

GEOGRAPHY

BOOKS - MCGROW HILL EDUCATION GEOGRAPHY (HINGLISH)

RIVER SYSTEMS AND CLIMATE IN INDIA

Elementary Questions

1. The	area	drained	by	a	single	river	system	is
called								

- A. Water Divide
- B. Drainage Basin
- C. River System
- D. Perennial River

Answer: B



2.	The	intensive	erosion	activity	İS	performed
by	the	river in co	urse			

- A. Lower
- B. Middle
- C. Upper
- D. Coast

Answer: C



3. Which of the following rivers do not originate from the Tibet?

A. Satluj

B. Brahmaputra

C. Beas

D. Indus

Answer: C



- 4. River Ganga cmcrgcs on the plains at
 - A. Devprayag
 - B. Haridwar
 - C. Ambala
 - D. Mithankot

Answer: B



5. Which one of the following describes the drainage patterns resembling the branches of a tree?

A. Radial

B. Centrifugal

C. Dendritic

D. Trellis

Answer: C



6. Which one of the following river is also known as 'Dakshin Ganga'?

- A. Mahanadi
- B. Narmada
- C. Godavari
- D. Kaveri

Answer: C



- A. Lohtak
- B. Wular lake
- C. Dal lake
- D. Bhimtal

Answer: B



8. River Godavari emerges from_____

district of Maharashtra

- A. Nagpur
- B. Nasik
- C. Satara
- D. Wardha

Answer: B



- 9. Zaskar, Nubra and Shyok are tributaries of
 - A. Satluj
 - B. Brahmaputra
 - C. Indus
 - D. Chenab

Answer: C



10. Which of the following rivers does not drain into the Arabian Sea?

- A. Narmada
- B. Indus
- C. Kaveri
- D. All of these

Answer: C



11	. What	is	the	name	of	the	important	river
found in the Indian desert?								

- A. Satluj
- B. Chenab
- C. Luni
- D. Indra

Answer: C



12. With which river is the Nagarjuna Sagar river valley project associated?

- A. Damodar River
- B. Krishna River
- C. Beas River
- D. Vipasha River

Answer: B



13. Which riv	er originates	from a	place	known
as Beas Kund	d?			

- A. Narmada
- B. Damodar
- C. Kaveri
- D. Beas (also known as Vipasha)

Answer: D



14. Which river is known as the "sorrow" of West Bengal?

- A. Indus River
- B. Brahmaputra River
- C. Narmada River
- D. Damodar River

Answer: D



15. Name the river(s) on which the Indira Gandhi canal has been built.

- A. Beas and Sutlej
- B. Indus
- C. Ganga
- D. Yamuna

Answer: A



16. Which river flows through Ladakh, Gilgit and Pakistan?

A. Brahmaputra River

B. Ganga River

C. Narmada River

D. Indus River

Answer: D



17.	Name	the	river	whose	source	lies	near
Roh	ıtang P	ass.					

- A. Yamuna
- B. Ganga
- C. Narmada
- D. Beas

Answer: D



18. Name the longest westward flowing river of

Peninsular India

- A. Ganga
- B. Yamuna
- C. Narmada
- D. All of these

Answer: C



19. River Mahanadi flows through MP,

Chhattisgarh and Orissa before falling into the

- A. Arabian Sea
- B. Bay of Bengal
- C. Yamuna
- D. Brahmaputra

Answer: B



20. The Indus in the west and the Ganga-Brahmaputra in the east are the river streams which constitute the

- A. Eastern Plain
- B. Southern Plain
- C. Western Plain
- D. Northern Plain

Answer: D



21. Which one of the following places receives the highest rainfall in the world?

- A. Silchar
- B. Cherrapunji
- C. Mawsynram
- D. Guwahati

Answer: C



22. The wind blowing in the northern plains in summer is known as

A. Kaal Baisakhi

B. Trade winds

C. Loo

D. Fast track

Answer: C



23. Which one of the following causes rainfall during winters in the North-Western part of India

- A. Cyclonic depression
- B. Retreating monsoon
- C. Western disturbances
- D. Southwest monsoon

Answer: C



24. Monsoon arrives in India approximately in

- A. Early May
- B. Early July
- C. Early June
- D. Early August

Answer: B



25. Which one of the following characterises the cold weather season in India?

- A. Warm days and warm nights
- B. Warm days and cold nights
- C. Cool days and cold nights
- D. Cold days and warm nights

