



MATHS

BOOKS - JEEVITH PUBLICATIONS

MATHS (KANNADA ENGLISH)

MODEL QUESTION PAPER 4

Part A

1. State with reason whether following functions have inverse

(i) $f: \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \rightarrow \{10\}$ with

$$f = \{(1, 10), (2, 10), (3, 10), (4, 10)\}$$

(ii) $g: \{5, 6, 7, 8\} \rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ with

$$g = \{(5, 4), (6, 3), (7, 4), (8, 2)\}$$

(iii) $h: \{2, 3, 4, 5\} \rightarrow \{7, 9, 11, 13\}$ with

$$h = \{(2, 7), (3, 9), (4, 11), (5, 13)\}$$



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2. Find $|3A|$ if $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.



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3. Simplify the following:

$$\sin^{-1} \left(\sin \frac{3\pi}{5} \right)$$



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4. The greatest integer function is not differentiable at integral points give reason.



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5. Construct a 2×2 matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ where

$$a_{ij} = \frac{i - j}{2}$$



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6. Evaluate : $\int \sin(2 + 5x) dx$



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7. If \vec{a} is a non-zero vector of magnitude a and $\lambda \vec{a}$ is a unit vector, find the value of λ



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8. Find the distance of the plane $2x-3y+4z-6=0$ from the origin



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9. Define the term 'constrains' in a LPP .



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| | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| X | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| $P(X)$ | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.3 |

10.

given is not a probability distribution why ?



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Part B

1. A binary operation \wedge on the set $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ defined by $a \wedge b = \min(a,b)$, write the operation table for operations \wedge .



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2. Prove that

$$2\tan^{-1}\frac{1}{2} + \tan^{-1}\frac{1}{7} = \tan^{-1}\frac{31}{17}$$



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3. Solve $2\tan^{-1}(\cos x) = \tan^{-1}(2\cos ecx)$



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4. Find the area of triangle whose vertices are (2,0), (-1,0) and (0,3) by using determinants



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5. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, if $2x + 3y = \sin y$



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6. Differentiate $x^{\sin t}$, $x > 0$ w.r.t. x



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7. Find the local maximum value of the function $g(x) = x^3 - 3x$



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8. Evaluate : $\int \frac{\cos 2x + 2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} dx$



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9. Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 6x + 13}$



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10. Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + \cos\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = 0$$



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11. Show that

$$\left(\vec{a} - \vec{b}\right) \times \left(\vec{a} + \vec{b}\right) = 2\left(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}\right).$$



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12. Find $|\vec{a}|$ and $|\vec{b}|$, if

$$\left(\vec{a} + \vec{b}\right) \cdot \left(\vec{a} - \vec{b}\right) = 8 \text{ and } |\vec{a}| = 8|\vec{b}|$$



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13. Find the equation of the plane passing through the line of intersection of the planes $x + y + z = 6$ and $2x + 3y + 4z - 5 = 0$ and the point $(1,1,1)$.



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14. Assume that each child born is equally likely to be boy or a girl . If a family has two children, what is the conditional probability that both are girls given that at least one is a girls ?



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1. Show that the relation R in the set $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \leq x \leq 12\}$ given by $R = \{(a, b) : |a - b| \text{ is a multiple of } 4\}$ is an equivalence relation.



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2. Express $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x}\right)$, $-\frac{3\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ in the simplest form.



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3. Find the value of x and y in

$$\begin{bmatrix} x + 2y & 2 \\ 4 & x + y \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \text{ where } 0 \text{ is}$$

a null matrix.



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4. If $x = \sqrt{a^{\sin^{-1} t}}$ then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y}{x}$



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5. Verify Rolle's theorem for the function

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8, x \in [-4, 2].$$



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6. $y = x^4 - 6x^3 + 13x^2 - 10x + 5$ at (0,5).



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7. Integrate : $\frac{\sin x}{\sin(a + x)}$ with respect to x



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8. Evaluate $\int_1^b (x + 1)dx$ as a limit of sum



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9. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y^2 = 9x$, $x = 2$, $x = 4$ and the x-axis in the first quadrant.



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10. Find the equation of a curve passing through the point $(-2,3)$, given that slope of the tangent to the curve at any point (x,y) is $\frac{2x}{y^2}$



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11. Find the area of the triangle with vertices $A(1,1,2)$, $B(2,3,5)$ and $C(1,5,5)$.



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12.

Prove

that

$$\left[\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a} \right] = 2 \left[\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c} \right]$$



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13. Find the angle between the line

$$\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y}{3} = \frac{z-3}{6} \quad \text{and the plane}$$

$$10x + 2y - 11z = 0.$$

Note : The angle between a line and a plane is

the complement of the angle between

$$\vec{b} \quad \text{and} \quad \vec{a}$$



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14. Two groups are competing for the position on the board of directors of a corporation. The probability that the first and the second groups will win are 0.6 and 0.4 , respectively. Further, if the first group wins the probability of introducing a new product is 0.7 and the corresponding probability is 0.3 if the second group wins. Find the probability that the new product introduced was by the second group.



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Part D

1. Prove that the function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x)=4x+3$ is invertible and find the inverse of f .



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2. If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -3 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $C = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 \\ -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

Prove that $A(BC)=(AB)C$



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3. Solve the following system of equations by matrix method.

$$2x + y + 2z = 5$$

$$x - y - z = 0$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 5$$



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4. If $y=5\cos(\log x)+7\sin(\log x)$ show that

$$x^2 y_2 + x y_1 = 0$$



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5. Find the integral of $\frac{1}{x^2 - a^2}$ with respect to x and evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 8x + 5}$



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6. Sand is pouring from a pipe at the rate of $12\text{cm}^3 / \text{s}$. The falling sand forms a cone on the ground in such a way that the height of the cone is always one-sixth of the base. How fast height of the sand cone increasing when the height is 4 cm?



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7. Find the area of the region bounded by the

ellipse $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$.





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8. Find the particular solution of the differential equations

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = 4 \cos e c x x \neq 0 \quad \text{given that}$$
$$y=0 \text{ when } x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



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9. Derive the equation of a line in space passing through two given plots both in vector and Cartesian form.



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10. Five cards are drawn successively with replacement from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. What is the probability that

(i) all the five cards are spades?

only five three cards are spaces?

(iii) none of spades?



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2. Solve the following problem graphically

Minimise and Maximise

$$z=3x+9y$$

Subject to the constraints:

$$x + 3y \leq 60, x + y \geq 10, x \leq y, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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3.

Prove

that

$$\int_{-a}^a dx = \begin{cases} 2\int_0^a f(x)dx & \text{if } f(x) \text{ is even} \\ 0 & \text{if } f(x) \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

and hence evaluate

(a) $\int_{-1}^1 \sin^5 x \cos^4 x dx.$



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