



GEOGRAPHY

BOOKS - FULL MARKS GEOGRAPHY (HINGLISH)

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN WATER

Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Mcq

1. Upward and downward movement of ocean water is known as the:

A. Tide

B. Current

C. Wave

D. None of the above

Answer: A

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2. Spring tides are caused:

A. As result of the moon and the sun pulling the earth gravitationally in the same direction B. As result of the moon and the sun pulling the earth gravitationally in the opposite direction C. Indention in the coast line

D. None of the above

Answer: A

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3. The distance between the earth and the moon is minimum when the moon is in:

A. Aphelion

B. Perigee

C. Perihelion

D. Apogee

Answer: B

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4. The earth reaches its perihelion in:

A. October

B. September

C. July

D. January

Answer: D



Ncert Textbook Questions With Answers Answer The Following Questions

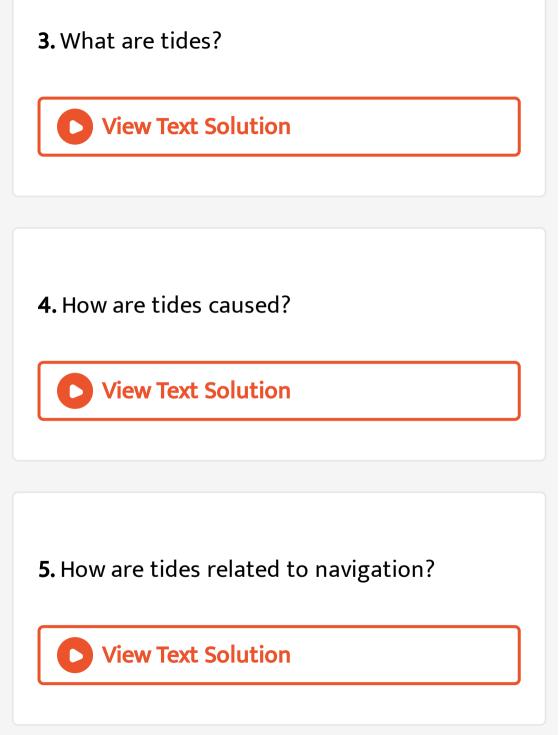
1. What are waves?

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2. Where do waves in the ocean get their

energy from?

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6. How do currents affect the temperature?

How does it affect the temperature of coastal

areas in the N.W.Europe?



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7. What are the causes of currents?



Additional Questions Solved With Answers Multiple Choice Questions **1.** Which force intervenes and causes the water to move to the right in the northern hemisphere and to the left in the southern hemisphere?

A. Farrell law

B. The Coriolis force

C. Gravitational force

D. Effect of rotation of the earth

Answer: B



2. Primary force which affects the ocean currents:

A. Heating by solar energy

B. Wind

C. Gravity

D. All of these

Answer: D



3. What is the time between the high tide and low tide, when the water level is falling, is called?

A. Ebb

B. Waves

C. Currents

D. Gyres

Answer: A

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4. The Coriolis force intervenes and causes the water to move to the right in the northern hemisphere and to the left in the southern hemisphere. These large accumulations of water and the flow around them are called what?

A. Ebb

B. Waves

C. Currents

D. Gyres

Answer: D

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5. What per cent of ocean water is in the form

of deep water currents?

A. 50~%

 $\mathsf{B.}\,60~\%$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,80~\%$

D. 90~%

Answer: D

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6. To what depth exist the upper layer of ocean stream?

- A. 200 metres
- B. 300 metres
- C. 40 metres

D. 500 metres

Answer: D

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7. What is the name given to movement of water due to metrological effects?

A. Surges

B. Tides

C. Waves

D. Currents

Answer: A

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8. What is the name given to time when the distance between the earth and the moon is minimum?

A. Aphelion

B. Perigee

C. Perihelion

D. Apogee

Answer: B



9. The heights and lowest points of a wave are

called_____and_____.

A. Crest and trough

B. Trough and crest

C. Edd and surge

D. Surge and ebb

Answer: A



10. How much time interval normally exist

between neap tides and spring tides?

A. 7 days

B. 10 days

C. Two weeks

D. One month

Answer: A



11. What per cent of ocean water is in the form

of surface currents?

A. 50~%

 $\mathsf{B.}\,40~\%$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,20~\%$

D. 10~%

Answer: D



12. It is the horizontal distance between two

successive crests.

A. Wave speed

B. Waves length

C. Wave frequency

D. Wave gap

Answer: B



13. Where do highest tide occur in the world?

A. Bay of Fundy in Nova Scotia, Canada

- B. Bay of Hudson in USA
- C. Bay of Bengal in India

D. Arabian Sea

Answer: A

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14. What is the unit for measuring speed of waves?

