



PHYSICS

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NTA NEET SET 73

Physics

1. The ratio between total acceleration of the electron in singly ionized helium atom and hydrogen atom (both in ground state) is

B. 8

C. 4

D. 16

Answer: B



2. In Mosley's equation , $\sqrt{v} = a(Z - b)$ which was derived from the observations made during the bombardment of the metal target with X - rays

A. a is independent but b depends on the metal

B. Both a and b are independent of the metal

C. Both a and b depends on the metal

D. b is independent but a depends on the metal

Answer: B



3. A thin rod of length L is lying along the x-axis with its ends at x = 0 and x = L. Its linear density (mass/length) varies with x as $k \left(\frac{x}{L}\right)^n$ where n can be zero or any positive number. If the position X_{CM} of the centre of mass of the rod is plotted against n, which of the following graphs best approximates the dependence of X_{CM} on n?









Answer: B



4. Statement-1: Two particles of mass 1 kg and 3 kg move towards each other under their mutual force of attraction. No other force acts on them. When the relative velocity of approach of the two particles is 2m/s, their centre of mass has a velocity of 0.5m/s. When the relative velocity of approach becomes 3m/s the velocity of the centre of mass is 0.75m/s.

Statement-2: The total kinetic energy as seen from ground is $\frac{1}{2}\mu v_{rel}^2 + \frac{1}{2}mv_c^2$ and in absence of external force, total energy remains conserved.

A. $0.75 m s^{-1}$

B. $0.5 m s^{-1}$

C.
$$10ms^{-1}$$

D. $1.25 m s^{-1}$

Answer: B



5. A small block is shot into each of the four tracks as shown below. Each of the tracks rises to the same height. The speed with which the block enters the track is the same in all cases. At the highest point of the track, the normal reaction is maximum in



B. ____→



Answer: A



6. The ratio of angular speeds of minute hand and hour

hand of a watch is

A. 1:12

B. 12:1

C. 6:1

D. 1:6

Answer: B



7. An immersion heater with electrical resistance 7Ω is immersed in 0.1 kg of water at $20^{\circ}C$ for 3 min. If the flow of current is 4 A , what is the final temperature of the water assuming whole of heat produced is consumed in water. (Specific heat capacity of water = $4.2 \times 10^3 Jkg^{-1}K^{-1}$)

 $\mathsf{B.}\,48\circ C$

A. $28^{\,\circ}\,C$

C. $52^{\circ}C$

D. $68^\circ C$

Answer: D

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3-2-1 0

8. Shown below is a graph of current versus applied voltage for a diode . Approximately , what is the resistance of the diode for an applied voltage of -1V? Current (A) $3 \\ 2 \\ 1$

1 2 3 Voltage (V)

A. 2Ω

B. ∞

C. Zero

D. 1Ω

Answer: B

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9. Can moving coil galvanometer be used to detect an

a.c. in a circuit? Give reason.

A. The coil bends easily

B. The coil heats up too much

C. Sparks can be produced

D. The net magnetic field produced is zero

Answer: D

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10. Which particle will have minimum frequency of revolution when projected with the same velocity perpendicular to a magnetic field ?

A. Li^+

B. Electron

C. Proton

D. He^+

Answer: A



11. If a charged spherical conductor of radius 10cm has potential V at a point distant 5cm from its centre, then the potential at a point distant 15cm from the centre will be

A.
$$\frac{1}{3}V$$

B. $\frac{2}{3}V$
C. $\frac{3}{2}V$

D. 3V

Answer: B



12. Find the force of interaction of two dipoles , if the two dipole moments are parallel to each other and placed at a distance x apart



A.
$$\frac{3p_1p_2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 x^4}$$
B.
$$\frac{p_1p_2}{2\pi\varepsilon_0 x^4}$$
C.
$$\frac{p_1p_2}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 x^4}$$
D.
$$\frac{p_1p_2}{3\pi\varepsilon_0 x^4}$$

Answer: A

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13. The acceleration due to gravity on the moon is onesixth that on earth. If the average density of moon is three-fifth that of earth, the moon's radius in terms of earth's radius R_e is - A. $0.16R_e$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,0.27R_e$

 $C. 0.32 R_e$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,0.36R_e$

Answer: B

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14. A space station is at a height equal to the radius of the Earth. If V_E is the escape velocity on the surface of the Earth, the same on the space station is ___ times V_E ,

A.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

B.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

Answer: C



15. Three identical rods AB, CD and PQ are joined as shown. P and Q are mid points of AB and CD respectively. Ends A, B, C and D are maintained at $0^{\circ}C$, $100^{\circ}C$, $30^{\circ}C$ and $60^{\circ}C$ respectively. The direction of

heat flow in $\boldsymbol{P}\boldsymbol{Q}$ is



A. From P to Q

B. From Q to P

C. Heat does not flow in PQ

D. Data not sufficient

Answer: A





A. 31.7 J

B. 31.4 J

C. 41.7 J

D. 44.3 J

Answer: B



17. In a thermodynamic process, pressure of a fixed mass of a gas is changed in such a manner that the gas release 20J of heat and 8J of work is done on the gas. If initial internal energy of the gas was 30J, what will be the final internal energy?

