

MATHS

BOOKS - TELUGU ACADEMY MATHS (TELUGU ENGLISH)

TRANSFORMATION OF AXES

1 D Saq

1. When the origin is shifted to (-1,2) by the translation of axes, find the transformed

equation $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 4y + 1 = 0$.



2. When the origin is shifted to (-1,2) by the translation of axes, find the transformed equation of $2x^2+y^2-4x+4y=0$



3. When the origin is shifted to the point (2, 3) the transformed equation of a curve is

 $x^2 + 3xy - 2y^2 + 17x - 7y - 11 = 0$. Find the original equation of curve.



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4. The point to which the origin is shifted and the transformed equation are given below.

Find the original equation.

$$(\,-1,2), x^2+2y^2+16=0$$



5. When the origin is shifted to the point (3,-4), the transformed equation of a curve is $x^2+2y^2=4$. Find the original equation.



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6. Prove that the angle of rotation of the axes to eliminate xy term from the equation $ax^2+2hxy+by^2=0$ is $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2h}{a-b}\right)$ where $a\neq b$ and $\frac{\pi}{4}$ if a=b.



7. When the axes are rotated through an angle lpha, find the transformed equation of $x\coslpha+y\sinlpha=p$.



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8. Find the transformed equation of $x^2+2\sqrt{3}xy-y^2=2a^2 \ \ \text{when the axes are}$ rotated through an angle $30^0.$



9. Find the transformed equation of

 $3x^2+10xy+3y^2=9$ when the axes are rotated through an angle $rac{\pi}{4}$



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10. When the axes are rotated through an angle 45° , the transformed equation of a curve is $17x^2-16xy+17y^2=225$. Find the original equation of the curve.



2 D Saq

1. Find the point to which the origin has to be shifted to eliminate x and y terms in the equation $4x^2 + 9y^2 - 8x + 36y + 4 = 0$



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2. Find the angle through which the axes be rotated to remove the xy term from the

equations

$$x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 2x + 2y - 6 = 0$$

