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India's Number 1 Education App

## PHYSICS

# BOOKS - CHHAYA PHYSICS (BENGALI 

## ENGLISH)

## QUESTION PAPER OF NEET 2018

Part A

1. A wire of resistance $R$ is stretched till its
length becomes n times its original length.

What will be its new resistance?

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2. Why are electric lines of force not closed loop?

- Watch Video Solution

3. The electric potential at a point $(x, y, z)$ is given by $\mathrm{V}=-x^{2} y-x z^{3}+4$. Find the intensity of electric field $\vec{E}$ at that point.
4. Find the energy stored in the capacitor.

## - Watch Video Solution

5. An unpolarised light is incident at angle of polarisation on a reflector. Determine the anlge between the reflected and the transmitted rays.
6. A person who can see objects clearly at a distance of 10 cm , requires spectacles to be able to see clearly objects at a distance of 30 cm. What typs of spectacle should he use?

Find the focal length of the lens.

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7. Define stopping potential.
8. When light of wavelengths $\lambda$ and $2 \lambda$ are incident on a metal surface, the stopping potentials are $V_{0}$ and $V_{0} / 4$ respectively. If c be the velocity of light in air, find the threshold frequency of photoelectric emission.

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9. Half-life of a radioactive substacne is 30 days. Number of atoms in the substance is
$10^{12}$. How many disintegration of atoms per second does occur?

## D Watch Video Solution

10. Form And gate using NOR gates.

## D Watch Video Solution

11. Two cells of emf $E_{1}, E_{2}$ and internal resistances $r_{1}, r_{2}$ respectively are connected
in parallel combination.Determine the equivalent emf of the combination.

## D Watch Video Solution

12. Estimate the averge drift velocity of conduction electrons in a copper wire of cross section $2.0 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ carrying a current of
2.0A. Assume the density of conduction electrons to be $9 \times 10^{28} m^{-3}$.
13. Under what condition will the terminal potential difference be more than the emf of a cell ?

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14. The rate of heat developed in a resistor $R$ connected to a supply of p.d. V is H . What will be the rate of heat developed if the p.d. is $\mathrm{V} / 3$ and the resistance doubled?
15. Derive the expression for energy stored in an inductor of coefficient of self inductance $L$ carrying current $i_{0}$.

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16. State the working principle of ac generator.

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17. Why is the use of ac voltage preferred over dc voltage?

D Watch Video Solution
18. The power factor of a $L R$ circuit is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$. If
the frequency of ac be doubled, what will be the power factor?

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19. In Young's double slit experiment. The fringe width is 2.0 mm . Determine the separation between the 9th bright fringe and the 2nd dark fringe.

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Find the angular width of the central maxima of Fraunhofer diffraction pattern due to single slit.
21. How does the angular width of the central maxima in a single slit Fraunhofer diffraction experiment change when the distance between the slit and screen is doubled?

## - Watch Video Solution

22. In Fraunhofer diffraction experiment, the
first minima of red light $(\lambda=660 \mathrm{~nm})$ is
formed on the first maxima of another light of wavelength $\lambda^{\prime}$. Find the value of $\lambda^{\prime}$.

## - Watch Video Solution

## Part B Section I

1. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

If $V$ be the accelerating voltage, then the maximum frequency of $X$-ray emitted from an

X -ray tube is

$$
\text { A. } \frac{e h}{V}
$$

B. $\frac{e V}{h}$
C. $\frac{h}{e V}$
D. none of these

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

2. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

The wavelength of de Broglie waves associated
with a thermal neutron of mass $m$ at absolute

## temperature $T$ is given by ( $k$ is the Boltzmann

 constant)$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{h}{\sqrt{m k T}} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{h}{\sqrt{2 m k T}} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{h}{\sqrt{3 m k T}} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{h}{2 \sqrt{m k T}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

Which one does not change in polarisation of light?
A. Intensity
B. Phase
C. Frequency
D. none of these

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

If the rotating speed of a dynamo is doubled, the induced electromotive force will be
A. doubled
B. halved
C. four times as much
D. unchanged

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

5. Select the correct answer out of the options
given against each question and write in the
box provided on right hand side bottom:

The number of turns of the primary and secondary of a transformer are 500 and 5000
respectively. The primary is connected to a 20

