



# PHYSICS

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

### NTA NEET SET 113

#### Physics

1. In Bohr's model of the hydrogen atom, which of the following pairs of quantities are quantized?

- A. Energy and linear momentum
- B. Linear and angular momentum
- C. Energy and angular momentum
- D. None of the above

**Answer: C**



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2. The wavelength of light emitted from second orbit to first orbits in a hydrogen atom is

A.  $6563\text{\AA}$

B.  $4102\text{\AA}$

C.  $4861\text{\AA}$

D.  $1215\text{\AA}$

**Answer: D**



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**3.** A thin circular ring of mass  $m$  and radius  $R$  is rotating about its axis perpendicular to the plane of the ring with a constant angular

velocity  $\omega$ . Two point particles each of mass  $M$  are attached gently to the opposite end of a diameter of the ring. The ring now rotates, with an angular velocity  $\frac{\omega}{2}$ . Then the ratio  $\frac{m}{M}$  is

A. 1

B. 2

C.  $\frac{1}{2}$

D.  $\sqrt{2}$

**Answer: B**



4. Four identical spheres each of radius 10 cm and mass 1 kg are placed on a horizontal surface touching one another so that their centres are located at the corners of square of side 20 cm. What is the distance of their centre of mass from centre of either sphere ?

A. 5 cm

B. 10 cm

C. 20 cm

D.  $10\sqrt{2}cm$

**Answer: D**

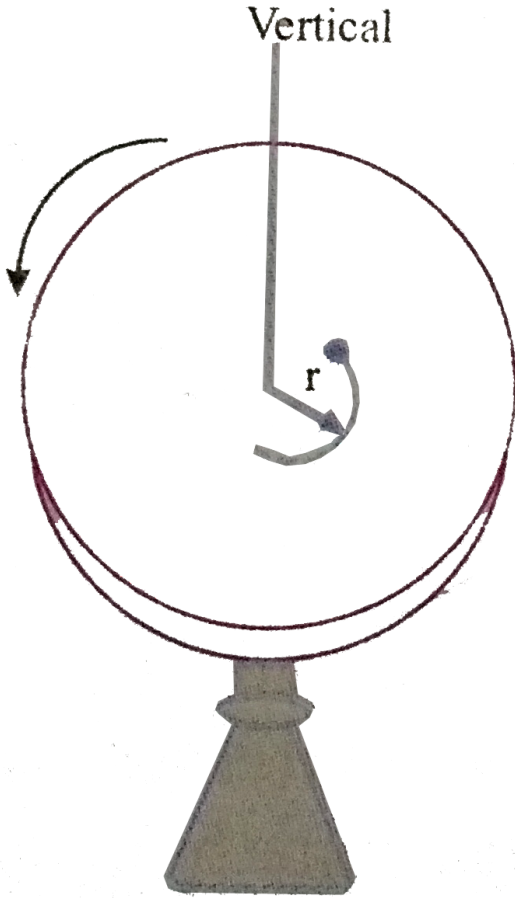


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5. A small coin of mass  $80g$  is placed on the horizontal surface of a rotating disc. The disc starts from rest and is given a constant angular acceleration  $\alpha = 2rad/s^2$ . The coefficient of static friction between the coin and the disc is  $\mu_s = 3/4$  and coefficient of

kinetic friction is  $\mu_k = 0.5$ . The coin is placed at a distance  $r = 1\text{m}$  from the centre of the disc. The magnitude of the resultant force on the coin exerted by the disc just before it

starts slipping on the disc is



A. 0.2 N

B. 0.3 N



C. 0.4 N

D. 0.5 N

**Answer: D**



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6. A short bar magnet of moment  $0.32 \text{ JT}^{-1}$  is placed in a uniform external magnetic field of  $0.15 \text{ T}$ , if the bar is free to rotate in the plane of the field, which orientations would correspond to its, (i) stable and (ii) unstable

equilibrium? What is the potential energy of the magnet in each case?

