

#### **CHEMISTRY**

# BOOKS - SURA CHEMISTRY (TAMIL ENGLISH)

## **MODEL QUESTION PAPER-1**

Part I

**1.** The metal oxide which cannot be reduced to metal by carbon is

A. PbO

B.  $AI_2O_3$ 

C. ZnO

D. FeO

#### **Answer: B**



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2. The basic strutural unit of silicates is

A.  $\left(SiO_3\right)^{2-}$ 

B. 
$$\left(SiO_4
ight)^2$$
  $^-$ 

$$\mathsf{C.}\left(SiO
ight)^-$$

D. 
$$\left(SiO_4\right)^4$$

#### **Answer: D**



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**3.** In which of the following,  $NH_3$  is not used ?

A. Nessler's reagent

B. Reagent for the analysis of IV group basic radical

C. Reagent for the analysis of III group basic radical

D. Tollen's reagent

Answer: A



**4.** Which of the following statements is not true?

A. on passing  $H_2S$  through acidified ,  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution , a milky colour is observed.

B.  $Na_2Cr_2O_7$  is preferred over  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  in volumetric analysis

C.  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution acidic medium is orange in colour

D.  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution becomes yellow on increasing the  $P^H$  beyond 7

#### **Answer: B**



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**5.** Which kind of isomerism is possible for a complex  $\left[Co(NH_3)_4Br_2\right]Cl$  ?

A. geometrical and ionization

B. geometrical an optical

C. optical and ionization

D. geometrical only

**Answer: A** 



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**6.** In calcium fluoride, having the fluorite structure the coordination number of  $Ca^{2\,+}$  ion and  $F^{\,-}$  lon are

A. 4 and 2

- B. 6 and 6
- C. 8 and 4
- D. 4 and 8

#### **Answer: C**



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**7.** what is the activation energy for a reaction if its rate doubles when the temperature is raised from 200 K to 400 K?

A.  $234.64kJmol^{-1}K^{-1}$ 

B.  $434.65kJmol^{-1}K^{-1}$ 

C.  $434.65 Jmol^{-1}K^{-1}$ 

D.  $334.65 Jmol^{-1}K^{-1}$ 

#### **Answer: C**



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**8.** Which of the following fluoro- compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base?

A.  $BF_3$ 

B.  $PF_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,CF_{\scriptscriptstyle{A}}$ 

D.  $SiF_4$ 

#### **Answer: B**



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9. How many faradays of electricity are required for the following reaction to occur  $MnO_4^- 
ightarrow Mn^{2\,+}$ 

**A.** 5F

B. 3F

C. 1F

D. 7F

#### Answer: A



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**10.** Which one of the following is correctly matched?

A. Emlulsion - smoke

B. Gel - butter

C. Foam - Mist

D. Sol - Whipped cream

#### **Answer: B**



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11. In the reaction sequence, Ethana  $\stackrel{ ext{HOCI}}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{x}{\longrightarrow} ethan-1,2$  diol A and X

respectively are

A. Chloroethane and NaOH

B. ethanol I and  $H_2SO_4$ 

C. 2 - chloroethan -1-ol and  $NaHCO_3$ 

D. ethanol and  $H_2O$ 

#### **Answer: C**



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**12.** Assertion: 2,2 - dimethyl propanoic acid does not give HVZ reaction.

Reason: 2 -2, dimethyl propanoic acid does not have - - hydrogen atom

A. if both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion .

reason is not the correct explanation of assertion .

B. if both assertion and reason are true but

C. assertion is true but reason is false

D. both assertion and reason are false .

#### **Answer: A**



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#### 13. IUPAC name for the amine

- A. 3- Bimethylamino -3- methyl pentane
- B. 3(N, N Triethyl) -3- amino pentane
- C. 3- N, N trimethyl pentanamine

D. 3- ( N, N - Dimethyl amino ) -3- methyl

pentane

#### **Answer: D**



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**14.** Vitamin  $B_2$  is also known as

A. Riboflavin

B. Thiamine

C. Nicotinamide

D. pyridoxine

#### **Answer: A**



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### **15.** Nylon is an example of

A. polyamide

B. polythene

C. polyester

D. poly saccharide

#### **Answer: A**



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Part li

**1.** Give the limitations of Ellingham diagram.



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**2.** Write a short note on hydroboration.



**3.** Which metal in the 3d series exhibits +1 oxidation state most frequently and why?



**4.** Explain the effect of catalyst on reaction rate with an example.



**5.** What is Henderson equation?



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**6.** Give three uses of emulsions.



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7. Draw the major product formed when 1ethoxyprop-1-ene is heated with one equivalent of HI



**8.** Write short notes on Hofmann's bromide reaction.



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9. Write the strutural formula of aspirin.





**1.** Describe a method for refining nickel.



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2. Give the uses of sulphuric acid.



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3. What are the limitations of VB theory?



**4.** If NaCl is doped with  $10^{-2}$  mol percentage of strontium chloride , what is the concentration of cation vacancy ?



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**5.** What are enzymes? Write a brief note on the mechanism of enzyme catalysis.



6. What are Lewis acids and bases? Give two example for each.



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7. What are hormones? Give examples?



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**8.** What are drugs? How are they classified.



**9.** 0.1M copper sulphate solution in which copper electrode is dipped at  $25^{\circ}\,C$ . Calculate the electrode potential of copper.

[Given:  $E_{Cu^{2+}\mid Cu}^{\,\circ}=0.34$ ]



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Part Iv

1. Explain the electrometallurgy of aluminium.



**2.** How will you prepare chlorine in the laboratory?



3. Compare Lantanides and actinides.



**4.** Discuss brifly the nature of bonding in metal carbonyls.



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**5.** Discuss brifly the nature of bonding in metal carbonyls.



**6.** For the reaction  $2x + y \rightarrow L$ . Find the rate law from following data.





7. Explain common ion effect with an example.



**8.** Describe some feature of catalysis by Zeolites .



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**9.** Explain the mechanism of cleansing action of soaps and detergents.



10. A Compound (A) with molecular formula  $C_2H_3N$  on acid hydrolysis gives (B) which reacts with thionylchloride to give compound ( C). Benzene reacts with compound (C) in presence of anhydrous  $AlCl_3$  to give compound (D). Compound (D) on reduction gives (E). Identify (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E). Write the equations.

