



MATHS

BOOKS - NIKITA MATHS (HINGLISH)

INTEGRATION

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. $\int (3x^2 - 5)^2 dx =$

A. $\frac{9x^5}{5} + 10x^3 + 25x + c$

B. $\frac{9x^5}{5} - 10x^3 + 25x + c$

C. $\frac{9x^5}{5} + 10x^3 - 25x + c$

D. $\frac{9x^5}{5} - 10x^3 - 25x + c$

Answer: B

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$$2. \int x^2 \left(1 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^2 dx =$$

A. $\frac{x^3}{3} + 2x^2 + 4x + c$

B. $\frac{x^3}{3} - 2x^2 + 4x + c$

C. $\frac{x^3}{3} + 2x^2 - 4x + c$

D. $\frac{x^3}{3} - 2x^2 - 4x + c$

Answer: B

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$$3. \int \frac{ax^{-2} + bx^{-1} + c}{x^{-3}} dx =$$

A. $2ax^2 + 3bx^3 + 4cx^4 + c_1$

B. $6ax^2 + 4bx^3 + 3cx^4 + c_1$

C. $a + b + cx^{-2} + c_1$

D. $\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^3}{3} + \frac{cx^4}{4} + c_1$

Answer: D

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4. $\int \frac{ax^3 + bx^2 + c}{x^4} dx =$

A. $a \log|x| + \frac{b}{x} + \frac{c}{3x^3} + c_1$

B. $a \log|x| + \frac{b}{x} - \frac{c}{3x^3} + c_1$

C. $a \log|x| - \frac{b}{x} - \frac{c}{3x^3} + c_1$

D. $a \log|x| + \frac{b}{x} - \frac{c}{3x^3} + c_1$

Answer: C

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$$5. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt[4]{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{6x^{\frac{7}{6}}}{7} + \frac{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{3} + \frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} + c$$

$$B. \frac{7x^{\frac{7}{6}}}{6} + \frac{3x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{4} + \frac{5x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{6} + c$$

$$C. \frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}}}{7} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x^{\frac{7}{6}}}{6} + \frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{4} + \frac{x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{6} + c$$

Answer: A



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6. If α and β are the roots of the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \text{ then } \int \frac{(x - \alpha)(x - \beta)}{ax^2 + bx + c} dx =$$

$$A. ax^2 + c_1$$

$$B. ax + c_1$$

$$C. \frac{x^2}{2a} + c_1$$

$$D. \frac{x}{a} + c_1$$

Answer: D

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$$7. \int \left(\frac{1}{(6x-5)^4} - \frac{1}{(8-3x)^9} \right) dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{18(6x-5)^3} + \frac{1}{24(8-3x)^8} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{18(6x-5)^3} - \frac{1}{24(8-3x)^8} + c$$

$$C. \frac{-1}{18(6x-5)^3} - \frac{1}{24(8-3x)^8} + c$$

$$D. \frac{-1}{18(6x-5)^3} + \frac{1}{24(8-3x)^8} + c$$

Answer: C

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$$8. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3x+5} - \sqrt{3x+2}} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{27} \left(\sqrt{(3x+5)^3} - \sqrt{(3x+2)^3} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{27} \left(\sqrt{(3x+5)^3} + \sqrt{(3x+2)^3} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{2}{27} \left(\sqrt{(3x+5)^3} - \sqrt{(3x+2)^3} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{2}{27} \left(\sqrt{(3x+5)^3} + \sqrt{(3x+2)^3} \right) + c$

Answer: D



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$$9. \int \frac{3}{\sqrt{7x-2} - \sqrt{7x-5}} dx =$$

A. $\frac{2}{21} \left(\sqrt{(7x-2)^3} + \sqrt{(7x-5)^3} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{2}{21} \left(\sqrt{(7x-2)^3} - \sqrt{(7x-5)^3} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{21} \left(\sqrt{(7x-2)^3} + \sqrt{(7x-5)^3} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{2}{21} \left(\sqrt{(7x-2)^3} - \sqrt{(7x-5)^3} \right) + c$

Answer: A



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10. $\int \frac{2x}{(2x+1)^2} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|2x+1| + \frac{1}{2(2x+1)} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|2x+1| - \frac{1}{2(2x+1)} + c$

C. $2 \log|2x+1| + \frac{1}{2(2x+1)} + c$

D. $2 \log|2x+1| - \frac{1}{2(2x+1)} + c$

Answer: A



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11. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^7}{x+1} dx$

A. $\frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + \log|x+1| + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^7}{7} + \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x - \log|x+1| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^7}{7} - \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - x + \log|x+1| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^7}{7} - \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x - \log|x+1| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$12. \int \frac{x + 1\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \sin^{-1}x - \frac{1}{2}\log|x| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sin^{-1}x + \frac{1}{2}\log|x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sin^{-1}x - \log|x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sin^{-1}x + \log|x| + c$$

Answer: D

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13. $\int \frac{(x+1)^2}{x(x^2+1)} dx$ is equal to:

A. $\log|x| + c$

B. $\log|x| + 2\tan^{-1}x + c$

C. $-\log|x^2+1| + c$

D. $\log|x(x^2+1)| + c$

Answer: B

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14. $\int (\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x) dx =$

A. $\frac{\pi x}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{\pi x}{2} + x + c$

C. $x(\sin^{-1}x - \cos^{-1}x) + c$

$$D. x(\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$15. \int (\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x) dx =$$

A. $\frac{-\cos 2x}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{\cos 2x}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{-\sin 2x}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c$

Answer: C



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$$16. \int \sin^2 x \, dx =$$

A. $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + c$

C. $x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c$

D. $x - \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c$

Answer: B

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17. $\int \cos^2 x \, dx =$

A. $x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c$

B. $x - \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + c$

Answer: C

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18. $\int \tan^2 x \, dx =$

A. $\tan x + x + c$

B. $-\tan x - x + c$

C. $-\tan x + x + c$

D. $\tan x - x + c$

Answer: D



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19. $\int \cot^2 x \, dx =$

A. $-\cot x - x + c$

B. $-\cot x + x + c$

C. $\cot x - x + c$

D. $\cot x + x + c$

Answer: A

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20. $\int \sin^3 x \, dx =$

A. $\frac{-3\cos x}{4} + \frac{\cos 3x}{12} + c$

B. $\frac{3\cos x}{4} - \frac{\cos 3x}{12} + c$

C. $\frac{-3\cos x}{4} - \frac{\cos 3x}{12} + c$

D. $\frac{3\cos x}{4} + \frac{\cos 3x}{12} + c$

Answer: A

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21. $\int \cos^3 x \, dx =$

A. $\frac{-3\sin x}{4} + \frac{\sin 3x}{12} + c$

B. $\frac{3\sin x}{4} - \frac{\sin 3x}{12} + c$

C. $\frac{-4\sin x}{3} + \frac{\sin 3x}{12} + c$

D. $\frac{4\sin x}{3} - \frac{\sin 3x}{12} + c$

Answer: A

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22. $\int \sin^4 x \, dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{32}(12x + 8\sin 2x + \sin 4x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{32}(12x + 8\sin 2x - \sin 4x) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{32}(12x - 8\sin 2x + \sin 4x) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{32}(12x - 8\sin 2x - \sin 4x) + c$

Answer: C

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23. $\int \sin 7x \cos 3x dx =$

A. $\frac{-\cos 10x}{10} - \frac{\cos 4x}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{-\cos 10x}{10} + \frac{\cos 4x}{4} + c$

C. $\frac{-\cos 10x}{20} - \frac{\cos 4x}{8} + c$

D. $\frac{-\cos 10x}{20} + \frac{\cos 4x}{8} + c$

Answer: C



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24. $\int 5 \cos 8x \cos 2x dx =$

A. $\frac{\sin 10x}{2} - \frac{5 \sin 6x}{6} + c$

B. $\frac{\sin 10x}{2} + \frac{5 \sin 6x}{6} + c$

C. $\frac{\sin 10x}{4} - \frac{5 \sin 6x}{12} + c$

$$D. \frac{\sin 10x}{4} + \frac{5\sin 6x}{12} + c$$

Answer: D



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$$25. \int 2\sin 3x \sin 6x dx =$$

$$A. \frac{\sin 3x}{6} + \frac{\sin 9x}{18} + c$$

$$B. \frac{\sin 3x}{6} - \frac{\sin 9x}{18} + c$$

$$C. \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + \frac{\sin 9x}{9} + c$$

$$D. \frac{\sin 3x}{3} - \frac{\sin 9x}{9} + c$$

Answer: D



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$$26. \int \cos x \cos 2x \cos 3x dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin 4x}{4} + \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin 4x}{4} + \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{8} \left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin 4x}{4} + \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{16} \left(x + \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin 4x}{4} + \frac{\sin 6x}{6} \right) + c$

