductive ozonolysis gives two products A and B . When these products are treated with conc. KOH one of these products gives an alcohol and an acid salt. Here the alkene can be

A. But -2- ene

B. Pent -2- ene

C. Isobutene

D. cyclo hexene

Answer: C



7. A mixture contains N_2O_4 and NO_2 in the ratio 2:1

by volume. The vapour density of the mixture is:

A. 45.4

B. 49.8

C. 32.6

D. 38.3

Answer: D



8. Which of the following reactions will not give pure

propane?



 $\mathsf{B.}\,CH_3CH_2CH_2COONa \xrightarrow{\mathrm{sodalime}}$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,CH_3CH=CH_2 \xrightarrow{H_2\,/\,Pd}$

D. $CH_3C\equiv CH \xrightarrow{H_2/Pd}$

Answer: A

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9. The noble gas which form interstitial compound with metals is

A. He

B. Ne

C. Ar

D. Kr or Xe

Answer: A



10. The distance between an ocatahral and tetrahedral

void in fcc lattice would be:

A.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}a}{4}$$

B. $\sqrt{3}a$

C.
$$\sqrt{3}\frac{a}{2}$$

D. $\frac{\sqrt{3}a}{3}$

Answer: A



11. which of the following is the anhydride of NHO_2 ?

A. N_2O

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2O_3$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,N_2O_4$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,NO$





13. Pick out the incorrect statement for SO_2 .

A. It turns filter paper moistened with acidified

 $K_2 C r_2 O_7$ solution green

B. It turns starch iodate paper blue

C. It does not react with chlorine in presence of

charcoal

D. It decolourieses acidified $KMnO_4$ solution

Answer: C



14. Consider the reactions

- $(i)PCl_5(g) \Leftrightarrow PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$
- $(ii)N_2O_4(g) \Leftrightarrow 2NO_2(g)$

The addition of an iner gas at constant volume

A. will increase the dissociation of PCl_5 as well as

 N_2O_4

B. will reduce the dissociation of PCl_5 as well as

C. will increase the dissociation of PCl_5 and step

up the formation of N_2O_4

D. will not disturb the equilibrium of the reactions

Answer: D

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15. If equal volumes of $BaCI_2$ and NaF solutions are mixed, which of these combination will not give a precipitate? $(K_{sp}ofBaF_2 = 1.7 \times 10^{-7})$.

A. 0.004 M $BaCl_2$ and 0.02 M NaF

B. 0.010 M $BaCl_2$ and 0.015 M NaF

 $C. 0.015 MBaCl_2$ and 0.010 MNaF

 $D.0.020MBaCl_2$ and 0.002MNaF

Answer: D

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16. Which of the following reagents cannot be used to

distinguish between phenol and benzyl alcohol?

A. Br_2/CCl_4

B. NaOH

 $C. NaHCO_3$

D. $FeCl_3$ (neutral)

Answer: C



17. Select the compound having maximum conductivity in aqueous medium.

- A. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_6 \right] Cl_3$
- $\mathsf{B.}\left[Cr(NH_3)_5Cl\right]Cl_2$
- $\mathsf{C.}\left[Cr(NH_3)_4 Cl_2 \right] Cl$

D. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_3 Cl_3 \right]$



18. An alkane by molecular weight 72 upon chlorination gives one monochlorination product. The alkane is

A. pentane

B. 2- methylbutane

C. 2,2- dimethylpropane

D. all the of the above

Answer: C



19. Standard enthalpies of formation of O_3 , CO_2 , NH_3 and HI are 142.2 , - 393.2, -46.2 and +25.9 kJmol⁻¹ respectively . The order of their increasing stabilities will be

A. O_3, CO_2, NH_3, HI

 $\mathsf{B}.\,CO_2,\,NH_3,\,HI,\,O_3$

 $C.O_3, HI, NH_3, CO_2$

 $\mathsf{D}. NH_3, HI, CO_2, O_3$

Answer: C





20. An electrolytic cell contains a solution of Ag_2SO_4 and have platinum electrodes. A current is passed until 1.6gm of O_2 has been liberated at anode. The amount of silver deposited at cathode would be

A. 108 g

B. 1.6 g

C. 0.8 g

D. 21.60 g

Answer: D



21. In which solvent NaCl has maximum solubility?

A. H_2O

 $\mathsf{B.}\, C_2 H_5 OH$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3COCH_3$

D. $C_2H_5OC_2H_5$

Answer: A



22. The ratio of magnetic moments of Fe(III) and Co(III) is :

A.
$$\sqrt{24}$$
 : $\sqrt{15}$

B. 7:3

$$\mathsf{C}.\sqrt{35}:\sqrt{15}$$

D.
$$\sqrt{5}$$
: $\sqrt{7}$

Answer: C



23. Acidified $KMnO_4$ is decolourized by

A. bleaching powder

B. white vitriol

C. Mohr's salt

D. laughing gas

Answer: C

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24. The degree of dissociation (α) of a weak electrolyte $A_x B_y$ is related to van't Hoff factor (i) by the expression

A.
$$lpha=rac{i-1}{x+y+1}$$

B.
$$lpha=rac{i-1}{x+y-1}$$

C. $lpha=rac{x+y-1}{i-1}$
D. $lpha=rac{x+y+1}{i-1}$

Answer: B



25. Which of the following can show tautomerism

here.