V, 50 Hz ac supply. The output of the secondary will be
A. $2 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
B. $200 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
C. $200 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~Hz}$
D. $200 \mathrm{~V}, 500 \mathrm{~Hz}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

6. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

An electron having charge e moves with velocity $\vec{v}$ in +x direction. An electric field acts on it along +y direction. The force on the electron acts along
A. $+z$ direction
B. $-z$ direction
C. $+y$ direction
D. $-y$ direction

## Answer:

7. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom:

Two similar bar magnets of magnetic $M$ each
are attached at right angle with each other at
their ends. The magnetic moment of the system will be
A. $M$
B. 2 M
C. $\frac{M}{\sqrt{2}}$

## D. $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{M}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

8. Select the correct answer out of the options
given against each question and write in the
box provided on right hand side bottom:
By how much will the power of an electric bulb
decrease if the current drops by $0.5 \%$
A. $0.25 \%$
B. $0.5 \%$
C. $1 \%$
D. $2 \%$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

9. Select the correct answer out of the options given against each question and write in the box provided on right hand side bottom: 64 small water drops each of capacitance C
and charge $q$ coalesce to form a larger spherical drop. The charge and capacitance of the lager drop is
A. $64 q, C$
B. $16 \mathrm{q}, 4 \mathrm{C}$
C. $64 q, 4 C$
D. 16q, C

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution

1. Why does a photodiode function in reverse bias?

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## Questions

1. It is found that if a neutron suffers an elastic
collinear collision with deuterium at rest,
fractional loss of its energy is $p_{d}$, while for its
similar collision with carbon nucleus at rest,
fractional loss of energy is $p_{c}$. The values of $p_{d}$ and $p_{c}$ are respectively
A. 0,0
B. 0,1
C. $0.89,0.28$
D. $0.28,0.89$

## Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
2. The mass of a hydrogen molecule is
$3.32 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg}$. If $10^{23}$ hydrogen molecules
strike, per second, a fixed wall of area $2 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ at
an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to the normal, and rebound elastically with a speed of $10^{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, then the pressure on the wall is nearly

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } 2.35 \times 10^{2} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}} \\
& \text { B. } 4.70 \times 10^{2} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}} \\
& \text { C. } 2.35 \times 10^{3} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}} \\
& \text { D. } 4.70 \times 10^{3} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Two batteries with emf 12 V and 13 V are connected in parallel across a load resistor of $10 \Omega$. The internal resistances of the two batteries are $1 \Omega$ and $2 \Omega$ respecitvely. The voltage across the load lies between
A. 11.4 V and 11.5 V
B. 11.7 V and 11.8 V

## C. 11.6 V and 11.7 V

D. 11.5 V and 11.6 V

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

4. A particle is moving in a circular path of radius a under the action of an attraction potential $U=-\frac{k}{2 r^{2}}$. Its total energy is
A. zero
B. $-\frac{3}{2} \frac{k}{a^{2}}$
C. $-\frac{k}{4 a^{2}}$
D. $\frac{k}{2 a^{2}}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

5. Upolarised light of intensity I passes
through an ideal polariser A. Another identical
polariser $B$ is placed behind $A$. The intensity of
light beyond B is found to be $\frac{I}{2}$. Now another
identical polariser C is placed between A and
$B$. The intensity beyond $B$ is now found to be $\frac{I}{8}$. The angle between polariser A and C is
A. $45^{\circ}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $0^{\circ}$
D. $30^{\circ}$

## Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
6. An electron from various excited states of hydrogen atom emit radiation to come to the ground state. Let $\lambda_{n}, \lambda_{g}$ be the de Broglie wavelength of the electron in the $n$-th state and the ground state respectively. Let $\Lambda_{n}$ be the wavelength of the emitted photon in the transition from the $n$-th state to the ground state. For large n, (A, B are constants)

