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# PHYSICS

# **BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS**

# NTA NEET SET 30



**1.** If alpha, beta and gamma rays carry same momentum, which has the longest wavelength

A. Alpha rays

B. Beta rays

C. Gamma rays

D. None, all have the same wavelength

Answer: D

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**2.** The voltage applied to the Coolidge X-ray tube is increased by 25%. As a result the short wave limit of continuous X-ray spectrum shifts

by  $\Delta\lambda$ . The initial voltage applied to the tube

is

A. 
$$\frac{hc}{4e\Delta\lambda}$$
B. 
$$\frac{hc}{5e\Delta\lambda}$$
C. 
$$\frac{4hc}{5e\Delta\lambda}$$
D. 
$$\frac{5hc}{4e\Delta\lambda}$$

Answer: B



**3.** A non–uniform thin rod of length L is placed along x-axis as such its one of ends at the origin. The linear mass density of rod is  $\lambda = \lambda_0 x$ . The distance of centre of mass of rod from the origin is :

A. 
$$\frac{L}{2}$$
  
B.  $\frac{2L}{3}$   
C.  $\frac{L}{4}$   
D.  $\frac{L}{5}$ 

Answer: B



**4.** The distance of the centre of mass of a hemispherical shell of radius R from its centre is

A. 
$$\frac{R}{2}$$
  
B.  $\frac{R}{3}$   
C.  $\frac{2R}{2}$   
D.  $\frac{2R}{3}$ 





5. A stone of mass 0.3kg attched to a 1.5m long stirng is whirled around in a horizontal cirlcle at a speed of 6 m/s The tension in the string is

A. 10 N

B. 20 N

C. 7.2 N

D. none of these

### Answer: C



properties to

A. Filled inner subshells

B. Vacant inner subshells

C. Partially filled inner subshells

D. all the subshells are equally filled

### Answer: C



7. For a cell terminal potential difference is 2.2 V when circuit is open and reduces to 1.8V when cell is connected to a resistance of R=5 $\Omega$ then determine internal resistance of cell is:-

A. 
$$\frac{10}{9}\Omega$$
  
B.  $\frac{9}{10}\Omega$   
C.  $\frac{11}{9}\Omega$ 

D.  $\frac{5}{9}\Omega$ 

Answer: A

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8. If the length of potentiometer wire is increased, then the accuracy in the determination of null point

A. decrease

B. increase

C. remains unaffected

D. none of these

Answer: B



9. The capacitive reactance in an A.C. circuit is

A. effective resistance due to capacitor

B. effective wattage

C. effective voltage

D. none of the above

Answer: A

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**10.** A solid metal cube of edge length 2 cm is moving in a positive y-direction at a constant speed of 6 m/s. There is a uniform magnetic field of 0.1 T in the positive z-direction. The potential difference between the two faces of the cube perpendicular to the x-axis, is : A. 12 mV

B.1 mV

C. 2 mV

D. 6 mV

Answer: A

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**11.** Charges are placed at the corners of a square of side a as shown in the following figure. The charged particle placed at A is in

equilibrium. The ratio  $\displaystyle rac{q_1}{q_2}$  is



A. 1

B.  $2\sqrt{2}$ 

$$\mathsf{C}.\,\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

D.  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

### Answer: B

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**12.** The position of the point where the net electric field will be zero is



### A. 2a from 4Q

B. a/2from -Q

C.2a from - Q

D. neutral point is not possible

Answer: A

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**13.** Acceleration due to gravity is 'g' on the surface of the earth. The value of acceleration due to gravity at a height of 32 km above

earth's surface is (Radius of the earth = 6400

km)

A. 0.99 g

B. 0.8g

C. 1.01 g

D. 0.9 g

Answer: A



14. The ratio of the radii of the planets  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  is k. the ratio of the acceleration due to gravity is r. the ratio of the escape velocities from them will be

A. ab

B.  $\sqrt{ab}$ 

 $\mathsf{C}. ab^2$ 

D.  $a^2b$ 

#### **Answer: B**



**15.** Two cylinders P and Q have the same length and diameter and are made of different materials having thermal conductivities in the ratio 2 : 3. These two cylinders are combined to make a cylinder. One end of P is kept at  $100\,\degree C$  and another end of Q at  $0\,\degree C$  . The temperature at the interface of P and Q is

A.  $40^{\,\circ}\,C$ 

B.  $50^{\circ}C$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,60^{\,\circ}\,C$ 

D.  $70^{\circ}C$ 

### Answer: A



**16.** One mole of an ideal monoatomic gas at  $27^{\circ}C$  is subjected to a reversible isoentropic compression until the temperature reached to  $327^{\circ}C$ . If the initial pressure was 1.0atm, then

find the value of in  $P_2$ 

(Given  $: \ln 2 = 0.7)$ 

A. 1.75

B. 0.176

C. 1.0395

 $\mathsf{D}.\,2.0$ 

Answer: A



17. A carnot engine has the same efficiency between (i) 100 K and 500 K and (ii) T and 900 K. Find T.

A. 180 K

B. 90 K

C. 270 K

D. 360 K

Answer: A



**18.** The temperature of 5mol of gas which was held at constant volume was change from  $100^{\circ}C$  to  $120^{\circ}C$ . The change in internal energy was found to be 80J. The total heat capacity of the gas at constant volume will be equal to

