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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA NEET SET 86

Chemistry

1. The de-Brogile wavelength of a neutron at $927^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $\lambda$.

What will be its wavelength at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
A. $\frac{\lambda}{2}$
B. $\lambda$
C. $2 \lambda$
D. $4 \lambda$

## Answer: C

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2. Sulphur reacts with chlorine in 1:2 ratio and forms $X$ hydrolysis of $X$ gives a sulphure compound $Y$. What is the hybridisation state od central atom in the compound?
A. $s p^{3}$
B. $s p$
C. $s p^{2}$
D. $s p^{2} d$

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3. In the give reaction


The product is
A. Optically active having (+) rotation
B. Optically active having (-) rotation
C. Optically inactive due to absence of stereocenter
D. Optically inactive because product is meso

## Answer: C

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4. From 200 mg of $C O_{2}, 10^{21}$ molecules are removed. How many molecules are left ?
A. 2.73
B. $17.3 \times 10^{21}$
C. $1.73 \times 10^{21}$
D. None

Answer: C
5. In the reaction Bromine
$3 \mathrm{Br}_{2}+6 \mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow 5 \mathrm{Br}^{-}+\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
A. is reduced
B. is oxidized
C. disproportionates
D. disintegrates

## Answer: C

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6. The highest boiling point is expected for:
A. iso - octane
B. n-octane
C. 2,2,3,3 - teramethylbutane
D. n - butane

Answer: B

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7. Compressibility factor ( $Z$ ) is plotted against pressure at different temperature for same gas


Which of the following is the correct order of temperature shown in the above plot?
A. $T_{4}>T_{3}>T_{2}>T_{1}$
B. $T_{1}>T_{2}>T_{3}>T_{4}$
C. $T_{1}>T_{2}>T_{4}>T_{3}$
D. $T_{3}>T_{4}>T_{2}>T_{1}$
8. Anti-Markownikoff's addition of HBr is not observed in
A. propane
B. but-1-ene
C. but-2-ene
D. pent-2-ene

## Answer: C

9. When $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ is passed through an aqueous solution of $I_{2}$, it becomes colourless. This is due to
A. bleaching reaction of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
B. formation of $\mathrm{HIO}_{2}$
C. combination of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{I}_{2}$
D. formation of $\mathrm{NHO}_{3}$

## Answer: C

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10. The number of manganeses ions in tetrahedral and octahedral sites respectively in $\mathrm{Mn}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ are
A. one $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and two $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ ions
B. one $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ and two $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ ions
C. two $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ and two $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ ions
D. two $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and two $\mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$ ions

## Answer: A

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11. Which among the following statements is false ?
A. $\mathrm{Ge}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ is amphoteric
B. $G e C l_{2}$ is more stable than $G e C l_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{GeO}_{2}$ is weakly acidic
D. $G e C l_{4}$ in HCl forms $\left[G e C l_{6}\right]^{2-}$ ions

## Answer: B

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12. Treatment of propionadehyde with dilute NaOH gives :
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHOHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{CHO}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHOCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$

## Answer: B

13. A monobasic acid of phosphorus, which reduces $\mathrm{HgCl}_{2}$ to balck Hg is
A. hypophosphorus acid
B. phosphoric acid
C. metaphosphoric acid
D. pyrophosphoric acid

Answer: A

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14. 

