

#### **MATHS**

## BOOKS - MCGROW HILL EDUCATION MATHS (HINGLISH)

# JEE ( MAIN) 2020 QUESTIONS WITH SOLUTIONS B.ARCH (6TH JAN -MORING)

#### Question

1. The set of all positive real values of k, for which the equation  $x^3-9x^2+24x-k=0$  has three distinct real roots, is the interval :

A. (18, 21)

_		201
В. (	(16	,20)

C. (14,18)

D. 12, 16)

#### **Answer: B**



- **2.** In a certain town  $25\,\%$  families own a phone and  $15\,\%$  own a car,  $65\,\%$  families own neither a phone nor a car, 2000 families own both a car and a phone . How many families live in the town ?
  - A. Both  $(S_1)$  and  $(S_2)$  are false.
  - B. Both  $(S_1)$  and  $(S_2)$  are true.
  - C.  $(S_1)$  is true and  $(S_2)$  is false.

D.  $(S_1)$  is false and  $(S_2)$  is true.

#### **Answer: B**



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**3.** Let  $I=\int \frac{(2\sin\theta-)\cos\theta}{5-\cos^2\theta-\sin\theta}d\theta$  then I is equal to : (where C is a constant of integration )

A. 
$$3\log_e(2-\cos heta)+rac{2}{2-\sin heta}+C$$

B. 
$$2\log_e(2-\sin\theta)+rac{3}{2-\sin heta}+C$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,2\log_e(2+\cos heta)+rac{2}{2-\cos heta}+C$$

D. 
$$2\log_e(2+\sin\theta)+rac{3}{2-\cos heta}+C$$

#### **Answer: B**



**4.**  $\sim (p \vee q) \vee (\sim p \wedge q)$  is logically equivalent to

A. p

B. ~p

C. q

D. ~q

#### **Answer: B**



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**5.** Let X be a random variable which takes values k with the probability kp. where k = 1, 2, 3, 4 and p  $\in$  (0,1) . Then the standard deviation of X is :

A.  $\sqrt{7}$ 

B. 
$$\sqrt{10}$$

#### **Answer: D**



**6.** If 
$$f(x)=egin{array}{cccc} \sin x & \cos x & an x \ x^3 & x^2 & x \ 2x & 1 & 1 \ \end{array}$$
 , then  $\lim_{x o 0}rac{f(x)}{x^2}$  , is

- A. 0
- B. 3
- C. 1
- D. 2

#### **Answer: C**



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**7.** For non-zero numbers, I, m, n and a, let  $f(x)=lx^3+mx+n$  and f(a)=f(4a) . Then the value  $x\in [a,4a]$  , at which the tangent to the curve y = f(x) is parallel to the x- axis is

A. 
$$\sqrt{5}a$$

D. 
$$\sqrt{7}a$$

#### **Answer: D**



**8.** Let C be the circle concentric with the circle , 
$$2x^2+2y^2-6x-10y=183$$
 and having area  $\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{th}$  of the area of this circle. Then a tangent to C, parallel to the line,  $3x+y=0$  makes an intercept on the y-axis , which is equal to :

A. 
$$-10$$

$$B.-4$$

#### **Answer: A**



**9.** Let  $S=3+55+333+5555+33333+\,$  upto 22 terms. If 9s

+ 88 = 
$$A \left( 10^{22} - 1 \right)$$
 , then A is equal to :

A. 
$$\frac{450}{99}$$

B. 
$$\frac{530}{99}$$

c. 
$$\frac{630}{88}$$

## $\mathsf{D.} \; \frac{350}{88}$

#### Answer: B



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**10.** If  $x=e^t\sin t$  and  $y=e^t\cos t$ , t is a parameter , then the value of  $\frac{d^2x}{dv^2}+\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at t = 0 , is :

$$\mathsf{A.}-2$$

- B.1/2
- C. 2
- D. 0

#### **Answer: D**



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11. If a ellipse has centre at (0,0), a focus at (-3,0) and the corresponding directrix is 3x + 25 = 0, then it passes through the point:

A. 
$$(-5, -4)$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\left(\frac{5}{2},4\right)$$

C. 
$$(-5, -4/\sqrt{2})$$

D. 
$$\left(5/\sqrt{2},4/\sqrt{2}\right)$$

#### **Answer: D**



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**12.** If the roots  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  of the equation ,  $x^2-\sqrt{2}x+c=0$  are complex for some real number  $c\neq 1$  and  $\left|\frac{\alpha-\beta}{1-\alpha\beta}\right|$  = 1, then a value of c is :

