

## **BIOLOGY**

### **BOOKS - SUPER COMPANION 5 IN 1**

#### MINERAL NUTRITION

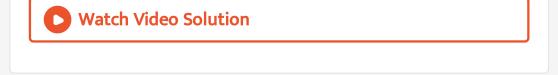
One Marks Questions And Answers

1. Name a plant which accumulates silica.



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**2.** Mycorrhiza is a mutualistic association. How do the organisms involved in this association gain from each other?



3. Name a insectivorous angiosperm.



**4.** A farmer adds azotobacter culture to soil before sowing Maize. Which mineral element is being replenished?



**5.** Name the macronutrient which is a component of all organic compounds, but is not obtained from the soil.



<b>6.</b> Name one non-symbiotic nitrogen fixing prokaryote.
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7. Rice fields produce an important green house gas. Name it.
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Two Marks Questions And Answers
<b>1.</b> All the elements that are present in a plant, need not be essential to its survival'.
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2. Why is it that in certain plants deficiency symptoms appear first in younger parts of the plant while in others they do so in mature organs?



$$\stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} + N H_4^{\ +} + N A D P H \stackrel{?}{\longrightarrow} ext{Glutamate} + H_2 O + N A D P^{\ +}$$

4. How is sulphur important for plants? Name the amino acids

3. Complete the equation for reductive amination.



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in which it is present.



**5.** Name the most crucial enzyme found in root nodules for N2 fixation? Does it require a special pink coloured pigment for its functioning? Elaborate.



# Three Marks Questions And Answers

1. How are the minerals absorbed by the plants?



**2.** What are the conditions necessary for fixation of atmospheric nitrogen by Rhizobium. What is their role in Nz-fixation?



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## **Five Marks Questions And Answers**

**1.** Explain with examples: macronutrients, micronutrients, beneficial nutrients, toxic elements and essential elements.



**2.** What are the steps involved in the formation of a root nodule?