Answer: B

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27. $\int \sin 4x \cos x \cos 6x dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\cos x + \frac{\cos 3x}{3} + \frac{\cos 9x}{9} + \frac{\cos 11x}{11} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\cos x - \frac{\cos 3x}{3} - \frac{\cos 9x}{9} + \frac{\cos 11x}{11} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\cos x - \frac{\cos 3x}{3} + \frac{\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 11x}{11} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\cos x + \frac{\cos 3x}{3} - \frac{\cos 9x}{9} - \frac{\cos 11x}{11} \right) + c$

Answer: D



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28. $\int(\tan x - \cot x)^2 dx =$

A. $\tan x - \cot x + 4x + c$

B. $\tan x - \cot x - 4x + c$

C. $\tan x - \cot x + c$

D. $\tan x + \cot x + c$

Answer: B



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29. $\int(\sec x + \tan x)^2 dx =$

A. $2(\sec x + \tan x) - x + c$

B. $2(\sec x + \tan x) + x + c$

C. $2(\sec x + \tan x) + c$

D. $\sec x(\sec x + \tan x) + c$

Answer: A

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30. $\int \left[\left(\sin^2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} - \cos^2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 + 4 \sin^2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \cdot \cos^2 \cdot \frac{x}{2} \right] dx =$

A. $\sin x + c$

B. $-\sin x + c$

C. $\cos x + c$

D. $-\cos x + c$

Answer: A

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31. $\int \sqrt{1 + \sin x} dx$

A. $\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: D



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32. $\int \sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} dx =$

A. $\sin x + \cos x + c$

B. $\sin x - \cos x + c$

C. $\cos x - \sin x + c$

D. $-\cos x - \sin x + c$

Answer: B



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33. Evaluate $\int (1 - \cos x) \operatorname{cosec}^2 x dx$

A. $-\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $-2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: B



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34. $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx = ?$

A. $\tan x + \cot x + c$

B. $-\tan x - \cot x + c$

C. $\cot x - \tan x + c$

D. $\tan x - \cot x + c$

Answer: D



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35. $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx = ?$

A. $2\tan 2x + c$

B. $-2\tan 2x + c$

C. $-2\cot 2x + c$

D. $2\cot 2x + c$

Answer: C



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36. $\int \sec^2 x \operatorname{cosec}^2 x dx =$

- A. $\tan x - \cot 2x + c$
- B. $\tan x - \cot x + c$
- C. $\tan x + \cot 2x + c$
- D. $2 \tan x \cot 2x + c$

Answer: B



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37. $\int \frac{\cos 2x + 2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} dx =$

- A. $2 \sec x + c$

B. $2\tan x + c$

C. $\sec x + c$

D. $\tan x + c$

Answer: D



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38. $\int \frac{\cos\theta - \cos 2\theta}{1 - \cos\theta} d\theta =$

A. $\theta + 2\sin\theta + c$

B. $\theta - 2\sin\theta + c$

C. $2\theta + 2\sin\theta + c$

D. $2\theta - 2\sin\theta + c$

Answer: A



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$$39. \int \frac{\cos 7x - \cos 8x}{1 + 2\cos 5x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{-\sin 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + c$

B. $\frac{\sin 2x}{2} + \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + c$

C. $\frac{\sin 2x}{2} - \frac{\sin 3x}{3} + c$

D. $\frac{\sin 2x}{3} - \frac{\sin 3x}{2} + c$

Answer: C



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$$40. \int \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx =$$

A. $\cot x + \tan x + c$

B. $\cot x - \tan x + c$

C. $\tan x - \cot x + c$

D. $-\tan x - \cot x + c$

Answer: D



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$$41. \int \frac{\cos 4x}{\sin^2 x} dx =$$

A. $-\cot x - 4x - 2\sin 2x + c$

B. $\cot x - 4x - 2\sin 2x + c$

C. $4x + \cot x - 2\sin 2x + c$

D. $4x + \cot x + 2\sin 2x + c$

Answer: A



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$$42. \int \frac{\sin^4 2x + \cos^4 2x}{\sin^2 2x \cos^2 2x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{\tan 2x}{2} + \frac{\cot 2x}{2} + 2x + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{\tan 2x}{2} - \frac{\cot 2x}{2} + 2x + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{\tan 2x}{2} + \frac{\cot 2x}{2} - 2x + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{\tan 2x}{2} - \frac{\cot 2x}{2} - 2x + c$$

Answer: D



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$$43. \int \frac{\sin^6 \theta + \cos^6 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta} d\theta =$$

A. $\tan \theta + \cot \theta + 3\theta + c$

B. $\tan \theta - \cot \theta - 3\theta + c$

C. $\tan \theta + \cot \theta - 3\theta + c$

D. $\tan \theta - \cot \theta + 3\theta + c$

Answer: B



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$$44. \int \frac{\operatorname{cosec}\theta - \cot\theta}{\operatorname{cosec}\theta + \cot\theta} d\theta =$$

A. $2\frac{\tan\theta}{2} - \theta + c$

B. $2\cot\theta - \theta + c$

C. $2\tan\theta - \theta + c$

D. $2\cot\theta + \theta + c$

Answer: A



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$$45. \int \frac{\cos 2x - \cos 2\alpha}{\cos x - \cos \alpha} dx$$

A. $2(x\cos\alpha + \sin x) + c$

B. $2(\cos\alpha + \sin x) + c$

C. $2(x\cos\alpha - \sin x) + c$

D. $-2(\cos\alpha + \sin x) + c$

Answer: A



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$$46. \int \frac{\sin x + \operatorname{cosec} x}{\tan x} dx =$$

A. $\sin x - \operatorname{cosec} x + c$

B. $-\sin x + \operatorname{cosec} x + c$

C. $\log|\tan x| + c$

D. $\log|\cot x| + c$

Answer: A



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$$47. \int \frac{\sec \theta}{\sec \theta + \tan \theta} d\theta =$$

A. $\tan \theta + \sec \theta + c$

B. $-(\tan\theta + \sec\theta) + c$

C. $\tan\theta - \sec\theta + c$

D. $\sec\theta - \tan\theta + c$

Answer: C



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48. If $\int \frac{\cos 4x + 1}{\cot x - \tan x} dx = k \cos 4x + c$, then $k =$ (A) $-\frac{1}{4}$ (B) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $-\frac{1}{8}$ (D) none of these

A. $\frac{-\cos 4x}{8} + c$

B. $\frac{\cos 4x}{8} + c$

C. $\frac{-\cos 4x}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{\cos 4x}{4} + c$

Answer: A



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49. $\int \frac{1}{\tan x + \cot x} dx =$

A. $\frac{\cos 2x}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{\sin 2x}{4} + c$

C. $\frac{-\sin 2x}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{-\cos 2x}{4} + c$

Answer: D



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50. $\int \left(\frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} \right)^2 dx =$

A. $-\left(\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) + x \right) + c$

B. $-\left(\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) + x \right) + c$

C. $\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) + x + c$

$$D. \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) + x + c$$

Answer: A

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$$51. \int \frac{dx}{(1 - \cos x)} = ?$$

A. $\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $-\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $2\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $-2\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: B

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52. $\int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos x}$

A. $\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $-\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $-2\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: A



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53. Evaluate: (i) $\int \frac{1}{1 + \cos 2x} dx$ (ii) $\int \frac{1}{1 - \cos 2x} dx$

A. $\frac{-\cot x}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{\cot x}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{-\tan x}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{\tan x}{2} + c$

Answer: D



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54. $\int \frac{1}{1 - \sin x} dx$

A. $\tan x + \sec x + c$

B. $\tan x - \sec x + c$

C. $-\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x + c$

D. $\operatorname{cosec} x + \cot x + c$

Answer: A



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55. $\int \frac{\cos x}{1 - \cos x} dx =$

