



## MATHS

# BOOKS - KUMAR PRAKASHAN KENDRA MATHS (GUJRATI ENGLISH)

## OBJECTIVE SECTION AS PER NEW PAPER SCHEME

### Sets Fill In The Blanks

1. For given set A and B if  $A \subset B$  and  $A \neq B$  then set A is .....of set B.



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2. The numbers of proper subset of set A having n elements are..... .



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3. Numbers of elements in power set of the given set

$A = \{x \in N \mid x^2 < 25\}$  are .....

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4. .... is the interval from of the set  $\{x \in R \mid -5 < x \leq 7\}$ .

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5. In ... way one can represent null set  $\phi$  as property method.

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6.  $A = \{x \mid x \text{ is the letter of the word FELLOW}\}$   $B = \{x \mid x \text{ is the letter of the word FLOW}\}$  then both sets are connected with ..... operation .

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7. If  $A = \{x \mid x \text{ is the multiple of } 4\}$  and  $B = \{x \mid x \text{ is the multiple of } 6\}$  then  $A$

$$\cap B = \{\dots\dots\}$$

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8. If  $A \subset B$  then  $A \cap B = \dots\dots\dots$

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9. If  $A \cup B = A$  then  $\dots\dots\dots$

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10. If  $n(A) = 5$ ,  $n(B) = 8$  and  $A \subset B$  then  $n(A \cup B) = \dots\dots\dots$

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11. If  $n(A) = 4$ ,  $n(B) = 9$  and  $A \subset B$  then  $n(A \cap B) = \dots$ .

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12. If  $N_p = \{px \mid x \in N\}$  then  $N_3 \cap N_5 = \dots$ .

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13. For non null sets A and B,  $A \cap (A \cap B)' = \dots$ .

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14.  $\phi$  is null set and for given non null sets A and B,  $A \cap (A \cup B) = \dots$ .

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15. For the non null sets A and B,  $A \cup (A \cap B)' = \dots$ .



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16. If  $A \subset B$  then  $A - B = \dots\dots$



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17. For non null sete A and B , $A \cap (B-A) = \dots$



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18. For non null sets A and B if  $n(A) = 16, n(B) = 14$  ,  $n(A \cup B) = 25$  then  $n(A \cap B) = \dots\dots\dots$



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19. For non null sets A and B if  $n(A \cup B) = 36$  , $n(A - B) = 15$  and  $n(A \cap B) = 16$  then  $n(B) = \dots\dots$



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20. For set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$   $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2\}$  and  $C = \{1, 2, 3\}$  are subset of ..... set .



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21.  $U = [1, 5]$ ,  $A = \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{N}, x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0\}$  then  $A^c = \dots$



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22. If  $R =$  set of real number and  $Q =$  set of rational number then  $R - Q =$  .....



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23. For set  $A$  if  $n(A^4) = 81$  then  $n(A) = \dots\dots\dots$

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24. If  $n(A) = m$  and  $n(B) = n$  also total subsets of A are 16 times more than the subsets of B then  $m - n = \dots$

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25. Let  $U =$  set of all triangle and  $X =$  set of all triangles whose measure of all angle is less than  $60^\circ$  then  $X' = \dots$

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26. Set  $A \cup B$  has  $m$  elements and set  $A \cap B$  has  $n$  elements . Then set  $A \Delta B$  has  $\dots$  elements .

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27. If  $n(A) = 10$ ,  $n(B) = 6$  and  $A \cap B \neq \phi$  then maximum value of  $n(B-A)$  .....

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28. If A, B and C are three disjoint sets such that  $n(A) = 9$ ,  $n(B) = 7$ ,  $n(C) = 4$  then  $n(A \cup B \cup C) = \dots$ .

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29.  $A, B \in P(U)$  if  $A \subset B$  then  $A' \cup B = \dots$ .

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30. For non null sets A and B  $(A \cap B) \cup (A - B) = \dots$ .

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31. For given set A and B if  $A \subset B$  and  $A \neq B$  then set A is .....of set B.

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39. For non null sets A and B if  $n(A) = 16, n(B) = 14$  ,  $n(A \cup B) = 25$  then  $n(A \cap B) = \dots\dots$

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40. If  $n(A)=5, n(B)=8$  and  $A \subset B$  then  $n(A \cup B)=\dots\dots$  .

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41. If  $n(A) = 4, n(B) = 9$  and  $A \subset B$  then  $n(A \cap B) = \dots\dots$  .

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50. For set  $A = \{ 1,2,3, 4\}$   $B = \{x \in Z \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2\}$  and  $C = \{1,2,3\}$  are subset of ..... set .



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58. If  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are three disjoint sets such that  $n(A) = 9$ ,  $n(B) = 7$ ,  $n(c) = 4$  then  $n(A \cup B \cup C) = \dots$  .

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59. If  $A \subset B$  then  $A - B = \dots$

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60. For non null sets A and B  $(A \cap B) \cup (A - B) = \dots$

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## Sets True False Statement

1. Numbers of proper subsets of the set having  $n$  elements are  $2^{n+1} - 2, (n > 1 \in N)$

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2.  $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$ .





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3. The representation of the set  $\{x \in N \mid x^2 + 9 = 0\}$  is  $\phi$ .



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4. For sets  $A$  and  $B$ ,  $n(A) = 20$ ,  $n(B) = 30$ ,  $n(A \cup B) = 40$ ,  $n(A \cap B) = 10$  and  $n(U) = 100$  then  $n(A' \cap B') = 60$ .



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5. Numbers of improper subsets of the given set  $A = \{1, 5, 9\}$  are 8.



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6. Interval form of the set  $\{x \in R \mid -1 \leq x < 7\}$  is given by  $(-1, 7]$ .

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7.  $A \in P(A)$

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8. Every set has two subsets .

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9.  $A = \{1, \{2, 3\}\}$  then  $\{2, 3\} \subset A$

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10. If  $B \subset A$ ,  $B \subset C$  and  $x \in A$  then  $x \in C$

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11.  $\{\phi\} = \phi$

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12.  $A = \{x \in N \mid x^3 = x\}$  is singleton set.

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13. Numbers of proper subsets of the set having  $n$  elements are  $2^{n+1} - 2, (n > 1 \in N)$

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14.  $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$ .

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16. For sets A and B ,  $n(A) = 20$  ,  $n(B) = 30$  ,  $n(A \cup B) = 40$ ,  $n(A \cap B) = 10$  and  $n(U) = 100$  then  $n(A' \cap B') = 60$ .

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## Relations And Functions Fill In The Blanks

1. If the order pairs  $(x+1, y-2)$  and  $(3,10)$  are equal then respective values of  $x$  and  $y$  are .....



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2.  $A$  and  $B$  are non null sets. Any one out of  $A$  and  $B$  is infinite then  $A \times B$  is .....



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3.  $A \times (B \cup C) = \dots\dots\dots$

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4. If  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 1, y - \frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$  then  $x + y = \dots\dots\dots$

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5. Set A has three elements and  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$  then numbers of elements in 'AxB' are .....

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6. Let  $A = \{1, 2\}$  and  $B = \{3, 4\}$ . Write  $A \times B$ . How many subsets will  $A \times B$  have? List them.

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7. Let  $A=\{1,2\}$  and  $B=\{3,4\}$ . Find the number of relations from A to B.

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8.  $f: R - \{0\} \rightarrow R, f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + px$  and  $f\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{28}{5}$  then  $p = \dots$

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9. Let  $f=\{(1,1),(2,3),(0,-1),(-1,-3)\}$  be a linear function from Z into Z. Find  $f(x)$ .

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10. Function  $f: N \rightarrow R, f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  then value of  $\frac{f(25)}{f(16) + f(1)} = \dots$

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11. If the graph of  $Y = (x)$  is symmetric about Y axis then .....



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12. Value of  $[2.3]$  is .....

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13. Value of  $[-2.3]$  is .....

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14. Graph of the function  $f: R \rightarrow R, f(x) = 3x + 5$  is .... .

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15.  $f: R \rightarrow R$ , function  $f(x)$  is defined as  $f(x) = 2x + |x|$  then  $f(2x) + f(-x) - f(x) = \dots\dots\dots$

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16.  $f: R - \{0\} \rightarrow R - \{0\}$ ,  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 4$  then  $x^3 f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \dots\dots$

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17. Function  $f$  defined on  $Z$  to  $Z$  as  $f = \{(1, 1), (2, 3), (3, 5), (4, 7)\}$  and  $f(x) = ax + b$  then  $a + b = \dots\dots$ .

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18. Function  $f$  and  $g$  defined on  $R - \{0\} \rightarrow R$  as  $f(x) = x$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  then  $f \cdot g(x) = \dots\dots$

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19. Function and  $g$  defined on  $R \rightarrow R$  as  $f(x) = x^2 + 7$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 5$ . Then  $f(3) + g(-5) = \dots$ .

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20.  $R_1 = \{(x, y) \mid y = 2x + 7, y \in R \text{ and } x \in [-5, 5]\}$  Then range of  $R_1$  .....

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21.  $f$  and  $g$  are real functions defined by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 7$ . If  $f(x) = g(x)$  then  $x = \dots$ .

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22.  $f$  and  $g$  are real functions defined by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 7$ . If  $f(x) < g(x)$  then  $x \dots 4$ .





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23.  $f(x)$  is linear function of the type  $mx + c$  and  $f(-1) = -5$  and  $f(3) = 3$  then values of  $m$  and  $c$  are ....and .....



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24. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$



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25. The temperature in Celsius in the particular day in city is given by  $t(c) = \frac{9c}{5} + 32$ . if  $c = -10$  then value of  $t(c) = \dots$



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26. If  $f(x) = \frac{1-x}{1+x}$  then  $f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \dots$  where  $(x) \in R - \{0, 1\}$ .

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27. If  $f(x) = \frac{ax+b}{a+bx}$  then  $f(x) \cdot f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \dots$

(where  $x \neq 0$ )

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28. If  $f(x) = \frac{1-x}{1+x}$  then  $x = \dots$

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29. If  $f(x) = \sin x$  then  $2f(x) \cdot f(90 - x) = \dots$

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30. The function 't' which maps temperature in degree Celsius into temperature in degree Fahrenheit is defined by  $t(c) = \frac{9(c)}{5} + 32$ . If  $t(c)=212$  then  $c = \dots$ .

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31. If the order pairs  $(x+1, y-2)$  and  $(3,10)$  are equal then respective values of  $x$  and  $y$  are .....

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32.  $A$  and  $B$  are non null sets. Any one out of  $A$  and  $B$  is infinite then  $A \times B$  is .....

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(where  $x \neq 0$ )



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60. The function 't' which maps temperature in degree Celsius into temperature in degree Fahrenheit is defined by  $t(c) = \frac{9(c)}{5} + 32$ . If  $t(c) = 212$  then  $c = \dots$



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## Relations And Functions True False Statement

1. Set A has three elements and  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$  then numbers of elements in ' $A \times B$ ' are .....