A. Km

B. Knot

C. Cm

D. Millibars

Answer: B

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15. At which place is being a 3 watt electric generating plant established in Sundarban in West Bengal?

A. Durgaduani

B. Haldia

C. Ganga

D. 24 pargana

Answer: A



16. Which of the following is not a primary

force which affects ocean currents?

A. Heating by solar energy

B. Wind

C. Gravity

D. Debilitation

Answer: D



17. Those tides whose length varies are called

what?

A. Spring tides

B. Neap tides

C. Mixed tides

D. High tides

Answer: D

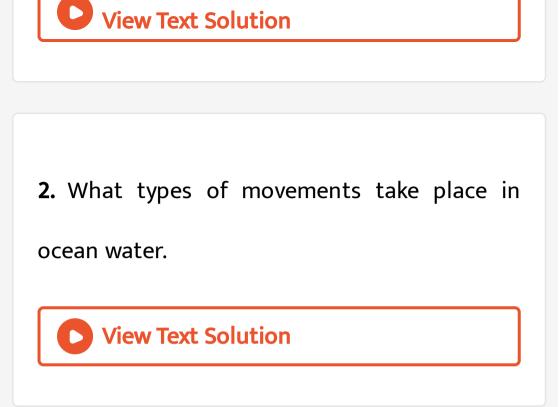


Additional Questions Solved With Answers Ii Very Short Answer

1. Which forces influence the movement of

ocean water?



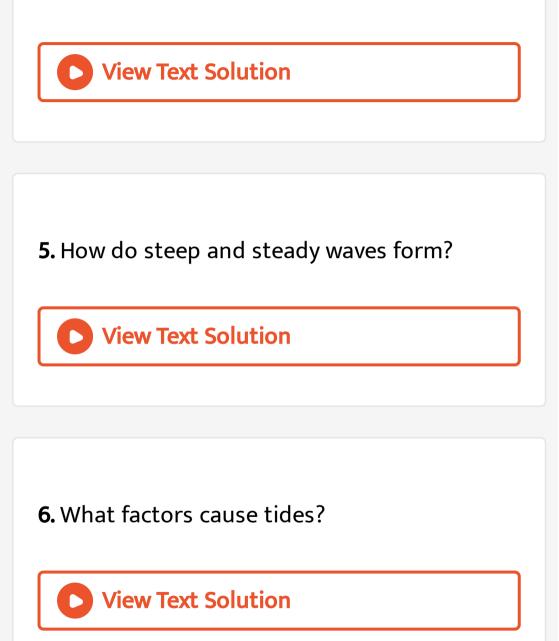


3. Explain different types of vertical movement

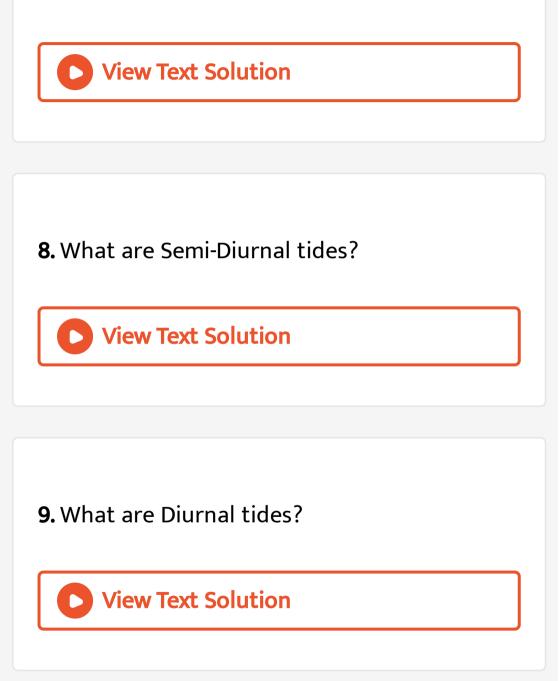
in the ocean water.



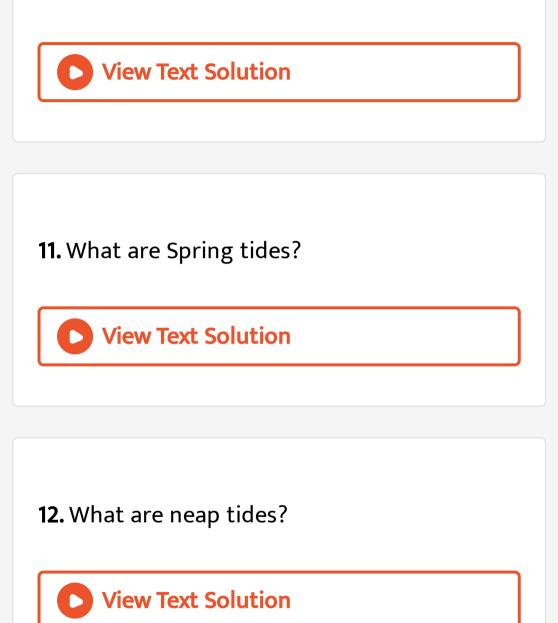
4. How are ripples formed?