$$
\text { A. } \Lambda_{n}^{2} \approx A+B \lambda_{n}^{2}
$$

B. $\Lambda_{n}^{2} \approx \lambda$
C. $\Lambda_{n} \approx A+\frac{B}{\lambda_{n}^{2}}$

## D. $\Lambda \approx A+B \lambda_{n}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

7. The reading of the ammeter for a silcon
diode in the given circuit is

A. 11.5 mA
B. 13.5 mA
C. 0
D. 15 mA

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

8. An electron, a proton and an alpha particle having the same kinetic energy are moving in cirular orbits of radii $r_{e}, r_{p}, r_{\alpha}$ respectively in
a uniform magentic field $B$. Then relation between $r_{e}, r_{p}, r_{\alpha}$ is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } r_{e}<r_{p}<r_{\alpha} \\
& \text { B. } r_{e}<r_{\alpha}<r_{p} \\
& \text { C. } r_{e}>r_{p}=r_{\alpha} \\
& \text { D. } r_{e}<r_{p}=r_{\alpha}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

9. A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance 90
pF is connected to a battery of emf 20 V . If a
dielectric material of dielectric constant $\mathrm{k}=\frac{5}{3}$ is inserted between the plates, the magnitude of the induced charge will be
A. 2.4 nC
B. 0.9 nC
C. 1.2 nC
D. 0.3 nC
10. For an RLC circuit driven with voltage of amplitude $v_{m}$ and frequency $\omega_{0}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{L C}}$ the current exibits resonance. The quality factor, Q is given by
A. $\frac{R}{\left(\omega_{0} C\right)}$
B. $\frac{C R}{\omega_{0}}$
C. $\frac{\omega_{0} L}{R}$
D. $\frac{\omega_{0} R}{L}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

11. A telephonic communication service is working at carrier frequency of 10 GHz . Only $10 \%$ of it is utilized for transmission. How many telephonic channels can be transmitted simultaneously if each channel requires a bandwidth of 5 kHz ?
A. $2 \times 10^{5}$
B. $2 \times 10^{6}$
C. $2 \times 10^{3}$
D. $2 \times 10^{4}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

12. A granite rod of 60 cm length is clamped at its middle point and is set into longitudinall vibrations. The density of granite is $2.7 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ and its Young's modulus is
$9.27 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~Pa}$. What will be the fundamental

## frequency of the longitudinal vibrations?

A. 10 kHz
B. 7.5 kHz
C. 5 kHz
D. 2.5 kHz

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
13. Seven indentical circular planar discs, each of mass $M$ and radius $R$ are welded
symmetrically as shown, The moment of inertia of the arragement about the axis normal to the plane and passing through the
point $P$ is

A. $\frac{73}{2} M R^{2}$
B. $\frac{181}{2} M R^{2}$
C. $\frac{19}{2} M R^{2}$

## 55 <br> D. $\frac{55}{2} M R^{2}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

14. Three concentric metal shells $A, B$ and $C$ of
respective radii $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and $\mathrm{c}(a<b<c)$ have
surface charge densities $\sigma,-\sigma$ and $+\sigma$ respectively. The potential of shell $B$ is

$$
\text { A. } \frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}\left[\frac{b^{2}-c^{2}}{b}+a\right]
$$

B. $\frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}\left[\frac{b^{2}-c^{2}}{c}+a\right]$
C. $\frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}\left[\frac{a^{2}-b^{2}}{a}+c\right]$
D. $\frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon_{0}}\left[\frac{a^{2}-b^{2}}{b}+c\right]$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

15. In a potentiometer experiment, it is found that no current passes through the galvanometer when the terminals of the cell are connected across 52 cm of the
potentiometer wire. If the cell is shounted by a
resistance of $5 \Omega$, a balance is found when the cell is connected across 40 cm of the wire.

Find the internal resistance of the cell.
A. $2 \Omega$
B. $2.5 \Omega$
C. $1 \Omega$
D. $1.5 \Omega$

## Answer:

16. The angular width of the central maximum
in a single slit diffraction pattern is $60^{\circ}$. The width of the slit is $1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. The slit is illuminated by monochromatic plane waves. If another slit of same width is made near it, Young's fringes
can be observed on a screen placed at a distance 50 cm from the slits. If the observed fringe width is 1 cm , what is slit separation distance? (i.e. distance between the centres of each slit)
A. $75 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