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2. If  $n(A) = p$  and  $n(B) = q$  then numbers of non void relations from A to B are  $(2^{p+q} - 1)$ .



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3. Examine each of the following relations given below and state in each case, giving reasons whether it is function or not?

(i)  $R = \{(2,1), (3,1), (4,2)\}$ , (ii)  $R = \{(2,2), (2,4), (3,3), (4,4)\}$

(ii)  $R = \{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6), (6,7)\}$



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4.

$$A = \{3k \mid k \in N\} B = \{3k - 1 \mid k \in N\} \text{ and } C = \{3k - 2 \mid k \in N\}.$$

Then A , B and C are disjoint sets .



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$$5. n(A \Delta B) = n(A) + n(B) - 2n(A \cap B)$$



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$$6. \text{ If } [n(A)]^3 = 8 \text{ and } \{0, 1, 0\} \in A^3 \text{ then } a = \{0,1\}$$



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7.  $A$  = Set of odd natural numbers

$B$  = set of even natural numbers

$F = \{(a, b) \mid a, b \text{ is even natural number, } a \in A, b \in B\}$  Then domain of relation  $R$  is set .  $A$

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8.  $f: R \rightarrow R, f(x) = \sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$  is constant function .

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9. Graph of constant function is line parallel to  $Y$  - axis (means graph is vertical line)

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10. For  $x \neq 0, f(x) = \frac{x - |x|}{|x|}$  then  $f(-1) = 0$





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11.  $f: R^+ \rightarrow R^+$ ,  $f(x) = x^2 + 4(\sqrt{x}) + 3$  then  $f(4) = 24$ .



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12. Graph of identity function passes from origin and also from first , third quadrant .



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13.  $f$  and  $g$  are real functions defined by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 7$ . If  $f(x) = g(x)$  then  $x = \dots$ .



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14. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$ . Find the domain and range of  $R$ .

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15. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$

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16. Set  $A$  has three elements and  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$  then numbers of elements in ' $A \times B$ ' are .....

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17. If  $n(A) = p$  and  $n(B) = q$  then numbers of non void relations from  $A$  to  $B$  are  $(2^{p+q} - 1)$ .



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18. Let  $R = \{(1, 3), (2, 2), (3, 2)\}$  and  $S = \{(2, 1), (3, 2), (2, 3)\}$  be two relations on set  $A = \{(1, 2, 3)\}$ . Then,  $S \circ R$  is equal

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19.

$A = \{3k \mid k \in N\}$   $B = \{3k - 1 \mid k \in N\}$  and  $C = \{3k - 2 \mid k \in N\}$ .

Then A , B and C are disjoint sets .

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20.  $n(A \Delta B) = n(A) + n(B) - 2n(A \cap B)$

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21. If  $[n(A)]^3 = 8$  and  $\{0, 1, 0\} \in A^3$  then  $a = \{0,1\}$



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22. Let  $A = \{x : x \text{ is a natural number}\}$ ,

$B = \{x : x \text{ is an even natural number}\}$ ,

$C = \{x : x \text{ is an odd natural number}\}$

and  $D = \{x : x \text{ is a prime number}\}$ .

Find



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23.  $f: R \rightarrow R, f(x) = \sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$  is constant function .



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24. Graph of constant function is line parallel to Y - axis (means graph is vertical line)

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25. For  $x \neq 0$ ,  $f(x) = \frac{x - |x|}{|x|}$  then  $f(-1) = 0$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

26.  $f: R^+ \rightarrow R^+$ ,  $f(x) = x^2 + 4(\sqrt{x}) + 3$  then  $f(4) = 24$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

27. Graph of identity function passes from origin and also from first , third quadrant .

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28.  $f$  and  $g$  are real functions defined by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 7$ . If  $f(x) = g(x)$  then  $x = \dots$ .

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29. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$ . Find the domain and range of  $R$ .

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30. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$

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Trigonometric Functions Fill In The Blanks

1. Radian value of  $47^{\circ} 30'$  is .....

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2. 2 Radian = ..... Degree.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Arc at the circle with length 37.4 cm subtends and angle of  $60^{\circ}$  at centre . Then its radius  $r = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Angle made by the the arc of length 55 cm at center is .....if length of radius is 25 cm

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. ....is the length of the arc of the circle with radius 28 cm and angle made by two radii at centre is  $45^\circ$  .



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6. Arc of length  $15\pi$  subtends an angle  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$  at centre then radius  $r =$  .....cm



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7. Measure of an angle of the regular polygon having ten sides is .....radian.



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8. Length of the arc of circle with radius 5 cm and angle at centre is  $15^\circ$  .....cm.



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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. Find the angle in radian through which a pendulum swings if its length is 75 cm and the tip describes an arc of length (i) 10 cm (ii) 15 cm (iii) 21cm.

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10. Graph of  $\sin(x)$  function repeats its value in ..... Interval length.

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11.  $2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sec^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$  has value .....

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12.  $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$  .....

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13.  $\cos\left(\frac{65\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

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14. If  $\cot x = -\sqrt{5}$  and  $x$  in second quadrant then  $\sin x = \dots\dots\dots$

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15.  $2 \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

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16. The value of  $\frac{1 - \tan^2(15^\circ)}{1 + \tan^2(15^\circ)}$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

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17. If  $A + B + C = \pi$  then  $\sec A(\cos B \cos C - \sin B \sin C) = \dots\dots\dots$

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18.  $3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) - 4 \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

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19. One root of the equation  $6x - 8x^3 = \sqrt{3}$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

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20.  $\frac{\sin(3\alpha)}{1 + 2 \cos(2\alpha)} = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

21.  $\cos(47^\circ)\cos(13^\circ) - \sin(47^\circ)\sin(13^\circ) = \dots\dots\dots$

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22.  $\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

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23. Sum of the measure of an angle of cyclic quadrilateral ABCD is .....radian.

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24. Solution set of the equation  $3\tan^2\theta + 4\tan\theta + 2 = 0$  is .....

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25. For  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $\sin A + \sin B + \sin C$

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26. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $m\angle A = 90$ ,  $m\angle B = 30$  and  $a = 10^\circ$  then  $b = \dots\dots$

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27. In  $\triangle ABC$  if  $m\angle C = 90^\circ$  than  $\tan A + \tan B = \dots\dots$ (where  $a, b, c$  are sides opposite to angles  $A, B, C$  respectively).

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28. Solution of the equation  $2 \cos x + 1 = 0$  is  $\dots\dots$

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29. Height of the tower and multy storied building is same of 30 mets .  
The angle at elevation at some point joining base at both is  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  then  
 $\dots\dots$



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30. ....is the angle of elevation of sun if height of building and its shadow are equal .

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31. At .....height one can reach by walking x mets with slope  $30^\circ$  and with height y met.

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32. Radian value of  $47^\circ 30'$  is .....

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33. 2 Radian = ..... Degree.

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**34.** Arc at the circle with length 37.4 cm subtends and angle of  $60^\circ$  at centre . Then its radius  $r = \dots\dots\dots$



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**35.** Angle made by the the arc of length 55 cm at center is .....if length of radius is 25 cm



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**36.** .....is the length of the arc of the circle with radius 28 cm and angle made by two radii at centre is  $45^\circ$  .



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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

38. Measure of an angle of the regular polygon having ten sides is .....radian.

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39. Length of the arc of circle with radius 5 cm and angle at centre is  $15^\circ$  .....cm.

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41. Graph of  $\sin(x)$  function repeats its value in ..... Interval length.

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42.  $2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sec^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$  has value .....

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43.  $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$  .....

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44.  $\cos\left(\frac{65\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

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45. If  $\cot x = -\sqrt{5}$  and  $x$  in second quadrant then  $\sin x = \dots\dots\dots$

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46.  $2 \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

47. The value of  $\frac{1 - \tan^2(15^\circ)}{1 + \tan^2(15^\circ)}$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

48. If  $A + B + C = \pi$  then  $\sec A(\cos B \cos C - \sin B \sin C) = \dots\dots\dots$

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49.  $3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) - 4 \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$



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50. One root of the equation  $6x - 8x^3 = \sqrt{3}$  is .....



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51. 
$$\frac{\sin(3\alpha)}{1 + 2\cos(2\alpha)} = \dots\dots\dots$$



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52.  $\cos(47^\circ)\cos(13^\circ) - \sin(47^\circ)\sin(13^\circ) = \dots\dots\dots$



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53. 
$$\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$$



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54. Sum of the measure of an angle of cyclic quadrilateral ABCD is .....radian.

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55. Solution set of the equation  $3 \tan^2 \theta + 4 \tan \theta + 2 = 0$  is .....

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56. For  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $\sin A + \sin B + \sin C$

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57. In  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $m\angle A = 90$ ,  $m\angle B = 30$  and  $a = 10^\circ$  then  $b = \dots\dots\dots$

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58. In  $\triangle ABC$  if  $m\angle C = 90^\circ$  then  $\tan A + \tan B = \dots\dots$

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59. Solution of the equation  $2 \cos x + 1 = 0$  is .....

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60. Height of the tower and multy storied building is same of 30 mets .  
The angle at elevation at some point joining base at both is  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  then  
.....

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61. ....is the angle of elevation of sun if height of building and its shadow  
are equal .

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62. At .....height one can reach by walking x mets with slope  $30^\circ$  and with height y met.

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### Trigonometric Functions True False Statement

1. Value of the rotation of point P on unit circle increase in multiple of  $2\pi$  then value of sine and cosine does not change .

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2. If  $\tan \theta = 3$  and  $\theta$  is in third quadrant then  $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ .

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3.  $\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta + 2 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$  has value 1.

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4. Point of intersection of the graph of sine function with X - axis has value zero.

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5. If  $f(x) = \cos^2 x + \sec^2 x$ , then

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6.  $\operatorname{cosec} \theta = \frac{1}{2}$

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7.  $\tan(20^\circ) > \tan(120^\circ)$

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8. If  $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $5 \tan \theta = 4$  then  $\frac{5 \sin \theta - 3 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta + 2 \cos \theta} = \frac{5}{14}$

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9. If  $\operatorname{cosec} \theta + \cot \theta = \frac{13}{5}$  then  $\cot^2 \theta - \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta = \frac{25}{12}$

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10.  $\cos(2\pi - x)\cos(-x) - \sin(2\pi + x)\sin(-x) = 0$

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11.  $3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) - 4 \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) = \dots\dots\dots$





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12.  $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi$   $\sin 2\theta = \frac{-12}{25}$



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13. If  $\tan \theta = \sqrt{2} - 1$  then  $\tan (2\theta) = 1$ .



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14. If in two circles, arcs of the same length subtend angles  $60^\circ$  and  $75^\circ$  at the centre, find the ratio of their radii.



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15. If  $x + y = \frac{2\pi}{3}$  then equation  $\cos x + \cos y = \frac{3}{2}$  has empty solution set.

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16. If  $\tan \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 1$  , then  $\tan^4 \theta - 2 \tan^3 \theta - \tan^2 \theta + 2 \tan \theta + 1$  has value 4.