A. $2\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x + c$

B. $2\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - x + c$

C. $\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + x + c$

D. $-\cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - x + c$

Answer: D

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56. $\int \frac{\cot x}{\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x} dx =$

A. $\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x - x + c$

B. $\operatorname{cosec} x + \cot x - x + c$

C. $-\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x - x + c$

D. $\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x + x + c$

Answer: C



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$$57. \int \frac{\sin x}{(1 + \sin x)} dx = ?$$

A. $x + \tan x + \sec x + c$

B. $x - \tan x - \sec x + c$

C. $x + \tan x - \sec x + c$

D. $x - \tan x + \sec x + c$

Answer: D



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$$58. \int \frac{\tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} dx =$$

A. $\sec x + \tan x + x + c$

B. $\sec x + \tan x - x + c$

C. $\sec x - \tan x + x + c$

D. $\sec x - \tan x - x + c$

Answer: C

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59. $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{1 + \sin x}} dx$ is equal to

A. $\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $2\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: D

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60. $\int \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{1 + \sin x}} dx$

A. $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{-x^2}{2} + c$

C. $-x + c$

D. $x + c$

Answer: D



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61. Evaluate the following integrals : $\int \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} \right) dx$

A. $x + c$

B. $-x + c$

C. $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{-x^2}{2} + c$

Answer: C

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62. $\int \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} \right) dx =$

A. $\frac{\pi x}{4} - \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{\pi x}{4} + \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

C. $\frac{\pi x}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{\pi x}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

Answer: A

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63. Evaluate: $\int \tan^{-1} \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x}} \right\} dx, \quad -\pi/2$

A. $\frac{\pi x}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{\pi x}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{\pi x}{4} + \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{\pi x}{4} - \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

Answer: D

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64. $\int \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} \right) dx =$

A. $\frac{x}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$

C. $x^2 + c$

D. $2x^2 + c$

Answer: C

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65. $\int \tan^{-1}(\sec 3x + \tan 3x) dx =$

A. $\frac{\pi x}{2} - \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$

B. $\frac{\pi x}{2} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{\pi x}{4} - \frac{3x^2}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{\pi x}{4} + \frac{3x^2}{4} + c$

Answer: D



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66. $\int \cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}} dx =$

A. $\frac{x^2}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$

C. $\frac{x}{4} + c$

D. $\frac{x}{2} + c$

Answer: A



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67. $\int e^{x \log a} \cdot e^x dx$ is equal to

A. $(ae)^x + c$

B. $\frac{(ae)^x}{1 + \log a} + c$

C. $\frac{a^x}{1 + \log a} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{1 + \log a} + c$

Answer: B



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68. $\int \frac{e^{5 \log x} - e^{4 \log x}}{e^{3 \log x} - e^{2 \log x}} dx$

A. $e(3^{-3x}) + c$

B. $e^3 \log|x| + c$

C. $\frac{x^3}{3} + c$

D. $\frac{x^3}{6} + c$

Answer: C

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69. Evaluate: (i) $\int \frac{2^x + 3^x}{5^x} dx$ (ii) $\int \frac{(a^x + b^x)^2}{a^x b^x} dx$

A. $\frac{2^x}{5^x(\log 2 - \log 5)} - \frac{3^x}{5^x(\log 3 - \log 5)} + c$

B. $\frac{2^x}{5^x(\log 2 - \log 5)} + \frac{3^x}{5^x(\log 3 - \log 5)} + c$

C. $\frac{3^x}{5^x(\log 3 - \log 5)} - \frac{2^x}{5^x(\log 2 - \log 5)} + c$

D. $\frac{3^x}{5^x(\log 5 - \log 3)} + \frac{2^x}{5^x(\log 5 - \log 2)} + c$

Answer: B



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$$70. \int \frac{(a^x + b^x)^2}{a^x b^x} dx$$

$$A. \frac{a^x}{b^x(\log a - \log b)} - \frac{b^x}{a^x(\log b - \log a)} + 2x + c$$

$$B. \frac{a^x}{b^x(\log a - \log b)} + \frac{b^x}{a^x(\log b - \log a)} - 2x + c$$

$$C. \frac{a^x}{b^x(\log a - \log b)} + \frac{b^x}{a^x(\log b - \log a)} + 2x + c$$

$$D. \frac{a^x}{b^x(\log a - \log b)} + \frac{b^x}{a^x(\log b - \log a)} - 2x + c$$

Answer: C



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$$71. \int \frac{e^x \cos 3x - 4^x \tan 3x}{4^x \cos 3x} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{e^x}{4^x(1 - \log 4)} - \frac{\sec 3x}{3} + c$$

$$B. \frac{e^x}{4^x(1 - \log 4)} + \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 3x}{3} + c$$

$$C. \frac{e^x}{1 - \log 4} - \frac{\sec 3x}{3} + c$$

$$D. \frac{e^x}{1 - \log 4} + \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 3x}{3} + c$$

Answer: A

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$$72. \int \left(e^{2-5x} + \frac{2}{6x+1} \right) dx =$$

$$A. \frac{e^{2-5x}}{5} + \frac{1}{3} \log|6x+1| + c$$

$$B. \frac{-e^{2-5x}}{5} - \frac{1}{3} \log|6x+1| + c$$

$$C. \frac{e^{2-5x}}{5} - \frac{1}{3} \log|6x+1| + c$$

$$D. \frac{-e^{2-5x}}{5} + \frac{1}{3} \log|6x+1| + c$$

Answer: D

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73. If $\int f(x)dx = f(x) + c$, then $f(x) =$

A. x^e

B. e^x

C. $\log|x|$

D. $\frac{1}{x}$

Answer: B



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74. If $\int \frac{f(x)}{\log(\sin x)} dx = \log[\log \sin x] + c$, then $f(x)$ is equal to

A. $\cot x$

B. $\tan x$

C. $\sec x$

D. $\operatorname{cosec} x$

Answer: A



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75. If $f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + k$ and $f(0) = 1, f(1) = 4$ find $f(x)$

A. $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1$

B. $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 + x + 2$

C. $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 2$

D. $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$

Answer: A



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76. If $f(x) = 8x^3 + 3x^2 - 10x - k$ and $f(0) = -3, f(-1) = 0$, then $f(x) =$ is

A. $2x^4 + x^3 + 5x^2 + 7x - 3$

B. $2x^4 + x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x + 3$

C. $2x^4 + x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$

D. $2x^4 + x^3 - 5x^2 - 7x - 3$

Answer: D



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77. If $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$ and $f(1) = \frac{5}{2}$, then $f(x) =$

A. $\frac{x^2}{2} + \log|x| + 2$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} + \log|x| - 2$

C. $\frac{x^2}{2} + \log|x| + 4$

D. $\frac{x^2}{2} + \log|x| - 4$

Answer: A



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78. If $f(x) = x$, $g(x) = \sin x$, then $\int f(g(x)) dx$ is equal to

A. $-\cos x + c$

B. $\cos x + c$

C. $\frac{-x^2}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{x^2}{2} + c$

Answer: A



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79. If $f'(x) = k(\cos x - \sin x)$, $f'(0) = 3$, $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 15$, find $f(x)$

A. $\cos x + \sin x + 12$

B. $3(\cos x + \sin x) + 12$

C. $\cos x + \sin x - 12$

D. $3(\cos x + \sin x) - 12$

Answer: B



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80. If $\int(\sin 2x - \cos 2x)dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin(2x - a) + b$ then

A. $a = \frac{\pi}{4}, b = 0$

B. $a = \frac{-\pi}{4}, b = 0$

C. $a = \frac{5\pi}{4}, b = 0$ constant

D. $a = \frac{-5\pi}{4}, b = 0$ constant

Answer: D



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81. $\int(3x + 4)^3 dx =$

A. $\frac{(3x + 4)^4}{12} + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{3(3x + 4)^4}{4} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{3(3x + 4)^2}{2} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{3(3x + 4)^2}{4} + c$$

Answer: A

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$$82. \int \left(\left(9 - \frac{x}{2} \right)^8 + (4x + 5)^3 \right) dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{2}{3} \left(9 - \frac{x}{2} \right)^9 + \frac{(4x + 5)^4}{16} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{-2}{3} \left(9 - \frac{x}{2} \right)^9 + \frac{(4x + 5)^4}{16} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{9} \left(9 - \frac{x}{2} \right)^9 + \frac{(4x + 5)^4}{16} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-2}{9} \left(9 - \frac{x}{2} \right)^9 + \frac{(4x + 5)^4}{16} + c$$