## B. $100 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

C. $25 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
D. $50 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A silver atom in a solid oscillated in simple
harmonic motion is some direction with a frequency of $10^{12} s^{-1}$. What is the force constant of the bonds connecting one atom
with the other? (mole wt. of silver $=108$ and Avogadro number $=6.02 \times 10^{23} g . \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ )
A. 2.2 N/m
B. $5.5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$
C. $6.4 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$
D. $7.1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$

Answer:
( Watch Video Solution
18. From a uniform circular disc of radius R and mass 9 M , a small disc of radius $\frac{R}{3}$ is removed
as shown in the figure. The moment of intertia
of the remaining disc about an axis perpendicular to the plane of the disc and
passing through centre of the disc is

A. $10 M R^{2}$
B. $\frac{37}{9} M R^{2}$
C. $4 M R^{2}$
D. $\frac{40}{9} M R^{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

19. In a collinear collision, a particle with an initial speed $v_{0}$ strikes a stationary particle of the same mass. If the final total kinetic energy is $50 \%$ greater than the original kinetic energy, the magnitude of the relative velocity between the two particles, after collision, is

$$
\text { A. } \frac{v_{0}}{2}
$$

B. $\frac{v_{0}}{\sqrt{2}}$
C. $\frac{v_{0}}{4}$
D. $\sqrt{2} v_{0}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

20. The dipole moment of a circular loop
carrying a current I , is m and the magnetic
field at the centre of the loop is $B_{1}$. When the dipole moment is doubled by keeping the
current constant, the magnetic field at the centre of the loop is $B_{2}$. The ratio $B_{1} / B_{2}$ is
A. $\sqrt{2}$
B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
C. 2
D. $\sqrt{3}$

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
21. The density of a material in the shape of a
cube is determined by measuring three sides of the cube and its mass. If the relative errors in measuring the mass and length are respectively $1.5 \%$ and $1 \%$, the maximum error in determining the denstiy is
A. $4.5 \%$
B. 0.06
C. $2.5 \%$
D. $3.5 \%$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

22. On interchanging the resistances, the balance point of a metre bridge shifts to the left by 10 cm . the resistance of their series combination is $1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$. How much was the resistance on the left slot before interchanging the resistances?
A. $550 \Omega$
B. $910 \Omega$
C. $990 \Omega$
D. $505 \Omega$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

23. In an ac circuit, the instantaneous emf and
current are given by $\mathrm{e}=100 \sin 30 \mathrm{t}, i=20 \sin$
$\left(30 t-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$.
In one cycle of ac, the average power
consumed by the circuit and the wattless
current are, respectively
A. $\frac{50}{\sqrt{2}}, 0$
B. 50,0
C. 50,10
D. $\frac{1000}{\sqrt{2}}, 10$

Answer:
( Watch Video Solution
24. Two moles of an ideal monoatomic gas occupies a volume V at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The gas expands adiabatically to a volume 2 V . Calculate (a) the final temperature of the gas and (b) change in
its internal energy.
A. $189 \mathrm{~K}(\mathrm{~b})-2.7 \mathrm{~kJ}$
B. 195 K (b) 2.7 kJ
C. $189 \mathrm{~K}(\mathrm{~b}) 2.7 \mathrm{~kJ}$
D. $195 \mathrm{~K}(\mathrm{~b})-2.7 \mathrm{~kJ}$
25. A particle is moving with a uniform speed in a circular orbit of radius R in a central force inversely proportional to the n th power of R .

If the period of rotation of the particle is $T$, then
A. $T \propto R^{(n+1) / 2}$
B. $T \propto R^{n / 2}$
C. $T \propto R^{3 / 2}$ for any n
D. $T \propto R^{\frac{n}{2}+1}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

26. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe.If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm , the length of the open organ pipe is
A. 12.5 cm
B. 8 cm
C. 13.2 cm
D. 16 cm

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

27. At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmsphere? [ Given, mass of oxygen molecule $(\mathrm{m})=2.76 \times 10^{-26}$
kg, Boltzmann's

$$
\left.k_{B}=1.38 \times 10^{-23} J \cdot K^{-1}\right]
$$

A. $5.016 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~K}$
B. $8.360 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~K}$
C. $2.508 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~K}$
D. $1.254 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~K}$

Answer:
( Watch Video Solution
28. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boilling point of water, is
A. $6.25 \%$
B. $20 \%$
C. $26.8 \%$
D. $12.5 \%$

## Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
29. A carbon resistor of $(47 \pm 4.7) \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
A. Yellow - Green - Violet - Gold
B. Yellow - Violet - Orange - Silver
C. Violet - Yellow - Orange - Silver
D. Green - Orange - Violet - Gold

## Answer:

30. A set of $n$ equal resistors, of value $R$ each, are connected in series to a battery of emf E and internal resistance R. The current drawn is
I. Now, the n resistors are connected in parallel
to the same battery. Then the current drawn
from battery becomes 10 . The value of n is
A. 20
B. 11
C. 10
D. 9

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

31. A battery consists of a variable number $n$ of identical cells (having internal resistance $r$ each ) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short- circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the
graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n ?





## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

32. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index
$\mu$. At a particular angle of incidence $i$, it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular ot each other, Which of the following options is correct for this situation?

$$
\text { A. } i=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)
$$

B. Reflected light is polarised with its
electric vector perpendicular to the
plane of incidence
C. Reflected light is polarised with its
electric vector parallel to the plane of
incidence
D. $i=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

## Answer:

33. In young's double slit experiment. The separation d between the slits is 2 mm , the wavelength $\lambda$ of the light used is $5896 \AA$ and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm . It is found that the angular width of the fringes is $0.20^{\circ}$. To increase the fringe angular width to $0.21^{\circ}$ (with same $\lambda$ and D ) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
A. 2.1 mm
B. 1.9 mm

## C. 1.8 mm

D. 1.7 mm

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

34. An astronomical refracting telescope will
have large angular magnification and high
angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
A. large focal length and large diameter
B. large focal length and small diameter
C. small focal length and large diameter
D. small focal length and small diameter

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

35. An electron of mass $m$ with an initial velocity $\vec{V}=V_{0} \hat{i}\left(V_{0}>0\right)$ enters an electric field $\vec{E}=-E_{0} \hat{i}\left(E_{0}=\right.$ constant $\left.>0\right)$. If $\lambda_{0}$
is its de Broglie wavelength initially, then its de Broglie wavelength at time $t$ is
A. $\lambda_{0} \mathrm{t}$
B. $\lambda_{0}\left(1+\frac{e E_{0}}{m V_{0}} t\right)$
C. $\frac{\lambda_{0}}{\left(1+\frac{e E_{0}}{m V_{0}} t\right)}$
D. $\lambda_{0}$

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
36. For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes ) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
A. 3
B. 10
C. 20
D. 15

## Answer:

37. When the light of frequency $2 v_{0}$ (where $v_{0}$ is threshold frequency ) is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is $v_{1}$. When the frequency of the incident rediation is increased to $5 v_{0}$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is $v_{2}$. The ratio of $v_{1}$ to $v_{2}$ is
A. $4: 1$
B. 1:4
C. $1: 2$
D. $2: 1$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

38. In a $p-n$ junction diode, change in temperatue due to heating
A. does not affect resistance of $p$-n juction
B. affects only forward resistance

## C. effects only reverse resistance

# D. affects the overall V-I characteristics of 

p-n junction

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

39. In the combination of the following gates
the output $Y$ can be written in terms of inputs
$A$ and $B$ as

A. $\overline{A \cdot B}+A \cdot B$
B. $A \cdot \bar{B}+\bar{A} \cdot B$
C. $\overline{A \cdot B}$
D. $\overline{A+B}$

Answer:
40. The refractive index of the material of a prism is $\sqrt{2}$ and the angle of the prism is $30^{\circ}$.

One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface ) if its angle of incidence on the prism is

$$
\text { A. } 30^{\circ}
$$

B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. zero

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

41. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm
from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm . If
the object is displaced through a distance of

20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
A. 30 cm toward the mirror
B. 36 cm away from the mirror
C. 30 cm away from the mirror
D. 36 cm towards the mirror

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

42. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ , when the current in the inductor is 60 mA . This inductor, is of inductance
A. 1.389 H
B. 138.88 H
C. 0.138 H
D. 13.89 H

## Answer:

43. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance $h$ in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric fiel E.The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to
fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance $h$. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
A. 10 times greater
B. 5 times greater

## C. smaller

D. equal

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

44. The electrostatic force between the metal
plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C
having a charge $Q$ and area $A$, is
A. proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates
B. linearly proportional to the distance
between the plates
C. independent of the distance between
the plates
D. inversely proportional to the distance between the plates

## Answer:

45. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator.