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17. Number of solution of equation  $\cos^4 x - 2 \cos^2 x + 1 = 0$  in interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  are only two .

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18. If  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\tan \phi = \frac{1}{3}$ , then the value of  $\theta + \phi$  is

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19.  $f(x) = 3 \cos x + 4 \sin x + 8$  has minimum value 19.



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20. If in  $\triangle ABC$   $a = 9$ ,  $b = 7$  and  $\sin A = \frac{3}{4}$  then  $\triangle ABC$  is right angle .



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21. Value of the rotation of point P on unit circle increase in multiple of  $2\pi$  then value of sine and cosine does not change .



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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

31.  $3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) - 4 \sin^3\left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right) = \dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

32.  $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}, \frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \pi \sin 2\theta = \frac{-12}{25}$



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33. If  $\tan \theta = \sqrt{2} - 1$  then  $\tan (2\theta) = 1$ .



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35. If  $x + y = \frac{2\pi}{3}$  then equation  $\cos x + \cos y = \frac{3}{2}$  has empty solution set.



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36. If  $\tan \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 1$  , then  $\tan^4 \theta - 2 \tan^3 \theta - \tan^2 \theta + 2 \tan \theta + 1$  has value 4.

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37. The number of solutions of equation  $\tan x + \sec x = 2 \cos x$  lying in the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$  is

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38. If  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\tan \phi = \frac{1}{3}$ , then the value of  $\theta + \phi$  is

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

39.  $f(x) = 3 \cos x + 4 \sin x + 8$  has minimum value 19.

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40. If in  $\triangle ABC$   $a = 9$ ,  $b = 7$  and  $\sin A = \frac{3}{4}$  then  $\triangle ABC$  is right angle



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## Principle Of Mathematical Induction Fill In The Blanks

1.  $P(n) : 2^n - 1$ , for  $n = \dots\dots\dots$  it is a prime number.



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2. If  $\dots$  is true and  $P(k)$  is true  $\Rightarrow P(k+1)$  is true,  $k \geq -1$ , then for all  $n \in N \cup \{0, -1\}$ ,  $P(n)$  is true.



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3.  $P(n) : n(n+1)$  is even number then  $P(3) = \dots\dots\dots$







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4.  $P(n) : 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n}{6}(n+1)(2n+1)$   $n \in N$  is true

then  $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 10^2 = \dots$



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5. Statement  $P(n) : 10^n + 3(4^{n+2}) + 5$  is divisible by  $n = \dots$



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6.  $P(n) : 2n + 1$ , for  $n = \dots$  it is not a prime number.



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7.  $P(n) : 2^n > n^2$ , for  $n = \dots$  it is true.



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8.  $P(n) : n^2 - n + 41$ , for  $n = \dots$ , it is not prime number .

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9. ....is the remainder if  $P(n) : 3^{2n+2} - 8n$  is divided by 64.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. Statement  $P(n) : n^3 + 3n^2 + 5n + 3$  is multiple of .....smallest odd number.

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11.  $P(n) : 2^n - 1$ , for  $n = \dots$  it is a prime number.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

12. If.....is true and  $P(k)$  is true  $\Rightarrow P(k+1)$  is true,  $k \geq -1$ , then for all  $n \in N \cup \{0, -1\}$ ,  $P(n)$  is true.

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13.  $P(n) : n(n+1)$  is even number then  $P(3) = \dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

14.  $P(n) : 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots\dots + n^2 = \frac{n}{6}(n+1)(2n+1)$   $n \in N$  is true then  $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots\dots + 10^2 = \dots\dots$

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15. Statement  $P(n) : 10^n + 3(4^{n+2}) + 5$  is divisible by  $n = \dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

16.  $P(n) : n(n+1)$  is even number then  $P(3) = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

17.  $P(n) : 2^n > n^2$ , for  $n = \dots\dots\dots$  it is true.

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18. If  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_{n+1}$  be  $(n+1)$  different prime numbers, then the number of different factors (other than 1) of  $a_1^m, a_2 \cdot a_3, \dots, a_{n+1}$  is

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19.  $\dots\dots\dots$  is the remainder if  $P(n) : 3^{2n+2} - 8n$  is divided by 64.

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20. Statement  $P(n): n^3 + 3n^2 + 5n + 3$  is multiple of .....smallest odd number.

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## Complex Numbers And Quadratic Equations Fill In The Blanks

1. For some integer  $k$ ,  $i^{4k} + i^{4k+1} + i^{4k+2} + i^{4k+3} = \dots\dots\dots$

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2.  $(1 - i) - (-1 + i6) = \dots\dots\dots$

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3. Multiplicative inverse of complex number  $z = 2 - 3i$  is .....

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4. Express  $(5 - 3i)^3$  in the form  $a+ib$ .

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5.  $z = \frac{1+i}{1-i}$  then  $z^4 = \dots\dots\dots$ .

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6. If  $|z_1| = |z_2| = |z_3| = \left| \frac{1}{z_1} + \frac{1}{z_2} + \frac{1}{z_3} \right| = 1$  then  $|z_1 + z_2 + z_3| = \dots\dots\dots$ .

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7. If one complex number is in third quadrant then its conjugate complex number is in ..... quadrant.

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8. Complex number with magnitude 2 and argument  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  is = .....

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9. If  $z = (x, -y)$  then point  $(x, y)$  with respect to real axis is called.

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10. What is the general form of the points which lie on X-axis?

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11. If  $|z| = 2$  and  $\arg z = \frac{\pi}{4}$  then  $z = \dots\dots$

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12.  $(1 + i)^4 + (1 - i)^4 = \dots\dots$

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13. Find argument of the complex numbers  $z = \sqrt{3} + i$

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14. If  $(2+5i)z = (3 - 7i)$  then  $z = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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15. If  $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^{100} = x + iy$  then  $(x,y) = \dots\dots\dots$

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16. Conjugate of the complex number is  $\frac{1}{1-i}$  then complex number is

.....

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17.  $\arg(-1) = \dots\dots\dots$

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18. In Argand figure complex number  $\frac{1+2i}{1-i}$  lies in ..... quadrant.

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19. If  $z = x + iy$  and  $x + iy = \frac{a+ib}{a-ib}$  then  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

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20. .... is the minimum value of  $n$  such that  $(1+i)^{2n} = (1-i)^{2n}$ .

Where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

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21. For some integer  $k$ ,  $i^{4k} + i^{4k+1} + i^{4k+2} + i^{4k+3} = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

22.  $(1 - i) - (-1 + i6) = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

25.  $z = \frac{1+i}{1-i}$  then  $z^4 = \dots\dots\dots$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

26. If  $|z_1| = |z_2| = |z_3| = \left| \frac{1}{z_1} + \frac{1}{z_2} + \frac{1}{z_3} \right| = 1$  then  $|z_1 + z_2 + z_3| = \dots$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

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[Watch Video Solution](#)

28. Complex number with magnitude 2 and argument  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  is = .....



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29. If  $z = (x-y)$  then point  $(x,y)$  with respect to real axis is called.



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30. .... Is the general form of the complex number of the point lies on real axis . (i.e. X axis)



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31. If  $|z| = 2$  and  $\arg z = \frac{\pi}{4}$  then  $z = \dots\dots$



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32.  $(1 + i)^4 + (1 - i)^4 = \dots\dots$  .



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33. Find argument of the complex numbers  $z = \sqrt{3} + i$



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34. If  $(2+5i)z = (3 - 7i)$  then  $z = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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35. If  $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^{100} = x + iy$  then  $(x,y) = \dots\dots\dots$

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36. Conjugate of the complex number is  $\frac{1}{1-i}$  then complex number is  
.....

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37.  $\arg(-1) = \dots\dots\dots$

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38. In Argand figure complex number  $\frac{1 + 2i}{1 - i}$  lies in ..... quadrant.

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39. If  $z = x + iy$  and  $x + iy = \frac{a + ib}{a - ib}$  then  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

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40. .... is the minimum value of  $n$  such that  $(1 + i)^{2n} = (1 - i)^{2n}$ .

Where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

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## Complex Numbers And Quadratic Equations True False Statement

1. If  $(5,6) + z = (2,-1)$  then  $z = (3,-7)$

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2.  $(0,2) \cdot (0,2) = (0,4)$

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3.  $i^9 + i^{10} - 3i^{12} = -4$

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4. For complex number  $z = 3 - 2i$ ,  $z + \bar{z} = 2i\text{Im}(z)$ .

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5. For complex number  $z = 5 + 3i$  value  $z - \bar{z} = 10$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Inverse of (7,0) does not exist.

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7. The polar coordinate of complex number  $z = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$  is  $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. Equation having n degree has n solution.

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9. If  $z = x + iy$  and  $x + iy = \frac{a + ib}{a - ib}$  then  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. If  $(5,6) + z = (2,-1)$  then  $z = (3,-7)$





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11.  $(0,2) \cdot (0,2) = (0,4)$



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Watch Video Solution

13. For complex number  $z = 3 - 2i$ ,  $z + \bar{z} = 2i\text{Im}(z)$ .



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14. For complex number  $z = 5 + 3i$  value  $z - \bar{z} = 10$ .



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15. Inverse of  $(7,0)$  does not exist.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

16. The polar coordinate of complex number  $z = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$  is  $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

17. Equation having  $n$  degree has  $n$  solution.

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18. If  $z = x + iy$  and  $x + iy = \frac{a + ib}{a - ib}$  then  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

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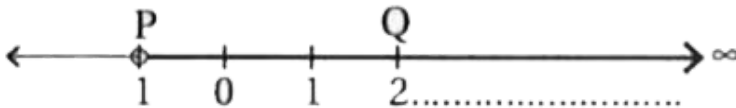
1. ....is the solution set for inequality  $3x + 8 > 2$ ,  $x$  is real number.

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2. If  $|x - 1| > 5$  then  $x \in \dots\dots\dots$

[▶ Watch Video Solution](#)

3. .... is the solution set of the given graph.



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4. ....is the minimum value of  $x$  which satisfy the in quality

$$2x + 4 + 3(x - 5) > 7.$$

[▶ Watch Video Solution](#)

5. ....is the necessary condition if solution region of  $ax + by + c > 0$  contains origin. (0,0) .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. For inequality  $\frac{x + 2}{x + 3} > 1$  the numbers of positive integral solution is .....



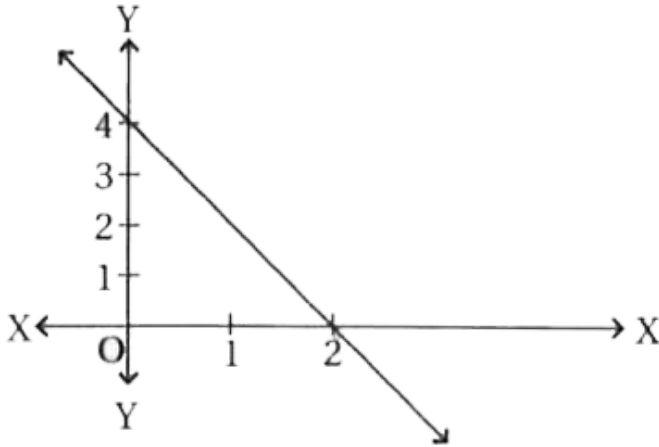
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7.  $23 - |2x + 3|$  has maximum value .....