Answer: D

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$$83. \int \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2}\right) dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{-2}{5} \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{5} \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } -2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } 2 \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$84. \int x^5 \sqrt{a^3 + x^3} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{15} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{9} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{15} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{1}{9} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$C. \frac{2}{15} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2a^3}{9} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{15} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2a^3}{9} (a^3 + x^3)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

Answer: D

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85. Evaluate: $\int \frac{(x^4 - x)^{1/4}}{x^5} dx$

$$A. \frac{4}{15} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{4}{5} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}} + c$$

$$C. \frac{2}{15} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{5} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{4}} + c$$

Answer: A

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86. $\int \frac{dx}{x^2(x^4 + 1)}$ is

A. $-(x^4 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

B. $-\left(\frac{x^4 + 1}{x^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

C. $\left(\frac{x^4 + 1}{x^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

D. $(x^4 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

Answer: B



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87. $\int \frac{1}{((x - 1)^3(x + 2)^5)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$

A. $\frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{x - 1}{x + 2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{x+1}{x+2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{x-1}{x-2} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{x-1}{x+3} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + c$$

Answer: A



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88. The integral $\int \frac{2x^{12} + 5x^9}{(x^5 + x^3 + 1)^3} dx$ is equal to (where C is a constant of

integration)

$$\text{A. } \frac{-x^5}{(x^5 + x^3 + 1)^2} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^{10}}{2(x^5 + x^3 + 1)^2} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^5}{2(x^5 + x^3 + 1)^2} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-x^{10}}{2(x^5 + x^3 + 1)^2} + c$$

Answer: B

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89. $\frac{x^{n-1}}{\sqrt{1+4x^n}}$

A. $\frac{\sqrt{1+4x^n}}{n} + c$

B. $\frac{\sqrt{1+4x^n}}{2n} + c$

C. $\frac{2\sqrt{1+4x^n}}{n} + c$

D. $\frac{n\sqrt{1+4x^n}}{2} + c$

Answer: B

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$$90. \int \frac{4x - 6}{(x^2 - 3x + 5)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 5}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{-2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 5}} + c$$

$$C. \frac{4}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 5}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{-4}{\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 5}} + c$$

Answer: D



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$$91. \int \frac{dx}{3x + 5x^{-n}} =$$

$$A. \frac{\log|3x^{n+1} + 5|}{n + 1} + c$$

$$B. \frac{\log|3x^{n+1} + 5|}{5(n + 1)} + c$$

$$C. \frac{\log|3x^{n+1} + 5|}{3(n+1)} + c$$

$$D. \frac{\log|3x^{n+1} + 5|}{15(n+1)} + c$$

Answer: C

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$$92. \int \frac{1}{x + x^{-n}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{n \log|x^{n+1} + 1|}{n+1} + c$$

$$B. \frac{\log|x^{n+1} + 1|}{n+1} + c$$

$$C. \frac{n \log|x^{n+1} - 1|}{n+1} + c$$

$$D. \frac{n \log|x^{n+1} - 1|}{n+1} + c$$

Answer: B

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93. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + x} dx =$

A. $\frac{-1}{2} \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

C. $-2 \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

D. $2 \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

Answer: D

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94. $\int \frac{dx}{4\sqrt{x} + x} =$

A. $2 \log |4 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

B. $2 \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log |4 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log |1 + \sqrt{x}| + c$

Answer: A



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95. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x(x^2 - 1)} dx$

A. $\log |x^2 - 1| - \log |x| + c$

B. $\log |x| - \log |x^2 - 1| + c$

C. $-\log |x^2 - 1| - \log |x| + c$

D. $\log |x| + \log |x^2 - 1| + c$

Answer: A



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96. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^2} dx$

A. $\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x - \frac{5}{2} + 3\log|x+1| + \frac{1}{x+1} + c$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + \frac{5}{2} + 3\log|x+1| + \frac{1}{x+1} + c$

C. $\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x - \frac{5}{2} + 3\log|x+1| - \frac{1}{x+1} + c$

D. $\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + \frac{5}{2} + 3\log|x+1| - \frac{1}{x+1} + c$

Answer: A



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97. If $\int \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x + 5}{x+2} dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + ax^2 - 11x + b\log|x+2| + c$, then $(a, b) \equiv$

A. $\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 + 11x + 27\log|x+2| + c$

B. $\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 + 11x - 27\log|x+2| + c$

C. $\frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 - 11x + 27\log|x+2| + c$

D. $\frac{x^3}{3} - x^2 + 11x + 27\log|x+2| + c$

Answer: C

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$$98. \int \frac{5x^2 + 4x + 7}{\sqrt{(2x + 3)^3}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{(2x + 3)^3} + 22\sqrt{2x + 3} + \frac{49}{\sqrt{2x + 3}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{(2x + 3)^3} + 22\sqrt{2x + 3} - \frac{49}{\sqrt{2x + 3}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{(2x + 3)^3} - 22\sqrt{2x + 3} + \frac{49}{\sqrt{2x + 3}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{5}{3} \sqrt{(2x + 3)^3} - 22\sqrt{2x + 3} - \frac{49}{\sqrt{2x + 3}} \right) + c$$

Answer: D

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$$99. \int (2x + 1)\sqrt{x - 4} dx =$$

A. $\frac{2}{5}(x - 4)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 6(x - 4)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

B. $\frac{2}{5}(x - 4)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6(x - 4)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

C. $\frac{4}{5}(x - 4)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 6(x - 4)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

D. $\frac{4}{5}(x - 4)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6(x - 4)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

Answer: D

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100. $\int (4 - 5x)(3 - x)^{-\frac{3}{2}} dx =$

A. $\frac{5x - 26}{\sqrt{3 - x}} + c$

B. $\frac{26 - 5x}{\sqrt{3 - x}} + c$

C. $\frac{2(5x - 26)}{\sqrt{3 - x}} + c$

D. $\frac{2(26 - 5x)}{\sqrt{3 - x}} + c$

Answer: C

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$$101. \int (5 - 3x)(2 - 3x)^{-\frac{3}{2}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{2}{3}(11 - 3x)\sqrt{2 - 3x} + c$$

$$B. \frac{2}{9}(11 - 3x)\sqrt{2 - 3x} + c$$

$$C. \frac{2}{3}(3x - 11)\sqrt{2 - 3x} + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{9}(3x - 11)\sqrt{2 - 3x} + c$$

Answer: D



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$$102. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x+b}} dx$$

$$A. \frac{2}{5(a-b)} \left((x+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + (x+b)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3(a-b)} \left((x+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (x+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{2}{5(a-b)} \left((x+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + (x+b)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3(a-b)} \left((x+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} + (x+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{2}{5(a-b)} \left((x+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - (x+b)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3(a-b)} \left(b(x+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (x+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{5(a-b)} \left((x+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - (x+b)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) + \frac{2}{3(a-b)} \left(b(x+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} - a(x+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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103. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^7}{(1-x^2)^5} dx .$

$$A. \frac{-x^8}{4(1-x^2)^4} + c$$

$$B. \frac{x^8}{4(1-x^2)^4} + c$$

$$C. \frac{-x^8}{8(1-x^2)^4} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x^8}{8(1-x^2)^4} + c$$

Answer: D

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$$104. \int \frac{x^7}{(1+x^4)^2} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{4} \left(\log|1+x^4| - \frac{1}{1+x^4} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4} \left(\log|1+x^4| + \frac{1}{1+x^4} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \left(\log|1+x^4| - \frac{1}{(1+x^4)^2} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \left(\log|1+x^4| + \frac{1}{(1+x^4)^2} \right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$105. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x}} =$$

A. $2\sqrt{1-x} + c$

B. $-2\sqrt{1-x} + c$

C. $-\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} + c$

D. $\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} + c$

Answer: B

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106. $\int \frac{dx}{(4x+5)^2+1} =$

A. $\frac{1}{4}\cot^{-1}(4x+5) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4}\tan^{-1}(4x+5) + c$

C. $\cot^{-1}(4x+5) + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}(4x+5) + c$

Answer: B

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$$107. \int \frac{(x-1)^2}{(x^2+1)^2} dx =$$