A. 8

B. 4

C. 0.8

D. 0.4

### Answer: B



**19.** A conducting ring of radius r having charge q is rotating with angular velocity  $\omega$  about its axes. Find the magnetic field at the centre of

## the ring.



A. 
$$\frac{\mu_0 q\omega}{2\pi R}$$
  
B. 
$$\frac{\mu_0 q\omega}{\pi R}$$
  
C. 
$$\frac{\mu_0 q\omega}{4\pi R}$$

D. zero

### Answer: C



**20.** A closed loop PQRS carrying a current is place in a uniform magnetic forces on segments PS, SR and RQ are  $F_1$ ,  $F_2$  and  $F_3$ respectively and are in the plane of the paper and along the directions shown, the force on

### the segment QP is



A. 
$$\sqrt{\left(F_{3}-F_{1}
ight)^{2}-F_{2}^{2}}$$

B.  $F_3 - F_1 + F_2$ 

C.  $F_3 - F_1 - F_2$ 

D. 
$$\sqrt{\left(F_{3}-F_{1}
ight)^{2}+F_{2}^{2}}$$

### Answer: D



**21.** A body moves speed  $V_1$  for distance L and then with speed  $V_2$  for distance 2L. The average speed for the motion is

A. 
$$rac{V_1+V_2}{2}$$
  
B.  $rac{3V_1V_2}{V_1+2V_2}$   
C.  $rac{3V_1V_2}{2V_1+V_2}$   
D.  $rac{3V_1V_2}{V_1+V_2}$ 

### Answer: C



22. A ball is suspended by a thread from the ceiling of a tram car. The brakes are applied and the speed of the car changes uniformly from  $36kmh^{-1}$  to zero is 5s. The angle by which the ball deviates from the vertical is  $(g = 10ms^{-2})$ .

A. 
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

B. 
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$$
  
C.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$   
D.  $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ 

### Answer: C

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**23.** A mass M is suspended by a rope from a rigid support at A as shown in figure. Another rope is tied at the end B, and it is pulled horizontally with a force. If the rope AB makes

an angle  $\theta$  with the vertical in equilibrium then

the tension in the string AB is



A.  $F\sin heta$ 

B. 
$$\frac{F}{\sin\theta}$$

C.  $F\cos\theta$ 

D. 
$$\frac{F}{\cos \theta}$$

### Answer: B



**24.** Binding energy per nucleons vs mass curve for nucleus is shown in the figure W, X, Y and Z are four nuclei indicated on the curve . The process that would release energy is



A. Y 
ightarrow 2z

#### $\mathsf{B}.\,W\to X+Z$

### ${\rm C.}\,W\to 2Y$

 $\mathrm{D.}\, X \to Y + Z$ 

#### Answer: C

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**25.** An isotope decays to  $1/16^{th}$  of its mass in 1h. What is the half-life period of the isotope?

A. 15 min

B. 30 min

C. 12 min

D. 10 min

**Answer: A** 

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26. Two bodies P and Q of equal masses are suspended from two separate massless springs of force constants  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  respectively. If the two bodies oscillate vertically such that their maximum velocities are equal. The ratio of the amplitude of P to that of Q is

A. 
$$\sqrt{rac{k_1}{k_2}}$$
  
B.  $\sqrt{rac{k_2}{k_1}}$   
C.  $rac{k_1}{k_2}$   
D.  $rac{k_2}{k_1}$ 

### Answer: B



**27.** Two simple harmonic are represented by the equation  $(\pi)$ 

$$y_1 = 0.1 \sin \Bigl( 100 \pi + rac{\pi}{3} \Bigr) \; ext{ and } \; y_2 = 0.1 \cos \pi t$$

The phase difference of the velocity of particle 1 with respect to the velocity of particle 2 is.

A. 
$$\frac{-\pi}{3}$$
  
B.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$   
C.  $\frac{-\pi}{6}$   
D.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ 

### Answer: C



**28.** When a metallic surface is illuminated with monochromatic light of wavelength  $\lambda$ , the stopping potential is  $5V_0$ . When the same surface is illuminated with light of wavelength  $3\lambda$ , the stopping potential is  $V_0$ . Then the work function of the metallic surface is:

A. 
$$\frac{hc}{6\lambda}$$

B. 
$$\frac{hc}{5\lambda}$$
  
C.  $\frac{hc}{3\lambda}$   
D.  $\frac{hc}{4\lambda}$ 

### Answer: A

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**29.** The work function of a surface of a photosensitive material is 6.2eV. The wavelength of the incident radiation for which the stopping potential is 5V lies in the

A. ultraviolet region

B. visible region

C. infrared region

D. x-rays region

Answer: A

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**30.** Water rises in a vertical capillary tube up

to a height of 2.0 cm. If the tube is inclined at

an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  with the vertical, then up to

what length the water will rise in the tube ?