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8. ....is the inequality represented by following graph .



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9. The number of NOT integral solution of the inequality  $\frac{x - 7}{x - 9} > 0$  are

.....

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10. If  $0 \leq \frac{2x - 5}{2} \leq 7$  and  $x$  is integer then sum of its maxi and minimum value is .....



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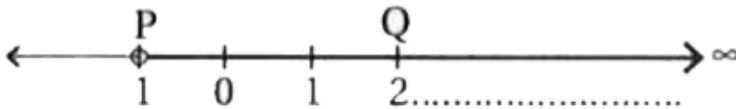
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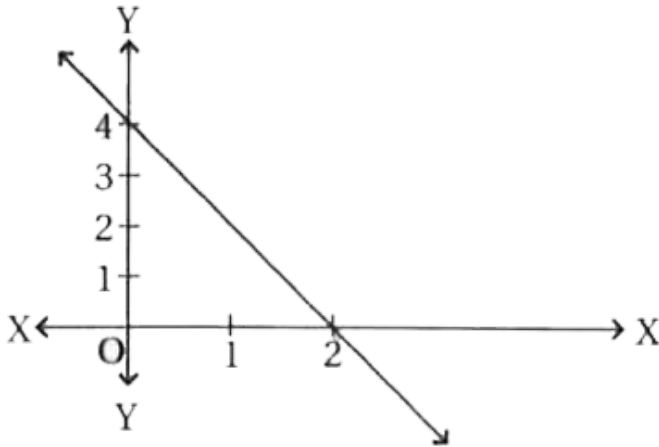
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18. ....is the inequality represented by following graph .



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19. The number of NOT integral solution of the inequality  $\frac{x - 7}{x - 9} > 0$  are

.....

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20. If  $0 < \frac{2x - 5}{2} < 7$  and  $x$  is integer then sum of its maxi and minimum value is .....





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## Linear In Equalities True False Statement

1. For  $x \in N$  solution set of  $x + 2 < -8$  is null set.



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2. Inequality  $3(x-1) + 2(x-2) < 5(x+2)$  is true for each  $x \in R$ .



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3. Solution set of  $x \geq 3$  and  $x \leq 5$ ,  $x \in R$  is  $[3,5]$



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4. Graph of inequality  $x - 3 < 5$  and  $3x + 5 < 2x \in R$  is as follows



[▶ Watch Video Solution](#)

5. If  $|x - 2| < 3$  then  $-1 < x < 5$ .

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6. If  $\frac{1}{x - 4} < 0$  then  $x > 4$ .

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7. Solution set of inequality  $|x - 1| < -1$  is set  $R$ .

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8. For  $x \in \mathbb{N}$  solution set of  $x + 2 < -8$  is null set.

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9. Inequality  $3(x - 1) + 2(x - 2) < 5(x + 2)$  is true for each  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

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10. Solution set of  $x \geq 3$  and  $x \leq 5$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  is  $[3,5]$

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11. Graph of inequality  $x - 3 < 5$  and  $3x + 5 < 2x \in \mathbb{R}$  is as follows



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12. If  $|x - 2| < 3$  then  $-1 < x < 5$ .

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13. If  $\frac{1}{x - 4} < 0$  then  $x > 4$ .

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14. Solution set of inequality  $|x - 1| < -1$  is set R .

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## Permutations And Combinations Fill In The Blanks

1. ....are the numbers of words using the letters of word ROSE with its meaning or without its meaning.

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2. Evaluate  $\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ , when  $n = 5, r = 2$ .

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3. If  $\frac{1}{8!} + \frac{1}{9!} = \frac{x}{10!}$ , find  $x$ .

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4.  $6P_3 - 5P_2 = \dots\dots\dots$

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5.  $\frac{nP_4}{(n-1)P_4} = \frac{5}{3}$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$  (where  $n > 4$ )

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6. If  $(n + 1)! = 12(n - 1)!$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots n \in N$

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7. If  ${}^n P_4 : {}^n P_5 = 1 : 2$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$

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8. If the repetition is not allowed then we get  $\dots\dots\dots$  total numbers of 5 digits from the digits 0, 2, 4, 6 and 8.

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9.  $\dots\dots\dots$  are the 9 digit numbers formed from the number with all digits different.

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10. ....are the total numbers words formed by the letters of the word 'KUMAR' .



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11. The managing director of 'KUMAR PRAKASHAN KENDRA' arranges an exam of 100 marks to know the talent of student in Mathematics and English Subjects. Each question has two option true and false. In ..... Numbers of ways student can answer the question.



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12.  $n((n - 1)P_{(r-1)}) = \dots\dots\dots$  .



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13. ....are the total numbers of ways to make a password of 5 digit for computer which contains 2 digits from computer which alphabet from 26 alphabets.



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14. ....are the numbers of 7 digit formed by digits 3,4,5,4,5,5 and 9.



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15.  ${}_n P_r + \binom{n}{r} = \dots\dots\dots$



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16. If  $\binom{n}{12} = \binom{n}{8}$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$



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17. If  ${}^nC_9 = {}^nC_8$ , find  ${}^nC_{17}$ .

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18. If  $\binom{20}{r} = \binom{20}{r+2}$  then  $\binom{r}{2} = \dots\dots\dots$

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19. Number of diagonal of the polygon having 10 sides = .....

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20. The numbers of rectangle formed by m horizontal and n vertical line are .....

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21. If  $\binom{79}{r}$  is maximum then  $r = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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22. There are 21 points on circle . The number of chord by joining there points are .....

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23. If  $\binom{2n}{3} = 11\binom{n}{3}$  then  $n = \dots$

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24. If  $\binom{2n}{3} \div \binom{n}{2} = 12$  then  $n = \dots\dots$

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25. A person has one currency note each of Rs 500, Rs 100, Rs 50, Rs 20 and Rs 10. Then in ..... numbers of ways he can make his payments.

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26. ....are the numbers of words using the letters of word ROSE with its meaning or without its meaning.

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30.  $\frac{{}^n P_4}{{}^{(n-1)} P_4} = \frac{5}{3}$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$  (where  $n > 4$ )

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31. If  $(n + 1)! = 12(n - 1)!$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots n \in N$

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32. If  ${}^n P_4 : {}^n P_5 = 1 : 2$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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33. If the repetition is not allowed then we get ..... total numbers of 5 digits from the digits 0, 2, 4, 6 and 8.



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34. ....are the 9 digit numbers formed from the number with all digits different.



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35. ....are the total numbers words formed by the letters of the word 'KUMAR' .



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36. In an examination, there are three multiple choice questions and each question has four choices. Number of ways in which a student can fail to

get all answers correct, is

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37.  $n((n - 1)P_{(r-1)}) = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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38. ....are the total numbers of ways to make a password of 5 digit for computer which contains 2 digits from computer which alphabet from 26 alphabets.

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39. ....are the numbers of 7 digit formed by digits 3,4,5,4,5,5 and 9.

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40.  ${}^n P_r + \binom{n}{r} = \dots\dots\dots$

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41. If  $\binom{n}{12} = \binom{n}{8}$  then  $n = \dots\dots\dots$

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42. If  ${}^n C_9 = {}^n C_8$ , find  ${}^n C_{17}$ .

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43. If  $\binom{20}{r} = \binom{20}{r+2}$  then  $\binom{r}{2} = \dots\dots\dots$

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44. Number of diagonal of the polygon having 10 sides = .....



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45. The numbers of rectangle formed by  $m$  horizontal and  $n$  vertical line are .....



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46. If  $\binom{79}{r}$  is maximum then  $r = \dots\dots\dots$  .



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47. There are 21 points on circle . The number of chord by joining there points are .....



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48. If  $\binom{2n}{3} = 11\binom{n}{3}$  then  $n = \dots\dots$





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49. If  $\binom{2n}{3} \div \binom{n}{2} = 12$  then  $n = \dots\dots$



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50. A person has one currency note each of Rs 500, Rs 100, Rs 50, Rs 20 and Rs 10. Then in ..... numbers of ways he can make his payments.



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## Permutations And Combinations True False Statement

1. If an event can occur in  $m$  ways and corresponding to each way another event can occur in  $p$  ways, then total number of occurrence of events is  $m.p$ .



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2. If repetition is allowed then  $n$  objects can be arranged in  $r$  places is  $n \cdot r$ .

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3.  $n(A) = m$ ,  $n(B) = n$ . The total number of non empty relation from  $A$  to  $B$  is.....

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4. Total numbers of 4 digits numbers using digits 5,2,3,7 and 8 are 620.

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5.  $\frac{10!}{8!} = 9$ .

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6. 7 persons can sit on round table for discussion in  $7!$  ways.

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$$7. \binom{n}{r} + \binom{n}{r-1} = \binom{n+1}{r-1}$$

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$$8. \text{ If } \binom{n}{5} = \binom{n}{13} \text{ then } {}^nC_2 = \dots\dots\dots$$

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9. The product of two consecutive positive integers is always divisible by  
.....

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$$10. \binom{n}{r} + 2 \cdot \binom{n}{r-1} + \binom{n}{r-2} = \binom{n+2}{r}$$



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11. If an event can occur in  $m$  ways and corresponding to each way another event can occur in  $p$  ways, then total number of occurrence of events is  $m \cdot p$ .



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12. If repetition is allowed then  $n$  objects can be arranged in  $r$  places is  $n \cdot r$ .



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13. Let  $n(A) = 5$  and  $n(B) = 3$  then find the number of injective functions and onto functions from  $A$  to  $B$ .

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14. Total numbers of 4 digits numbers using digits 5,2,3,7 and 8 are 620.

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15.  $\frac{10!}{8!} = 9.$

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 [Watch Video Solution](#)

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18. If  $\binom{n}{5} = \binom{n}{13}$  then  ${}^nC_2 = \dots\dots\dots$

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19. The product of two consecutive positive integers is always divisible by .....

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20.  $\binom{n}{r} + 2 \cdot \binom{n}{r-1} + \binom{n}{r-2} = \binom{n+2}{r}$

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## Binomial Theorem Fill In The Blanks

1. The numbers of terms in the expansion  $[(x + 4y)^4]^5$  is .....

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2. Number of terms in expansion.

$$(x^2 - 4x + 4)^9 \text{ are ..... .}$$

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3. Number of terms in expansion  $(x + y)^{1000} + (x - y)^{1000}$  are ..... .

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$$4. \sum_{r=0}^{10} \binom{10}{r} \cdot 2^{10-r} (-5)^r = \dots\dots\dots$$

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5. The coefficient of  $x^m$  and  $x^n$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^{m+n}$  are .....

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6. Middle term in the expansion  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{2n}$  is .....

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7.  $2^{2n} - 3n - 1$  is divisible by .....

