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## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - JEEVITH PUBLICATIONS PHYSICS (KANNADA ENGLISH)

## SUPER MODEL QUESTION PAPER

> (WITH ANSWERS)

1. Name the apparatus to detect charge on a body

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2. Write the equivalent mathematical form for

Ohm's law.

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3. Name the type of induced emf associated with a conductor moving in a static magnetic field.

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4. Give the mathematical form of Ampere's
circuital law.

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5. Long distance radio broadcasts use short wave bands. Why?

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6. A particle is acceelerated bty applying an electric field how does its de broglic wave length change?

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7. What the is rest mass energy of a photon?

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## 8. Why are electromagnetic radiations due to ?

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9. Why are nuclear forces called exchange

## forces?

10. What is amplitude modulation ?

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1. Define effective resistance of a number of resistors connected in a series or parallel combination

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2. State Kirchhoff's laws of Electrical network.

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3. State and explain Gauss's law in magnetism.

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4. Give the expression for Lorentz force acting on a moving electric charge in a combined
electric and magnetic field.

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5. Distinguish between HF chokes and LF chokes.

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6. Explain myopia or short sighteness with a neat labelled diagram
7. Distinguish between p type and n type semiconductors

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8. Draw block diagram of a reciever

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1. Derive an expression for electric potential energy of a systemm of charges in an electric field.

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2. Derive an expression for capacitance of a paralle plate capacitor
3. Give any three pracitical application of high energetic charged particles obtained in a cyclotron

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4. Define self inductane of a solenoid. On what
factors does it depend ?

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5. Show that voltage in an inductor leads the current by $\pi / 2$ rad for a pure inductor

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6. Write any three difference between interference and diffraction.
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7. Explain Werner Heisenberg's uncertainty principle (qualitative).

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8. Explain a typical p-n juction solar cell with a neat labelling

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9. Derive an expression for electrical

## conductivity.

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## Part D

1. Obtain an expression for the force between
two straight parallel conductor carrying
current. Hence define ampere.

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2. Explain briefly how bar magnets act as equivalent solenoids.

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3. Derive referaction formula (for object in air and image in the denser medium ) for refraction of light at a spherical surface
4. State the law of radioactivity and hence, show that $N=N_{0} e^{-\lambda t}$.

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5. Show that voltage gain in a transistor amplifier in CE mode is negative and hence obtain an expression for the voltage gain.

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6. An oil drop of 12 excess electrons is held stationary under a constant electric field of $2.55 \times 10^{4} N C^{-1}$ in Millikan's oil drop experiment. The density of the oil is $1.26 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{kgm}^{-3}$. Estimate the radius of the $\operatorname{drop}\left(g=9.81 m s^{-2}, e=1.60 \times 10^{-19} C\right)$.

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7. Six lead - acid type of secondary celJs each of emf 2.0 V and internal resistance $0.015 \Omega$ are
joined in series to provide supply to a resistance of $8.5 \Omega$. What is the current drawn
from the supply and its terminal voltage?

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8. A secondary cell after long use has an emf of
1.9 V and large internal resistance of $380 \Omega$.

What maximum current can be drawn from
the cell? Could the cell drive the starting motor of a car?
9. A circuit containing an inductor of 80 mH inductance and a capacitor of $60 \mu F$ capacitance in series, is connected to a 230 V , 50 Hz supply. The resistance of the circuit is negligible.

Obtain the current amplitude and r.m.s value.

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10. A circuit containing an inductor of 80 mH
inductance and a capacitor of $60 \mu F$
capacitance in series, is connected to a 230 V , 50 Hz supply. The resistance of the circuit is negligible.

Obtain the r.m.s values of potential drop across each element.

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11. A circuit containing an inductor of 80 mH inductance and a capacitor of $60 \mu F$ capacitance in series, is connected to a 230 V , 50 Hz supply. The resistance of the circuit is
negligible.

What is the average power transferred to the inductor?

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12. A circuit containing an inductor of 80 mH inductance and a capacitor of $60 \mu F$ capacitance in series, is connected to a 230 V , 50 Hz supply. The resistance of the circuit is negligible.

What is the average power transferred to the

## capacitor?

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13. A circuit containing an inductor of 80 mH inductance and a capacitor of $60 \mu F$ capacitance in series, is connected to a 230 V , 50 Hz supply. The resistance of the circuit is negligible.

What is the total average power absorbed by
the circuit (averaged over one complete cycle)?

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14. Calculate the distance between the centers of $4^{\text {th }}$ and $7^{\text {th }}$ bright fringes in an interference pattern produced in young's slit experiment. Give separation between the slits $=1.1 \times 10^{-3}$, wavelength of light used
$=589.3 \mathrm{~nm}$, and distance of the screen from
the double slit $=1.3 m$.

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15. A 12.5 eV electron beam is used to bombard gaseous hydrogen at room temperature What series of wavelengths will be emitted.

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