



# PHYSICS

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

### NTA JEE MOCK TEST 32

#### Physics

1. On moving a charge of  $7\text{C}$  from a point  $x$  where potential is  $+5.5\text{V}$  to a point  $y$  where potential is  $-7.6\text{V}$ , the work done is -



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2. A smooth sphere of mass  $M$  moving with velocity  $u$  directly collides elastically with another sphere of mass  $m$  at rest. After collision their final velocities are  $V$  and  $v$  respectively. The value of  $v$  is

A.  $\frac{2uM}{m}$

B.  $\frac{2um}{M}$

C.  $(2u)\left(1 + \frac{m}{M}\right)$

D.  $\frac{2u}{1 + \frac{M}{m}}$

**Answer: C**



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3. A magnet is cut in three equal parts by cutting it perpendicular to its length. The time period of original magnet is  $T_0$  in a uniform magnetic field  $B$ . Then, the time period of each part in the same magnetic field is

A.  $T_0$

B.  $\frac{T_0}{2}$

C.  $\frac{T_0}{2}$

D.  $4T_0$

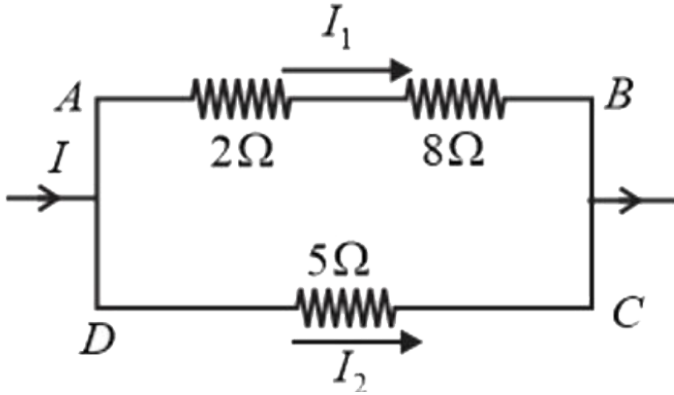
**Answer: A**



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4. In the circuit shown, the heat produced in  $5\Omega$  resistnace due to current through it is  $50 \text{ J s}^{-1}$ . Then, the heat generated per second

in the  $2\Omega$  resistance is



- A.  $5Js^{-1}$
- B.  $4Js^{-1}$
- C.  $9Js^{-1}$
- D.  $10Js^{-1}$

**Answer: A**



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5. Incandescent bulbs are designed by keeping in mind that the resistance of their filament increases with the increase in temperature. If at room temperature,  $100W$ ,  $60W$  and  $40W$  bulbs have filament resistances  $R_{100}$ ,  $R_{60}$  and  $R_{40}$ , respectively, the relation between these resistances is

