

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - CHHAYA CHEMISTRY (BENGALI ENGLISH)

PREVIOUS YEARS QUESTION PAPER 2018

Wbchse 2018 Part A

1. At a constant pressure, the solubility of a gas in a liquid solvent changes when temperature is increased : State what changes occurs and explain why it happens.



2. The particles of a true solution can pass through a semi-permeable

membrane , but those of a colloidal solution cannot. Explain why.





6. How many isomers are possible for $[Co(NH_3)_4Cl_2]Cl$? Draw their

structures.



10. A cubic crystal is made up of elements A and B. B is located at the corners of the units cell and A is at the body centre. What will be the probable formula of the compound ?



12. How many gram of glucose when dissolved in 2 litre of water will be

isotonic with blood at 37 $^{\circ}\,C$?

 $[\pi_{bl \,\infty\, d} = 7.65 atm,$ Molar mass of glucose =

 $180 gmol^{-1}, R = 0.082 L. Atm. K^{-1}.$ mol]

13. In which of the following two compounds S_N2 reaction is faster ? Give

reason.

 $CH_3CH_2CH_2Cl$ and $CH_3CH_2CH_2I$



15. Write down the products of the following reaction :

 $CH_3OCH_2CH_3 \xrightarrow[Heat]{conc.HI}_{Heat}$

16. Primary structure of protein is due to

Watch Video Solution		
17. What is meant by activation energy of a reaction ?		
Watch Video Solution		
18. Show that the time required to complete 99% of a 1st order reaction is		
twice than that of time required to complete 90%.		
Watch Video Solution		
19. Establish the rate equation for 1st order reaction.		

20. Why helium does not form any compound ?

Watch Video Solution

21. Draw the structure of H_2SO_3



22. Benzoic acid on reaction with $SOCI_2$ gives (A).(A) on reduction with $Pd - BaSO_4$, H_2 in presence of quinoline affords (B), (B) reacts with (C), (C) on reaction with PCI_5 gives (D). Write the structures of (A), (B), (C) and (D). What is the role of CH_3COONa in the conversion of (B) to (C)?

Watch Video Solution

23. An organic comppound produces acetic acid and ethanol on acid hydrolysis. Write the structural formula of the compound. How can you



Answer: B

2. Which of the following is required of the central metal in $\left[Cr(NH_3)_4(NO_2)Cl\right]^+$? (Atomic No. of Cr =24)

View Text Solution

- **3.** What is the oxidation number of the central metal in $[Cr(NH_3)_4(NO_2)Cl]^+$? (Atomic No. of Cr = 24)
 - A. 0
 - B.+1
 - $\mathsf{C.}+3$
 - $\mathsf{D.}+2$

Answer: A

4. On reacting with aqueous bromine at room temperature phenol forms

which of the following ?

A. meta-Bromophenol

B. 2, 6-Dibromophenol

C. 2, 4, 6-Tribromophenol

D. 3,5-Dibromophenol

Answer: C

View Text Solution

5. Which of the following compounds is the most basic ?

A. 📄

в. 📄

С. 📄

D. 📄



7. Which of the following artificial sweeteners is methyl ester of a

dipeptide?

A. Aspartame

B. Sucralose

C. Saccharine

D. Alitame

Answer: D

View Text Solution

8. Which of the following can be used as an antacid ?

A. Ranitidine

B. Histamine

C. Equanil

D. Aspirin

Answer: A

View Text Solution

9. The number of Cl^- ions present around each Na^+ ion in NaCl crystal lattice is-

A. 3	
B.4	
C. 8	
D. 6	

Answer: C

View Text Solution

10. Which one has the highest coagulating power for ferric hydroxide sol

?

A. KCl

 $\mathsf{B.}\,K_2SO_4$

 $\mathsf{C}.Na_3PO_4$

D. NaCl

Answer: B

O View Text Solution

11. Which of the following titanium compounds cannot be prepared ? (Atomic No. of Ti =22)

A. TiO

 $\mathsf{B}.\,TiO_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,K_2TiO_4$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,TiCl_2$

Answer: C

View Text Solution

12. For the compounds `CH_3Cl , CH_3I , CH_3Br and (##CHY_CHE_ORG_XII_P2_PYQ_18_E01_058_Q01.png" width="80%"> which of the following is the correct order of C-halogen bond length ?



