

# **CHEMISTRY**

# BOOKS - CHHAYA CHEMISTRY (BENGALI ENGLISH)

# **PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION PAPER 2016**

Wbchse 2016 Section I

1. Number of total electrons in n-th orbit of an atom is -

A. n

 $B. n^2$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2n^2$ 

 $\mathsf{D}.\,n-1$ 

# **Answer: C**



- **2.** The bond order of  $He_2^+$  ion is -
  - **A.** 0
  - $\mathsf{B.}\ 0.5$
  - **C**. 1
  - $\mathsf{D.}\ 1.5$

# **Answer: B**



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3. Which is not paramagnetic of the following?

A. 
$$N_2^{\,+}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,O_2^-$$

$$\mathsf{D}.\,NO$$

# **Answer: B**



<b>4.</b> Surface tension of water with increase of temperature
may-
A increase

- A. increase
- B. decrease
- C. remain same
- D. show irregular behaviour

#### **Answer: B**



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**5.** Which one of the following relation shows spontaneity?

A. 
$$\Delta H = T \Delta S$$

B. 
$$\Delta H > T \Delta S$$

C. 
$$\Delta H < T \Delta S$$

D. 
$$\Delta H 
eq T \Delta S$$

### **Answer: C**



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6. For which of the following chemical equation has

$$\Delta H = \Delta U$$

A. 
$$C(s)+2H_2O(g)
ightarrow 2H_2(g)+CO_2(g)$$

$$\operatorname{\mathsf{B}}.\operatorname{PCl}_5(g)\to\operatorname{PCl}_3(g)+\operatorname{Cl}_2(g)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,2CO(g) + O_2(g) \to 2CO_2(g)$$

$$\mathsf{D}.\, H_2(g) + Br_2(g) = 2HBr(g)$$

#### **Answer: D**



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**7.**  $PCl_5(g) \Leftrightarrow PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$  . For this reaction at the chemical equilibrium condition which of the following relation is correct ?

A. 
$$K_p=K_c$$

B. 
$$K_c = K_p imes RT$$

C. 
$$K_p = K_c imes RT$$

D. 
$$K_p=rac{1}{K_c}$$

# Answer: C



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- 8. Cause of different colour of the flame in flame test is -
  - A. low ionisation potential
  - B. low melting point
  - C. maleability
  - D. presence of one electron in the outermost orbit

# **Answer: A**



**9.** Which of the following alkaline earth metal sulphate is most soluble in water ?

- A.  $CaSO_4$
- B.  $SrSO_4$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,BaSO_4$
- D.  $MgSO_4$

**Answer: D** 



**10.** If in an organic compound both N and S elements are present in Lassaigne's test which ion may be found?

- A.  $CN^-$
- B.  $S^{2-}$
- C.  $N^{3-}$
- D.  $SCN^-$

#### **Answer: D**



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**11.** In which of the following compound chiral C-atom is present

A.  $CH_3CHCl_2$ 

 $\mathsf{B.}\, CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$ 

 $C. CH_3CH(OH)COOH$ 

 $\operatorname{D.}CH_3C(OH)_2CH_2COOH$ 

# **Answer: C**



**12.** Which one is most acidic among the given compounds?

A.  $C_2H_2$ 

 $\operatorname{B.} C_6H_6$ 

- C.  $C_2H_6$
- D.  $CH_3OH$

# **Answer: D**



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**13.** The compound produced after the ozonolysis of benzene is-

- A. glyoxal
- B. methanal
- C. ethanal
- D. hexanal

# **Answer: A**



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14. Which one of the following is not a green house gas

?

A. CFC

B. ammonia

C. carbon dioxide

D. methane

#### **Answer: B**



# Wbchse 2016 Section Ii Group A

**1.** How many electrons are present in 1 millimol of methane?



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**2.** 2.7 gram of a metal after reaction with excess acid produces 3.36 litre of  $H_2$  at NTP . What is the equivalent weight of the metal ?