A. 
$$\frac{1}{R_{100}} = \frac{1}{R_{40}} + \frac{1}{R_{60}}$$

B. 
$$R_{100} = R_{40} + R_{60}$$

$$C. R_{100} > R_{40} > R_{60}$$

$$D. \frac{1}{R_{100}} > \frac{1}{R_{60}} > \frac{1}{R_{40}}$$

**Answer: D**

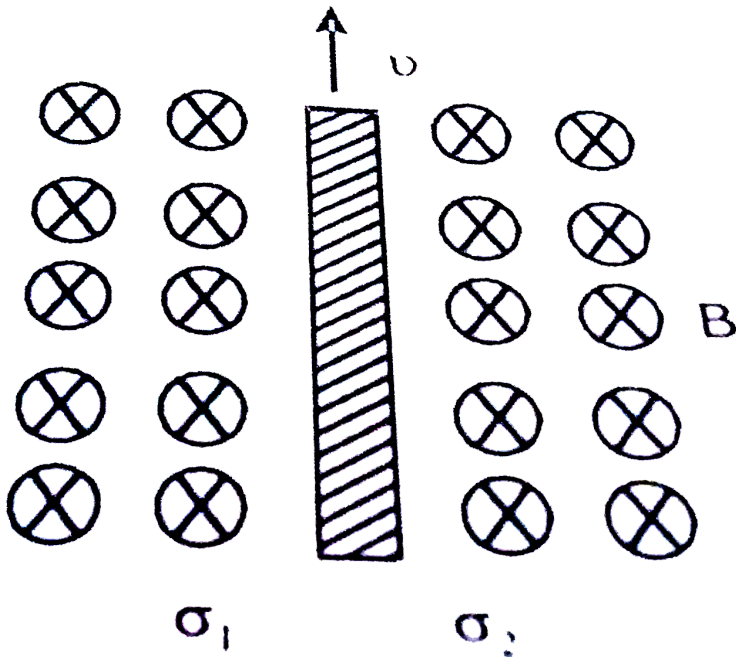


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6. Consider a thin metallic sheet perpendicular to the plane of the paper moving with speed  $v$  in a uniform magnetic field  $B$  going into the plane of the paper (See figure.) If charge densities  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$  are induced on the left and

right surfaces, respectively, of the sheet then

(ignore fringe effects.)



A.  $\sigma_1 = \frac{-\epsilon_0 v B}{2}, \sigma_2 = \frac{\epsilon_0 v B}{2}$

B.  $\sigma = \epsilon_0 v B, \sigma_0 = -\epsilon_0 v B$

C.  $\sigma_1 = \frac{\epsilon_0 v B}{2}, \sigma = \frac{-\epsilon_0 v B}{2}$



$$D. \sigma_1 = \sigma_2 = \varepsilon_0 v B$$

**Answer: B**



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7. The electric potential at a space point P (X, Y, Z) is given as  $V = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ . The modulus of the electric field at that point is proportional to

A.  $V^{\frac{1}{2}}$

B.  $V$

C.  $V^{\frac{3}{2}}$

D.  $V^2$

**Answer: A**



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**8.**  $g_e$  and  $g_p$  denote the acceleration due to gravity on the surface of the earth and another planet whose mass and radius are twice as that of earth. Then

A.  $g_p = \frac{g_e}{2}$

B.  $g_p = g_e$

C.  $g_p = 2g_e$

D.  $g_p = \frac{g_e}{\sqrt{2}}$

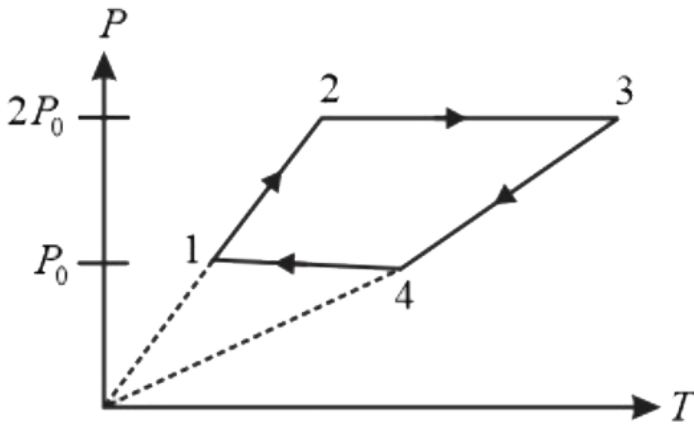
**Answer: A**



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9. One mole of an ideal monoatomic gas undergoes a cyclic process, as shown in the figure. If the temperature of the gas at state 1

is 300 K and at state 4 is 500 K, then heat exchanged during process  $2 \rightarrow 3$ , is



- A. 1000 R
- B. 600 R
- C. 750 R
- D. 800 R

**Answer: A**



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**10.** The strength of the magnetic field at a point  $r$  near a long straight current carrying wire is  $B$ . The field at a distance  $\frac{r}{2}$  will be

A.  $\frac{B}{2}$

B.  $\frac{B}{4}$

C.  $2B$

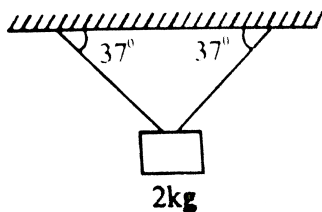
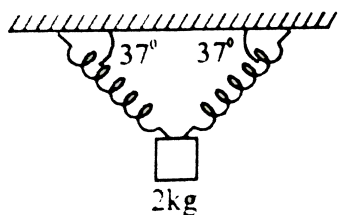
D.  $4B$

**Answer: C**



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**11.** The blocks are of mass 2 kg shown in equilibrium. At  $t=0$  right spring in figure (i) and right string in figure (ii) breaks. Find the ratio of instantaneous acceleration of blocks ?