A. 42 J

B. 18 J

C. 12 J

D. 60 J

Answer: B



18. A long solenoid of length L has a mean diameter D. It has n layers of windings of N turns each. If it carries a current 'i' the magnetic field at its centre will be

A. Proportional to D

B. Inversely proportional to D

C. Independent of D

D. Proportional to L

Answer: C



19. Four very long wires are arranged as shown in the figure, so that their cross - section forms a square, with connections at the ends so that current I flow through all four wires. Length of each side of the formed such square is b. The magnetic field at the central point P (centre of the square) is



 $\mu_0 I$

B.
$$\frac{2\mu_0 I}{\pi b}$$

C. 0

D.
$$rac{\mu_0 I}{\sqrt{2}\pi b}$$

Answer: B



20. The ratio of magnetisation I to the magnetic field intensity H is

A. Permeability

- B. Magnetic intensity
- C. Diamagnetics

D. Magnetic susceptibility

Answer: D









Answer: A

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22. The angle of which the velocity vector of a projectile thrown with a velocity u at an angle θ to the horizontal will take with the horizontal after time t of its being thrown up is

A. θ

B.
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\theta}{t}\right)$$

C. $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{v\cos\theta}{v\sin\theta - \mathrm{gt}}\right)$
D. $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{v\sin\theta - \mathrm{gt}}{v\cos\theta}\right)$

Answer: D



23. A bob of pendulum of mass 50 g is suspended by string with the roof of an elevator. If the lift is flying with a uniform acceleration of $5ms^{-2}$ the tension in the string is $(g = 10ms^{-2})$ A. 0.5 N

B. 0.225 N

C. 0.75 N

D. 0.025 N

Answer: C

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24. The acceleration due to gravity on the planet A is 9 times the acceleration due to gravity on planet B. A man jumps to a height of 2m on the surface of A. What is the height of jump by the same person on the planet B?

A. 6 m

B.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 m
C. $\frac{2}{9}$ m

D. 18 m

Answer: D

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25. The half-life of a radioactive substance is 30 minutes, The time (in minutes) taken between 40% decay and 85% decay of the same radioactive substance is. B. 30

C. 45

D. 60

Answer: D



26. The difference between the mass of a nucleus and the combined mass of its nucleons is

A. Greater than mass of nucleus

B. Equal to mass of nucleus

C. Same as mass of nucleus

D. None of these

Answer: A

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27. Two SHW are represented by the equations
$$x_1 = 20 \sin \left[5\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$$
 and $x_2 = 10 \left(\sin 5\pi t + \sqrt{3} \cos 5\pi t \right]$

. The ratio of the amplitudes of the two motions is

A. 0.5

B. 1

C. 0.25

D.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



28. A simple pendulum is taken to 64 km above the earth's surface. Its new time period will

A. Increases by 1%

B. Decrease by 1%

C. Increases by 2%

D. Decrease by 2%

Answer: A



29. The threshold frequency for a certain metal is 3.3×10^{14} Hz. If light of frequency 8.2×10^{14} Hz is incident on the metal, predict the cut-off voltage for the photoelectric emission.

A. 3 V

B.4 V

C. 2 V

D. 2.5 V

Answer: C

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30. If K_1 and K_2 are maximum kinetic energies of photoelectrons emitted when light of wavelength λ_1 and λ_2 respectively are incident on a metallic surface. If $\lambda_1 = 3\lambda_2$ then

A.
$$K_1 > \left(rac{K_2}{3}
ight)$$

B. $K_1 < \left(rac{K_2}{3}
ight)$

C.
$$K_1=3K_2$$

D.
$$K_2=3K_1$$

Answer: B

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31. Let a steel bar of length 'l', breadth 'b' and depth 'd' be loaded at the centre by a load 'W'. Then the sag of bending of beam is (Y = Young's modulus of material of steel)

A.
$$\frac{Wl^3}{2bd^3Y}$$
B.
$$\frac{Wl^3}{4bd^3Y}$$
C.
$$\frac{Wl^3}{2db^3Y}$$
D.
$$\frac{Wl^3}{4db^3Y}$$

Answer: B



32. The pressure at the bottom of a tank of liquid is not proprtional to

A. Acceleration due to gravity

B. Density of the liquid

C. Height of the liquid

D. Area of the liquid surface

Answer: D



33. The refractive index of the material of a concave lens

is n. It is immersed in a medium of refractive index n_1 . A

paprallel beam of light is incident on the lens. Trace the path of emerged rays in each of the following cases : (a) $n_1 > n$ (b) $n_1 < n$ (c) $n_1 = n$.