**3.** Determine the position of an element in long form of periodic table if its electronic configuration is  $[_{18}Ar] 3d^{10}4s^2$ 



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**4.** Mention the name and position of two elements , one of which is most electronegative and other is most electropositive in periodic table .



**5.** Write the definition of entropy.





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# Wbchse 2016 Section Ii Group B

**1.** In two compounds of hydrogen and oxygen , hydrogen present in 42.9 % and 27.3 % respectively . Show that the data support the law of multiple proportions .



**2.** Mention Heisenberg's uncertainty principle . Calculate the uncertainty of velocity of an electron which have an uncertainty in position of 1  $\mathring{\text{A}}$  .



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**3.** If the energy of 1st Bohr's orbit is -13.58 eV of a H-atom , calculate energy of third Bohr's orbit of the atom .



**4.** Explain the phenomenon : " When phenolphthalein is added to aqueous solution of borax the colour of the

solution changed to pink which is again turn colourless if glycerol is added to it".



**5.** Between  $CH_3COOH$  and HCOOH which one is most acidic and why?



**6.** Name IUPAC name of  $HOH_2C-CHOH-CH_2OH$ 



<b>7.</b> Name IUPAC name of $CH_3CCl_2-CH_2-COOR$	H



8. What is BOD? Write one harmful effect on it.



Wbchse 2016 Section Ii Group C

1. State Hund's rule.



**2.** Between two ions  $Fe^{2+}$  &  $Fe^{3+}$  , which one is more stable and why ?



**3.** Which of the following two elements have a diagonal relationship? Li, Be, Al and Si.



**4.** Between  $_{29}Cu$  and  $_{19}K$  which one has higher ionisation enthalpy and why ?



**5.** Why does electron affinity of chlorine is higher than that of fluorine ?



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**6.** Arrange the following oxides according to their increase of acidity - LiO, BeO,  $B_2O_3$  and  $CO_2$ .



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**7.** Arrange the following compounds according to their increase of melting point :  $NaCl,\,MgCl_2,\,AlCl_3$ 



**8.** Between  $NH_3$  and  $NF_3$  which one is more polar and why?



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**9.** Why does the  $PCl_5$  exist but  $NCl_5$  does not ?



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**10.** Why does  $BaSO_4$  is not stable in water?



**11.** For which property of the liquid the shape of a liquid drop is spherical ?



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12. In a 10 litre volumetric flask contains 1 gram He and 6.4 gram  $O_2$  at  $27^{\circ}C$  temperature . If that total pressure of the mixture is 1.107 atmosphere , then what is the partial pressure of He and  $O_2$ ?



**13.** If the standard formation- enthalpy of  $CS_2,\,CO_2$  and  $SO_2$  are  $117kJ\cdot mol^{-1},\,-393kJ\cdot mol^{-1}$  and

 $-297kJ\cdot mol^{-1}$  respectively , calculate the standard reaction enthalpy of -  $CS_2+3O_2 o CO_2+2SO_2$ 

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**14.** State Hess's Law.



15. Judge the spontaneity of the following reaction at

298 K temperature and at a particular pressure :

$$Br_2(l) + Cl_2(g) 
ightarrow 2BrCl(g)$$
 Given

$$\Delta H = 29.3 kJ \cdot mol^{-1}$$
 and

$$\Delta S = 104.~1J \cdot K^{-1} \cdot mol^{-1}$$

**16.** Mention the oxidation number of two chlorine atoms in Ca(O Cl) Cl molecule .



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17. Balance the chemical equation by oxidation number

 $\mathsf{method}: P + NaOH + H_2O o PH_3 + NaH_2PO_2$ 



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**18.** What is the oxidation number of N atom is  $NaN_3$  molecule ?

**19.** Balance the chemical equation by ion electron method :

$$MnO_4^{1\,-} + (COO)_2^{2\,-} + H^{\,+} o Mn^{2\,+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$



**20.** A water sample contains 1 millimol of  $Mg^{2\,+}$  ion per litre . Calculate the hardness of the water sample in ppm unit .



