



MATHS

BOOKS - KUMAR PRAKASHAN KENDRA

MATHS (GUJRATI ENGLISH)

LIMITS AND DERIVATIVES

Exercise 13 1

1. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} x + 3$$



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2. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \left(x - \frac{22}{7} \right)$$



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3. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 1} \pi r^2$$



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4. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{4x + 3}{x - 2}$$



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5. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^{10} + x^5 + 1}{x - 1}$$



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6. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + 1)^5 - 1}{x}$$



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7. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3x^2 - x - 10}{x^2 - 4}$$



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8. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^4 - 81}{2x^2 - 5x - 3}$$



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9. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax + b}{cx + 1}$$



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10. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{z^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1}{z^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1}$$



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11. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{ax^2 + bx + c}{cx^2 + bx + a}, a + b + c \neq 0$$



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12. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2}}{x + 2}$$



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13. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(ax)}{()bx}$$



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14. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(ax)}{\sin(bx)} \quad (a, b \neq 0)$$



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15. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin(\pi - x)}{\pi(\pi - x)}$$



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16. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{\pi - x}$$



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17. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(2x) - 1}{\cos x - 1}$$



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18. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax + x \cos x}{b \sin x}$$



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19. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax + bx}{ax + \sin bx} \quad a, b, a + b \neq 0$$



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20. Evaluate the following limits in Exercises

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan 2x}{x - \frac{\pi}{2}}$$



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21. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$, where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 6x + 3, & x \leq 0 \\ x + 6, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$



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22. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$, where $f(x) =$

$$\begin{cases} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^2 - 1, & x \leq 1 \\ -x^2 - 1, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$



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23.

Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x), \text{ where } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$



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24.

Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x), \quad \text{where } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$



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25. Suppose $f(x) = \begin{cases} a + bx, & x < 1 \\ 4, & x = 1 \\ b - ax, & x > 1 \end{cases}$



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26. Let a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n be fixed real numbers

and define a function

$$f(x) = (x - a_1)(x - a_2)\dots(x - a_n).$$

What is $\lim_{x \rightarrow a_1} f(x)$? For some

$a \neq a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$, compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} (f(x))$.



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27. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| + 1, & x < 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \\ |x| - 1, & x > 0 \end{cases}$

For what value(s) of a does $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ exists?



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28. In the function $f(x)$ satisfies

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x) - 2}{x^2 - 1} = \pi \text{ evaluate } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x).$$



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29. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} mx^2 + n, & x < 0 \\ nx + m, & 0 \leq x \leq 1. \\ nx^3 + m, & x > 1 \end{cases}$. For

what integers m and n does both

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) \text{ and } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) \text{ exist?}$$



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Exercise 13 2

1. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{4x} - 1}{x}$$



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2. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2+x} - e^2}{x}$$



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3. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{e^x - e^5}{x - 5}$$



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4. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\sin x} - 1}{x}$$



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5. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{e^x - e^3}{x - 3}$$



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6. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(e^x - 1)}{1 - \cos x}$$



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7. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_e(1 + 2x)}{x}$$



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8. Find limit of the following if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(1 + x^3)}{\sin^3 x}$$



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1. Find the derivative of $x^2 - 2$ at point $x=10$



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2. Find the derivative of x at $x=1$



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3. Find the derivative of $99x$ at $x=100$.



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4. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle.

$$x^3 - 27$$



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5. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle.

$$(x - 1)(x - 2)$$



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6. Differentiate the functions $\frac{1}{x^2}$



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7. Find the derivative of the following

functions $\frac{x + 1}{x - 1}$



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8. For the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{100}}{100} + \frac{x^{99}}{99} + \dots + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1.$$

Prove that

$$f'(1) = 100f'(0).$$



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9. Find the derivative of

$$x^n + ax^{n-1} + a^2x^{n-2} + \dots + a^{n-1}x + a^n$$

for some fixed real number a .



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10. For some constants a and b , find the

derivative of: $\frac{x^2}{2} - (a + b)x$



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11. Find the derivative of the following

functions $(ax^2 + b)^2$



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12. $\frac{x - a}{x - b}$



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13. Find the derivative of $\frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a}$ for some constant a .