A. 
$$-2+\sqrt{6}$$

B. 
$$4 - \sqrt{6}$$

$$C. -1 + \sqrt{2}$$

D. 
$$-1 + \sqrt{6}$$

#### **Answer: C**



**13.** If the probability of a shooter A not hitting a target is 0.5 and that for the shooter B is 0.7, then the probability that either A or B fails to hit the target is :

- A. 0. 20
- B. 0. 35
- C. 0. 25
- D. 0. 85

#### **Answer: D**



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**14.** If heta is the between the line  $r=(i+2j-k)+\lambda(i-j+2k), \lambda\in R$  and the plane r. (2i - j

+ k ) = 4. then a value of  $\cos \theta$  is :

A. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{11}}{6}$$
B.  $\frac{\sqrt{35}}{6}$ 

B. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

C. 
$$\frac{\sqrt{13}}{6}$$
D.  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$ 

#### **Answer: A**



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**15.** The area of the figure formed by the 
$$ax+by+c=0,\,ax-by+c=0,\,ax+by-c=0$$

lines

and

$$ax - by - c = 0$$
 is

A. 
$$\frac{2b^2}{ac}$$

B. 
$$\frac{2a^2}{bc}$$

C. 
$$\frac{2c^2}{ab}$$

D. 
$$\frac{4c^2}{ab}$$

#### **Answer: C**



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## **16.** Find the Value of $\frac{\cot \pi}{24}$

A. 
$$1+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}$$

$$\mathrm{B.}\,1-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}$$

C. 
$$2+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{6}$$

D. 
$$2+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}$$

#### **Answer: D**



17. Let P be the point of intersection of two lines

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$$x + 10$$
  $y - 21$   $z + 11$   $x$ 

 $L_1 : \frac{x+10}{1} = \frac{y-21}{7} = \frac{z+11}{5} \ \ ext{and} \ \ L_2 : \frac{x-1}{5} = \frac{y-46}{9} = \frac{z}{3}$ 

B. 5

C.  $5\sqrt{3}$ 

D.  $5\sqrt{2}$ 

**Answer: C** 



**18.** The area (in sq. units) of the region,  $R = \{(x,y): y \in A(x,y): y \in A(x$  $\leq x^{2}, y \leq 2x + 3, x \leq 1 \,\, ext{and} \,\, y + 1 \geq \, \big\}$  is :

A. 
$$\frac{11}{3}$$

B. 
$$\frac{13}{3}$$

c. 
$$\frac{10}{3}$$
 D.  $\frac{8}{3}$ 

### **Answer: A**



**19.** If 
$$\alpha$$
 and  $\beta$  are the coefficients of  $x^8$  and  $x^{-24}$  respectively, in the expansion of  $\left(x^4+2+\frac{1}{x^4}\right)$  in powers of x, then  $\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$  is equal to :

c. 
$$\frac{32}{3}$$

$$\frac{13}{2}$$

**Answer: B** 



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**20.** Let A be a 2 imes 2 matrix such that  $3A^2+6A-l_2=O_2$  . Then a value of det (A+I) is:

$$A. -7/\sqrt{3}$$

$$\mathsf{B.}-7/3$$

C. 
$$\sqrt{7/3}$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\,3/7$$

#### **Answer: B**



**21.** IF y = y (x) is the solution of the differential equation,  $x\frac{dy}{dx}=y(\log_e y-\log_e x+1) \text{, when y(1) = 2, then y(2) is equal}$ 





**22.** IF 
$$S=\left\{z\in C\colon ar{z}=iz^2
ight\}$$
, then the maximum value of  $\left|z-\sqrt{3}-i
ight|^2$  in S is \_\_\_\_\_



**23.** 
$$\lim_{y\to 0} \frac{(y-2)+2\sqrt{1+y+y^2}}{2y}$$
 is equal to \_\_\_\_\_



24. Interior angle of polygon are in A.P.If the smallest angle is  $120^{\circ}$  and the common difference is  $5^{\circ}$ , find the number of sides of polygon.



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**25.** The largest value of  $n \in N$  for which  $rac{74}{^nP_n} > rac{^{n+3}P_3}{^{n+1}P_{n+1}}$  is