21. What do you understand by 'Trailing of Mercury'? **Watch Video Solution** 22. Why do most of the lithium salts are present as hydrated one? **Watch Video Solution** 23. Which of the alkaline earth metal hydroxides are amphoteric in nature?

**24.** What is hydrolith?



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**25.** Why does  $BF_3$  behave as Lewis acid?



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**26.** Write with equation what happens when ? Water is added to calcium carbide .



**27.** By which property the stability of  $(CH_3)_3C^+$  ion could be explained ?



**28.** Why methane could not be prepared by Wurtz reaction?



Wbchse 2016 Section Ii Group D

1. State law of mass action .

**2.** For the reaction  $N_2+3H_2\Leftrightarrow 2NH_3$  equilibrium constant is  $K_1$  and that of for the reaction  $NH_3\Leftrightarrow \frac12N_2+\frac32H_2isK_2$  . (ii) Then calculate the relation between  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  .



**3.** Calculate the pH of 0.01 (M)  $CH_3COOH$  at  $25\,^{\circ}\,C$ .



**4.** What is buffer solution ? Give one example of acidic buffer . In which case of acidic buffer pH = pKa ?



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**5.** Why does dissociation rate of  $H_2S$  is decreased in presence of HCl in aqueous solution ?



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**6.** What is inorganic benzene? How does it prepare? State with conditions and equation.



**7.** Why graphite is conductive to electricity but diamond is not?



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8. Write the structural formula of the compound of A to

F.

(a) 
$$CH_2=CH_2 \stackrel{PdCl_2+H_2O}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{Zn-Hg}{\longrightarrow} B$$

(c) 
$$CH_3CH=CH_2\stackrel{(n)}{\longrightarrow} E\stackrel{Na}{\stackrel{\operatorname{dry Ether}}{\longrightarrow}} F$$



1. At 300 K , and 1 atm , 15 mL of a gaseous hydrocarbon requires 375 mL air containing 20%  $O_2$  by volume for complete combustion . After combustion the gases occupy 330 mL . Assuming that the water formed is in liquid form and the volumes were measured at the same temperature and pressure , the formula of the hydrocarbon is -

A.  $C_4H_{10}$ 

 $\operatorname{B.} C_3H_6$ 

C.  $C_3H_8$ 

D.  $C_4H_8$ 

# **Answer:**



**2.** The main oxides formed on combustion of Li, Na and K in excess of air are respectively -

A.  $Li_2O,\,Na_2O_2$  and  $KO_2$ 

B.  $Li_2O, Na_2O$  and  $KO_2$ 

C.  $LiO_2,\,Na_2O_2$  and  $K_2O$ 

D.  $Li_2O_2,\,Na_2O_2$  and  $KO_2$ 

#### **Answer:**



<b>3.</b> Wh	ich of	f the	following	atoms	has	the	highest	first
ioniza	tion e	nergy	y ?					
A. :	Sc							

C. Na

B. Rb

D. K

# **Answer:**



**4.** The distillaiton technique most suited for separating glycerol from spent-lye in the soap industry is -

- A. Distillation under reduced pressure
- B. simple distillation
- C. Fractional distillation
- D. Steam distillation

#### **Answer:**



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**5.** The concentration of fluoride, lead, nitrate and iron in a water sample from an underground lake was found

to be 1000 pph, 40 ppb, 100 ppm and 0.2 ppm, respectively. This water is unsuitable for drinking due to high concentration of-

A. Iron

B. Fluoride

C. Lead

D. Nitrate

**Answer:** 

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6. The heats of combustion of carbon and carbon monoxide are -393.5 and  $-285.5kJ \cdot mol^{-1}$ 

respectively . The heat of formation (in kJ) of carbon monoxide per mole is -

- $\mathsf{A.}-110.5$
- B. 110.5
- C. 676.5
- D. 676.5

# **Answer:**



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**7.** The species in which the N atom is in a state of sp hybridization is -

Α.	$NO_2$	,
<i>,</i>	1 · · ·	,

B. 
$$NO_2^+$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,NO_2^-$$

D. 
$$NO_3^-$$



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**8.** The equilibrium constants at 298 K for a reaction  $A+B\Leftrightarrow C+D$  is 100 . If the initial concentration of all the four species were 1 M each , then equilibrium concentration of D ( in mol .  $L^{-1}$  ) will be -