13. Which of the following compounds will take part in nucloephilic addition reaction most readily ?

A. CH_3COCH_3

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CH_3CHO$

 $\mathsf{C.}\, C_6H_5CHO$

 $\mathsf{D.}\, C_6H_5COC_6H_5$

Answer: D

View Text Solution

14. In which of the following orders base, phosphate and sugar are arranged in the nucleotide of DNA ?

A. Base-Phosphate-sugar

B. Base-Sugar-Phosphate

C. Phosphate-Base-Sugar

D. Sugar-Base-Phosphate

Answer: A

View Text Solution

15. What are the dispersed phase and dispersion medium in soap lather ?

Watch Video Solution
16. What is the purpose of adding a food preservative to a packaged food ?
View Text Solution
17. How many faraday of electricity is required to liberate 1 mole of copper from a copper sulphate solution ?
Watch Video Solution

18. Arrange K^+ , Zn^{2+} , H^+ and Cu^{2+} ions in order of their tendency to be liberated at the cathode.

[Given:

$$mE_{Cu^{2+}|Cu}^{0} = + 0.34V, E_{2H^{+}|H_{2}}^{0} = 0.00V, E_{Zn^{2+}|Zn = -.0.76V, E_{K^{+}|K}^{-} = -2.931$$
]

View Text Solution

19. Which of the following exhibits highest acidic character ?

 $CrO, Cr_{2}O_{3}, CrO_{3}$

Watch Video Solution

20. What will be the oxidation number of Mn in the compound of Mn formed upon fusion of MnO_{2} with KOH and KNO_{3} ?

View Text Solution

View Text Solution

Jee Main 2018

1. Phenol reacts with methyl chloroform in the presence of NaOH to form

product A. A reacts with Br_2 to form product B . A and B are respectively-



Answer: A



2. How long (appropriate) should water be electrolysed by passing through 100 amperes current so that the oxygen released can completely burn 27.66 g of diborane ? (Atomic weight of B = 10.8 u)

A. 3.2 hours

B. 1.6 hours

C. 6.4 hours

D. 0.8 hours

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

3. At $518^{\circ}C$, the rate of decomposition of a sample of gaseous acetaldehyde, initially at a pressure of 363 torr, was 1.00 torr. s^{-1} when 5% had reacted and 0.5 torr. s^{-1} when 33% had reacted. The order of the reaction is -

A. 1

B. 0

C. 2

D. 3

Answer: C



5. Consider the following reaction and statements-

 $ig[Co(NH_3)_4Br_2ig]^+ + Br^-
ightarrow ig[Co(NH_3)_3Br^3ig] + NH_3$

[i] Two isomers are produced if the reactant complex ion is cis-isomer.

[ii]Two isomers are produced if the reactant complex ion is a trans-iosmer.[iii] Only one isomer is produced if the reactant complex ions is a transisomer.

[iv] Only one isomer is produced if the reactant complex ion is a cisisomer.

The correct statements are-

A. [iii] & [iv]

B. [ii] & [iv]

C. [i]& [ii]

D. [i] & [iii]

Answer: D



6. Phenol on treatment with CO_2 in the presence of NaOH followed by acidification produces compound X as the major product. X on treatment

with $(CH_3CO)_2O$ in the presence of catalytic amount of H_2SO_4 produces-



7. The compound that does not produce nitrogen gas by the thermal decomposition is -

A. NH_4NO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,(NH_4)_2SO_4$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,Ba(N_2)_2$

D. $(NH_4)_2 Cr_2 O_7$

Answer: B



8. The predominant form of histamine present in human blood is (pk_a Histidine = 6.0)-



9. Which type pf 'defect has the presence of cations in the interstitial sites ?

A. Frenkel defect

- B. Metal deficiency defect
- C. Schottky defect
- D. Vacancy defect

Answer: A

View Text Solution

10. For 1 molal aqueous solution of the following components which one

will show the highest freezing point ?

- A. $\left[Co(H_2O)_4Cl_2\right]Cl.2H_2O$
- $\mathsf{B}.\left[Co(H_2O)_3Cl_3\right].3H_2O$
- $\mathsf{C}.\left[Co(H_2O)_6\right]Cl_3$

D.
$$[Co(H_2O)_5Cl]Cl_2$$
. H_2O

Answer: B





1. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well ?