D. Both B and C

Answer: D



26. Which of the following is the most stable carbocation here ?





27. 1 mol of ice is converted to liquid at 273 K, $H_2O(s)$ and H_2O (I) have entropies 38.20 and 60.03 $\mathrm{Jmol}^{-1}k^{-1}$. Enthalpy changes in the conversion will be

A. 59.59 J/mol

B. 5959.59 J/mol

C. 595.959 J/mol

D. 5.959 J/mol

Answer: B





28. The total number of N - atoms present in veronal

is

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: C



29. Which of the following graph correctly represents the variation of molar conductance (Δ_m) with dilution for a strong electrolyte ?





 H_3PO_4 and 20 mL of 0.1 M Na_3PO_4 is :

A. pK_{a_1}

B. pK_{a_2}

$$\mathsf{C}.\,\frac{pK_{a_1}+pK_{a_2}}{2}$$

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D. 2

Answer: B



31. A polymer is resistant to heat and chemical attack and is also used for coating articles and cookwares to make them non - sticky. The monomer of this polymer is

A. mono chlortifluoroethylene

B. tetrafluoroethylene

C. chloroprene

D. vinyl chloride

Answer: B



32. Assume that a particular amino acid has an isoelectric point of 6.0. In a solution at pH 1.0, which of the following species will predominate ?



Answer: A





In this sequence of reaction the final product T is







Answer: C

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34. For the reaction , $2NH_3(g) o N_2(g) + 3H_2(g)$

$$-rac{d[NH_3]}{dt} = k_1[NH_3] \ rac{d[N_2]}{dt} = k_2[NH_3]$$

$$rac{d[H_2]}{dt}=k_3[NH_3]$$

The relation between , k_1, k_2 and k_3 may be given as

A.
$$1.5k_1 = 3k_2 = k_3$$

B. $2k_1 = k_2 = 3k_3$
C. $k_1 = k_2 = k_3$
D. $k_1 = 3k_2 = 2k_3$

Answer: A



35. An organic compound 'X' with molecular formula C_7H_8O in insoluble in aqueous $NaHCO_3$ but

dissolved in NaOH. When treated with bromine water 'X' rapidly give 'Y' (C_7H_5OBr) . The compound 'X' and 'Y' respectively are

A. o - cresol

B. p - cresol

C. m - cresol

D. anisole

Answer: D



36. Identify the final product (Z) in the following of reactions. sequence $CH_3NH_2 \xrightarrow{CH_3l} (X) \xrightarrow{AgOH} (Y) \xrightarrow{\Delta} (Z) + CH_3OH$ A. $CH_3CH_2CH_2NH_2$ B. $(CH_3)_3 N$ $C. (CH_3)_2 NH$ D. $(CH_3)_{A} \overset{+}{N}OH^{-}$

Answer: B



37. Dimethyl glyoxime forms a square planar complex with Ni^{2+} . This complex should be :

A. diamagnetic

B. paramagnetic having 1 unpaired electron

C. paramagnetic having 2 unpaired

D. ferromagnetic

Answer: A



38. All aldehdes can made to undergo the Cannizzaro reaction by treatment with aluminium ethoxide. Under these conditions, the acid and alcohol are combined to form an ester. The reaction is called

A. Claisen reaction

B. Perkin reaction

C. Aldol condensation

D. Tischenko reaction

Answer: D



39. In the balanced chemical reaction

 $IO_3^{\, \Theta} + aI^{\, \Theta} + bH^{\, \Theta}
ightarrow cH_2O + dI_2$

a, b, c, and d, respectively, correspond to

A. 5,6,3,3

B. 5,3,6,3

C. 3,5,3,6

D. 5,6,5,6

Answer: A



40. Iron is rendered passive by treatment with concentrated

A. H_2SO_4

 $\mathsf{B.}\,H_3PO_4$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,HCl$

D. HNO_3

Answer: D



41. In a metal oxide , the oxide ions are arranged in hexagonal close packing and metal lone occupy two - third of the octahedral voids .The formula of the oxide

is

A. MO

B. M_2O_3

 $\mathsf{C}.MO_2$

D. M_2O

Answer: B

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42. Which of the following will be the major product

when 3 - phenylpropene reacts with HBr ?

A. $C_6H_5CH_2CHBrCH_3$

B. $C_6H_5CHBrCHCH_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\, C_6H_5CH_2CH_2CH_2Br$

D. $C_6H_5CHBrCH_2CH_3$

Answer: D



43. One gram of hydrogen and 112 g of nitrogen are enclosed in two separate containers each of volume 5

L and at $27^{\,\circ}\,C$. If the pressure of the hydrogen is 1

atm, then the pressure of nitrogen would be

A. 16 atm

B. 12 atm

C.8 atm

D. 4 atm

Answer: C

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44. The decreasing order of strength of the bases, $OH^-, NH_2^-, H-C\equiv C^-$ and $CH_3-CH_2^-$:

A. $CH_3 > NH_2^- > H - C \equiv C^- > OH^-$

 ${\sf B}.\,H-C\equiv C^{\,-}\,> CH_3^{\,-}\,> NH_2^{\,-}\,> OH^{\,-}$

C. $OH^- > NH_2^- > H - C \equiv C^- > CH_3^-$

D. $NH_2^{-} > H - C \equiv C^{-} > OH^{-} > CH_3$

Answer: A

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45. For the following isomerisation reaction

Cyclohexane \Leftrightarrow hexene -1, K = 1.732



Which of the following statements holds good at point 'A' ?

- A. Q>K
- $\mathsf{B}.\,Q < K$
- $\operatorname{C} Q = K = 1$
- D.Q = K = 1.732

Answer: D