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14. Find the derivative of

$$2x - \frac{3}{4}$$



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15. Find the derivative of

$$(5x^3 + 3x - 1)(x - 1)$$



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16. Find the derivative of

$$x^{-3}(5 + 3x)$$



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17. Find the derivative of

$$x^5(3 - 6x^{-9})$$



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18. Find the derivative of

$$x^{-4}(3 - 4x^{-5})$$



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19. Find the derivative of

$$\frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{x^2}{3x-1}$$



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20. Find the derivative of $\cos x$ from first principle .



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21. Find the derivative of the following functions:

(i) $\sin x \cdot \cos x$



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22. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$\sec x$



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23. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$5 \sec x + 4 \cos x$$



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24. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$\operatorname{cosec} x$$



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25. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$3 \cot x + 5 \operatorname{cosec} x$$



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26. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$5 \sin x - 6 \cos x + 7$$



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27. Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$2 \tan x - 7 \sec x$$



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Miscellaneous Exercise 13

1. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle

$$-x$$



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2. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle

$$(-x)^{-1}$$



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3. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle

$$\sin(x+1)$$



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4. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle

$$\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$$



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5. Find the derivative of the following functions : (It is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are intergers): $(x+a)$



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6. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$(px + q) \left(\frac{r}{x} + s \right)$$



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7. $(ax + b)(cx + d)^2$





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8. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$$



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9. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that $a, b, c, d,$

p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\left(\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} \right)$$



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10. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{1}{ax^2 + bx + c}$$



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11. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{ax + b}{px^2 + qx + r}$$



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12. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that $a, b, c, d,$

p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{px^2 + qx + r}{ax + b}$$



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13. $\frac{a}{x^4} - \frac{b}{x^2} + \cos x$



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14. $4\sqrt{x} - 2$



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15. Find the derivative of the following functions $(ax + b)^n$



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16. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$(ax + b)^n (cx + d)^m$$



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17. $\sin (x+a)$



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18. $\operatorname{cosec} x \cot x$



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19. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$$



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20.
$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$$



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21. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):

$$\frac{\sec x - 1}{\sec x + 1}$$



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22. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and

m and n are integers):

$$\sin^n x$$



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23.
$$\frac{a + b \sin x}{c + d \cos x}$$



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24. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and

m and n are integers):

$$\frac{\sin(x + a)}{\cos x}$$



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25. Differentiate w.r.t x $x^4(5 \sin x - 3 \cos x)$



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26. $(x^2 + 1) \cos x$



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$$27. (ax^2 + \sin x)(p + q \cos x)$$



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$$28. (x + \cos x)(x - \tan x)$$



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$$29. \frac{4x + 5 \sin x}{3x + 7 \cos x}$$



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30.
$$\frac{x^2 \frac{\cos(\pi)}{4}}{\sin x}$$



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31.
$$\frac{x}{1 + \tan x}$$



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32. Find the derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and

m and n are integers):

$$(x + \sec x)(x - \tan x)$$



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33. Differentiate the following w.r.t. x: $\frac{x}{\sin^n x}$



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Textbook Based Mcqs

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 1

B. 0

C. -1

D. 2

Answer: B



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2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|x|}{x} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 1

B. -1

C. 0

D. Does not exists

Answer: D



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3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\tan x}{\pi - x} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 1

B. -1

C. 0

D. Does not exists

Answer: B



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4. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{2019} - 1}{x^n - 1} = -\frac{2019}{2018}$ then $n = \dots\dots$

A. -2017

B. 2018

C. 2017

D. -2018

Answer: C



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5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin(\cos x)}{\frac{\pi}{2} - x} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 0

B. 1

C. -1

D. None of these

Answer: B



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6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{|\sin x|}{x} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 1

B. -1

C. 0

D. Does not exists

Answer: A



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7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(2x - 3)}{2x^2 + x - 3} = \dots$

A. 1

B. $\frac{1}{10}$

C. $-\frac{1}{10}$

D. Does not exist

Answer: C



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8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin x - 1}{\cos(2x)} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $\frac{1}{2}$

B. $2 \arctan(2)$

C. $-\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\sqrt{2}$

Answer: C



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9. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2$, $\forall x \in R$ then

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = \dots\dots\dots$$

A. 2

B. 0

C. -1

D. 1

Answer: D



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10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} [x] = \dots\dots$

A. 0

B. 5

C. -5

D. 4

Answer: B



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11. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} [x] = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 5

B. -5

C. -4

D. 4

Answer: B



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12. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{x - a} = \dots\dots$

A. $\cos a$

B. $\sin a$

C. a

D. 0

Answer: A



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13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - 5x}{7x - \sin x} = \dots$