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8.  $\binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \binom{n}{3} + \dots + \binom{n}{n-1} = \dots$

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9. The numbers of terms in the expansion  $\left[(x + 4y)^4\right]^5$  is .....

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10. Number of terms in expansion.

$(x^2 - 4x + 4)^9$  are .....

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11. Number of terms in expansion  $(x + y)^{1000} + (x - y)^{1000}$  are .....

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12.  $\sum_{r=0}^{10} \binom{10}{r} \cdot 2^{10-r} (-5)^r = \dots\dots\dots$

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13. The coefficient of  $x^m$  and  $x^n$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^{m+n}$  are .....

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14. Middle term in the expansion  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{2n}$  is .....

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15.  $2^{2n} - 3n - 1$  is divisible by .....

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16.  $\binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \binom{n}{3} + \dots + \binom{n}{n-1} = \dots$

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## Binomial Theorem True False Statement

1.

$$\binom{n}{0} - \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} - \binom{n}{3} + \binom{n}{4} - \binom{n}{5} \dots + (-1)^n \binom{n}{n} =$$

.



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2. The sum of the coefficients in the expansion of  $(a + b)^n$  is 4096. Then ..... Is the biggest coefficient .



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3. Numbers of terms in expansion  $(2x + 3y + 4z)^7$  are 8 .



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4. .... is the middle term in expansion of  $\left(2x + \frac{1}{2x}\right)^8$  .



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5. Sum of the coefficient in expansion  $(x + y + z)^n$  is  $3^n$  .



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6. Sum of the power of a and b in expansion  $(a + b)^n$  is n .

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7. Difference of  $(r+1)$  term from beginning and  $(r+1)$  term from last in expansion  $(a + b)^n$  is  $2 \binom{n}{r}$  .

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8. Coefficient of  $x^3$  in expansion  $(1 + x)^n$  is 20 then  $n = 6$  .

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9. The coefficient of  $T_5$  and  $T_{19}$  in expansion  $(1 + x)^n$  are equal then n = 14.

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10.  $\binom{12}{1} + \binom{12}{3} + \binom{12}{5} + \dots + \binom{12}{11} = 2^{12}$ .

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11.

$$\binom{n}{0} - \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} - \binom{n}{3} + \binom{n}{4} - \binom{n}{5} \dots + (-1)^n \binom{n}{n} =$$

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[View Text Solution](#)

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19. The coefficient of  $T_5$  and  $T_{19}$  in expansion  $(1 + x)^n$  are equal then  $n = 14$ .

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$$20. \binom{12}{1} + \binom{12}{3} + \binom{12}{5} + \dots + \binom{12}{11} = 2^{12}.$$

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## Sequence And Series Fill In The Blanks

1. .... is the  $20^{th}$  term of sequence  $a_n = (n - 1)(2 - n)(n - 3)$ .



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2.  $3, \frac{9}{2}, 6, \frac{15}{2}$  ..... Sequence has  $10^{th}$  term  $a_{10} = \dots\dots\dots$



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3.  $9^{th}$  term of arithmetic sequence is 30 then sum of its 17 terms ..... .



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4. Third term of arithmetic sequence is 9 and tenth term is 21. Then sum of its 12 term is ..... .



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5. For arithmetic sequence  $a = 2$  and  $a_5 = 14$  then  $d = \dots\dots\dots$



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6. For arithmetic sequence  $a_8 = 23$  common difference  $d = 5$  then  $a =$   
.....

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7. For arithmetic sequence  $a = 2$  and  $a_5 = 14$  then  $d =$  .....

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8. For an A.P  $a = 20$  and  $l = 97$  then  $S_{20} =$  .....

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9. If  $a, b,$  and  $c$  are in A.P then  $(a + 2b - c) \cdot (2b + c - a) \cdot (c + a - b) =$   
.....

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10. For arithmetic sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  If  $a_1 + a_5 + a_{10} + a_{15} + a_{20} + a_{24} = 225$  then  $s_{24} = \dots\dots\dots$

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11. If 25,  $x - 6$  and  $x - 12$  are in G.P then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $\dots\dots\dots$  .

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12. Third term of G.P. is 3 then product of its first 5 terms is  $\dots\dots\dots$

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13. Eighth term of G.P is 128 and common ratio is  $r = 2$  then product of first 5 terms =  $\dots\dots\dots$  .

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14. For an G.P.  $a = 16$  and fifth term is 81 then common ratio .....

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15. How many terms of G.P.  $3, 3^2, 3^3, \dots$  are needed to give the sum 120?

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16. Find the 20th and nth term of the GP.

$$\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \dots$$

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17.  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are arithmetic mean between  $a$  and  $b$  also  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  are geometric mean then  $\frac{G_1 \cdot G_2}{A_1 + A_2} = \dots$

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18. For numbers 6 and 24, A - G = ..... .

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19. 10 is Geometric mean between 5 and  $x$  then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  Where  $x \in \mathbb{R}^+$  .

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20. 12 is arithmetic mean between  $x$  and 22 then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

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21. 10 arithmetic mean between  $a$  and  $b$  are  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots\dots\dots A_{10}$  then

$$A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + \dots\dots\dots + A_{10} = \dots\dots\dots$$

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22. If  $\sum n = 55$  then  $\sum n^2 = \dots\dots\dots$

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23.  $\sum_{r=1}^n (2r + 1) = \dots\dots\dots$

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24. Sum of the series  $1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{2^3} + \dots\dots\dots\infty = \dots\dots\dots$

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25.  $\dots\dots\dots$  is the  $20^{th}$  term of sequence  $a_n = (n - 1)(2 - n)(n - 3)$ .

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26.  $3, \frac{9}{2}, 6, \frac{15}{2} \dots\dots\dots$  Sequence has  $10^{th}$  term  $a_{10} = \dots\dots\dots$



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27.  $9^{th}$  term of arithmetic sequence is 30 then sum of its 17 terms .....



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28. Third term of arithmetic sequence is 9 and tenth term is 21. Then sum of its 12 term is .....



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29. For arithmetic sequence  $a = 2$  and  $a_5 = 14$  then  $d = \dots\dots$



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30. For arithmetic sequence  $a_8 = 23$  common difference  $d = 5$  then  $a = \dots\dots\dots$



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31. For arithmetic sequence



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32. For an A.P  $a = 20$  and  $l = 97$  then  $S_{20} = \dots\dots\dots$



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33. If  $a, b,$  and  $c$  are in A.P then  $(a + 2b - c) \cdot (2b + c - a) \cdot (c + a - b) =$   
 $\dots\dots\dots$



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34. For arithmetic sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots\dots$  If  
 $a_1 + a_5 + a_{10} + a_{15} + a_{20} + a_{24} = 225$  then  $s_{24} = \dots\dots\dots$





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35. If 25,  $x - 6$  and  $x - 12$  are in G.P then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  or  $\dots\dots\dots$  .



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36. Third term of G.P. is 3 then product of its first 5 terms is .....



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37. Eighth term of G.P is 128 and common ratio is  $r = 2$  then product of first 5 terms = .....



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38. For an G.P.  $a = 16$  and fifth term is 81 then common ratio .....



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39. How many terms of G.P.  $3, 3^2, 3^3, \dots$  are needed to give the sum 120?

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40. For an geometric seq.  $\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \dots, a_n = \dots$

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41.  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are arithmetic mean between a and b also  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  are geometric mean then  $\frac{G_1 \cdot G_2}{A_1 + A_2} = \dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

42. For numbers 6 and 24,  $A - G = \dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

43. 10 is Geometric mean between 5 and x then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$  Where  $x \in R^+$  .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

44. 12 is arithmetic mean between x and 22 then  $x = \dots\dots\dots$

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45. 10 arithmetic mean between a and b are  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_{10}$  then  $A_1 + A_2 + A_3 + \dots + A_{10} = \dots\dots\dots$

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46. If  $\sum n = 55$  then  $\sum n^2 = \dots\dots\dots$

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47.  $\sum_{r=1}^n (2r + 1) = \dots\dots\dots$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

48. Sum of the series  $1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{2^3} + \dots\dots\dots\infty = \dots\dots\dots$

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### Sequence And Series True False Statement

1. a and b are non zero real numbers and  $n \in N$  then  $a_n = a + bn$  represent arithmetic sequence.

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2. By multiplying each term by non zero constant we get geometric sequence .



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3.  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_n$  are arithmetic mean between two number a and b then a  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n, b$  becomes arithmetic sequence.



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4. If  $\frac{a^n + b^n}{a^{n-1} + b^{n-1}}$  is the A.M. between a and b, then find the value of n.



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5. First term a and common ratio  $r = 1$  then sum of n terms on G.P. is

$$S_n = na.$$



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6. Third term and sixth term of geometric sequence is 24 and 192 respectively then  $r = 34$ .

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7. A person has 2 parents, 4 grandparents, 8 great grandparents, and so on. Find the number of his ancestors during the ten generations preceding his own.

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8.  $a$  and  $b$  are non zero real numbers and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  then  $a_n = a + bn$  represent arithmetic sequence.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. By multiplying each term by non zero constant we get geometric sequence .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10.  $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots, A_n$  are arithmetic mean between two number a and b then  $a, A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n, b$  becomes arithmetic sequence.

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11. Find the value of n so that  $\frac{a^{n+1} + b^{n+1}}{a^n + b^n}$  may be the geometric mean between a and b.

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12. First term a and common ratio  $r = 1$  then sum of n terms on G.P. is  $S_n = na$  .



 [Watch Video Solution](#)

13. Third term and sixth term of geometric sequence is 24 and 192 respectively then  $r = 34$ .

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14. A person has 2 parents, 4 grandparents, 8 great grandparents, and so on. Find the number of his ancestors during the ten generations preceding his own.

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## Straight Lines Fill In The Blanks

1. Find the slope of the lines :

Passing through the points  $(3, -2)$  and  $(-1, 4)$

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2. Find the angle between the X-axis and the line joining the points  $(3, -1)$  and  $(4, -2)$ .

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3. Find  $x$  if the slope of the line passes from points  $A(x, 2)$  and  $B(6, -8)$  is  $-\frac{5}{4}$ .

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4. Obtain the equation of the line which satisfying given condition :

(1) Passes from points  $A(-1, 8)$  and  $B(4, -2)$ .

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5.  $P - \alpha$  form of the line  $x + \sqrt{3}y - 4 = 0$  is.....





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6. If  $a + b + c = 0$  then line  $3ax + by + c = 0$  passes from .....of the following point.



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7. If the points  $A(k, 2k)B(2k, 3k)C(3, 1)$  are collinear then  $k = \dots\dots\dots$  .



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8.  $A(6,4)$  and  $B(2,12)$  are given points . Then slope of line perpendicular to

$\longleftrightarrow$   
 $AB$  is .....



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9. By shifting origin at ..... Point the co - ordinates of (7,2) becomes (-1,3).

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10. If  $(a + 1)x + (a^2 - a - 2)y + a = 0$  line is parallel to X - axis then a = .....

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11. If line  $(a + 4)x + (a^2 - 9)y + (a - 4) = 0$  passes from origin then a = .....