A. $\cot^{-1}x - \frac{1}{x^2+1} + c$

B. $\cot^{-1}x + \frac{1}{x^2+1} + c$

C. $\tan^{-1}x - \frac{1}{x^2+1} + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}x + \frac{1}{x^2+1} + c$

Answer: D



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$$108. \int \frac{dx}{(1-2x)\sqrt{(1-2x)^2-1}} =$$

A. $\frac{-1}{2}\sec^{-1}(1-2x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}\sec^{-1}(1-2x) + c$

C. $-\sec^{-1}(1 - 2x) + c$

D. $\sec^{-1}(1 - 2x) + c$

Answer: A

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109. $\int \frac{dx}{(4x - 1)\sqrt{(4x - 1)^2 - 1}} =$

A. $\sec^{-1}(4x - 1) + c$

B. $-\sec^{-1}(4x - 1) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4}\sec^{-1}(4x - 1) + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{4}\sec^{-1}(4x - 1) + c$

Answer: C

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110. $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^4 + 1} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{2}x} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{2}x} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{2}x} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{2}x} \right) + c$

Answer: A



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111. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^4 + 1} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x + \frac{1}{x} + \sqrt{2}}{x + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{2}}{x + \frac{1}{x} + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x + \frac{1}{x} + \sqrt{2}}{x + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{2}}{x + \frac{1}{x} + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$112. \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^4 + x^2 + 1} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$113. \int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^4 + x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{3}x} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{3}x} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{3}x} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{3}x} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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114. $\int \frac{\sin\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = ?$

A. $\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

B. $2\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

C. $-\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

D. $-\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

Answer: D



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115. $\int x^9 \sec^2 x^{10} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{10} \tan x^{10} + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{10} \tan x^{10} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{10}\cot x^{10} + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{10}\cot x^{10} + c$

Answer: A



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116. $\int e^x(1+x)\cos^2(xe^x)dx =$

A. $\frac{xe^x}{2} + \frac{\sin(2xe^x)}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{xe^x}{2} - \frac{\sin(2xe^x)}{4} + c$

C. $\frac{xe^x}{2} + \frac{\sin(2xe^x)}{2} + c$

D. $\frac{xe^x}{2} - \frac{\sin(2xe^x)}{2} + c$

Answer: A



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$$117. \int \frac{e^x(1+x)}{\cos^2(xe^x)} dx =$$

A. $e^x \tan^2(xe^x) + c$

B. $\tan^2(xe^x) + c$

C. $e^x \tan(xe^x) + c$

D. $\tan(xe^x) + c$

Answer: D

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$$118. \text{Evaluate: (i) } \int \frac{\sin\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx \text{ (ii) } \int \frac{(x+1)e^x}{\sin^2(xe^x)} dx$$

A. $\cot(xe^x) + c$

B. $-\cot(xe^x) + c$

C. $x \cot(xe^x) + c$

D. $-x \cot(xe^x) + c$

Answer: B

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119. $\int \sin^4 x \cos^3 x dx =$

A. $\frac{\sin^5 x}{5} + \frac{\sin^7 x}{7} + c$

B. $\frac{\sin^5 x}{5} - \frac{\sin^7 x}{7} + c$

C. $\frac{\sin^7 x}{7} + \frac{\sin^5 x}{5} + c$

D. $\frac{-\sin^7 x}{7} - \frac{\sin^5 x}{5} + c$

Answer: B

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$$120. \int \frac{\sec^8 x}{\operatorname{cosec} x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{\sec^8 x}{8} + c$

B. $\frac{\sec^7 x}{7} + c$

C. $\frac{\sec^6 x}{6} + c$

D. $\frac{\sec^9 x}{9} + c$

Answer: B



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$$121. \int x^2 \cos x^3 \sqrt{\sin^7 x^3} dx =$$

A. $\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\sin^9 x^3} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\sin^9 x^3} + c$

C. $\frac{2}{27} \sqrt{\sin^9 x^3} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{27} \sqrt{\sin^9 x^3} + c$

Answer: C

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122. $\int \frac{\cos^7 x}{\sin x} dx =$

A. $\log|\sin x| - \frac{3}{2}\sin^2 x + \frac{3}{4}\sin^4 x - \frac{1}{6}\sin^6 x + c$

B. $\log|\sin x| - \frac{3}{4}\sin^2 x + \frac{3}{2}\sin^4 x - \frac{1}{6}\sin^6 x + c$

C. $\log|\sin x| - \frac{3}{2}\sin^2 x + \frac{3}{2}\sin^4 x - \frac{1}{6}\sin^6 x + c$

D. $\log|\sin x| - \frac{3}{4}\sin^2 x + \frac{3}{4}\sin^4 x - \frac{1}{6}\sin^6 x + c$

Answer: A

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123. $\int e^{3\log \sin x} \cot x dx =$

A. $3\sin^3 x + c$

B. $-3\sin^3x + c$

C. $\frac{\sin^3x}{3} + c$

D. $\frac{-\sin^3x}{3} + c$

Answer: C

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124. $\int \sqrt{\frac{\cos^3x}{\sin^{11}x}} dx$

A. $\frac{2}{5}(\cot x)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2}{9}(\cot x)^{\frac{9}{2}} + c$

B. $\frac{-2}{5}(\cot x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{9}(\cot x)^{\frac{9}{2}} + c$

C. $\frac{-2}{5}(\cot x)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2}{9}(\cot x)^{\frac{9}{2}} + c$

D. $\frac{2}{5}(\cot x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{9}(\cot x)^{\frac{9}{2}} + c$

Answer: C

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125. $\int \tan x \sec^2 x \sqrt{1 - \tan^2 x} dx$

A. $\frac{-1}{3} (1 - \tan^2 x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} (1 - \tan^2 x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

C. $\frac{-2}{3} (1 - \tan^2 x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

D. $\frac{2}{3} (1 - \tan^2 x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$

Answer: A



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126. $\int \sec^{\frac{2}{3}} x dx =$

A. $-3(\tan x)^{\frac{1}{3}} + c$

B. $-3(\tan x)^{\frac{-1}{3}} + c$

C. $3(\tan x)^{\frac{-1}{3}} + c$

D. $(\tan x)^{\frac{-1}{3}} + c$

Answer: B



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$$127. \int \frac{x \sec^2 x^2}{\sqrt{\tan^3 x^2}} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\tan x^2}} + c$

B. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{\tan x^2}} + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{\tan x^2}} + c$

D. $\frac{-2}{\sqrt{\tan x^2}} + c$

Answer: C



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$$128. \int \frac{\sin^3 2x}{\cos^5 2x} dx =$$

A. $\tan^4 x + c$

B. $\tan 4x + c$

C. $\tan^4 2x + x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{8}\tan^4 2x + c$

Answer: D

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129. $\int \frac{(\sec x + \operatorname{cosec} x)(\sec x - \operatorname{cosec} x)}{\tan x + \cot x} dx =$

A. $(\log|\tan x + \cot x|)^2 + c$

B. $-(\log|\tan x + \cot x|)^2 + c$

C. $\log|\tan x + \cot x| + c$

D. $-\log|\tan x + \cot x| + c$

Answer: C

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130. Find $\int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos^3 x}$.