For
the
reaction,
$N_{2}(g)+3 H_{2}(g) \Leftrightarrow 2 N H_{3}(g), \Delta H^{\circ}=-v e$ the number
of moles of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ at equilibrium will increases when
A. volume of vessel is increased
B. volume of vessel is decreased
C. Ne gas is added at constant volume
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ is removed

## Answer: A

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15. The solubility product of different sparingly soluble salts are

$$
\text { 1. } X Y=4 \times 10^{-20}
$$

2. $X_{2} Y=3.2 \times 10^{-11}$
3. $X Y_{3}=2.7 \times 10^{-31}$

The increasing order of solubility is
A. 1,3,2
B. 2,1,3
C. 1,2,3
D. 3,1,2

## Answer: A

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16. Which among the given alkenes is most stable ?
A. 1 - butene
B. 2,3-dimethyl-2- butene
C. cis-2-butene
D. trans-2-butene

## Answer: B

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17. Which of the following complex compound is "Pentaaqucyanidoiron (III) trichloridotricyanido cobaltate (III)" ?
A. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}\right]\left[\mathrm{CoCl}_{3}(\mathrm{CN})_{3}\right]$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}\right]\left[\mathrm{CoCl}_{3}(\mathrm{CN})_{3}\right]_{3}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4}\right]_{3}\left[\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}(c \mathrm{~N})_{3}\right]_{2}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}\right]_{3}\left[\mathrm{CoCl}_{3}(\mathrm{CN})_{3}\right]_{2}$

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18. Alcohol can be prepared from alken by which of the following reaction
A. Elimination
B. Substitution
C. Reduction
D. Oxidation

Answer: D
19. Given the following data
$H_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 H(g), \Delta H=104.2 k c a l$
$C l_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 C l(g), \Delta H=58 k c a l$
$H C l=H(g)+C l(g), \Delta H=103.2 k c a l$
The standard enthalpy of formation of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$ is
A. $-143.2 k c a l$
B. $-22.4 k c a l$
C. -22.1 kacl
D. 58 kcal

Answer: C
20. The nature of curve of $E^{\circ}$ cell against $\log K_{C}$ is:
A. a straight line
B. an elliptical curve
C. a hyperbola
D. parabola

Answer: A

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21. Which of the following amine will not respond to carbylamine reaction ?
A. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}$
B. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$

Answer: C

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22. According to Einstein's photoelectric equation, the graph between the kinetic energy of photoelectrons ejected and the frequency of incident radiation is
A.

2
B.
C.
D.

## Answer: C

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23. German silver is an alloy of copper and:
A. Zn and Ni
B. Ag
C. Zn
D. Sn

Answer: A
24. What is the correct order of osmotic pressure of 0.01 M aqueous solution os
(1) $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
(2) $K_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
(3) $B a C l_{2}$
(4) Urea
A. $\pi_{4}>\pi_{3}>\pi_{2}>\pi_{1}$
B. $\pi_{1}>\pi_{2}>\pi_{3}>\pi_{4}$
C. $\pi_{1}=\pi_{2}=\pi_{3}=\pi_{4}$
D. $\pi_{2}>\pi_{4}>\pi_{1}>\pi_{3}$

Answer: B
25. Which of the following reaction will aldehyde?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\underset{C_{3}}{\mathrm{C}}=\underset{\substack{\mathrm{CH}}}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \xrightarrow\left[\left(\text { ii) } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{Zn}\right]{(i) \mathrm{O}_{3}}\right. \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{CO} / \mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Co}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{8}} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH} \xrightarrow{\left(\mathrm{NaOH}+l_{2}\right)} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{CH} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HOH} / \mathrm{HgSO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: B

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26. Which of the following compounds will give acetic acid with $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4} / H^{\oplus} / \Delta$ :
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CHO}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
D. All of these

## Answer: D

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27. Under the same conditions, how many $m L$ of $1 M K O H$ and $0.5 \mathrm{MH}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ solutions, respectively, when mixed to form a total volume of 100 mL , produces the highest rise in temperature?
A. 67,33
B. 33,67
C. 40,60
D. 50,50

Answer: D

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28. Which liberates $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ with NaOH
A. B
B. Al
C. Zn
D. All

## Answer: D

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29. Salts of $A$ (atomic mass 15) $B$ (atomic mass 27) and $C$
(atomic mass 48) were electrolysed using same amount of charge. It was found that when 4.5 g of A was deposited, the masses of $B$ and $C$ deposited were 2.7 g and 9.6 g . The valencies of $A, B$ and $C$ were respectively
A. 1,3 and 2
B. 3,1 and 2
C. 2,6 and 3
D. 2,3 and 2

## Answer: C

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30. To a solution containing equimolar mixture of sodium acetate and acetic acid, some more amount of sodium acetate solution is adde. The pH of mixture solution.
A. increases
B. decreases
C. remains same
D. none of these can be predicted from given information

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31. Which one of the following is $\beta$-amino acid ?