7. Where does highest tide occur in the world?



10. What is a Mixed tide?



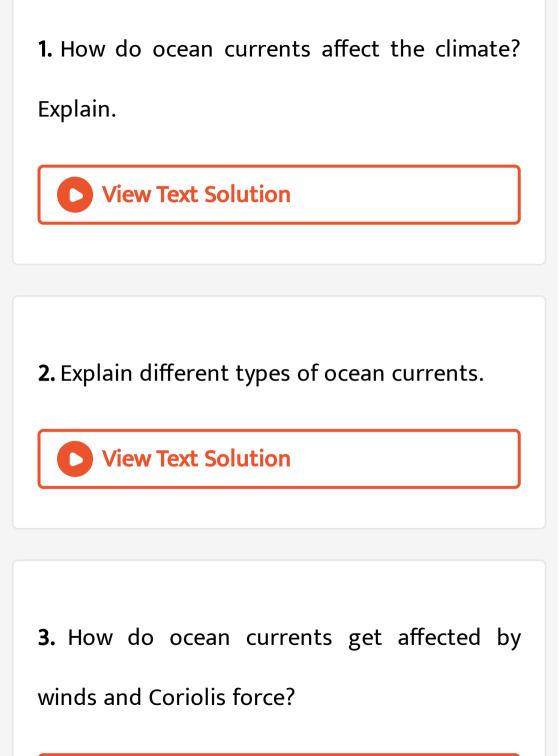
13. Define ocean currents.

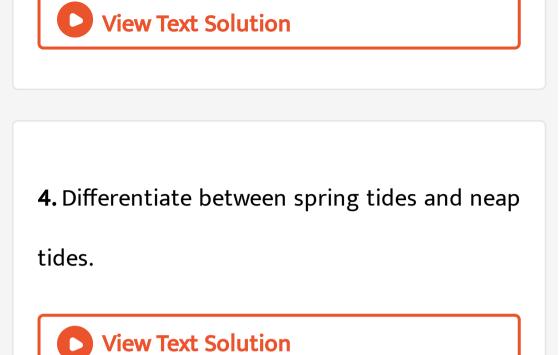


14. How are fishing and oceanic currents related?

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Additional Questions Solved With Answers Iii Short Answer

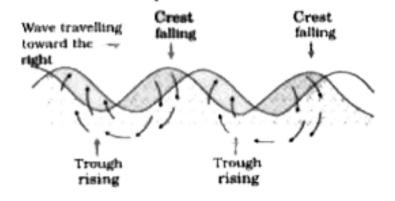




Additional Questions Solved With Answers Iv Diagram Based Questions

1. Study the diagram given below and answer

the questions that follow:



(i) What do you understand by waves?

(ii) What are crest and trough?

(iii) Why do waver travel?



Additional Questions Solved With Answers V Long Answer Type Questions

1. In how many categories can tides be classified on the basis of their height and frequency?



2. Write the characteristics of waves in the

oceanic water.



3. Explain how do heating of solar energy, wind, gravitation and coriolis force affect the ocean currents.



4. Differentiate between warm currents and

cold currents.



5. Make a list of currents which are found in

Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Ocean.

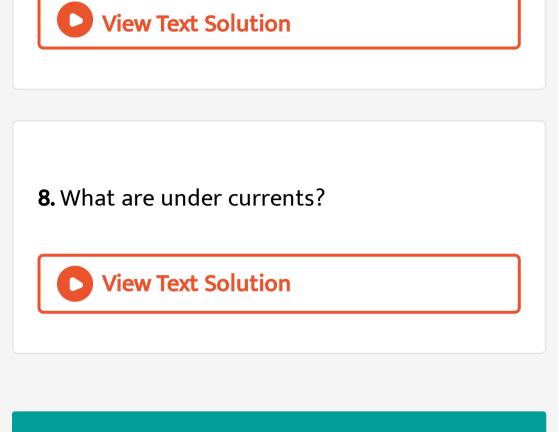
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6. How is the movement of currents influenced

by prevailing winds? Give examples.



7. Why some currents are warm or cold?



Additional Questions Solved With Answers Vii Map Skill

1. Show on a world map the currents of the oceans.