A. $\tan^4 x - \log|\tan x| + c$

B. $\tan^4 x + \log|\tan x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \tan^2 x + \log|\tan x| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \tan^2 x - \log|\tan x| + c$

Answer: C



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131. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sec x \tan x}{3 \sec x + 5} dx$

A. $\frac{-1}{3} \log|3 \sec x + 5| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \log|3 \sec x + 5| + c$

C. $-3 \log|3 \sec x + 5| + c$

D. $3\log|3\sec x + 5| + c$

Answer: B



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132. Evaluate $\int \frac{\sqrt{\tan x}}{\sin x \cdot \cos x} dx$

A. $2\sqrt{\sec x} + c$

B. $2\sqrt{\tan x} + c$

C. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{\tan x}} + c$

D. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{\sec x}} + c$

Answer: B



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133. $\int \sec^n x \tan x dx =$

A. $\frac{\sec^{n+1}x}{n+1} + c$

B. $\frac{\sec^n x}{n} + c$

C. $\frac{\tan^{n+1}x}{n+1} + c$

D. $\frac{\tan^n x}{n} + c$

Answer: B



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134. $\int (\sec^4 x \cdot \operatorname{cosec}^2 x) dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x + 2 \tan x - \cot x + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x - 2 \tan x + \cot x + c$

C. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x - 2 \tan x - \cot x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^3 x + 2 \tan x + \cot x + c$

Answer: A



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$$135. \int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos x + 2 \cos^2 x} =$$

- A. $-\log|\tan x + 2| + c$
- B. $\log|\tan x + 2| + c$
- C. $-2\log|\tan x + 2| + c$
- D. $2\log|\tan x + 2| + c$

Answer: B



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$$136. \int \frac{x}{1 - x \cot x} dx =$$

- A. $\log|\cos x - x \sin x| + c$
- B. $\log|x \sin x - \cos x| + c$
- C. $\log|\sin x - x \cos x| + c$

$$D. \log|\cos x + x \sin x| + c$$

Answer: C

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$$137. \int \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)}{(1 + \sin 2x)} dx$$

A. $\frac{-1}{\cos x + \sin x} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{\cos x + \sin x} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\cos x - \sin x} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{\sin x - \cos x} + c$

Answer: A

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$$138. \int \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{x^2 + x \cos x} dx = \dots$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \frac{x}{x + \cos x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| \frac{x + \cos x}{x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \frac{x \sin x}{x + \cos x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \frac{x + \cos x}{x \sin x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$139. \int \frac{1 - \cot x}{1 + \cot x} dx$$

$$\text{A. } -\log|\sin x - \cos x| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log|\sin x - \cos x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } -\log|\sin x + \cos x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log|\sin x + \cos x| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$140. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{1 + \sin^2 x} dx =$$

A. $\log|\sin 2x| + c$

B. $\log|1 + \sin^2 x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \sin^2 x| + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}(\sin x) + c$

Answer: B



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$$141. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos^2 x| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos 2x| + c$

$$C. 2\log|1 + \cos^2x| + c$$

$$D. -\log|1 + \cos^2x| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$142. \int \frac{\sin 2x dx}{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x}$$

$$A. \frac{-1}{a^2 + b^2} \log|a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} \log|a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$C. \frac{-1}{a^2 - b^2} \log|a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \log|a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$143. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{-1}{a+b} \log |a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$B. \frac{-1}{a-b} \log |a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{a-b} \log |a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{a+b} \log |a \sin^2 x + b \cos^2 x| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$144. \int \frac{e^{\log \tan x}}{3 \tan^2 x + 2} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{6} \log |3 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2} \log |3 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{3} \log |3 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{12} \log |3 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x| + c$$

Answer: B

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145. Evaluate $\int \frac{\sec^2 x \tan x}{\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x} dx$

A. $\frac{-1}{2} \log |\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log |\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x| + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{4} \log |\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4} \log |\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x| + c$

Answer: D

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146. $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{(\sin x + \cos x)^2} dx$ is equal to :

A. $\log |\cos x + \sin x| + c$

B. $-\log|\cos x + \sin x| + c$

C. $\log|\cos x - \sin x| + c$

D. $-\log|\cos x - \sin x| + c$

Answer: A



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147. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\cos 2x + x + 1}{x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x} dx$

A. $2\log|x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$

B. $\log|x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4}\log|x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x| + c$

Answer: C



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148. $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$

A. $\cot^{-1}(\tan^2 x) + c$

B. $\tan^{-1}(\tan^2 x) + c$

C. $\cot^{-1}(\cot^2 x) + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}(\cot^2 x) + c$

Answer: B



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149. $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$

A. $\sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \tan x} \right) + c$

B. $\sqrt{2} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \tan x} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \tan x} \right) + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \tan x} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$150. \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin^3 x \sin(x + \alpha)}}$$

A. $2 \operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sqrt{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cot x} + c$

B. $-2 \operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sqrt{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cot x} + c$

C. $\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sqrt{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cot x} + c$

D. $-\operatorname{cosec} \alpha \sqrt{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \cot x} + c$

Answer: B

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$$151. \int \frac{\sqrt{\cos 2\theta}}{\sin \theta} d\theta =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \cot \theta + \sqrt{\cot^2 \theta - 1} \right| + \sqrt{2} \log \left| \cos \theta + \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } -\log \left| \cot \theta + \sqrt{\cot^2 \theta - 1} \right| + \sqrt{2} \log \left| \cos \theta + \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \cot \theta + \sqrt{\cot^2 \theta - 1} \right| - \sqrt{2} \log \left| \cos \theta + \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } -\log \left| \cot \theta + \sqrt{\cot^2 \theta - 1} \right| - \sqrt{2} \log \left| \cos \theta + \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$152. \int \frac{\sec x dx}{\sqrt{\cos 2x}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \sin^{-1}(\tan x) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \cos^{-1}(\tan x) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \tan x + c$$

D. $\cot x + c$

Answer: A



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153. $\int \frac{(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)}{\sqrt{\sin 2\theta}} d\theta$ is equal to

A. $\log \left| \cos\theta - \sin\theta + \sqrt{\sin 2\theta} \right| + c$

B. $\sin^{-1}(\sin\theta - \cos\theta) + c$

C. $\log \left| \sin\theta - \cos\theta + \sqrt{\sin 2\theta} \right| + c$

D. $\sin^{-1}(\sin\theta + \cos\theta) + c$

Answer: B



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154. Evaluate: $\int \sqrt{\tan x} dx$

- A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\tan x}\right) - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{\tan x - \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}{\tan x + \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}\right| + c$
- B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\tan x}\right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{\tan x - \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}{\tan x + \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}\right| + c$
- C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\tan x}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{\tan x - \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}{\tan x + \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}\right| + c$
- D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\tan x}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{\tan x - \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}{\tan x + \sqrt{2}\tan x + 1}\right| + c$

Answer: B



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155. Evaluate $\int\sqrt{\cot x}dx$.

- A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cot x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\cot x}\right) - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{1 + \cot x - \sqrt{2}\cot x}{1 + \cot x + \sqrt{2}\cot x}\right| + c$
- B. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cot x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\cot x}\right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{1 + \cot x - \sqrt{2}\cot x}{1 + \cot x + \sqrt{2}\cot x}\right| + c$
- C. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cot x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\cot x}\right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{1 + \cot x - \sqrt{2}\cot x}{1 + \cot x + \sqrt{2}\cot x}\right| + c$
- D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\cot x - 1}{\sqrt{2}\cot x}\right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|\frac{1 + \cot x - \sqrt{2}\cot x}{1 + \cot x + \sqrt{2}\cot x}\right| + c$

Answer: C



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156. For which of the following functions, the substitution $x^2 = t$ is applicable

A. $\int x^6 \tan^{-1} x^3 dx$

B. $\int \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2} \right) dx$

C. $\int x^3 \cos x^2 dx$

D. $\int x^4 \cos^2 dx$

Answer: C



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157. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2} (2 + 3\sin^{-1} x)} =$

A. $3\log|2 + 3\sin^{-1}x| + c$

B. $-3\log|2 + 3\sin^{-1}x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{3}\log|2 + 3\sin^{-1}x| + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{3}\log|2 + 3\sin^{-1}x| + c$

Answer: C

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158. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)\{9 + (\sin^{-1}x)^2\}}} dx$

A. $\log|3 + \sin^{-1}x| + c$

B. $-\log|3 + \sin^{-1}x| + c$

C. $\log\left|\sqrt{9 + (\sin^{-1}x)^2} + \sin^{-1}x\right| + c$

D. $-\log|9 + \sin^{-1}x| + c$

Answer: C



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159. Evaluate: (i) $\int \frac{(\sin^{-1}x)^3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$ (ii) $\int \left(\frac{\sin(2+3\log x)}{x} \right) dx$

A. $\frac{-2}{5} (\sin^{-1}x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$

B. $\frac{2}{5} (\sin^{-1}x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$

C. $\frac{-5}{2} (\sin^{-1}x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$

D. $\frac{5}{2} (\sin^{-1}x)^{\frac{5}{2}} + c$

Answer: B



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160. $\int \frac{x \sin^{-1}(x^2)}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{2} (\sin^{-1}x^2)^2 + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\sin^{-1} x^2 \right)^2 + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} x^4 + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} x^4 + c$