32. Four moles of $P C l_{5}$ are heated in a closed $4 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ container to reach equilibrium at 400 K. At equilibrium $50 \%$ of $P C l_{5}$ is dissociated. What is the value of $K_{c}$ for the dissociation of $P C l_{5}$ into $\mathrm{PCl}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ at 400 K ?
A. 0.50
B. 1.00
C. 1.15
D. 0.25

## Answer: A

33. The oxidation of oxalic acid by acidified $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ is an example of autocatalyiss. It is due to which of the following
?
A.

B.

C.

D.


Answer: C

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34. Which of the following is pseudo-unimolecular reaction ?
A. $2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}+\mathrm{HOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{N}_{2}+\mathrm{HCl}$
C.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}+\mathrm{NaOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONa}+\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
D. $2 \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{O}_{2}$

Answer: B
35. Which of the following compounds can form alcohol with $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2} / \mathrm{HCl}$ ?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{\mathrm{CH}_{3}}{\stackrel{\text { | }}{\mathrm{C}}} \underset{\mathrm{CH}_{3}}{ }-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\underset{\substack{\mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{CH}}}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. All of these

Answer: D

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36. Which the one of the following is first member of monosaccharides?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}-\stackrel{O}{\mathrm{O}}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{HOCH}-\mathrm{CHOH}-\mathrm{CHO}$
C. $\mathrm{HOCH} \mathrm{H}_{2}-\mathrm{CHOH}-\mathrm{CHOH}-\mathrm{CHO}$
D. $\mathrm{HOCH}_{2}-\stackrel{O}{\mathrm{CHOH}}-\stackrel{\|}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$

Answer: B

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37. Which of the following halogen oxide is used for estimation of carbon monoxide in automobile exhaust
gases?
A. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
B. $I_{2} O_{5}$
C. $\mathrm{ClO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{BrO}_{3}$

Answer: B

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38. Markownikoff rule is best applicable to
A. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}+\mathrm{HCl}$
B. $C_{3} H_{6}+B r_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6}+\mathrm{HBr}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$

## Answer: C

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39. In which of the following coordmation compounds do the transition metals have an oxidation number of +6 ?
A. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right] \mathrm{Cl}^{2} 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{5}\right]$
C. $\left[\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{Cr}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}\right]^{4+}$
D. $\mathrm{K}_{2}\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{CN})_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]$

Answer: D

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40. Which one of the following is a Zwitter ion?



Answer: C

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41. Poiling process is used for:
A. The removal of $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ from Cu
B. The removal of $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ from Al
C. The removal of $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ from Fe
D. All of these

Answer: A

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42. Which of the following statement is correct here
A. $A g B r$ can show both Schottky and Frenkel defects
B. $Z n O$ on heating shows metal excess defects
C. $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$ is ferromagnetic substance
D. Both $A$ and $B$ are correct

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43. In the
given
reaction
$(A)+(B) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{NaOH} / \Delta} C_{6} H_{5}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CHO}$ A and B will be
A. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}$ and HCHO
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CHO}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CHO}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CHO}$

## Answer: C

44. The structure of $\left[B e F_{4}\right]^{-2}$ is
A. tetrahedral
B. octahedral
C. square planar
D. linear

## Answer: A

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45. Half life of a reaction becomes half when intial concentrations of reactants are made double. The order of
the reaction will be:
A. 1
B. 2
C. 0
D. 3

## Answer: B

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