



GEOGRAPHY

BOOKS - MCGROW HILL EDUCATION

GEOGRAPHY (HINGLISH)

MINERALS AND ENERGY RESOURCES

Elementary Questions

1. Minerals are deposited and accumulated in the strata of which of the following rocks?

A. Sedimentary rocks

B. Metamorphic rocks

C. Igneous rocks

D. Solid rocks

Answer: A



View Text Solution

2. Which of the following mineral is formed by decomposition of rocks leaving a residual mass of weathered material?

A. Coal

B. Bauxite

C. Gold

D. Zinc

Answer: B



[View Text Solution](#)

3. Koderma in Jharkhand is the leading producer of which one of the following minerals?

A. Bauxite

B. Mica

C. Iron ore

D. Copper

Answer: B



View Text Solution

4. Which one of the following is contained in the monazite sand?

A. Oil

B. Uranium

C. Thorium

D. Coal

Answer: C



View Text Solution

5. Name the rock which is made of one mineral.

A. Backlight

B. Stone

C. Gemstone

D. Limestone

Answer: D



View Text Solution

6. In which type of rocks is limestone found?

A. Stone rocks

B. Sedimentary rocks

C. Backlight rocks

D. Gemstone rocks

Answer: B



View Text Solution

7. What makes your toothpaste white?

A. Titanium oxide

B. White powder

C. Talcum powder

D. All of these

Answer: A



View Text Solution

8. _____ is the highest quality hard coal.

A. Black coal

B. Gray coal

C. Non coal

D. Anthracite

Answer: D



View Text Solution

9. The monazite sands of Kerala is also rich in

A. Barium

B. Iron

C. Thorium

D. Calcium

Answer: C



View Text Solution

10. In Rajasthan, the major mica producing area is around

A. Jaipur

B. Ajmer

C. Ganganagar

D. Bikaner

Answer: B



View Text Solution

11. Which of the following is not the category of mineral ?

- A. Metallic mineral
- B. Precious mineral
- C. Non-metallic mineral
- D. Abrasive mineral

Answer: B



View Text Solution

12. Coal and petroleum are the examples of

- A. Metallic mineral
- B. Precious mineral
- C. Non-metallic mineral
- D. Energy mineral

Answer: D



[View Text Solution](#)

13. Examples of non-metallic minerals are

A. Manganese, nickel, cobalt

B. Copper, lead, tin

C. Gold, silver, platinum

D. Coal, petroleum, natural gas

Answer: A



[View Text Solution](#)

14. In which type of formation does gypsum occur?

A. Bed or layers

B. Veins and lodes

C. Results of evaporation in deserts

D. Alluvial or placer deposits

Answer: A



View Text Solution

15. Which part of India is almost devoid of economic minerals?

A. Peninsular rock system in Rajasthan

B. The vast alluvial plains of North India

C. Sedimentary rocks on the western and eastern flanks of the peninsula

D. Black rock region

Answer: B



View Text Solution

16. Magnetite is a good quality ore of

A. Copper

B. Iron

C. Bauxite

D. Sodium salt

Answer: B



View Text Solution

17. Which state has the largest number of iron ore mines?

A. Orissa

B. Chhattisgarh

C. Maharashtra

D. Karnataka

Answer: D



View Text Solution

18. Which mine is known as 100 percent export unit?

A. Chitradurga

B. Tamkur

C. Kudermukh

D. Bellary

Answer: C



View Text Solution

19. Main uses of manganese ore

A. Steel

B. Salt

C. Ferro manganese alloy

D. Bleaching powder

Answer: C



View Text Solution

20. Which state is not the producer of mica?

A. Bihar

B. Jharkhand

C. Rajasthan

D. Uttar Pradesh

Answer: D



View Text Solution

1. Coal, _____ and ____ are the conventional sources for Thermal power in India.

A. Solar Energy and Tidal Energy

B. Petroleum and Natural Gas

C. Geo-thermal Energy and Wind Energy

D. None of these

Answer: B



View Text Solution

2. Khetri Mines in Rajasthan is famous for which mineral?

A. Uranium

B. Iron

C. Copper

D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

3. In which type of formation does gypsum occur?

A. Bed or layers

B. Veins and lodes

C. Results of evaporation in deserts

D. Alluvial or placer deposits

Answer: A



View Text Solution

4. Assertion (A): Coal is a fossil fuel.

Reason(R): It is formed due to compression of inorganic material over millions of years.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, and