A. 0

B. 1

C.  $\frac{25}{24}$

D. None of these

**Answer: C**



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**12.** The circuit shown in the figure determine the current through zener diode. (Given :

zener diode break down voltage  $V_z = 5.8V$ )

(A)  $7mA$  (B)  $17mA$  (C)  $10mA$  (D)  $15mA$

A. 5 mA

B. 17 mA

C. 10 mA

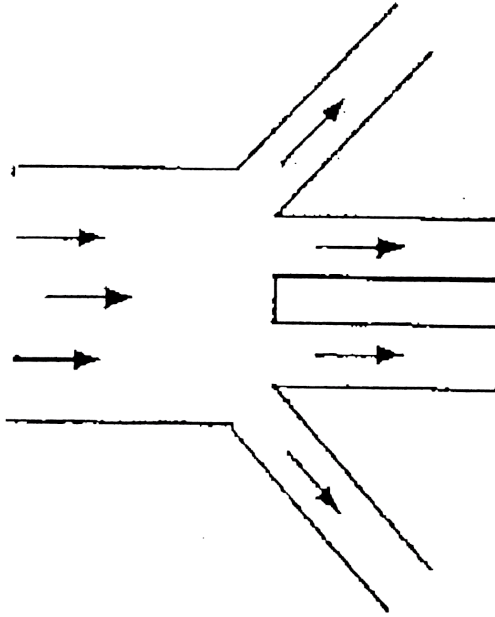
D. 7 mA

**Answer: C**



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**13.**

Water is flowing through a channel that is 12 m wide with a speed of  $0.75\text{m/s}$ . the water then flows into four identical channels that have a width of 4.0 m the depth of the water does not change as it flows into the four

channels. What is the speed of the water in one of the smaller channels?

A.  $0.56\text{ms}^{-1}$

B.  $2.3\text{ms}^{-1}$

C.  $0.25\text{ms}^{-1}$

D.  $0.75\text{ms}^{-1}$

**Answer: A**



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14. There is no change in the volume of a wire due to the change in its length on stretching.

The Poisson's ratio of the material of the wire is

A.  $+\frac{1}{2}$

B.  $-\frac{1}{2}$

C.  $+\frac{1}{4}$

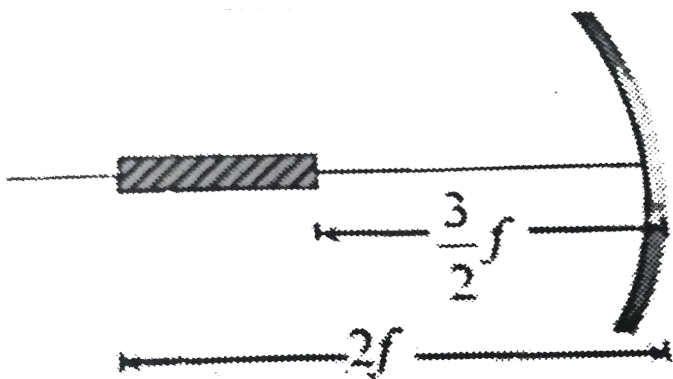
D.  $-\frac{1}{4}$

**Answer: B**



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15. A linear object is placed along the axis of a mirror as shown in figure. If 'f' is the focal length of the mirror then the length of image is-



A.  $\frac{(2f)}{3}$

B.  $f$

C.  $\frac{f}{3}$

D. none

**Answer: B**



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**16.** Radar waves are sent towards a moving aeroplane and the reflected waves are received by radar . When aero