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12. Find  $k$  if lines  $5x - ky - 7 = 0$  and  $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$  are mutually perpendicular.





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13. Angle between the lines  $x + y = 0$  and  $y = 5$  is .....



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14. If the lines  $5x - ky + 3 = 0$  and  $4x - 3y - 4 = 0$  are parallel then  $k = \dots\dots\dots$ .



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15. Equation of line passes from  $(2,-3)$  and makes an angle  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  with X - axis is .....



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16. Perpendicular distance from  $(-3, -4)$  to the line  $12x - 5y + 81 = 0$  is .....

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17. Perpendicular distance between  $3x + 4y - 5 = 0$  and  $6x + 8y - 15 = 0$  is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

18. .... is the equation of lines passes from  $(2,4)$  and makes equal intercept an axis.

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19. .... is the transform form of equation  $x^2 - y^2 - 2x + 2y = 0$  by shifting origin at  $(1,1)$



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20. .... is the equation of line which makes an angle  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  with X - axis having y- intercept 3.



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21. Find the slope of the lines :

Passing through the points  $(3, - 2)$  and  $(- 1, 4)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

22. Find the angle between the X-axis and the line joining the points  $(3, - 1)$  and  $(4, - 2)$ .



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23. Find  $x$  if the slope of the line passes from points  $A(x, 2)$  and  $B(6, -8)$  is  $-\frac{5}{4}$ .

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24. Obtain the equation of the line which satisfying given condition :

(1) Passes from points  $A(-1, 8)$  and  $B(4, -2)$ .

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25. ....is the value of  $\omega$  to represent line  $\sqrt{3}x + y = 10$  in normal form.

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26. If  $a + b + c = 0$  then line  $3ax + by + c = 0$  passes from .....of the following point.



 [Watch Video Solution](#)

27. If the points  $A(k, 2k)B(2k, 3k)C(3, 1)$  are collinear then  $k = \dots\dots\dots$  .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

28.  $A(6,4)$  and  $B(2,12)$  are given points . Then slope of line perpendicular to

$\longleftrightarrow$   
 $AB$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

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29. By shifting origin at  $\dots\dots\dots$  Point the co - ordinates of  $(7,2)$  becomes  $(-1,3)$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

30. If  $(a + 1)x + (a^2 - a - 2)y + a = 0$  line is parallel to X - axis then a = .....

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31. If line  $(a + 4)x + (a^2 - 9)y + (a - 4) = 0$  passes from origin then a = .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

32. Find  $k$  if lines  $5x - ky - 7 = 0$  and  $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$  are mutually perpendicular.

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33. Angle between the lines  $x + y = 0$  and  $y = 5$  is .....

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34. If the lines  $5x - ky + 3 = 0$  and  $4x - 3y - 4 = 0$  are parallel then  $k$   
= .....

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35. Equation of line passes from  $(2, -3)$  and makes an angle  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  with X - axis  
is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

36. Perpendicular distance from  $(-3, -4)$  to the line  
 $12x - 5y + 81 = 0$  is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

37. If perpendicular distance between lines  $3x + 4y + 10 = 0$  and  $6x + 8y + k = 0$  is  $\frac{7}{2}$  unit then  $k = \dots\dots$

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38. .... is the equation of lines passes from (2,4) and makes equal intercept an axis.

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39. .... is the transform form of equation  $x^2 - y^2 - 2x + 2y = 0$  by shifting origin at (1,1)

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40. .... is the equation of line which makes an angle  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  with X - axis having y- intercept 3.



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## Straight Lines True False Statement

1. Slope of line is non zero real number .



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2. Slope of line passes from point A(3,-2) and B(3,-7) is zero .



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3.  $P - \alpha$  form of the line  $x + \sqrt{3}y - 4 = 0$  is.....



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4. Equation of line passes from  $A\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$  and parallel to Y - axis is  $2x - 5 = 0$ .

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5. Origin is shifted at (1,6) and new co - ordinate of point A is (1,3) then old co - ordinates are (2,9).

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6. x intercept of line  $4x + 3y - 12$  is 3.

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7. Slope of line passes from (3,k) and (2,7) is 2 then  $k = 7$ .

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8. Length of perpendicular from origin to the line  $l: x - \sqrt{3}y + 4 = 0$  is 4 unit.

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9. Slope of line is non zero real number .

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10. Slope of line passes from point A(3,-2) and B(3,-7) is zero .

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11.  $P - \alpha$  form of the line  $x + \sqrt{3}y - 4 = 0$  is.....

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12. Equation of line passes from  $A\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$  and parallel to Y - axis is  $2x - 5 = 0$ .

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13. Origin is shifted at (1,6) and new co - ordinate of point A is (1,3) then old co - ordinates are (2,9).

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14. x intercept of line  $4x + 3y - 12$  is 3.

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15. Slope of line passes from (3,k) and (2,7) is 2 then  $k = 7$ .

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16. Length of perpendicular from origin to the line  $l: x - \sqrt{3}y + 4 = 0$  is 4 unit.

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## Conic Sections Fill In The Blanks

1. Radius of circle with centre  $C(3,4)$  and passes from  $O(0,0)$  is  $r = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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2.  $\overline{AB}$  is diameter of circle with centre  $(4,2)$  . If point A is  $(-3,2)$  . Then second end point is .....

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3. Area of circle with centre  $(1,2)$  and passes from  $(4,6)$  is .....

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4. Coordinates of centre of circle passes from  $(0,0)$  ,  $(a,0)$  and  $(0,b)$  is .....

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5. ....is the standard equation of circle with centre  $(1,0)$  and its circumference is  $10\pi$ .

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6.  $\overline{AB}$  joining  $A(1,k)$  and  $B(3,5)$  is diameter of circle with centre  $C(h,3)$  then  $h$  and  $k = \dots\dots\dots$

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7. Radius of circle which touches X - axis at (3,0) and cuts a chord at length 8 unit on Y - axis is .....

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8. Minimum distance of the line  $3x + 4y - 50 = 0$  from the point lies on circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$  is .....

A. 2

B. 5

C. 1

D. 4

**Answer: B**

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9. length of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  which passes from (3,2) is .....

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10. L and L' are end points of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  and M' and M are foot of perpendiculars from these points to line  $x = 0$  then area of LL'M'M = .....

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11. Vertex of parabola  $(y - 3)^2 = 2(x + 1)$  is .....

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12. (5,2) and (3,4) are end points of latus rectum then its foci is .....

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13. Eccentricity of ellipse is .....if length of latus rectum is half then minor axis.



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14. Eccentricity  $e$  of ellipse is .....if length of minor axis is distance between its foci.



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15. Find the coordinates of the foci, the vertices, the length of major axis, the minor axis, the eccentricity and the latus rectum of the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$



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16. Length of latus rectum of ellipse  $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$  is .....

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17. Length of major axis of ellipse  $25x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$  is .....

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18. Focii of hyperbola  $9x^2 - 16y^2 = 144$  is .....

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19. Find the coordinates of the foci and the vertices, the eccentricity, the length of the latus rectum of the hyperbolas :

(i)  $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$  (ii)  $y^2 - 16x^2 = 16$

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20. Eccentricity of hyperbola  $16y^2 - 9x^2 = 144$  is .....

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21. Eccentricity of  $x^2 - 4y^2 = 1$  is .....

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22. Length of latus rectum of ellipse  $5x^2 + 9y^2 = 25$  is .....

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23. .... is the eccentricity of ellipse if distance between foci is 6 unit and length of minor axis is 8 unit .

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24. If the ratio of major and minor axis of ellipse is 5: 3 then eccentricity  $e$  = .....

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25. Length of the conjugate axis of  $12x^2 - 3y^2 = -36$  is .....

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26. If the equation  $(a - 3)x^2 + 9y^2 = 4$  represents the rectangular hyperbola then  $a =$  .....

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27. Radius of circle with centre  $C(3,4)$  and passes from  $O(0,0)$  is  $r =$  .....

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28.  $\overline{AB}$  is diameter of circle with centre (4,2) . If point A is (-3,2) . Then second end point is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

29. Area of circle with centre (1,2) and passes from (4,6) is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

30. Coordinates of centre of circle passes from (0,0) , (a,0) and (0,b) is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

31. ....is the standard equation of circle with centre (1,0) and its circumference is  $10\pi$ .

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32.  $\overline{AB}$  joining  $A(1,k)$  and  $B(3,5)$  is diameter of circle with centre  $C(h,3)$   
then  $h$  and  $k = \dots\dots\dots$



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33. Radius of circle which touches X - axis at  $(3,0)$  and cuts a chord at length 8 unit on Y - axis is  $\dots\dots\dots$



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34. Minimum distance of the line  $3x + 4y - 50 = 0$  from the point lies on circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$  is  $\dots\dots\dots$

A. 2

B. 5

C. 1

D. 4



**Answer: B**



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35. length of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  which passes from (3,2) is .....



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36. L and L' are end points of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  and M' and M are foot of perpendiculars from these points to line  $x = 0$  then area of LL'M'M = .....



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37. Vertex of parabola  $(y - 3)^2 = 2(x + 1)$  is .....



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38. (5,2) and (3,4) are end points of latus rectums then its foci is .....

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39. Eccentricity of ellipse is .....if length of latus rectum is half then minor axis.

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40. Eccentricity  $e$  of ellipse is .....if length of minor axis is distance between its foci.

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41. Eccentricity of ellipse  $9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225$  is .....

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42. Length of latus rectum of ellipse  $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$  is .....

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43. Length of major axis of ellipse  $25x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$  is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

44. Foci of hyperbola  $9x^2 - 16y^2 = 144$  is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

45. Length of latus rectum of hyperbola  $16x^2 - 9y^2 = 144$  is .....

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

46. Eccentricity of hyperbola  $16y^2 - 9x^2 = 144$  is .....



[Watch Video Solution](#)

47. Eccentricity of  $x^2 - 4y^2 = 1$  is .....



[Watch Video Solution](#)

48. Length of latus rectum of ellipse  $5x^2 + 9y^2 = 25$  is .....



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49. .... is the eccentricity of ellipse if distance between foci is 6 unit and length of minor axis is 8 unit .



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50. If the ratio of major and minor axis of ellipse is 5 : 3 then eccentricity e = .....



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51. Length of the conjugate axis of  $12x^2 - 3y^2 = -36$  is .....



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52. If the equation  $(a - 3)x^2 + 9y^2 = 4$  represents the rectangular hyperbola then  $a = \dots\dots\dots$ .



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## Conic Sections True False Statement

1. Radius of the circle touches X - axis =  $|x$  co - ordinate of centre  $|$ .



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2. Radius of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 8x + 10y = 8$  is 7 unit.



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3. Eccentricity of curve given equation  $y^2 = 9x$  is 1.



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4. Equation of directrix of parabola  $2y^2 = x$  is  $8x + 1 = 0$



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5. Semi vertical angle of cone is  $\alpha$  . Plane intersects vertical axis at an angle  $\beta$  . If  $\alpha = \beta$  then cross section of cone is parabola.