A. $\frac{2}{3}$

B. $-\frac{2}{3}$

C. $\frac{5}{7}$

D. $-\frac{5}{7}$

Answer: B



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14. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{1}{5}} - a^{\frac{1}{5}}}, (a > 0) = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $\frac{1}{3}a^{\frac{3}{5}}$

B. $\frac{1}{5}a\left(\frac{1}{15}\right)$

C. $\frac{5}{3}a\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)$

D. $\frac{5}{3}a^{\frac{2}{15}}$

Answer: D



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15. If $5f(x) + 3f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = x + 2$, $y = xf(x)$, then the value of $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)(x = 1) = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $\frac{3}{5}$

B. $\frac{14}{3}$

C. $\frac{7}{8}$

D. $\frac{15}{7}$

Answer: C



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16. If $y = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^2}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!}$
then $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. y

B. $y-x$

C. $y - \frac{x^n}{n!}$

D. $y - \frac{x^n}{(n-1)!}$

Answer: C



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17. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x f(a) - a f(x)}{x - a} = f(a) - (a) f'(a).$

A. $af'(a)$

B. $f(a)-af'(a)$

C. $f'(a)$

D. $\frac{f'(a)}{a}$

Answer: B



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18.

If

$f(x) =$

$x^{n-1} + x^{n-2} + \dots + 1, -1 < x < 1$ then

$f'(x) = \dots\dots$

A. $\frac{1}{(x-1)^2}$

B. $\frac{1}{x-1}$

C. $\frac{1}{x^n - 1}$

D. $\frac{(n-1)x^n - nx^{n-1} + 1}{(1-x)^2}$

Answer: D



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19. If $f(4)=16$, $f'(4)=2$ and f is differentiable of

$x=4$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{f(x)} - 4}{x - 4} = \dots$

A. 2

B. 1

C. $\frac{1}{4}$

D. $\frac{1}{16}$

Answer: C



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20. $\frac{d}{dx}(x + |x|)|x| = \dots\dots(x < 0)$

A. 1

B. 0

C. 2

D. 4

Answer: B



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21. $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin 180^\circ) = \dots\dots$

A. $\cos 18^\circ$

B. $-\sin 18^\circ$

C. $-\cos 18^\circ$

D. 0

Answer: D



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22. $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x^\circ) = \dots\dots$

A. $\cos x^\circ$

B. $-\sin x^\circ$

C. $\frac{\pi}{180} \cos x^\circ$

D. 0

Answer: C



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23. $\frac{d}{dx} (\sqrt{\sin x}) = \dots\dots\dots \left(0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$

A. $\sqrt{\cos x}$

B. $\sqrt{\sin x}$

C. $\frac{\cos x}{2\sqrt{\sin x}}$

D. $\frac{\sin x}{2\sqrt{\cos x}}$

Answer: C



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24. $\frac{d}{dx} (\tan^2 x) = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $2\tan x$

B. $\sec^2 x$

C. $\cot^2 x$

$$D. 2 \tan x \sec^2 x$$

Answer: D



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$$25. \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1} = \dots\dots\dots$$

A. 0

B. 1

C. -1

D. Does not exist

Answer: C



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26. $\lim_{y \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3\sqrt{y} + 3\sqrt{y^2} - 4\sqrt{y^3}}{3\sqrt{y} + y + 4\sqrt{y^3}} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. -1

B. 1

C. 0

D. Limit does not exist

Answer: B



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27. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{365} - 365x + 364}{(x - 1)^2} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. 66.463

B. 64.34

C. 66.63

D. 64.436

Answer: A



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28. If $\lim_{y \rightarrow -2} \frac{3x^2ax + a + 3}{x^2 + x - 2}$ limit exists then

a=.....

A. 15

B. -15

C. 12

D. -12

Answer: A



29. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4\sqrt{x+h} - 4\sqrt{x}}{h} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $\frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{3}{4}}$

B. $-\frac{1}{4}x^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

C. $\frac{1}{4}x^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

D. 1

Answer: C



30. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^n - n}{x - 1}$

=....., where $n \in \mathbb{N}$

A. $\Sigma 1$

B. Σn

C. Σn^2

D. Σn^3

Answer: B



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$$31. f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1 - \sin x}{\pi - 2x}, & x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \lambda, & x = \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

If $f(x)$ is continuous of $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ then $\lambda = \dots\dots\dots$

A. -1

B. 1

C. 0

D. 2

Answer: C



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32. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x^3 - a^3} = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $f'(a) \frac{1}{3a^2}$

B. $3a^2 - \frac{2}{f(a)}$

C. $f'(a)3a^2$

D. None of these

Answer: A



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33. If $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1 + x^4 + x^8}{1 + x^2 + x^4} \right) = ax^3 + bx$ then

.....