A.  $4.8 \times 10^{-2} J$

B.  $9.6 \times 10^{-2} J$

C.  $2.4 \times 10^{-2} J$

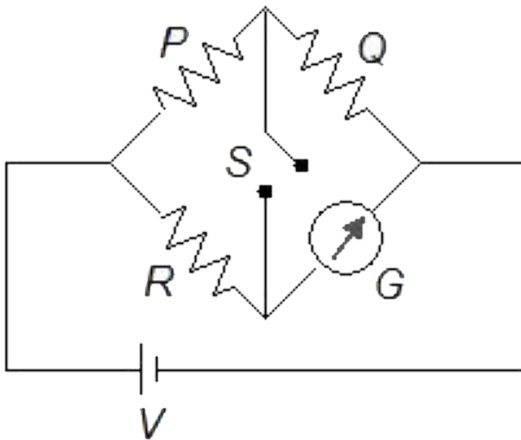
D.  $1.2 \times 10^{-2} J$

**Answer: A**



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7. In the circuit shown as  $P \neq R$  and the reading of the galvanometer  $G$  is same with the switch open or closer. Then



A.  $I_R = I_G$

B.  $I_P = I_G$

C.  $I_Q = I_G$

$$D. I_Q = I_R$$

**Answer: A**



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**8.** The ratio of voltage sensitivity ( $V_S$ ) and current sensitivity ( $I_S$ ) of a moving coil galvanometer is

A.  $\frac{1}{G}$

B.  $\frac{1}{G^2}$

C.  $G$

D.  $G^2$

**Answer: A**



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9. A wire of length  $l$  is formed into a circular loop of one turn only and is suspended in a magnetic field  $B$ . When a current  $i$  is passed through the loop, the maximum torque experienced by it is

A.  $\left(\frac{1}{4\pi}\right)BIl^2$

B.  $\left(\frac{1}{4\pi}\right)BI^2l$

C.  $\left(\frac{1}{4\pi}\right)BIl$

D.  $\left(\frac{1}{4\pi}\right)B^2Il$

**Answer: A**



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**10.** In series LCR circuit  $R = 18\Omega$  and impedance is  $33\Omega$ . An  $V_{rms}$  voltage  $220V$  is

applied across the circuit . The true power consumed in AC circuit is

A. 220 W

B. 400 W

C. 600 W

D. 800 W

**Answer: D**



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11. A parallel plate air capacitor has a capacitance  $C$ . When it is half filled with a dielectric of dielectric constant 5, the percentage increase in the capacitance will be

A. 4

B. 66.6 %

C. 33.3 %

D. 200 %

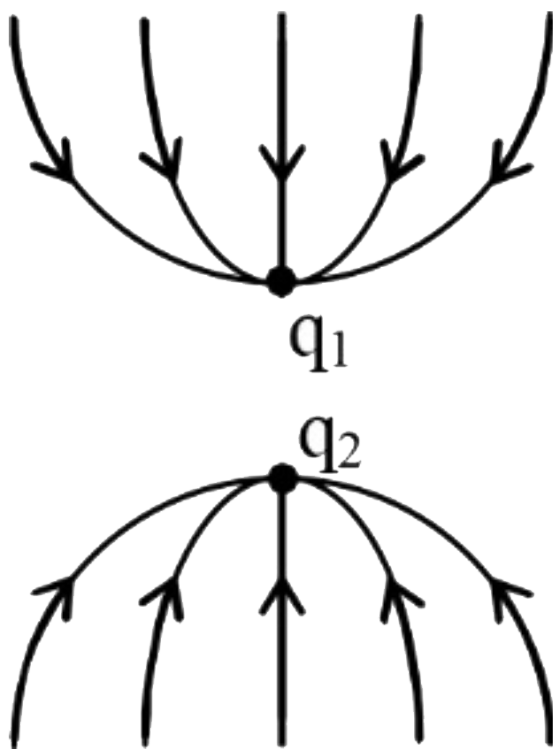
**Answer: B**



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12. In the adjoining figure, the electric field lines for charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are shown. Identify the sign of the charges.



A. both negative

B. upper charge is negatively and lower is positive

C. both positive

D. upper charge is positive and lower is negative

**Answer: A**



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13. When a body is taken from the equator to the poles, its weight

A. Remains same

B. Increases

C. decreases

D. Increase at N-pole & decreases at S-pole

**Answer: B**



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14. Two particles of masses 'm' and '9m' are separated by a distance 'r'. At a point on the line joining them the gravitational field is zero. The gravitational potential at that point is (G = Universal constant of gravitation)

A.  $-\frac{4Gm}{r}$

B.  $-\frac{8Gm}{r}$

C.  $-\frac{16Gm}{r}$

D.  $-\frac{32Gm}{r}$

**Answer: C**





15. A body takes  $T$  minutes to cool from  $62^\circ C$  to  $61^\circ C$  when the surrounding temperature is  $30^\circ C$ . The time taken by the body to cool from  $46^\circ C$  to  $45.5^\circ C$  is

