



# PHYSICS

# BOOKS - JEEVITH PUBLICATIONS PHYSICS (KANNADA ENGLISH)

ATOMS

**One Mark Questions With Answers** 

1. Who discovered electrons ?

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2. What is the electrical charge on an atom ?

3. Who proposed the first model of an atom ?



**6.** Given any one source which emits electromagnetic radiations forming a continuous emission spectrum of several wavelengths differing in intensities.

### 7. As per which model do atoms become unstable ?







1. How does the spectrum emitted by rarefied gases differ from those of

dense gases ?

**2.** Given any one difference between Thomson's model and Rutherford's model of an atom.



5. What is the formula to calculate  $ar{v}$  ( wave number) of spectral lines in

hydrogen?



8. write the formula for the wave number of a spectral line of Balmer

series.

## 9. Mention the Merits of Bohr's theory.

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| <b>10.</b> Mention any three demerits of Bohr's atom model.             |
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| 11. How does Rydberg's constant very with atomic number ?               |
|   |
| <b>12.</b> What is the value of ionization potential of $2^4 He$ atom ? |
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13. Name the physicists who for the first time verified the wave nature of

electrons.

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**14.** Name the two quantised conditions proposed by Bohr in the atom model .

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**15.** Write the mathematical conditions for quantisation of orbits and energy states.



16. What are hydrogenic atoms?

Three Marks Questions With Answers

**1.** Write de - Broglie wavelength associated with 3rd and 4th orbit in Bohr's atom model.

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**2.** Given de- Broglie's explanation of quantisation of angular momentum as proposed by Bohr.

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**3.** Relate KE, PE and TE (total energy) of an electron of hydrogenic atoms.

4. How is the frequency of radiation different from that of frequency of

electron in its orbit ?

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**5.** Arrive at the expression for electric current established due to the motion of electron in its orbit.

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**6.** Arrive at the expression for the magnetic field at the centre of the circular path due to an orbiting electron.



7. Arrive at the expression for the magnetic flux density at the centre of

the circular path of an electron in terms of magnetic moment.





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2. Derive an expression for the radius of  $n^{th}$  Bohr's orbit of hydrogen atom hence write the expression for the radius of first orbit of hydrogen atom.



of hydrogen atom in terms of absolute constants.

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**4.** Obtain an expression for the total energy of an electron in the  $n^{th}$ 

orbit of hydrogen atom in terms of absolute constants.

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5. Give an account of the spectral series of an hydrogen atom.

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6. Draw the energy level diagram of hydrogen atom. Calculate the energy

value upto fifth excited energy states of hydrogen.

7. Derive an expression for the frequency of spectral series by assuming

the expression for the total energy of the election of hydrogen.

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8. Outline the experimental study and the conclusion arrived in the  $\alpha$  -scattering by a gold foil.

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9. Give the experimental conclusions arrived by Rutherford in the  $\alpha$  scattering experiment or state the postulates of Rutherford atom model.



10. Using Balmer empirical formula , obtain the wavelengths of  $H_lpha, H_eta, H_\gamma, ..... H_\infty$ 



**Numericals With Solutions** 

1. Calculate the radius and velocity of the electron in the  $n^{th}$  orbit in

hydrogen atom from the following data

 $e = 1.6 imes 10^{-19} C, m = 9.11 imes 10^{-31}, h = 6.625 imes 10^{-34} JS, arepsilon_0 = 8.85 imes$ 

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**2.** Calculate the wavelength of  $H_{\alpha}$  line (first member of Balmer series) and

also Balmer series limit. Given  $R = 1.097 imes 10^7 m^{-1}$ 

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**3.** Calculate K.E., P.E total energy of the electron in Bohr's first orbit of an

hydrogen atom.



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6. calculate the longest wavelength in Balmer series and the series limit .

(Given  $R=1.097 imes 10^7m^{-1}$  )

**7.** calculate the frequency of revolution of the electron in the ground state of hydrogen atom.



**8.** calculate the wave number , wavelength and frequency of the spectral line of hydrogen for the transition from  $n_2=4$  to  $n_1=2$ . (Given  $R=1.097 imes10^7m^{-1}$ )

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**9.** when a certain energy is applied to an hydrogen atom, an electron jumps from n =1 to n = 3 state. Find (i) the energy absorbed by the electron. (ii) wavelength of radiation emitted when the electron jump back to its initial state. (Energy of electron in first orbit = - 13.6 eV, Planck's constant =  $6.6225 \times 10^{-34}$  Js, Charge on electron =  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C, speed of light in vacuum =  $3 \times 10^8 m s^{-1}$ 

10. The last member of Lymann series of Hydrogen atom is  $912 \mathrm{\AA}$  Calculate

The wavelength of series limit of blamer series.

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**11.** A 12.5eV electron beam is used to bombard gaseous hydrogen at room

temperature What series of wavelengths will be emitted.

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12. In accordance with Bohr's model, find the quantum number that characterises Earth's revolution around the sun in an orbit of radius  $1.5 imes 10^{11}m$  With orbital speed  $3 imes 10^4 m s^{-1}$  (mass of the earth  $= 6.0 imes 10^{24} kg$ )

13. The first member of the Balmer series of hydrogen atom has wavelength of 656.3nm. Calculate the wavelength and frequency of the second member of the same series. Given,  $c=3 imes10^8m/s.$ 

