



MATHS

BOOKS - TELUGU ACADEMY MATHS (TELUGU ENGLISH)

IPE:MARCH-2017(TS)

Questions

1. If $A = \left\{0, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right\}$ and $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a surjection defined by $f(x) = \cos x$ then find B.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

2. IF $f(x) = 2, g(x) = x^2, h(x) = 2x$ then find $(f \circ g \circ h)(x)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3. IF $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $X=A+B$ then find X.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. IF $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then find AA' .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. If $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} + \vec{k}$, $\vec{b} = 4\vec{i} + m\vec{j} + n\vec{k}$ are collinear vectors then find m and n.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Find the vector equation of the line passing through the point $2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and parallel to the vector $4\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Find the angle between the vectors $\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 3\bar{k}$ and $3\bar{i} - \bar{j} + 2\bar{k}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. IF $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$ and θ is not in the first quadrant, find the value of $\cos \theta$.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. Prove that $\cos 48^\circ \cdot \cos 12^\circ = \frac{3 + \sqrt{5}}{8}$.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. IF $\cosh x = 5/2$, then find the value of (i) $\cosh(2x)$ and (ii) $\sinh(2x)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Show that $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & b & b^2 \\ 1 & c & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a - b)(b - c)(c - a)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

12. IF $\bar{a}, \bar{b}, \bar{c}$ are non-coplanar, then prove that the points with position vectors $2\bar{a} + 3\bar{b} - \bar{c}, \bar{a} - 2\bar{b} + 3\bar{c}, 3\bar{a} + 4\bar{b} - 2\bar{c}, \bar{a} - 6\bar{b} + 6\bar{c}$ are coplanar.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

13. IF $\bar{a} = 2\bar{i} + \bar{j} - \bar{k}, \bar{b} = -\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} - 4\bar{k}, \bar{c} = \bar{i} + \bar{j} + \bar{k}$ then find $(\bar{a} \times \bar{b}) \cdot (\bar{b} \times \bar{c})$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

14. Find the range of $13 \cos x + 3\sqrt{3} \sin x - 4$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

 Watch Video Solution

15. Solve $1 + \sin^2 \theta = 3 \sin \theta \cos \theta$

 Watch Video Solution

16. Show that $\cot \left(\sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{13}{17}} \right) = \sin \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{2}{3} \right)$.

 Watch Video Solution

17. In $\triangle ABC$, if $\frac{1}{a+c} + \frac{1}{b+c} = \frac{3}{a+b+c}$ then show that $C = 60^\circ$

 Watch Video Solution

18. If Q is the set of all rational numbers, and $f: Q \rightarrow Q$ is defined by

$f(x) = 5x + 4, \forall x \in Q$, show that f is a bijection.

 Watch Video Solution

19. If $f = \{(4, 5), (5, 6), (6, -4)\}$, $g = \{(4, -4), (6, 5), (8, 5)\}$ find (iii)
 fg

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

20. Using Mathematical Induction, prove that statement for all $n \in N$

$$1.2.3 + 2, 3, 4 + \dots + (\text{upto } n \text{ terms}) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{4}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

21. Solve the following system of equations by using Cramer's rule.

$$2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2.$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

22. Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is non-singular and find A^{-1} .



Watch Video Solution

23. IF $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then show that $A^2 - 4A - 5I = O$.



Watch Video Solution

24. Find the shortest distance between the skew lines .

$$\bar{r} = (6\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 2\bar{k}) + t(\bar{i} - 2\bar{j} + 2\bar{k}) \quad \text{and} \quad \bar{r} = (-4\bar{i} - \bar{k}) + s(3\bar{i} - 2\bar{j} - \bar{k})$$



Watch Video Solution

25. IF $A+B+C=2S$, then prove that

$$\cos(S - A) + \cos(S - B) + \cos C = -1 + 4 \cos \frac{S - A}{2} \cos \frac{S - B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2}$$



Watch Video Solution

26. Show that $\frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r_1^2} + \frac{1}{r_2^2} + \frac{1}{r_3^2} = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{\Delta^2}$



Watch Video Solution