A. MnO_4^-

 $\operatorname{B.} Cr_2O_7^-$

C. CrO_4^{2-}

D. MnO_4^{2-}

Answer: D

2. Iron carbonyl, $Fe(CO)_5$ is -

A. Trinuclear

B. Mononuclear

C. Tetranuclear

D. Dinuclear

Answer: B

View Text Solution

- **3.** The type of isomerism shown by the complex $\left[CoCl_2(en)_2
 ight]$ is -
 - A. Ionisation isomerism
 - B. Coordination isomerism
 - C. Geometrical isomerism
 - D. Linkage isomerism

Answer: C



4. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex $\left[Ni(CO)_4\right]$ are-

A. Square planar geometry and paramagnetic

B. Tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic

C. Square planar geometry and paramagnetic

D. Tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

5. The correct difference between first- and second -order reactions is that-

A. a first order reaction can be catalysed , a second order reaction

cannot be catalysed

- B. the half-life of a first order reaction does not depend on $[A]_0$, the half-life of a second order reaction does depend on $[A]_0$.
- C. the rate of a first order reaction does not depend on reactant

concentrations, the rate of a second order reaction does depend on

reactant concentrations

D. the rate of a first order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations , the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations

Answer: B

D View Text Solution

6. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion ?

A. Benzoic acid

B. Acetanilide

C. Aniline

D. Glycine

Answer: D

View Text Solution

7. Consider the change in oxidation state of bromide corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below- $BrO_4^- \xrightarrow{1.82V} BrO_3^- \xrightarrow{1.5V} HBrO \xrightarrow{1.595V} Br_2 \xrightarrow{1.0652V} Br^-$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is -

A. Br_2

B. BrO_4^-

 $C.BrO_3^-$

D. HBrO

Answer: D

View Text Solution

8. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their-

A. more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals

force of attraction

B. formation of carboxylate ion

C. formation of intramolecular H-bonding

D. formation of intermolecular H-bonding

Answer: D

View Text Solution

9. Compound A, $C_8H_{10}O$, is found to react with NaOH (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell. A and Y are respectively-



10. Which of the following statements is not true for halogens ?

A. All but flourine show positive oxidation states

B. All are oxidizing agents

C. All form monobasic oxoacids

D. Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

11. In the structure of CIF_3 , the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is -

A. four

B. two

C. one

D. three

Answer: B

12. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect ?

A. Examples are bakelite and melamine

B. They are formed from bi-and tri-functional monomers

C. They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains

D. They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

13. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also gives m-nitroaniline because-

A. In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to n-position

B. In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta

direactive

C. In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position

D. In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present as anilinium ion

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

14. The difference between amylose and amylopectin is -

A. Amylopectin have $1
ightarrow 4\,lpha$ -linkage and $1
ightarrow 6\,eta$ -linkage

B. Amylose have 1
ightarrow 4lpha-linkage and 1
ightarrow 6eta-linkage

C. Amylopectin have ightarrow 4lpha

D. Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose

Answer: C

15. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl_5 gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order-

A. $C_2H_5Cl, C_2H_6, C_2H_5OH$

 $\mathsf{B.}\, C_2H_5OH,\, C_2H_5Cl,\, C_2H_5O\mathrm{Na}$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,C_2H_5OH,\,C_2H_6,\,C_2H_5Cl$

 $\mathsf{D.}\, C_2H_5OH, C_2H_5Ona, C_2H_5Cl$

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

16. The compound C_7H_8 undergoes the following reaction -

$$C_7H_8 \stackrel{3Cl_2}{\longrightarrow} A \stackrel{Br_2}{\longrightarrow} B \stackrel{Zn}{\longrightarrow} C$$

the product 'C' is-

A. 3-bromo-2 , 4,6-trichlorotoulene

B. α – bromotoulene

C. m-bromotoulene

D. p-bromotoulene

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

17. On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an iron depend ?

A. Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion

B. Size of the ion alone

C. The magnitude of the charge on the ion alone

D. The sign of charge on the ion alone

Answer: A

18. Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature . Above $900^{\circ}C$, it transforms to fcc structure . The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that ar $900^{\circ}C$ (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remain constant with temperature) is-

A.
$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

B.
$$\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$$

C.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

19. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction-

A. is tripled

B. is doubled

C. is halved

D. remains unchanged

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

20. Considering Ellingham diagram , which of the following metals can be

used to reduce alumina ?

A. Mg

B. Zn

C. Fe

D. Cu

Answer: A

View Text Solution

21. The correct order of N-compounds in its decreasing order of oxidation states is -

A. HNO_3, NH_4Cl, NO, N_2

 $\mathsf{B}.\, NHO_3,\, NO,\, NH_4Cl,\, N_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,HNO_3,\,NO,\,N_2,\,NH_4Cl$

 $\mathsf{D.}\, NH_4Cl, N_2, NO, HNO_3$

Answer: C