- A. 1.182 B. 0.182
  - C. 0.818
  - D. 1.818



- **9.** Which one of the following statements about water is
- FALSE?
  - A. Ice formed by heavy water sinks in normal water
  - B. Water is oxidized to oxygen during photosynthesis

C. Water can act both as an acid and as a base

D. There is extensive intramolecular hydrogen bonding in the condensed phase

#### **Answer:**



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10. A stream of electrons from a heated filament was passed between two charged plates kept at a potential difference V esu . If e and m are charge and mass of an electron respectively , then the value of  $h/\lambda$  ( where  $\lambda$  is wavelength associated with electron wave) is given by -

A. 
$$\sqrt{2meV}$$

B. meV

C. 2 me V

 $\mathrm{D.}~\sqrt{meV}$ 

#### **Answer:**



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# Neet 2016 Phase I

**1.** Consider the molecules  $CH_4,\,NH_3$  and  $H_2O$  . Which of the given statements is false ?

- A. The H-C-H bond angle in  $CH_4$  , the H-N-H bond angle in  $NH_3$  and the H-O-H bond angle in  $H_2O$  are all greater than  $90^\circ$
- B. The H-O-H bond angle in  $H_2O$  is larger than the H-C-H bond angle in  $CH_4$
- C. The H-O-H bond angle in  ${\cal H}_2{\cal O}$  is smaller than the H-N-H bond angle in  $N{\cal H}_3$
- D. The H-C-H bond angle in  $CH_4$  is larger than the H-N-H bond angle in  $NH_3$



2. In the reaction

$$H-C\equiv CH \xrightarrow{\hspace*{0.5cm} (1)\hspace*{0.5cm} NaNH_{2}/liq.\hspace*{0.5cm} NH_{3}} X \xrightarrow{\hspace*{0.5cm} (1)\hspace*{0.5cm} NaNH_{2}/liq.\hspace*{0.5cm} NH_{3}} (2)\hspace*{0.5cm} CH_{3}CH_{2}Br$$

X and Y are -

A. 
$$X = 1$$
 - butyne,  $Y = 3$  - hexyne

B. 
$$X = 2$$
 - butyne,  $Y = 3$  - hexyne

C. 
$$X = 2$$
 - butyne,  $Y = 2$ -hexyne

D. 
$$X = 1$$
-butyne,  $Y = 2$ -hexyne

### **Answer:**



**3.** In which of the following options the order of arrangement does not agree with the variation of property indicated against it ?

A. 
$$Al^{3+} < Mg^{2+} < Na^+ < F^- \,$$
 (increasing ionic size )

B.  $B < C < N < O \;\;\;\;$  (increasing first ionisation enthalpy )

C. I < Br < Cl < F ( increasing electron gain enthalpy)

D. Li < Na < K < Rb ( increasing metallic radius)

#### **Answer:**

**4.** Which of the following statements about hydrogen is incorrect ?

A. Hydrogen has three isotopes of which tritium is the most common

B. Hydrogen never acts as cation in ionic salts

C. Hydronium ion ,  $H_3O^+$  exists freely in solution

D. Dihydrogen does not act as a reducing agent

#### **Answer:**



**5.** MY and  $NY_3$  , two nearly insoluble salts , have the same  $K_{sp}$  values of  $6.2 \times 10^{-13}$  at room temperature . Which statement would be true in regard to MY and  $NY_3$  ?

- A. The molar solubilities of MY and  $NY_3$  in water are identical
- B. The molar solubility of MY in water is less than that of  $NY_3$
- C. The salts MY and  $NY_3$  are more soluble in 0.5 M KY than in pure water .
- D. The addition of the salt of KY to solution of MY and  $NY_3$  will have no effect on their solubilities .