The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
A. 2 s
B. $\pi s$
C. $2 \pi \mathrm{~s}$

## D. 1 s

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

46. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5
$\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{-1}$ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to
slide down flowing a current through it when
a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting
on it in the vertical direction. The current
flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
A. 14.76 A
B. 5.98 A
C. 7.14 A
D. 11.32 A

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

47. An inductor 20 mH , a capacitor $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and
a resistor $50 \Omega$ are connected in series across a
source of emf, $\mathrm{V}=10 \sin 314 \mathrm{t}$. The power loss
in the circuit is
A. 2.74 W
B. 0.43 W
C. 0.79 W
D. 1.13 W

## Answer:

48. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is $5 \mathrm{div} / \mathrm{mA}$ and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied ) is $20 \mathrm{div} / \mathrm{V}$. the resistacne of the galvanometer is
A. $250 \Omega$
B. $25 \Omega$
C. $40 \Omega$
D. $500 \Omega$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

49. Three objects, A (a solid sphere), B (a thin
circular disc) and C (a circular ring), each have
the same mass $M$ and radius $R$. They all spin with the same angular speed $\omega$ about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
A. $W_{B}>W_{A}>W_{C}$
B. $W_{A}>W_{B}>W_{C}$
C. $W_{C}>W_{B}>W_{A}$
D. $W_{A}>W_{C}>W_{B}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

50. A moving block having mass m , collides
with another stationary block having mass 4 m .

The lighter block comes to rest after collision.

When the initial velocity of the lighter block is
v , then the values of coefficient of restitution
(e) will be
A. 0.8
B. 0.25
C. 0.5
D. 0.4

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

51. A block of mass $m$ is placed on a smooth inclined wedge $A B C$ of inclination $\theta$ as shown
in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration a towards the right. The relation between a and $\theta$ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{a}=\mathrm{g} \cos \theta \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{a}=\frac{g}{\sin \theta}
\end{aligned}
$$

C. $\mathrm{a}=\frac{g}{\operatorname{cosec} \theta}$
D. $a=g \tan \theta$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

52. The moment of the force,
$\vec{F}=4 \hat{i}+5 \hat{j}-6 \hat{k}$ at $(2,0,-3)$, about the point (2, $-2,-2$ ), is given by

$$
\text { A. }-7 \hat{i}-8 \hat{j}-4 \hat{k}
$$

B. $-4 \hat{i}-\hat{j}-8 \hat{k}$
C. $-8 \hat{i}-4 \hat{j}-7 \hat{k}$
D. $-7 \hat{i}-4 \hat{j}-8 \hat{k}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

53. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm . The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division
coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm , the correct diameter of the ball is
A. 0.053 cm
B. 0.525 cm
C. 0.521 cm
D. 0.529 cm

## Answer:

54. A solid sphere is rotating freely about its
symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same.

Which of the following physical quantities
would remain constant for the sphere?
A. Rotational kinetic energy
B. Moment of inertia
C. Angular velocity
D. Angular momentum

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

55. If the mass of the sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?
A. Time period of a simple pendulum on the earth would decrease
B. Walking on the ground would become more difficult
C. Raindrops will fall faster
D. g on the earth will not change

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

56. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy $\left(K_{t}\right)$ as well as rotational
kinetic energy $\left(K_{r}\right)$ simultaneously. The ration

## $K_{t}:\left(K_{t}+K_{r}\right)$ for the sphere is

A. $10: 7$
B. 5:7
C. 7: 10
D. 2:5

Answer:
(D) Watch Video Solution
57. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, $\lambda_{0}$.

If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4} \lambda_{0}$, the power radiated by it becomes $n P$. The value of $n$ is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{256}{81} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{4}{3} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{3}{4} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{81}{256}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

58. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire cross
sectional area $A$ and the second wire has cross sectional area 3 A . If the length of the first wire
is increased by $\Delta l$ on applying a force F , how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?
A. 4 F
B. 6 F
C. 9 F
D. F

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