Answer: B



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161. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 \tan^{-1} x^3}{1 + x^6} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\tan^{-1} x^3 \right)^2 + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\tan^{-1} x^3 \right)^2 + c$

C. $\frac{1}{6} \left(\tan^{-1} x^3 \right)^2 + c$

D. $\frac{1}{12} \left(\tan^{-1} x^3 \right)^2 + c$

Answer: C



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$$162. \int (x + \cot^{-1}x) \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} \right) dx =$$

A. $(x + \cot^{-1}x)^2 + c$

B. $-(x + \cot^{-1}x)^2 + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}(x + \cot^{-1}x)^2 + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{2}(x + \cot^{-1}x)^2 + c$

Answer: C



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$$163. \int \cos \left(2 \cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \right) dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$$

Answer: D



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164. To evaluate $\int x^3 e^{3x^2+5} dx$ the simplest way is to

- A. substitute $x^2 = t$
- B. substitute $3x^2 = t$
- C. integration by parts
- D. can not evaluate

Answer: B



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$$165. \int \frac{e^{5x}}{\sqrt{e^{5x} + 1}} dx =$$

A. $\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{e^{5x} + 1} + c$

B. $\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{e^{5x} + 1} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{e^{5x} + 1} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^{5x} + 1} + c$

Answer: A

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166. Evaluate: $\int \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x + x} dx$

A. $\log|e^x + x| + c$

B. $-\log|e^x + x| + c$

C. $\log|e^x + 1| + c$

D. $-\log|e^x + 1| + c$

Answer: A

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167. Evaluate: $\int \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + 1} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \log |e^{3x} + 1| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \log |e^{-3x} + 1| + c$

C. $3 \log |e^{3x} + 1| + c$

D. $3 \log |e^{-3x} + 1| + c$

Answer: A

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168. $\int \frac{x^{e-1} + e^{x-1}}{x^e - e^x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{\log |x^e + e^x|} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{e} \log |x^e + e^x| + c$

C. $\log |x^e + e^x| + c$

$$D. \operatorname{elog} \left| x^e + e^x \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$169. \int \left(\frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + 1} \right) \left(a^{x + \tan^{-1} x} \right) dx =$$

A. $(\log a) a^{x + \tan^{-1} x} + c$

B. $\frac{x + \tan^{-1} x}{\log a} + c$

C. $\frac{a^{x + \tan^{-1} x}}{\log a} + c$

D. $(\log a) a \left(x + \tan^{-1} x \right) + c$

Answer: C



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$$170. \int 7^{x \log x} (1 + \log x) dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{7^{x \log x}}{\log 7} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{7^{x \log x}}{\log 7} + c$$

$$\text{C. } 7^{x \log x} x + c$$

$$\text{D. } 7^{x \log x} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$171. \int \frac{x + 2^x \log 2}{x^2 + 2^{x+1}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 2^{x+1}| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4} \log |x^2 + 2^{x+1}| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{-1}{2} \log |x^2 + 2^{x+1}| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-1}{4} \log |x^2 + 2^{x+1}| + c$$

Answer: A

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172. Evaluate: $\int \frac{10x^9 + 10^x(\log)_e 10}{10^x + x^{10}} dx$

A. $\log |10^x + x^{10}| + c$

B. $10\log |10^x + x^{10}| + c$

C. $-\log |10^x + x^{10}| + c$

D. $-10\log |10^x + x^{10}| + c$

Answer: A

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173. $e^{3\log x} (x^4 + 1)^{-1}$

A. $\log |x^4 + 1| + c$

B. $-\log|x^4 + 1| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4}\log|x^4 + 1| + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{4}\log|x^4 + 1| + c$

Answer: C

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174. $\int \frac{dx}{a + be^x} =$

A. $\frac{-1}{a}\log|ae^{-x} + b| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{a}\log|ae^{-x} + b| + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{b}\log|ae^{-x} + b| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{b}\log|ae^{-x} + b| + c$

Answer: A

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175. $\int \frac{dx}{e^x + e^{-x}}$

A. $\tan^{-1}e^x + c$

B. $\cot^{-1}e^x + c$

C. $e^x \tan^{-1}e^x + c$

D. $e^x \cot^{-1}e^x + c$

Answer: A



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176. The value of the integral $\int \frac{dx}{(e^x + e^{-x})}$ is

A. $\frac{-1}{2(e^{2x} + 1)} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2(e^{2x} + 1)} + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{e^{2x} + 1} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{e^{2x} + 1} + c$

Answer: A



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177. $\int \frac{dx}{1 + e^x}$

A. $x - 2\log|e^x + 1| + c$

B. $x + 2\log|e^x + 1| + c$

C. $x - \log|e^x + 1| + c$

D. $x + \log|e^x + 1| + c$

Answer: C



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178. $\int \frac{dx}{1 + e^{-x}}$ is equal to

A. $\log \left| e^{-x} + 1 \right| + c$

B. $-\log \left| e^{-x} + 1 \right| + c$

C. $\log \left| e^x + 1 \right| + c$

D. $-\log \left| e^x + 1 \right| + c$

Answer: C

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179. $\int \frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1} dx$

A. $x + \log \left| \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} \right| + c$

B. $x + \log \left| \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x} \right| + c$

C. $x + 2 \log \left| \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} \right| + c$

D. $x + 2 \log \left| \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x} \right| + c$

Answer: D

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$$180. \int \frac{dx}{(1+e^x)(1+e^{-x})} =$$

A. $\frac{-1}{1+e^x} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{1+e^x} + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{1+e^x} + c$

D. $\frac{-e^x}{1+e^x} + c$

Answer: A

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$$181. \int \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^x} dx =$$

A. $\log|e^x + 1| - x - e^{-x} - 1 + c$

B. $\log|e^x + 1| + x - e^{-x} - 1 + c$

C. $\log|e^x + 1| - x + e^{-x} - 1 + c$

D. $\log|e^x + 1| + x + e^{-x} - 1 + c$

Answer: A

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182. $\int \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1} dx =$

A. $\log|e^x - 1| + x + c$

B. $2\log|e^x - 1| + x + c$

C. $\log|e^x - 1| - x + c$

D. $2\log|e^x - 1| - x + c$

Answer: D

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183. Evaluate: $\int \frac{e^2 - 1}{e^2 + 1} dx$.

A. $\log|e^x + e^{-x}| + c$

B. $-\log|e^x + e^{-x}| + c$

C. $\log|e^x - e^{-x}| + c$

D. $-\log|e^x - e^{-x}| + c$

Answer: A



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184. Evaluate: $\int \frac{e^2 - 1}{e^2 + 1} dx$.

A. $\frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1} + c$

B. $\frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^{2x} - 1} + c$

C. $\log|e^{2x} + 1| - x + c$

$$D. \log \left| e^{2x} + 1 \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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185. If $I = \int \frac{e^x}{e^{4x} + e^{2x} + 1} dx$, $J = \int \frac{e^{-x}}{e^{-4x} + e^{-2x} + 1} dx$. Then for an arbitrary constant c , the value of $J - I$ equal to

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{e^{4x} - e^{2x} + 1}{e^{4x} + e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{e^{4x} + e^{2x} + 1}{e^{4x} - e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{e^{2x} - e^x + 1}{e^{2x} + e^x + 1} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{e^{2x} + e^x + 1}{e^{4x} - e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$

Answer: C

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186. To find the value of $\int \frac{1 + \log x}{x} dx$, the proper substitution is

A. $\log x = t$

B. $1 + \log x = t$

C. $\frac{1}{x} = t$

D. $x = t$

Answer: B



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187. $\int x^x(1 + \log x)dx$

A. $x^x + c$

B. $x^{2x} + c$

C. $x^x \log x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}(\log x)^2 + c$

Answer: A



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188. $\int \frac{1}{x} \cdot \log x dx = \dots$

A. $\log(\log x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}(\log)^2 + c$

C. $2\log x + c$

D. $\log x + c$

Answer: B



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189. $\int \frac{(\log x)^n}{x} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{n+1}(\log x)^{n+1} + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{n}(\log x)^n + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{n+1} \log x^{n+1} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{n} \log x^n + c$$

Answer: A



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$$190. \int \frac{1}{x^3} (\log x^x)^2 dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} x^3 \log x + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} (\log x)^3 + c$$

$$\text{C. } 3 \log |\log x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } (\log x)^3 + c$$