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**6.** The electronic configurations of Eu (Atomic No. 63), Gd (Atomic No. 64) and Tb (Atomic No. 65) are

A. 
$$[Xe]4f^76s^2$$
,  $[Xe]4f^86s^2$  and  $[Xe]4f^85d^16s^2$ 

B. 
$$[Xe]4f^75d^16s^2$$
,  $[Xe]4f^75d^16s^2$  and  $[Xe]4f^96s^2$ 

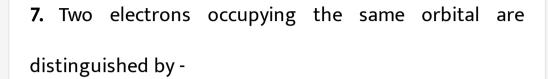
C. 
$$[Xe]4f^65d^16s^2, [Xe]4f^75d^16s^2$$

and

$$[Xe]4f^{8}5d^{1}6s^{2}$$

D. 
$$[Xe]4f^76s^2, [Xe]4f^75d^16s^2$$
 and  $[Xe]4f^96s^2$ 

#### **Answer:**



- A. Principal quantum number
- B. Magnetic quantum number
- C. Azimuthal quantum number
- D. Spin quantum number



**8.** The correct thermodynamic conditions for the spontaneous reaction at all temperatures is -

A. 
$$\Delta H < 0$$
 and  $\Delta S = 0$ 

B. 
$$\Delta>0$$
 and  $\Delta S<0$ 

C. 
$$\Delta H < 0$$
 and  $\Delta S > 0$ 

D. 
$$\Delta < 0$$
 and  $\Delta S < 0$ 

#### **Answer:**



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**9.** Equal moles of hydrogen and oxygen gases are placed in a container with a pin-hole through which both can

escape. What fraction of the oxygen escapes in the time required for one-half of the hydrogen to escape?

- A. 1/8
- B. 1/4
- C.3/8
- D. 1/2

# **Answer:**



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10. Predict the correct order among the following -

- A. lone pair long pair > lone pair bond pair > bond pair bond pair
- B. lone pair long pair > bond pair bond pair > long pair bond pair
- C. bond pair bond pair > lone pair bond pair > lone pair lone pair
- D. lone pair bond pair > bond pair bond pair > lone pair lone pair



11. The product obtained as a result of a reaction of nitrogen with  $CaC_2$  is -

- A.  $Ca(CN)_2$
- B. CaCN
- C.  $CaCN_2$
- D.  $Ca_2CN$

#### **Answer:**



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**12.** The correct statement regarding the comparison of staggered and eclipsed conformation of ethane, is -

- A. The staggered conformation of ethane is less stable than eclipsed conformation , because staggered conformation has torsional strain
- B. The eclipsed conformation of ethane is more stable than staggered conformation because eclipsed conformation has no torsional strain
- C. The eclipsed conformation of ethane is more stable than staggered conformation even through the eclipsed conformation has torsional strain
- D. The straggered conformation of ethane is more stable than eclipsed conformation, because staggered conformation has no torsional strain



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**13.** The pair of electron in the given carbanion ,  $CH_3C\equiv C^{\,\Theta}$  , is present in which of the following orbitals ?

- A. 2p
- $\mathsf{B.}\, sp^3$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,sp^2$
- $\mathsf{D}.\,sp$

#### **Answer:**

# Neet 2016 Phase li

**1.** The compound that will react most readily with gaseous bromine has the formula -

A. 
$$C_2H_4$$

B. 
$$C_3H_6$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,C_2H_2$$

D. 
$$C_4H_{10}$$

### **Answer:**



**2.** Which one of the following compounds shows the presence of intramolecular hydrogen bond?

A. Conc.  $CH_3COOH$ 

B.  $H_2O_2$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,HCN$ 

D. Cellulose

#### **Answer:**



**3.** For a sample of perfect gas when its pressure is changed isothermally from  $p_i$  to  $p_f$  , the entropy change is given by