- A. Greater than  $T$  minutes
- B. Equal to  $T$  minutes
- C. Less than  $T$  minutes
- D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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**16.** In a Carnot engine when  $T_2 = 0^\circ C$  and  $T_1 = 200^\circ C$  its efficiency is  $\eta_1$  and when  $T_1 = 0^\circ C$  and  $T_2 = -200^\circ C$ . Its efficiency is  $\eta_2$ , then what is  $\eta_1 / \eta_2$ ?

A. 0.577

B. 0.733

C. 0.638

D. Cannot be calculated

**Answer: A**



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17. A fixed mass of a gas is first heated isobarically to double the volume and then cooled isochorically to decrease the temperature back to the initial value. By what factor would the work done by the gas be decreased, had the process been isothermal?

A. 2

B.  $\frac{1}{2}$

C.  $\ln 2$

D.  $\ln 3$

**Answer: C**



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**18.** A current-carrying straight wire is kept along the axis of a circular loop carrying a current. The straight wire



A. Will exert an inward force on the circular loop

B. Will exert an outward force on the circular loop

C. Will exert a force on a circular loop parallel to itself

D. Will not exert any force on the circular loop

**Answer: D**



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19. The force between two parallel current carrying wires is independent of

A. their distance of separation

B. the length of the wire

C. the magnitude of currents

D. the radii of the wire

**Answer: D**



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20. A ball  $A$  is thrown up vertically with a speed  $u$  and at the same instant another ball  $B$  is released from a height  $h$ . At time  $t$ , the speed  $A$  relative to  $B$  is

A.  $u$

B.  $u - 2gt$

C.  $\sqrt{u^2 - 2gh}$

D.  $u - gt$

**Answer: B**



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21. The maximum height attained by a projectile when thrown at an angle  $\theta$  with the horizontal is found to be half the horizontal range. Then  $\theta$  is equal to

A.  $\tan^{-1}(2)$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

C.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

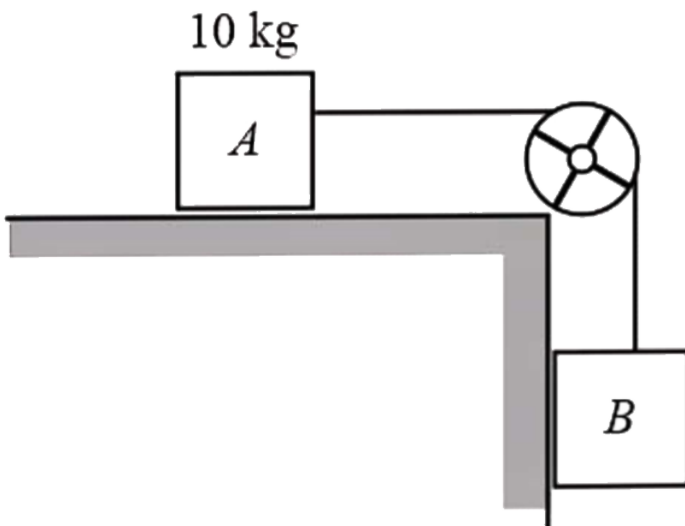
D.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

**Answer: A**



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22. If the mass of  $A=10$  kg, coefficient of static friction  $=0.22$ , coefficient of kinetic friction  $=0.2$ , then minimum mass of  $B$  to start motion is



A. 2kg

B. 2.2kg

C. 4.8kg

D. 3.4kg

**Answer: B**



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**23.** A block moves down a smooth inclined plane of inclination  $\theta$ . Its velocity on reaching the bottom is  $v$ . If it slides down a rough

inclined plane of some inclination, its velocity on reaching the bottom is  $v/n$ , where  $n$  is a number greater than 0. The coefficient of friction is given by -

A.  $\mu = \tan \theta \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)$

B.  $\mu = \cot \theta \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)$

C.  $\mu = \tan \theta \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^{1/2}$

D.  $\mu = \cot \theta \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n^2} \right)^{1/2}$

**Answer: A**



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24. For pair production i.e. for the production of electron and positron, the incident photon must have a minimum frequency of the order of