Reason explain Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but

Reason does not explain Assertion

C. Assertion is true and Reason is false.

D. Assertion is false and Reason is true.

Answer: C



View Text Solution

5. Which of the following is/are considered a renewable source of energy?

(i) Wind Energy ,(ii) Solar Energy ,(iii) Nuclear Energy

A. Only (i)

B. Only (ii)

C. All (i),(ii) and (iii)

D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

6. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer by using codes given by the list:

List I	List II
A Coal	(i) Kudremukh
B Copper	(ii) Zawar
C Iron Ore	(iii) Khetri
D Silver	(iv) Talchar

A. A-I,B-ii,C-iii,D-iv

B. A-iv,B-iii,C-I,D-ii

C. A-iii,B-ii,C-ii,D-iv

D. A-I,B-iv,C-iii,D-ii

Answer: B



View Text Solution

7. Which type of Coal is the best quality of Coal

?

A. Peat

B. Lignite

C. Anthracite

D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

8. What are placer deposits?

A. Metals that occur as sandy deposit in sands of sea floor.

B. Metals that occur as sandy deposit in sands of land floor.

C. Minerals that occur as alluvial deposit in sands of valley floor.

D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

9. Magnetite is a good quality ore of

A. copper

B. iron

C. bauxite

D. sodium salt

Answer: B



View Text Solution

10. Which state has the largest number of iron ore mines?

A. Odisha

B. Chhattisgarh

C. Maharashtra

D. Karnataka

Answer: D



View Text Solution

11. Main uses of manganese ore are

A. steel

B. salt

C. ferro-manganese alloy

D. bleaching powder

Answer: C



View Text Solution

12. Examples of non-metallic minerals

A. manganese, nickel, cobalt

B. copper, lead, tin

C. gold, silver, platinum

D. coal, petroleum, natural gas

Answer: A



View Text Solution

13. Name the metallic minerals.

A. Copper, Lime Stone, Iron, Silver

B. Iron, Gold, Silver, Copper

C. Diamond, Lime Stone, Iron, Silver

D. None of these

Answer: B



View Text Solution

14. Coal and petroleum are examples of

A. Metallic mineral

B. Precious mineral

C. Non-metallic mineral

D. Energy mineral

Answer: D



View Text Solution

15. Give two examples of Non-ferrous minerals.

A. Hematite and Magnetite

B. Gold and Copper

C. Manganese and Magnetite

D. None of these

Answer: B



[View Text Solution](#)

16. Which of the following is not a category of mineral?

- A. Metallic mineral
- B. Precious mineral
- C. Non-metallic mineral
- D. Abrasive mineral

Answer: B



[View Text Solution](#)

17. What is the full form of CNG?

- A. Complete Natural Gas
- B. Compressed Neutral Gas
- C. Compressed Natural Gas
- D. None of these

Answer: C



[View Text Solution](#)

18. Which part of India is almost devoid of economic minerals?

A. Peninsular rock system in Rajasthan

B. The vast alluvial plains of North India

C. Sedimentary rocks on the western and eastern flanks of peninsula

D. None of these

Answer: B



View Text Solution

19. Which mine is known as 100 percent export unit?

A. Chitradurga

B. Tamkur

C. Kudermukh

D. Bellary

Answer: C



View Text Solution

20. Which state is not the producer of mica?

A. Bihar

B. Jharkhand

C. Rajasthan

D. Uttar Pradesh

Answer: D



View Text Solution