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6. Ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$  is symmetric about Y - axis.

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7. (5,10) and (5,-10) are end points of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 20x$  .

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8.  $t \in R$  parametric equation of parabola are  $x = at^2$  and  $y = 2at$ .

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9. Length of latus rectum of ellipse is  $\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = \dots\dots\dots 1$  is  $\frac{2a^2}{|b|}$  .

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10. Equation  $x = 4 \cos \theta$  and  $y = 3 \sin \theta, \theta \in (-\pi, \pi)$  denotes ellipse .



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11. Curve having eccentricity  $\sqrt{2}$  is a rectangular hyperbola.



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12. Radius of the circle touches X - axis = |x co - ordinate of centre |.



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13. Radius of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 8x + 10y = 8$  is 7 unit.



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14. Eccentricity of curve given equation  $y^2 = 9x$  is 1.



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15. Equation of directrix of parabola  $2y^2 = x$  is  $8x + 1 = 0$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

16. Semi vertical angle of cone is  $\alpha$  . Plane intersects vertical axis at an angle  $\beta$  . If  $\alpha = \beta$  then cross section of cone is parabola.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

17. Ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$  is symmetric about Y - axis.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

18. (5,10) and (5,-10) are end points of latus rectum of parabola  $y^2 = 20x$  .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

19.  $t \in R$  parametric equation of parabola are  $x = at^2$  and  $y = 2at$ .

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20. Length of latus rectum of ellipse is  $\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = \dots\dots\dots 1$  is  $\frac{2a^2}{|b|}$ .

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21. Equation  $x = 4 \cos \theta$  and  $y = 3 \sin \theta$ ,  $\theta \in (-\pi, \pi)$  denotes ellipse .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

22. Curve having eccentricity  $\sqrt{2}$  is a rectangular hyperbola.

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1. Find the octant in which the point  $(-3, 1, 2)$  and  $(-3, 1, -2)$  lie.



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2. y co - ordinate of the point lies on X - axis is .....



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3. If  $P(1, -3, 4)$  and  $Q(-4, 1, 2)$  are given then  $d(PQ) = \text{unit}$ .



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4. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points  $(1, -2, 3)$  and  $(3, 4, -5)$  in the ratio  $2 : 3$  (i) internally, and (ii) externally.



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5. The coordinates of points in the XY-plane are of the form \_\_\_\_\_

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6. Centroid of the triangle with vertices  $P(1, -2, 1)$ ,  $Q(2, 3, -1)$  and  $R(1, -1, -1)$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

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7. The centroid of the triangle with vertices  $A(1, 1, 1)$ ,  $B(2, 1, 2)$  and  $C(x, y, z)$  is  $O(0, 0, 0)$  then  $(x, y, z) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ .

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8. In  $R^3$  equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 0$  represents \_\_\_\_ .

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9. L is the foot of the perpendicular drawn from a point (3, 4, 5) on X-axis.

The coordinates of L are \_\_\_\_ .

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10. If the distance between the points (a, 0, 1) and (0, 1, 2) is  $\sqrt{27}$ , then the value of a is \_\_\_\_\_ .

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11. Perpendicular distance from origin to point (3,4,5) is ..... .

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12. Find the co-ordinates of a point on Y-axis which are at a distance of  $5\sqrt{2}$  from the point P(3, -2, 5).

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13. Point  $(-3,1,-2)$  is in ..... octant.



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14. y co - ordinate of the point lies on X - axis is .....



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15. If P  $(1,-3,4)$  and Q  $(-4,1,2)$  are given then  $d(PQ) =$  unit.



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16. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points  $(1, -2, 3)$  and  $(3, 4, -5)$  in the ratio  $2 : 3$  (i) internally, and (ii) externally.



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17. The coordinates of points in the XY-plane are of the form \_\_\_\_\_

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18. Centroid of the triangle with vertices  $P(1, -2, 1)$ ,  $Q(2, 3, -1)$  and  $R(1, -1, -1)$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .

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19. The centroid of the triangle with vertices  $A(1, 1, 1)$ ,  $B(2, 1, 2)$  and  $C(x, y, z)$  is  $O(0, 0, 0)$  then  $(x, y, z) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ .

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20. In  $R^3$  equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 0$  represents \_\_\_\_ .

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21. L is the foot of the perpendicular drawn from a point (3, 4, 5) on X-axis.

The coordinates of L are \_\_\_\_ .

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22. If the distance between the points (a, 0, 1) and (0, 1, 2) is  $\sqrt{27}$ , then the value of a is \_\_\_\_\_ .

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23. Perpendicular distance from origin to point (3,4,5) is ..... .

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24. Find the co-ordinates of a point on Y-axis which are at a distance of  $5\sqrt{2}$  from the point P(3, -2, 5).

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1. X and Z - axis together makes Y plane.

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2. Co - ordinates of the point in YZ plane are in the form of  $(a,y,z)$  where  $a \in R - \{0\}$ .

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3. The perpendicular distance of point  $P(x,y,z)$  from XY plane is  $(x+y)$ .

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4. Point  $(-4,2,-5)$  lies in third octant.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. The three coordinate planes divide the space into \_\_\_ parts.

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6. XOY'Z represents third octant.

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7. If point P divided line segment joining points  $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $B(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  in ratio  $k : 1$  then co - ordinates on P.

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8. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points  $(4, 8, 10)$  and  $(6, 10, -8)$  is divided by the YZ-plane.

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9. X and Z - axis together makes Y plane.

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10. Co - ordinates of the point in YZ plane are in the form of  $(a,y,z)$  where  $a \in R - \{0\}$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. The perpendicular distance of point  $P(x,y,z)$  from XY plane is  $(x+y)$ .

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12. Point  $(-4,2,-5)$  lies in third octant.

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13. The three coordinate planes divide the space into \_\_\_ parts.

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14. XOY'Z represents third octant.

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15. If point P divided line segment joining points  $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $B(x_2, y_2, z_2)$  in ratio  $k : 1$  then co - ordinates on P.

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16. YZ plane divides line segment joining (4,8,10) and (6,10,-8) in ratio  $-2 : 3$ .

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## Limits And Derivatives Fill In The Blanks

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \{x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10}\} = \dots$

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2. A  $r \rightarrow 2$  then area of circle with radius  $r = \dots$ .

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3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d}{(a + 1)x + b} = \dots$ .

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4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin x}{\pi - x} = \dots$ .

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5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(5x)}{x} = \dots .$

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6.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^7 + 1}{x^8 - 1} = \dots .$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x} = \dots .$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. If  $f(3)=2$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x^2 - 1) = \dots .$

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9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(\pi \cos^2 x)}{x^2} = \dots .$



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10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10} - 10}{x - 1}$



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11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\sin x} - 1}{x}$



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12. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{50}$  at  $x = 1$ .



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13. If  $y = \left( \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \cdot \left( \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .



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14. If  $y = \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .

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15. If  $y = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{x}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .

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16. If  $f(x) = x \sin x$  then  $f' \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \dots$ .

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17.  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$  then  $f'(x) = \dots$ .

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18. If  $y = x - |x|$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  ..... ,  $x < 0$

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19. If  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + 12$ ,  $f'(2) = 11$  and  $f'(4) = 15$  then possible value of a and b are .....

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20.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \{x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10}\} = \dots$

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21. A  $r \rightarrow 2$  then area of circle with radius  $r = \dots$

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$$22. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d}{(a+1)x + b} = \dots .$$

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$$23. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin x}{\pi - x} = \dots .$$

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$$24. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - 2\sin(3x) + \sin(5x)}{x} = \dots .$$

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$$25. \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^7 + 1}{x^8 - 1} = \dots .$$

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$$26. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x} = \dots .$$



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27. If  $f(3)=2$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x^2 - 1) = \dots\dots\dots$



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28.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(\pi \cos^2 x)}{x^2} = \dots\dots\dots$



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29.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10} - 10}{x - 1}$



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30.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\sin x} - 1}{x}$



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31. Find the derivative of

$$f(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{50} \text{ at } x = 1.$$

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32. If  $y = \left( \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \cdot \left( \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .

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33. If  $y = \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .

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34. If  $y = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{x}$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \dots$ .

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35. If  $f(x) = x \sin x$  then  $f' \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \dots$

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36.  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$  then  $f'(x) = \dots$

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37. If  $y = x - |x|$  then  $\frac{dy}{dx} \dots, x < 0$

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38. If  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + 12$ ,  $f'(2) = 11$  and  $f'(4) = 15$  then possible value of a and b are .....

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1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{x^2} = 0.$

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2. If  $f(x) = x - [x]$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4.5} f(x) = 4.$

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3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{|x|}{x}$

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4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e)^{e^x}}{e^x + 1} = 2e$

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5. Derivative of  $f(x) = \sin x$  at point  $x = 0$  is 1.



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6. If  $f(x) - g(x)$  is constant then  $f'(x) = g'(x)$



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7. If  $\frac{d}{dx}(f(x))^n = n(f(x))^{n-1} \frac{df(x)}{dx}$  then  $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin^3 x) = 3 \sin^2 x \cdot \cos x$ .



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8. If  $\frac{d}{dx}(x + |x|) \cdot |x| = 4x$  where  $x > 0$



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9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{xf(a) - af(x)}{x - a} = f(a) - (a)f'(a)$ .



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10.  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( a^{\log_a \sqrt{x}} \right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$  where  $a > 1 \in \mathbb{R}^+$

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11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{x^2} = 0.$

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12. If  $f(x) = x - [x]$  then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4.5} f(x) = 4.$

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13.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{|x|}{x}$

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14.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e)^{e^x}}{e^x + 1} = 2e$

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15. Derivative of  $f(x) = \sin x$  at point  $x = 0$  is 1.

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16. If  $f(x) - g(x)$  is constant then  $f'(x) = g'(x)$

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17. If  $\frac{d}{dx}(f(x))^n = n(f(x))^{n-1} \frac{df(x)}{dx}$  then  $\frac{d}{dx}(\sin^3 x) = 3 \sin^2 x \cdot \cos x$ .

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18. If  $\frac{d}{dx}(x + |x|)$ ,  $|x| = 4x$  where  $x > 0$

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19.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{xf(a) - af(x)}{x - a} = f(a) - (a)f'(a)$ .

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20.  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( a^{\log_a \sqrt{x}} \right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$  where  $a > 1 \in R^+$

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## Mathematical Reasoning Fill In The Blanks

1. The negation of the statement "3 is odd or 3 is prime" is .....

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2. The contrapositive of "if  $x > y$  then  $3x > 3y$ " is ....

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3. Converse of  $p \Rightarrow q$  is .....

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4. The contrapositive of  $p \Rightarrow q$  is .....

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5.  $\sim(p \text{ and } q) = \dots\dots\dots$

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6.  $p \vee q$  is false if....