A.  $10^{18} \text{ s}^{-1}$

B.  $10^{21} \text{ s}^{-1}$

C.  $10^{25} \text{ s}^{-1}$

D.  $10^{30} \text{ s}^{-1}$

**Answer: B**





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25. which a  $U^{238}$  nucleus original at rest , decay by emitting an alpha particle having a speed  $u$  , the recoil speed of the residual nucleus is

A.  $\frac{2u}{238}$

B.  $\frac{3u}{234}$

C.  $\frac{4u}{234}$

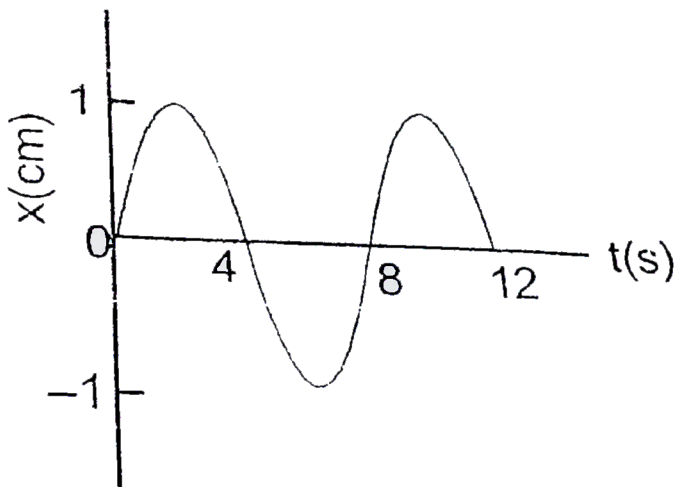
D.  $\frac{5u}{238}$

**Answer: C**



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**26.** The  $x - t$  graph of a particle undergoing simple harmonic motion is shown below. The acceleration of the particle at  $t = 4/3s$  is



A.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{32} \pi^2 \text{cm s}^{-2}$

B.  $-\frac{\pi^2}{32} \text{cm s}^{-2}$

C.  $\frac{\pi^2}{32} \text{cm s}^{-2}$

D.  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{32} \pi^2 \text{cm s}^{-2}$

**Answer: D**



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**27.** Two springs are joined and attached to a mass of 16 kg. The system is then suspended vertically from a rigid support. The spring

constant of the two spring are  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  respectively. The period of vertical oscillations of the system will be

A.  $8\pi \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{k_1 k_2}}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{k_2}}$

C.  $\sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{8\pi}}$

D.  $\pi \sqrt{\frac{k_1 - k_2}{2}}$

**Answer: A**



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28. A particle is dropped from a height  $H$ . The de Broglie wavelength of the particle as a function of height is proportional to

A.  $H^{-1/2}$

B.  $H^0$

C.  $H^{1/2}$

D.  $H$

**Answer: A**



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29. The wavelength of de-Broglie wave associated with a thermal neutron of mass  $m$  at absolute temperature  $T$  is given by (here,  $k$  is the Boltzmann constant)

A.  $\frac{h}{\sqrt{2mkT}}$

B.  $\frac{h}{\sqrt{mkT}}$

C.  $\frac{h}{\sqrt{3mkT}}$

D.  $\frac{h}{2\sqrt{mkT}}$

**Answer: C**



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30. Bernoulli's theorem is a consequence of the law of conservation of

A. Angular momentum

B. Mass

C. Energy

D. Momentum

**Answer: C**



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31. A metal rod of length 'L' and cross-sectional area 'A' is heated through ' $T$ ' $^{\circ}$  C. What is the force required to prevent the expansion of the rod lengthwise ?

A.  $\frac{Y A \alpha T}{(1 - \alpha T)}$

B.  $\frac{Y A \alpha T}{(1 + \alpha T)}$

C.  $\frac{(1 - \alpha T)}{Y A \alpha T}$

D.  $\frac{(1 + \alpha T)}{Y A \alpha T}$

**Answer: B**





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32. Two plano-convex lenses of focal lengths 20cm and 30cm are placed together to form a double convex lens. The final focal length will be

- A. 12 cm
- B. 60 cm
- C. 20 cm
- D. 30 cm

**Answer: A**



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**33.** A linear object of height 10 cm is kept in front of concave mirror of radius of curvature 15 cm, at distance of 10 cm. The image formed is