Answer: C



34. Two convex lesses of power 2 D and 5 D are separated by a distance $\frac{1}{3}m$ m The power of the optical system formed is

 $\mathsf{A.}+2D$

- $\mathsf{B.}-2D$
- C. -3D
- D. + 3D

Answer: D



35. Four similar point masses (m each) are symmetrically placed on the circumference of a disc of mass M and radius R. Moment of inertia of the system about an axis passing through centre O and perpendicular to the plane of the disc will be

A.
$$MR^2 + 4mR^2$$

$$\mathsf{B}.\,MR^2+\frac{8}{5}mR^2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,mR^2+4MR^2$$

D.
$$rac{MR^2}{2}+4mR^2$$

Answer: D



36. A right triangular plate ABC of mas m is free to rotate in the vertical plane about a fixed horizontal axis through A. It is supported by a string such that the side AB is horizontal. The reaction at the support A is :



C.
$$\frac{mg}{2}$$

D. mg

Answer: B



37. In a common emitter transistor amplifier the audio signal voltage across the collector is 3V. The resistance of collector is $3k\Omega$. If current gain is 100 and the base resistance is $2k\Omega$, the voltage and power gain of the amlifier is :

A. 200 and 1000

B. 15 and 200

C. 150 and 15000

D. 20 and 2000

Answer: C

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38. If A = 1 and B = 0, then in terms of Boolean algebra , $A + \overline{B} = .$

A. B

 $\mathsf{B}.\,\overline{B}.\,B$

C. A

D. \overline{A}

Answer: C



39. The coefficient of volume expansion of glycerine is $49 \times 10^{-5} / {}^{\circ}C$. What is the fractional change in its density (approx.) for $30{}^{\circ}C$ rise in temperature?

A.
$$1.45 imes 10^{-2}$$

B. $2 imes 10^{-4}$
C. $3.5 imes 10^{-4}$
D. $2.5 imes 10^{-2}$

Answer: A



40. The internal and external diameters of a hollow cylinder are measured with the help of a Vernier callipers . Their values are $4.23 \pm 0.01cm$ and $3.87 \pm 0.01cm$, respectively. The thickness of the wall of the cylinder is

A. $0.36\pm0.02cm$

 $\text{B.}~0.18\pm0.02cm$

 $\text{C.}~0.36\pm0.01cm$

 $\mathrm{D.}\,0.18\pm0.01 cm$

Answer: B



41. In the ideal double-slit experiment, when a glassplate(refractive index 1.5) of thickness t is introduced in the path of one of the interfering beams (wave-length λ), the intensity at the position where the central maximum occurred previously remains unchanged. The minimum thickness of the glass-plate is

A.
$$2\lambda$$

B. $\frac{2\lambda}{3}$
C. $\frac{\lambda}{3}$

D.
$$\lambda$$

Answer: A



42. In a Young's double slit experiment, the fringe width is found to be 0.4mm. If the whole apparatus is immersed in water of refractive index 4/3 without disturbing the geometrical arrangement, the new fringe width will be

A. 0.30 mm

B. 0.40 mm

C. 0.53 mm

D. 450 microns

Answer: A

43. A transverse wave is represented by $y = A \sin(\omega t - kx)$. For what value of the wavelength is the wave velocity equal to the maximum particle velocity?

A. $\frac{\pi A}{2}$ B. πA C. $2\pi A$

D. A

Answer: C



44. The tension in a wire is decreased by 19~%~ The

percentage decrease in frequency will be

A. 19~%

B. 10 %

 $\mathsf{C}.\,0.19~\%$

D. None of these

Answer: B



45. A wind - powered generator convets and energy into electrical energy. Assume that the generator convents a fixed fraction of the wind energy intercepited by to blades into electrical energy for wind speed V, the electrical power output will be propertional to

A. v

 $\mathsf{B.}\,v^2$

 $\mathsf{C}. v^3$

D. v^4

Answer: C

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