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7. If Negation of  $p$  then  $q$  has symbolic form



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8.  $\sim[p \text{ or } (\sim q)] = \dots$



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9. The symbolic form of negation  $p$  or  $q$  is  $\dots$



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10.  $p$  and  $q$  are given statements then contra positive of  $p \vee \sim(p \Rightarrow \sim q)$  is

$\dots$



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11.  $\sim p \Rightarrow \sim q$  is false when.....

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12. ....of the following is logically equivalent statement of  $\sim(\sim p \Rightarrow q)$

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13. contrapositive of  $(p \vee q) \Rightarrow r$

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14. It is not true that 'Ram is claver OR Ram is bold. Then logical form of these statement is .....

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15. The negation of the statement "3 is odd or 3 is prime" is ..... .

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16. The contrapositive of "if  $x > y$  then  $3x > 3y$ " is .... .

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17. Converse of  $p \Rightarrow q$  is ..... .

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18. The contrapositive of  $p \Rightarrow q$  is .....

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19.  $\sim(p \text{ and } q) = \dots\dots\dots$

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20.  $p \vee q$  is false if...

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21. If Negation of  $p$  then  $q$  has symbolic form

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22.  $\sim[p \text{ or } (\sim q)] = \dots$

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23. The symbolic form of negation  $p$  or  $q$  is  $\dots$

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24.  $p$  and  $q$  are given statements then contra positive of  $p \vee \sim(p \Rightarrow \sim q)$  is .....



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25.  $\sim p \Rightarrow \sim q$  is false when.....



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26.  $\sim(\sim p \Rightarrow q)$  has ..... expression logically equal .



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27. contrapositive of  $(p \vee q) \Rightarrow r$



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28. It is not true that 'Ram is claver OR Ram is bold. Then logical from of these statement is .....

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## Mathematical Reasoning True False Statement

1. Please go out side is statement .

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2. In following statement 'OR' is used in inclusive sense. "Roses are yellow or pink "

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3. There exists some positive integer  $x$  such that  $\sqrt{x} \in R$  .

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4. If  $n$  is odd then  $n^2$  is odd ' compound statement is false .

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5. If 'p then q' has its converse 'q then p'.

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6. Logical form of p and negation q is  $p \vee (\sim q)$  .

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7. Please go out side is statement .

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8. In following statement 'OR' is used in inclusive sense. "Roses are yellow or pink "

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9. There exists some positive integer  $x$  such that  $\sqrt{x} \in R$  .

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10. If  $n$  is odd then  $n^2$  is odd ' compound statement is false .

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11. If 'p then q' has its converse 'q then p'.

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12. Logical form of  $p$  and negation  $q$  is  $p \vee (\sim q)$  .



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## Statistics Fill In The Blanks

1. Median of nine observations is 20.45 . If 2 is added in last four observations, then new median is



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2. Suppose in group A, 100 observations are 101 , ..... 200 and in group B has observations 151,152, .....250. If  $V_A$  and  $V_B$  are variance of these groups respectively then  $\frac{V_A}{V_B} = \dots\dots\dots$  .



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3. If the standard deviation of variable  $x$  is 4 and  $y = \frac{3x + 7}{4}$  then the standard deviation of variable  $y$  is

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4. The variance of observations 3,4,5,8 is

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5. The mean of 100 observations is 50 and their standard deviation is 5. The sum of all squares of all the observations is .....

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6. Let  $a, b, c, d, e$  be the observations with mean  $m$  and standard deviation  $S$ . The standard deviation of the observation  $a + k, b + k, c + k, d + k, e + k$  is .....

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7. S.D. of the observation  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  is 3.5 then S.D. of  $-2x_1 - 3, -2x_2 - 3, \dots, -2x_n - 3$  is .....

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8. Median of the data 9,15,20,22,8,17,10,18,14,25 is .....

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9. Find  $x$  if the median of the observation 33,28,20,25,34 and  $x$  is 29.

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10. Median of nine observations is 20.45 . If 2 is added in last four observations, then new median is

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11. Suppose in group A, 100 observations are 101 , ..... 200 and in group B has observations 151,152, .....250. If  $V_A$  and  $V_B$  are variance of there groups respectively then  $\frac{V_A}{V_B} = \dots\dots\dots$  .

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12. If the standard deviation of variable x is 4 and  $y = \frac{3x + 7}{4}$  then the standard deviation of variable y is

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13. The variance of observations 3,4,5,8 is

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14. The mean of 100 observations is 50 and their standard deviation is 5. The sum of all squares of all the observations is .....



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15. Let  $a, b, c, d, e$  be the observations with mean  $m$  and standard deviation  $S$ . The standard deviation of the observation  $a + k, b + k, c + k, d + k, e + k$  is .....



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16. S.D. of the observation  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  is 3.5 then S.D. of  $-2x_1 - 3, -2x_2 - 3, \dots, -2x_n - 3$  is .....



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17. Median of the data 9,15,20,22,8,17,10,18,14,25 is .....



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18. Find x if the median of the observation 33,28,20,25,34 and x is 29.



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## Statistics True False Statement

1. Marks obtained by 10 students in exam of 70 Marks are as follows.

53,46,48,50,53,53,58,60,57 and 52 Then range of data is .....



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2. Numbers of observation of the data is n (where n is even) then median

will be average of  $\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{th}$  and  $\left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)^{th}$  observation.



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3. Median of nine observations is 20.45 . If 2 is added in last four observations, then new median is

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4. Let  $a, b, c, d, e$  be the observations with mean  $m$  and standard deviation  $S$ . The standard deviation of the observation  $a + k, b + k, c + k, d + k, e + k$  is .....

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5. Mean is the measure of dispersion.

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6. Co-efficient of variance of one data is 45% and mean is 12 then S.D. is  
5.4

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7.  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  then  $(x_1 - \bar{x}) + (x_2 - \bar{x}) + (x_n - \bar{x}) = 0$ .

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8. For an data if  $n = 10$ ,  $\sum x_1 = 40$ ,  $\sum x_i^2 = 250$  then standard deviation  $s = \dots$

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9. variance of 6 observation is 250 then  $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = 1200$ .

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10. a,b,c and d are 4 observations . Their mean and median is zero then b = -c.

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11. Marks obtained by 10 students in exam of 70 Marks are as follows.

53,46,48,50,53,53,58,60,57 and 52 Then range of data is .....

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12. Numbers of observation of the data is  $n$  (where  $n$  is even) then median

will be average of  $\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^{th}$  and  $\left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)^{th}$  observation.

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13. Median of nine observations is 20.45 . If 2 is added in last four observations, then new median is

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14. Let  $a, b, c, d, e$  be the observations with mean  $m$  and standard deviation

$S$ . The standard deviation of the observation  $a + k, b + k, c + k, d + k, e + k$  is

.....



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15. Mean is the measure of dispersion.



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16. Co-efficient of variance of one data is 45% and mean is 12 then S.D. is

5.4



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17.  $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$  then  $(x_1 - \bar{x}) + (x_2 - \bar{x}) + (x_n - \bar{x}) = 0$ .



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18. For an data if  $n = 10$ ,  $\sum x_1 = 40$ ,  $\sum x_i^2 = 250$  then standard deviation  $s = \dots$

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19. variance of 6 observation is 250 then  $\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = 1200$ .

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20. a,b,c and d are 4 observations . Their mean and median is zero then  $b = -c$ .

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Probability Fill In The Blanks

1. A and B are mutually exclusive events.  $P(A)=0.38$ , then  $P(A \cap B') = \dots\dots$

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2. A and B are mutually exclusive events and  $P(A) = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{1}{5}$  then  $P(A \text{ OR } B) = \dots$

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3. A coin and dice are tossed . Then .... Is the probability that coin shows head and dice shows number 6 .

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4. Suppose A,B,C mutually exclusive and exhaustive . If  $P(A) = 0.25$  ,  $P(B) = 0.63$ ,  $P(c) = 0.20$  then P is ..... .





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5. A single letter is selected at random from the word 'PROBABILITY'. The probability that it is a vowel is



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6. One number is selected from first 120 natural number .then probability of an event that selected number is multiple of 5 or 15 is .... .



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7. Event G and C denotes that student is intelligent and fond of chocolate . If  $P(G) = 0.6$  ,  $P(C) = 0.7$  ,  $P(G \cap C) = 0.4$ , then  $P(G' \cap C') = \dots$



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8. Two dice are thrown together. The probability that the sum of the numbers obtained on both the dice is prime is ....

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9. What is the probability that in a leap year chosen at random will contain 53 Sunday?

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10. A, B and C are mutually exclusive and exhaustive events. If  $\frac{1}{3}P(C) = \frac{1}{2}P(A) = P(B)$ , then  $p(B) = \dots$

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11. In a relay race there are five teams A, B, C, D and E.

(a) What is the probability that A, B and C finish first, second and third,

respectively.

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**12.** A card is drawn at random from pack of 52 playing cards. Find the probability of getting (i) a face card (ii) red card.

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**13.** If  $P(A) = 0.68$  and A and B are mutually exclusive events then  $P(A \cap B') = \dots$ .

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**14.** A and B are mutually exclusive events and  $P(A) = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{1}{5}$  then  $P(A \text{ OR } B) = \dots$

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15. A coin and dice are tossed . Then ..... Is the probability that coin shows head and dice shows number 6 .

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16. Suppose A,B,C mutually exclusive and exhaustive . If  $P(A) = 0.25$  ,  $P(B) = 0.63$ ,  $P(c) = 0.20$  then P is ..... .

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17. A single letter is selected at random from the word 'PROBABILITY'. The probability that it is a vowel is

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18. One number is selected from first 120 natural number .then probability of an event that selected number is multiple of 5 or 15 is .... .



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19. Event  $G$  and  $C$  denotes that student is intelligent and fond of chocolate . If  $P(G) = 0.6$  , $P(C) = 0.7$  , $P(G \cap C) = 0.4$ , then  $P(G' \cap C') =$  .....

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20. Two dice are thrown together. The probability that the sum of the numbers obtained on both the dice is prime is ....

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21. What is the probability that in a leap year chosen at random will contain 53 Sunday?

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22. A, B and C are mutually exclusive and exhaustive events. If

$$\frac{1}{3}P(C) = \frac{1}{2}P(A) = P(B), \text{ then } p(B) = \dots$$



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23. In a relay race there are five teams A, B, C, D and E.

(a) What is the probability that A, B and C finish first, second and third, respectively.



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24. You have a single deck of well shuffled cards. Then,

What is the probability that it is a face card?



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Probability True False Statement

1. If the sample space has  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  different elements then it has exactly  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  primary events .

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2. Primary events are mutually exclusive.

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3. Probability of impossible events is zero.

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4. If A is any event of sample space S then  $P(A) \in [0, 1]$ .

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5. Sum of integer obtain on two dice have sum 14 is impossible event.

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6. If the sample space has  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  different elements then it has exactly  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  primary events .

 [View Text Solution](#)

7. Primary events are mutually exclusive.

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8. Probability of impossible events is zero.

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9. If  $A$  is any event of sample space  $S$  then  $P(A) \in [0, 1]$ .



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10. Sum of integer obtain on two dice have sum 14 is impossible event.



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