Answer: B



Higher Order Thinking Questions

- **1.** Identify the state from given names which has all the following characteristics
- (i) Its annual rainfall is 200-400 cm.
- (ii) Most of the area is covered under with alluvial soil.
- (iii) Rice is the predominant crop of this state.
 - A. Punjab
 - B. Assam
 - C. Odisha

D. Tamil Nadu

Answer: B



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2. The peninsular part of India experiences peak summer earlier than northern India

A. Due to apparent northward movement of the sun, the global heat belts shift north wards.

B. Cold waves from central Asia sweeps through the northern plains during that time.

C. There is less rainfall in peninsular India during that time.

D. Clouds do not form in those months.

Answer: A



3. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R)

Assertion (A): The north western parts of India receive rainfall in winter.

Reason (R): The winter rainfall in India occurs due to North East monsoon. Select the correct option from the given alterna tives.

A. Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) explain (A).

B. Both (A) and (R), are true, but (R) does not explain (A).

C. (A) is true and (R) is false.

D. (A) is false and (R) is true.

Answer: B



4. The drainage basin of which of the following rivers covers parts of Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu?

- A. Godavari
- B. Krishna
- C. Kaveri
- D. Musi

Answer: C



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5. The Amravati, Bhavani, Hemavati and Kabini are the tributaries of which of the following rivers?

- A. Wainganga
- B. Bhima
- C. Krishna
- D. Kaveri

Answer: D



6. Which of the following rivers rises from the slopes of the Western Ghats in the Nasik district of Maharashtra?

- A. Mahanadi
- B. Narmada
- C. Godavari
- D. Koyna

Answer: C



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7. Which of the following is the result of concern over rising pollution in our rivers?

- A. Banning hydroelectric projects
- B. Various river action plans
- C. Rainwater harvesting
- D. None of the above

Answer: B



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8. Which of the following affects the self-cleansing capacity of the river?

- A. Aquatic organisms
- B. Drawing of water for irrigation
- C. Hydroelectricity generation
- D. Pollution

Answer: D



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9. Which of the following is not one of the causes of river pollution?

- A. Dumping of garbage
- B. Aquatic organisms and algae
- C. Discharge of untreated sewage
- D. Discharge of industrial effluents

Answer: B



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10. Which one of the following cities of India is not located on a riverbank?

- A. Haridwar
- B. Allahabad
- C. Shillong
- D. Varanasi

Answer: C



11. Lakes are of great value to human beings. Which of the following statements about lakes given below is incorrect?

- A. Helps to regulate the flow of rivers
- B. It results in flooding
- C. Can be used for developing hydel power
- D. Enhances natural beauty

Answer: B



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12. Why have the river banks attracted settlers from ancient times?

- A. Water is a basic natural resource
- B. Rivers provide water for irrigation
- C. Rivers provide facilities for inland navigation
- D. All of these

Answer: D



13. In which of the following states are Nainital and Bhimtal located?

A. Jammu and Kashmir

B. Himachal Pradesh

C. Uttar Pradesh

D. Uttarakhand

Answer: D



14. Which of the following is an artificial lake located in Andhra Pradesh?

- A. Kolleru
- B. Nagarjuna Sagar
- C. Krishnaraja Sagar
- D. Vembanad

Answer: B



15. Which one of the following is not a lake created by human beings?

- A. Gobind Sagar
- B. Nizam Sagar
- C. Barapani
- D. Hirakud

Answer: C



16. Which of the following states is not drained by the Godavari River?

- A. Maharashtra
- B. Odisha
- C. Andhra Pradesh
- D. Chhattisgarh

Answer: D



17. Which of the following rivers is not a tributary of River Godavari?

- A. Purna
- B. Ghatprabha
- C. Radha
- D. Pranhita

Answer: B



18. Which of the following rivers is known as the 'Dakshin Ganga'?

- A. The Godavari
- B. The Narmada
- C. The Krishna
- D. The Kaveri

Answer: A



19. The Wainganga and the Penganga are tributaries of which of the following rivers?

- A. The Mahanadi
- B. The Narmada
- C. The Godavari
- D. The Krishna

Answer: C



20. Which of the following lakes is a lagoon in the coastal region of Odisha?

- A. Bhimtal
- B. Barapani
- C. Chilika
- D. Hirakud

Answer: C