A. 2.0 cm

B. 4. 0 cm

C. 6. 0 cm

D. 8. 0 cm

Answer: B



**31.** The speed of a ball of radius 2 cm in a viscous liquid is 20 cm/s. Then the speed of ball of radius I cm in the same liquid is

A. 
$$5 cm s^{-1}$$

- B.  $10 cm s^{-1}$
- C.  $40 cm s^{-1}$
- D.  $80 cm s^{-1}$

### Answer: A



**32.** Two plane mirrors are placed at some angle. There are five images formed when an object is placed symmetrically between them . Find the angle between the mirrors.

A.  $60^{\,\circ}$ 

B.  $45^{\,\circ}$ 

C.  $30^{\circ}$ 

D.  $90^{\circ}$ 

Answer: A

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**33.** The graph in Fig. shows how the inverse of magnification 1/m produced by a convex thin lens varies with object distance u. What was the focal length of the lens used ?



B. 
$$\frac{bc}{a}$$
  
C.  $\frac{c}{b}$   
D.  $\frac{b}{c}$ 

### Answer: C

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### 34. A bullet of mass m hits a block of mass M.

The transfer of energy is maximum when

A. M' = M

B. M' = 2 M

C. M' It It M

D. M' gt gt M

Answer: A

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**35.** A thin uniform circular disc of mass M and radius R is rotating in a horizontal plane about an axis passing through its centre and perpendicular to its plane with an angular

velocity  $\omega$  . Another disc of same dimensions but of mass  $\frac{1}{4}$  M is placed gently on the first disc co-axially. The angular velocity of the system is

A. 
$$\sqrt{2}\omega$$
  
B.  $\frac{4}{5}\omega$   
C.  $\frac{3}{4}\omega$   
D.  $\frac{1}{3}\omega$ 

### Answer: B

**36.** A silicon diode has a threshold voltage of 0.7 V. If an input voltage given by  $2\sin(\pi t)$  is supplied to a half wave rectifier circuit using this diode, the rectified output has a peak value of

A. 2 V

B. 1.4 V

C. 1.3 V

D. 0.7 V

### Answer: C



A. 0, 1

B. 1, 1

C. 1, 0

D. 0, 0

### Answer: C

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# **38.** In the following circuit of PN junction diodes $D_1, D_2$ and $D_3$ are ideal then i is





D. zero

### Answer: C



**39.** The molecules of a given mass of gas have an rms velocity of 200ms(-1) at  $27^{\circ}C$  and pressure 1 atm. When the temperature is  $127^{\circ}C$  and pressure is 2 atm, the rms velocity in  $ms^{-1}$  will be ?

A. 
$$\frac{100\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,100\sqrt{2}$ 

C. 
$$\frac{400}{\sqrt{3}}$$

D. None of these

### Answer: C



**40.** Water falls from a height 500m, what is the rise in temperature of water at bottom if whole energy remains in the water ? (J = 4.2)

A.  $0.23^{\,\circ}\,C$ 

B.  $1.16^{\circ}C$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\, 0.96^{\,\circ}\, C$ 

### D. $1.02^{\,\circ}\,C$

### Answer: B

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**41.** The frequency f of vibrations of a mass m suspended from a spring of spring constant k is given by  $f = Cm^x k^y$ , where C is a dimensionnless constant. The values of x and y are, respectively,

A. 
$$\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$$

B. 
$$-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$$
  
C.  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$   
D.  $-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$ 

### Answer: B



**42.** The  $I^{st}$  diffraction minimum due to single slit diffraction is  $\theta$ , for a light of wave length 5000Å. If the width of the slit si  $1 \times 10^{-4} cm$  then the value of  $\theta$ 

A.  $30^{\,\circ}$ 

B.  $45^{\,\circ}$ 

C.  $60^{\circ}$ 

D.  $15^{\circ}$ 

Answer: A



**43.** A clear sheet of polaroid is placed on the

top of similar sheet so that their axes make an

angle  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$  with each other. The ratio of

intensity of the emergent light to that of

unpolarised incident light is

A. 16:25

B. 9:25

C.4:5

D. 8:25

#### Answer: D

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**44.** If velocity of a galaxy relative to earth is  $1.2 \times 10^6 m s^{-2}$  then percentage increase in wavelength of light from galaxy as compared to the similar source on earth will be :

A. 0.3~%

 $\mathsf{B.}\,0.4\,\%$ 

C. 0.5~%

D. 0.6~%

### Answer: B

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**45.** The displacement x of a body of mass 1 kg on a horizontal smooth surface as a function of time t is given by  $x = \frac{t^4}{4}$ . The work done in the first second is

A. 
$$\frac{1}{4}J$$
  
B.  $\frac{1}{2}J$   
C.  $\frac{3}{4}J$   
D.  $\frac{5}{4}J$ 

Answer: B