A. sound waves

B. light waves

C. radio waves

D. microwaves

**Answer: D**



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**17.** In a p- n junction diode not connected to any circuit,

A. the potential is the same everywhere

B. the p - type side is at a higher potential  
than the n - type side

C. there is an electric field at the junction  
directed from the n - side to the p - side

D. there is an electric field at the junction  
directed from the p - type side to the n -  
type side

**Answer: C**



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**18.** If masses of all molecules of a gas are halved and the speed doubled. Then the ratio of initial and final pressure is :

A. 1 : 2

B. 2 : 1

C. 4 : 1

D. 1 : 4

**Answer: A**



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**19.** A screw gauge with a pitch of  $0.5\text{mm}$  and a circular scale with 50 divisions is used to measure the thickness of a thin sheet of Aluminium. Before starting the measurement, it is found that when the jaws of the screw gauge are brought in contact, the  $45^{\text{th}}$  division coincide with the main scale line and the zero of the main scale is barely visible. What is the thickness of the sheet if the main scale reading is  $0.5\text{mm}$  and the  $25^{\text{th}}$  division coincide with the main scale line?

A. 0.70 mm

B. 0.50 mm

C. 0.75 mm

D. 0.80 mm

**Answer: D**



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**20.** If a man of mass  $M$  jumps to the ground from a height  $h$  and his centre of mass moves a distance  $x$  in the time taken by him to 'hit'

the ground the average force acting on him (assuming his retardation to be constant during his impact with the ground) is :

A.  $\frac{Mgh}{x}$

B.  $\frac{Mgx}{h}$

C.  $Mg\left(\frac{h}{x}\right)^2$

D.  $Mg\left(\frac{x}{h}\right)^2$

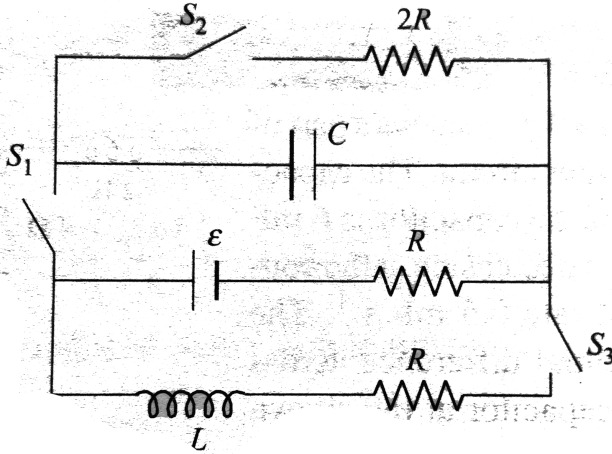
**Answer: A**



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21. In the given circuit, initially switch  $S_1$  is closed, and  $S_2$  and  $S_3$  are open. After charging of capacitor, at  $t = 0$ ,  $S_1$  is opened and  $S_2$  and  $S_3$  are closed. If the relation between inductance, capacitance and resistance is  $L = 4CR^2$ , then find the time (in s) after which current passing through capacitor and inductor will be same (given

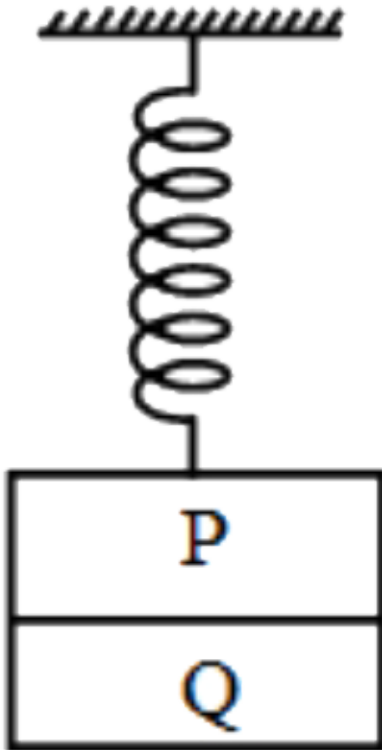
$$R = 2m\Omega, L = 2mH)$$



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22. Two blocks P and Q of masses 0.3 kg and 0.4 kg respectively are stuck to each other by some weak glue as shown in the figure. They hand together at the end of a spring with a

spring constant  $k = 200 \text{ N m}^{-1}$ . The block Q suddenly falls free due to failure of glue, then find the maximum kinetic energy of the block P during subsequent motion (in mJ).

