

### **GEOGRAPHY**

# BOOKS - FULL MARKS GEOGRAPHY (HINGLISH)

### **BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION**

Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Multiple
Choice Questions

1.	Conservation	of	biodiversity	is	important
fo	r:				

A. Animals

B. Animals and plants

C. Plants

D. All organisms

**Answer: D** 



2. Threatened species are those which:
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- A. Threaten others
- B. Lion and tiger
- C. Are abundant in number
- D. Are suffering from the danger of extinction

**Answer: D** 



**3.** National parks and sanctuaries are established for the purpose of:

A. Recreation

B. Hunting

C. Pets

D. Conservation

**Answer: D** 



- **4.** Biodiversity is richer in:
  - A. Tropical Regions
  - **B.** Polar Regions
  - C. Temperate Regions
  - D. Oceans

**Answer: A** 



**5.** In which one of the following countries, the

'Earth Summit' was held?

A. The UK

B. Mexico

C. Brazil

D. China

**Answer: C** 



## Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Answer The Following In About 30 Words

1. What is biodiversity?



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2. What are the different levels of biodiversity?



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**3.** What do you understand by 'hotspots'?



**4.** Discuss briefly the importance of animals to human kind.



**5.** What do you understand by 'exotic species'



## Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Answer The Following In About 150 Wods

**1.** What are the roles played by biodiversity in the shaping of nature?



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Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Answer
The Following

**1.** What are the major factors that are responsible for the loss of biodiversity? What steps are needed to prevent them?



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## Additional Question With Answers I Multiple Choice Questions

**1.** By what name does International Union of Conservation of Nature and Natural

Resources, an international organization publishes information about species?

- A. White list
- B. Yellow list
- C. Wild life list
- D. Red list

#### **Answer: D**



2. When was Convention of Biodiversity at the

Earth Summit held?

A. At Viana in 1994

B. At Rio de Janeiro, Brazil in 1992

C. At Atlanta in 1996

D. At Rome in 1998

**Answer: B** 



- **3.** Species which are not the natural inhabitants of the local habitat but are introduced into the system, are called:
  - A. Exotic species
  - B. Extinct species
  - C. Endangered species
  - D. Rare species

#### **Answer: A**



**4.** There are some countries which are situated in the tropical region, they possess a large number of the world's species diversity. They are called what?

A. Hotspots

B. Mega diversity centre

C. Narrow diversity centre

D. Micro diversity centre

#### **Answer: B**



**5.** What is the average age of any species on the earth?

A. One to four million years

B. One to two million years

C. Five to ten million years

D. Six to seven million years

**Answer: B** 



- **6.** What does the word bio and diversity mean?
  - A. Bio means life and diversity means variety
  - B. Bio means genetic and diversity means types
  - C. Bio means biology and diversity means diverse
  - D. Bio means biotech and diversity means variation.

#### **Answer: A**



- **7.** The diversity which is reflected by differences in shapes, physical activities and genetic is called what?
  - A. Genetic biodiversity
  - B. Species biodiversity
  - C. Ecological biodiversity
  - D. All of the above

#### **Answer: B**



- **8.** Which of the following is not a level of biodiversity?
  - A. Genetic biodiversity
  - B. Species biodiversity
  - C. Ecological biodiversity
  - D. Micro biodiversity

#### **Answer: D**



- **9.** Which Act was passed by government of India to protect, preserve and propagate the variety of species within natural boundaries?
  - A. Forest Animals Board
  - B. Forest Coverage Act
  - C. Wild Life Protection Act
  - D. Physical environment Protection Act.

#### **Answer: C**



- **10.** Which of the following country is not a mega diversity centre?
  - A. India and China
  - B. Malaysia and Indonesia
  - C. Brazil and Columbia
  - D. USA and Canada

#### **Answer: A**



11. Name the country where about 85 per cent of the plants and animals are found nowhere else in the world.

A. India

B. China

C. Madagascar

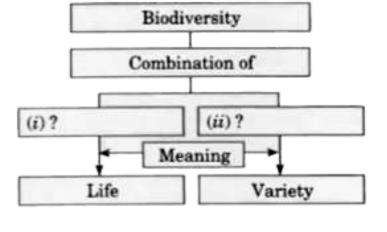
D. Zaire

#### **Answer: C**



## Additional Question With Answers Ii Table Based Questions

**1.** Complete the following table by writing appropriate answer:





Additional Question With Answers Iii Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. What are the causes behind biodiversity?



**2.** Biodiversity is not evenly distributed over the earth. Explain.



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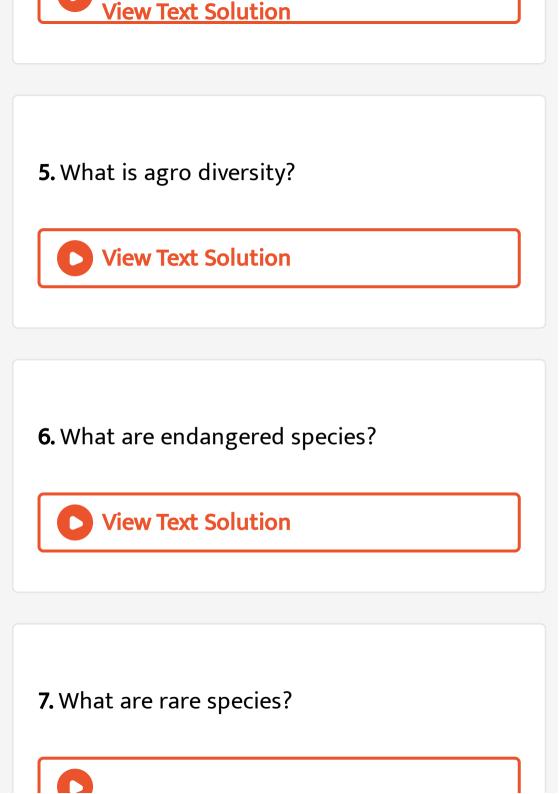
**3.** Why is diversity necessary?



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**4.** What is ecosystem diversity?







**8.** What is mega diversity centre?



**9.** Name the countries which have highest biodiversity.



**10.** What provisions have been made under Wild Life Protection Act, 1972?



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Additional Question With Answers Iv Short Answer Type Questions

1. Write about genetic biodiversity?



**2.** Explain about economic importance of biodiversity.



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**3.** Explain the role of ecosystem in biodiversity.



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Additional Question With Answers V Long Answer Type Questions 1. In how many categories has the International Union of Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN) classified the threatened species of plants and animals?



**2.** How do natural calamities and illegal hunting harm biodiversity?



## Additional Question With Answers Vi Hots Questions

**1.** Differentiate between extinct, endangered, vulnerable and rare species with examples.



**2.** Biodiversity is important not only for geographers but also for economists. How?



**3.** What is the difference between wild life sanctuary and national parks.



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### Additional Question With Answers V Map Skill

**1.** Locate and label 10 important hotspots of the world.