- A. Magnified and erect
- B. Magnified and inverted
- C. Diminished and erect

D. Diminished and inverted

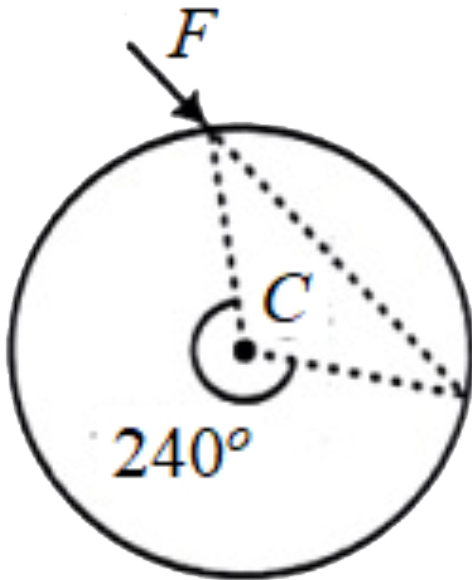
**Answer: B**



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**34.** A uniform disc of mass  $M$  and radius  $R$  is hinged at its centre  $C$ . A force  $F$  is applied on the disc as shown. At this instant, the angular

acceleration of the disc is



A.  $\sqrt{3} \frac{F}{MR}$

B.  $\frac{F}{MR}$

C.  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{F}{MR}$

D.  $\frac{F}{2MR}$

**Answer: B**



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**35.** A solid cylinder is rolling without slipping down an inclined plane. Then its angular momentum is :

- A. Conserved about COM of the cylinder
- B. Conserved about point of contact
- C. Conserved about all the points
- D. Not conserved about any point

**Answer: D**



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**36.** The energy gap in case of which of the following is maximum?

A. Germanium

B. Iron

C. Copper

D. Aluminium

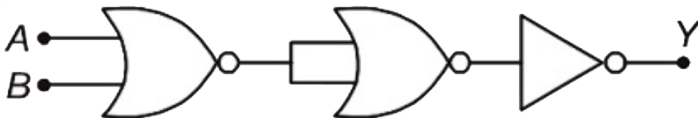
**Answer: A**



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**37.** The given electrical network is equivalent to

to



A. AND gate

B. OR gate

C. NOR gate

D. NOT gate

**Answer: C**



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**38.** A copper rod of length  $l_0$  at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is placed on smooth surface. Now, the rod is heated upto  $100^\circ\text{C}$ . Find the longitudinal strain developed.

( $\alpha$ =coefficient of linear expansion)

A. 
$$\frac{100 - \alpha}{l_0 + 100l_0\alpha}$$



B.  $100\alpha$

C. Zero

D. None of these

**Answer: C**



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**39.** If force, length and time are taken as fundamental units, then the dimensions of mass will be

A.  $[FLT^{-2}]$

B.  $[FL^{-2}T^{-1}]$

C.  $[FL^{-1}T^2]$

D.  $[F^2LT^{-2}]$

**Answer: C**



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**40.** Two identical light waves having phase difference ' $\phi$ ' propagate in same direction.

When they superpose, the intensity of resultant wave is proportional to

A.  $\cos^2 \phi$

B.  $\frac{\cos^2(\phi)}{2}$

C.  $\frac{\cos^2(\phi)}{3}$

D.  $\frac{\cos^2(\phi)}{4}$

**Answer: B**



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**41.** The fringes produce in diffraction pattern are of

A. Are of equal width

B. Are of unequal width

C. Having equal intensity for bright fringes

D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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**42.** A string has a length of 5 cm between fixed points and has a fundamental frequency of 20 Hz. What is the frequency of the second overtone?

A. 40 Hz

B. 50 Hz

C. 60 Hz

D. 30 Hz

**Answer: C**



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**43.** The equation of a sound wave is  $y = 0.0015 \sin(62.4x + 316t)$  the wavelength of this wave is

A. 0.2 unit

B. 0.1 unit

C. 0.3 unit

D. 0.4 unit

**Answer: B**



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44. Two men with weights in the ratio 4:3 run up a staircase in time in the ratio 12:11. The ratio of power of the first to that of second is

A.  $\frac{4}{3}$

B.  $\frac{12}{11}$

C.  $\frac{48}{33}$

D.  $\frac{11}{9}$

**Answer: D**



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45. A force  $F = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$  Newton displaces the body by  $s = 3\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$  meter in 2s. The power generated will be

A. 11 W

B. 6 W

C. 22 W

D. 12 W

**Answer: B**





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