



GEOGRAPHY

BOOKS - MCGROW HILL EDUCATION

GEOGRAPHY (HINGLISH)

LIFELINES OF NATIONAL ECONOMY

Elementary Questions

1. Which is not the national highway?

A. Grand Trunk Road

B. Agra-Mumbai Road

C. Mathura Road

D. Greater Noida Express Highways

Answer: D



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2. National Highway connecting Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata is termed:

A. Locomotives

B. Guage

C. Golden Quadrilateral

D. Dock

Answer: C



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3. Gauge is the term stating

- A. The place where there is provision of loading and unloading of ships
- B. The place on the sea coast
- C. The high pedestal built along the coast line
- D. The width before the two rails of the railway line

Answer: D



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4. Gateway is the name given to

A. Harbor

B. Port

C. Dock

D. Tidal port

Answer: B



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5. Which of the following locations are joined by the east-west corridor?

A. Mumbai and Nagpur

B. Mumbai and Kolkata

C. Silcher and Porbandar

D. Nagpur and Siligudi

Answer: C



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6. The name of the National Highway No. 2 is

A. Grand Trunk Road

B. Agra-Mumbai Road

C. Mathura Road

D. Delhi-Mumbai Road

Answer: C



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7. The rail gauge with a track width of 1.676m is

A. Broad guage

B. Metre guage

C. Narrow guage

D. None of these

Answer: A



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8. What does BOT stands for?

A. Bureau of Transport

B. Bureau of Trans-communication

C. Build, Operate and Transfer

D. Bureaucracy Official against Terrorists

Answer: C



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9. Which of the following is the navigation river of India?

A. Yamuna

B. Krishna

C. Brahmaputra

D. Son

Answer: C



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10. Which of the following ports has not been developed recently?

A. New Mangalore

B. Mumbai

C. Haldia

D. Nhava Sheva

Answer: B



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11. Kochi in Kerala is the example of which port of the following?

A. Tidal Port

B. Natural Harbour

C. Artificial Harbour

D. Recently developed harbour

Answer: B



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12. Tuticorin is located in the state of

A. Kerala

B. Tamil Nadu

C. Karnataka

D. Odisha

Answer: B



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13. Which is not the name of an international airport?

A. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Airport

B. Indira Gandhi International Airport

C. Palam Airport

D. Meenam Bakkam

Answer: C



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14. What does QMS stand for?

A. Quick Medical Service

B. Quick Mail Service

C. Quick Mother Dairy Service

D. None of these

Answer: B



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15. Which of the following is not the factor, which influences the distribution of railways in the country?

A. Physiographic factors

B. Economic factors

C. Administrative factors

D. Political factors

Answer: D



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16. Which of the following is advantage of the unigauge system?

A. Larger capacity

B. Higher speed

C. No loss in trans-shipment

D. All of these

Answer: D



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17. Air travel is transport in north-eastern parts of India due to

A. The prosperity of people of this region

B. The less expensive mode of transport

C. Heavy rains are liable to damage roads
and railways

D. All of these

Answer: B



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18. Which is not a development in the field of communication?

A. Cellular phone

B. Laptop

C. E-commerce

D. Radio

Answer: D



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19. Who builds and maintains the National Highways?

A. The state government

B. Public Sector

C. The Central government

D. Private Sector

Answer: C



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20. Which is the major public sector enterprise of the Central Government?

A. ITC

B. DMRC

C. Roadways

D. Indian Railways

Answer: D



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Higher Order Thinking Questions

1. The means for the movement of goods and services from their supply locations to

demand locations can be termed as which of the following ?

A. Capital

B. Traders

C. Transport system

D. Power supply

Answer: C



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2. Match the fishing ports indicated on the map of India (I, II, III and IV) with their respective names.

A. Kakinada , B. Alappuzha , C. Porbandar , D.

Tuticorin



A. II-A,III-B,I-C,IV-D

B. I-A,II-B,III-D,IV-C

C. I-C,II-B,III-A,IV-D

D. I-D,II-B,III-A,IV-C

Answer: A



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3. Which of the following means of transportation is used to transport crude oil, petroleum products and natural gas?

A. Roadways

B. Railways

C. Pipelines

D. Waterways

Answer: C



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4. Which of the following networks of pipeline bring mineral oil to the refinery of Barauni and petrochemical complex of Haldia?

A. Pipeline from Upper Assam oilfields to
Kanpur in Uttar Pradesh

B. Pipeline from Salaya in Gujarat to
Jalandar in Punjab

C. Hazira-Bijapur-Jagdishpur Pipeline

D. Pipeline from Mumabi High to Trombay

Answer: A



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5. Which of the following modes of transport is fuel efficient and environment friendly?

A. Roadways

B. Railways

C. Airways

D. Waterways

Answer: D



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6. Which of the following is the cheapest mode of transport?

A. Roadways

B. Railways

C. Waterways

D. Airways

Answer: C



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7. 95% of India's trade volume (68% in terms of value) is carried on which of the following transportation routes?

A. Roadways

B. Railways

C. Sea routes

D. Inland waterways

Answer: C



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8. Which of the following was the first port to be developed soon after Independence?

A. Mumbai

B. Kolkata

C. Paradip

D. Kandla

Answer: D



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9. Which of the following is the oldest artificial port and the second most important port of the country?

A. Mumbai port

B. Kandla port

C. Chennai port

D. Ennore port

Answer: C



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10. Which of the following types of communication service in India is the largest in the world?

- A. Postal network
- B. Television network
- C. Internet services
- D. Radio broadcasting

Answer: A



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11. When and between which two stations did the first train of India steam off?

A. Kolkata to Raniganj, 1874

B. Mumbai to Thane, 1853

C. Mumbai to Ahmedabad, 1854

D. Chennai to Arkonam, 1856

Answer: B



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12. Which of the following is a means of mass communication?

A. Letters

B. Television

C. Telephones

D. Telegraph

Answer: B



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13. Which of the following airlines is the nationalized airline of India?

A. Air India

B. Jet Airways

C. Kingfisher Airline

D. Indigo

Answer: A



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14. The largest number of newspapers published in India is in which of the following languages?

A. Hindi

B. English

C. Urdu

D. Marathi

Answer: A



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15. In recent years, India is earning large foreign exchange through the export of which of the following?

- A. Ores and Minerals
- B. Information Technolog
- C. Agricultural Products
- D. Electrical goods

Answer: B



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16. India has one of the largest networks of which of the following modes of transport?

A. Roadways

B. Railways

C. Waterways

D. Pipelines

Answer: A



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17. Which of the following modes of transport would you find in higher areas of mountainous regions like the Himalayas?

A. Railways

B. Roadways

C. Inland waterways

D. Airways

Answer: B



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18. Which of the following are the primary road systems of our country?

A. National Highways

B. State Highways

C. District roads

D. Border roads

Answer: A



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19. The National Highway No.1 is also known by which of the following names?

A. Mahatma Gandhi Road

B. Sher Shah Suri Marg

C. Red Road

D. Chatrapati Shivaji Terminus

Answer: B



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20. Which of the following types of roads received special impetus under Pradhan Mantri Grameen Sadak Yojana?

A. National Highways

B. State Highways

C. Rural Roads

D. District Roads

Answer: C



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