A. $a=4, b=2$

B. $a=4, b=-2$

C. $a=-2, b=4$

D. None of these

Answer: B



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34. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (1 - x)\tan\left(x\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. $\frac{2}{\pi}$

D. $\frac{4}{\pi}$

Answer: C



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$$35. f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x+3}{3x+2} & x > 0 \\ \frac{\sin 3x}{2x} & x < 0 \\ \frac{3}{2} & x = 0 \end{cases} \text{ di } \dots\dots\dots$$

A. $a = \frac{-3}{2}, b = 0, c = \frac{1}{2}$

B. $a = \frac{3}{2}, b \neq 0, c = \frac{1}{2}$

C. $a = \frac{-3}{2}, b \neq 0, c = \frac{1}{2}$

D.

Answer: C



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1. $\forall t \in \mathbb{R}$ suppose $[t]$ has value t of all integer value of less than t then,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \left(\left[\frac{1}{x} \right] + \left[\frac{2}{x} \right] + \dots + \left[\frac{15}{x} \right] \right)$$

- A. Equal to 0
- B. Equal to 15
- C. Equal to 120
- D. Does not exists in \mathbb{R}

Answer: C



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2. $f(x) = x + \tan x$ and f is an inverse function of g then $g'(x) = \dots\dots$

A. ϕ (void set)

B. $\{0\}$

C. $\{\pi\}$

D. $\{0, \pi\}$

Answer: A



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Textbook Illustrations For Practice Work

1. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [x^3 - x^2 + 1]$$



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2. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} [x(x + 1)]$$



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3. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} [1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^{10}]$$



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4. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left[\frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 100} \right]$$



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5. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x} \right]$$



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6. Find the limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[\frac{x^3 - 2x^2}{x^2 - 5x + 6} \right]$$



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7. Find the limits :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[\frac{x - 2}{x^2 - x} - \frac{1}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x} \right]$$



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8. Evaluate :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{15} - 1}{x^{10} - 1}$$



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9. Evaluate :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x}$$



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10. Evaluate :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 2x}$$



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11. Evaluate :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$$



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12. Compute : $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3x} - 1}{x}$



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13. Evaluate : $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{18} - 1}{18x - 18}$



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14. Find the derivative at $x = 2$ of the function

$$f(x) = 3x.$$



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15. Find the derivative of the function $f(x) =$

$$2x^2 + 3x - 5 \quad \text{at } x = -1. \text{ Also prove that}$$

$$f'(0) + 3f'(-1) = 0$$



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16. Find the derivative of $\sin x$ at $x=0$



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17. Find the derivative of

$$f(x) = 3atx = 0 \text{ and } atx = 3.$$



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18. find the derivative of $f(x)=10x$



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19. Find the derivative of $f(x) = x^2$.



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20. Find the derivative of the constant function $f(x) = a$ for a fixed real number a .



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21. Find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$





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22. Compute the derivative of $6x^{100} - x^{55} + x$.



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23. Find the derivative of $f(x)=1+x+x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{50}$ at $x=1$



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24. Find the derivative of $f(x) = \frac{x + 1}{x}$



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25. Compute the derivative of $\sin x$.



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26. Compute the derivative of $\tan x$.



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27. Compute the derivative of $f(x) = \sin^2 x$.



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28. Find the derivative of f from the first principle. Where f is given by ,

$$f(x) = \frac{2x + 3}{x - 2}$$



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29. Find the derivative of f from the first principle, where f is given by

$$f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$$



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30. Find the derivative of $f(x)$ from the first principle where $f(x)$ is

$$\sin x + \cos x$$



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31. Find the derivative of $f(x)$ from the first principle where $f(x)$ is

$x \sin x$



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32. Compute derivative of

$$f(x) = \sin 2x$$



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33. Compute derivative of

$$g(x) = \cot x$$



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34. Find the derivative of

$$\frac{x^2 - \cos x}{\sin x}$$



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35. Find the derivative of

$$\frac{x + \cos x}{\tan x}$$



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