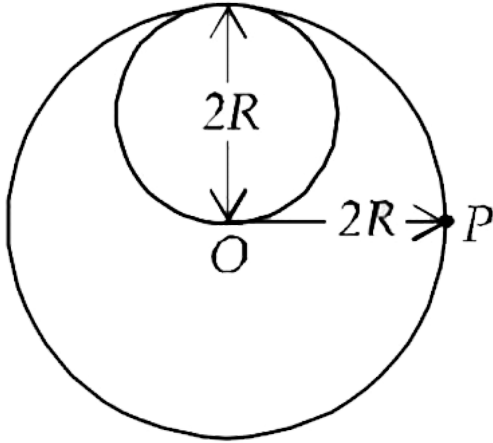




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**23.** A lamina is made by removing a small disc of diameter  $2R$  from a bigger disc of uniform mass density and radius  $2R$ , as shown in the figure. The moment of inertia of this lamina about axes passing through  $O$  and  $P$  is  $I_O$  and  $I_P$  respectively. Both these axes are perpendicular to the plane of the lamina. The

ratio  $\frac{I_P}{I_O}$  of the nearest integer is



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**24.** A conducting ring of circular cross - section with inner and outer radii  $a$  and  $b$  is made out of a material of resistivity  $\rho$ . The thickness of the ring is  $h$ . It is placed coaxially in a vertical

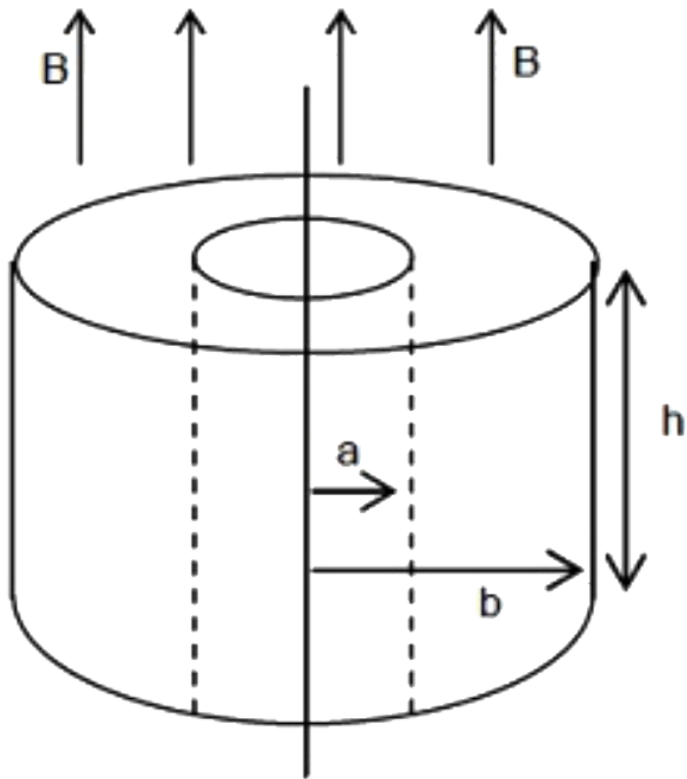


cylindrical region of a magnetic field  $B = krt$ .

Where  $k$  is a positive constant,  $r$  is the distance from the axis and  $t$  is the time. If the current through the ring is

$$I = \left( \frac{kh}{\alpha p} \right) [b^3 - a^3], \text{ then what is the value}$$

of  $\alpha$ ?



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25. Earth is moving towards a fixed star with a velocity of  $30\text{km s}^{-1}$ . An observer on earth observes a shift of  $0.58\text{\AA}$  in wavelength of light coming from star. What is the actual wavelength of light emitted by star ?



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