A. 
$$\Delta S = RT \ln igg(rac{p_i}{p_f}igg)$$

B. 
$$\Delta S = nR \ln\!\left(rac{p_f}{p_i}
ight)$$

C. 
$$\Delta S = nR \ln igg(rac{p_i}{p_f}igg)$$

D. 
$$\Delta S = nRT \ln \left(rac{p_f}{p_i}
ight)$$

### Answer:



**4.** The percentage of pyridine  $(C_5H_5N)$  that forms pyridinium ion  $\left(C_5H_5N^+H\right)$  in a 0.10 M aqueous pyridine solution  $(K_b$  for  $C_5H_5N=1.7\times 10^{-9})$  is -

- A.  $1.6\,\%$
- B. 0.0060~%
- C. 0.013~%
- D.  $0.77\,\%$

#### **Answer:**



5. The solubility of AgCl(s) with solubility product

 $1.6 imes 10^{-10}$  ini 0.1 M NaCl solution would be -

A. zero

B.  $1.26 imes 10^{-5}$  M

C.  $1.6 imes 10^{-9}$  M

D.  $1.6 imes 10^{-11}$  M

#### **Answer: C**



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**6.** Suppose the elements X and Y combine to form two compounds  $XY_2$  and  $X_3Y_2$  . When 0.1 mole of  $XY_2$ 

weighs 10 g and 0.05 mole of  $X_3Y_2$  weighs 9 g , the atomic weights of X and Y are -

A. 30, 20

B. 40,30

C. 60, 40

D. 20, 30

**Answer:** 

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**7.** The number of electrons delivered at the cathode during electrolysis by a current of 1 ampere in 60 seconds is (charge on electron =  $1.60 \times 10^{-19}C$ ) -

A. 
$$7.48 imes 10^{23}$$

$$\text{B.}\,6\times10^{23}$$

$$\text{C.}~6\times10^{20}$$

D. 
$$3.75 imes 10^{20}$$



- 8. Boric acid is an acid because its molecule -
  - A. combines with proton from water molecule
  - B. contains replaceable  $H^{\,+}\,$  ion
  - C. gives up a proton

D. accepts  $OH^{\,-}$  from water releasing proton

#### **Answer:**



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- 9. The suspension of slaked lime in water is known as -
  - A. aqueous solution of slaked lime
  - B. lime water
  - C. quicklime water
  - D. milk of lime

#### **Answer:**



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10. The hybridizations of atomic orbitals of nitrogen in

 $NO_2^{\,+}\,,NO_3^{\,-}$  and  $NH_4^{\,+}$  respectively are -

- A.  $sp^2sp$  and  $sp^3$
- B.  $sp, sp^3$  and  $sp^2$
- C.  $sp^2$ ,  $sp^3$  and sp
- D.  $sp, sp^2$  and  $sp^3$

### **Answer:**



**11.** Which of the following fluoro-compounds is most likely to behave as a Lewis base ?

- A.  $SiF_4$
- B.  $BF_3$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,PF_3$
- D.  $CF_4$

### **Answer:**



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**12.** Which of the following pairs of ions is isoelectronic and isostructural?

A. 
$$ClO_3^-$$
 ,  $SO_3^{2\,-}$ 

$${\rm B.}\,CO_3^{2\,-},\,NO_3^{\,-}$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,ClO_3^-$$

D. 
$$SO_3^{2-}, NO_3^{-}$$



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**13.** In context with beryllium, which one of the following statements is incorrect?

A. Its hydride is electron- deficient and polymeric

B. It is rendered passive by nitric acid

C. It forms  $Be_2C$ 

D. Its salts rarely hydrolyze

#### **Answer:**



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**14.** Which of the following pairs of a d-orbitals will have electron density along the axes ?

A.  $d_{xy}, d_{x^2-y^2}$ 

B.  $d_{z^2},\,d_{xz}$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,d_{xz},\,d_{yz}$ 

D.  $dz^2,\,d_{x^2-y^2}$ 



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**15.** In which of the following molecules, all atoms are coplanar?

C

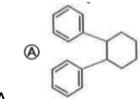
D. 
$$H_3^{C}$$
  $C = C$ 

#### **Answer:**

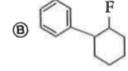
# **16.** In the given reaction

$$\bigcirc + \bigcirc \xrightarrow{\text{HF}} P;$$

# the product P is -



A.



В.