Answer: B



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$$191. \int \frac{dx}{x(3 + \log x)} =$$

A. $-3\log|3 + \log x| + c$

B. $3\log|3 + \log x| + c$

C. $-\log|3 + \log x| + c$

D. $\log|3 + \log x| + c$

Answer: D



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$$192. \int \frac{(x + 1)(x + \log x)^4}{3x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{3}(x + \log x)^5 + c$

B. $\frac{1}{5}(x + \log x)^5 + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4}(x + \log x)^5 + c$

D. $\frac{1}{15}(x + \log x)^5 + c$

Answer: D



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193. The value of the integral $\int \frac{\log(x+1) - \log x}{x(x+1)} dx$ is

A. $\frac{1}{4} \left(\log \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| \right)^2 + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{4} \left(\log \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| \right)^2 + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\log \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| \right)^2 + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{2} \left(\log \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| \right)^2 + c$

Answer: D



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194. $\int \frac{dx}{x \cdot \log x \cdot \log(\log x)} =$

A. $\log x + c$

B. $\log|\log(\log x)| + c$

C. $\log|\log x| + c$

D. $\log|x\log x| + c$

Answer: B

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195. $\int \frac{\sec x}{\log(\sec x + \tan x)} dx =$

A. $-\log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

B. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

C. $-\log|\log(\sec x + \tan x)| + c$

D. $\log|\log(\sec x + \tan x)| + c$

Answer: D

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196. $\int \frac{\sec x \operatorname{cosec} x}{\log(\tan x)} dx$

A. $\log(\tan x) + c$

B. $\log|\log(\tan x)| + c$

C. $\sec^2 x \log(\tan x) + c$

D. $\sec^2 x \log|\log(\tan x)| + c$

Answer: B



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197. $\int \frac{\sec x \operatorname{cosec} x}{\log(\cot x)} dx =$

A. $-\log(\cot x) + c$

B. $-\log|\log(\cot x)| + c$

C. $\operatorname{cosec}^2 x \log|\log(\cot x)| + c$

$$D. \operatorname{cosec}^2 x \log(\cot x) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$198. \int \log \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right) \operatorname{cosec} x dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \left(\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| \right)^2 + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{4} \left(\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| \right)^2 + c$$

$$C. 2 \left(\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| \right)^2 + c$$

$$D. 4 \left(\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| \right)^2 + c$$

Answer: A



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$$199. \int \frac{e^x \log(\operatorname{sine}^x)}{\tan e^x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\log(\operatorname{sine}^x) \right)^2 + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2} \left(\log(\operatorname{sine}^x) \right)^2 + c$

C. $2 \left(\log(\operatorname{sine}^x) \right)^2 + c$

D. $-2 \left(\log(\operatorname{sine}^x) \right)^2 + c$

Answer: A



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$$200. \text{ Evaluate: } \int \frac{(1 + \log x)^2}{1 + \log x^{x+1} + \left(\log x^{\sqrt{x}} \right)^2} dx$$

A. $\log|1 + \log x| + c$

B. $\log \left| 1 + \log \sqrt{x} \right| + c$

C. $\log|1 + x \log x| + c$

D. $\log|x + \log x| + c$

Answer: C

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201. $\int \sec x dx =$

A. $\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c$

B. $-\log|\sec x - \tan x| + c$

C. $\log|\sec x - \tan x| + c$

D. $-\log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

Answer: B

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202. $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} dx =$

A. $2\sin x + \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

B. $2\sin x - \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

C. $\sin x + \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

D. $2\sin x - \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

Answer: B

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203. $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin x} dx =$

A. $\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| - 2\cos x + c$

B. $\log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + 2\cos x + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| - 2\cos x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + 2\cos x + c$

Answer: B



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$$204. \int \frac{\sin 3x}{\cos x} dx =$$

A. $\log|\cos x| + 2\cos^2 x + c$

B. $\log|\sec x| + 2\cos^2 x + c$

C. $\log|\cos x| - 2\cos^2 x + c$

D. $\log|\sec x| - 2\cos^2 x + c$

Answer: C



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$$205. \int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos x} =$$

A. $\log|\sin x| + c$

B. $-\log|\cos x| + c$

C. $\log|\tan x| + c$

$$D. \log|\cot x| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$206. \int \frac{\sin x}{(1 + \cos x)} dx$$

A. $2 \log \left| \sec \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c$

B. $2 \log \left| \cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \sec \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c$

Answer: A



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207. (i) $\int \frac{\cos x}{1 + \cos x} dx$, (ii) $\int \frac{\sin x}{(1 - \sin x)} dx$

A. $-\log|\sec x(\sec x + \tan x)| + c$

B. $\log|\sec x(\sec x + \tan x)| + c$

C. $-\log\left|\frac{\sec x}{\sec x + \tan x}\right| + c$

D. $\log\left|\frac{\sec x}{\sec x + \tan x}\right| + c$

Answer: B



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208. $\int \frac{1 + x}{\sin x(x + \log x)} dx =$

A. $\log\left|\frac{\tan(x + \log x)}{2}\right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}\log\left|\frac{\tan(x + \log x)}{2}\right| + c$

C. $\log\left|\tan\left(\frac{x + \log x}{2}\right)\right| + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \tan \left(\frac{x + \log x}{2} \right) \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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209. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{\cos 3x - \cos x} dx$

A. $\frac{-1}{2} (\log |\sec x + \tan x| - \operatorname{cosec} x) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2} (\log |\sec x + \tan x| + \operatorname{cosec} x) + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{4} (\log |\sec x + \tan x| - \operatorname{cosec} x) + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{4} (\log |\sec x + \tan x| + \operatorname{cosec} x) + c$

Answer: C



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210. $\int \frac{dx}{\cos x(1 - \cos x)} =$

A. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| - \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| + \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: C

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211. $\int \frac{dx}{(1 + \cos 2x)(1 - \tan^2 x)} =$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \log|\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4} \log|\sec x + \tan x| + c$

Answer: B



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$$212. \int \frac{1 + \tan^2 x}{1 - \tan^2 x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log |\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2} \log |\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

C. $2 \log |\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

D. $-2 \log |\sec 2x + \tan 2x| + c$

Answer: A



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$$213. \int \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} dx =$$

A. $\log \left| \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \right| + c$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$214. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^4 x - \sin^4 x} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log |\cos 2x| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log |\sec 2x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \log |\cos 2x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2} \log |\sec 2x| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$215. \int \frac{\cos 2x - \cos 2\alpha}{\cos x - \cos \alpha} dx$$

A. $\sec \alpha \sin x - 2 \cos \alpha \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

B. $\sec \alpha \sin x + 2 \cos \alpha \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

C. $\cos \alpha \sin x - 2 \cos \alpha \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

D. $\cos \alpha \sin x + 2 \cos \alpha \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

Answer: A



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$$216. \int \frac{dx}{4 \cos^3 2x - 3 \cos 2x} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \log |\sec 6x + \tan 6x| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{6} \log |\sec 6x + \tan 6x| + c$

C. $3 \log |\sec 6x + \tan 6x| + c$

D. $6 \log |\sec 6x + \tan 6x| + c$

Answer: B



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217. $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{(\sin x + \cos x)^2} dx$ is equal to

A. $-\log \left| \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x \right) \right| + c$

C. $-\log \left| \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) \right| + c$

D. $\log \left| \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) \right| + c$

Answer: C



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218. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin x \cos^2 x}$

A. $\sec x - \log|\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x| + c$

B. $\sec x + \log|\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x| + c$

C. $-\operatorname{cosec} x - \log|\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x| + c$

D. $-\operatorname{cosec} x + \log|\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x| + c$

Answer: B

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219. $\int \{1 + 2\tan x(\tan x + \sec x)\}^{1/2} dx$ is equal to

A. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| - \log|\sec x| + c$

B. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| + \log|\sec x| + c$

C. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| - 2\log|\sec x| + c$

D. $\log|\sec x + \tan x| + 2\log|\sec x| + c$

Answer: B

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220. Evaluate: $\int \sqrt{1 + 2\cot x(\cot x + \operatorname{cosec} x)} dx$

A. $\log|1 - \cos x| + c$

B. $-\log|1 - \cos x| + c$

C. $\log|1 + \cos x| + c$

D. $-\log|1 + \cos x| + c$

Answer: A



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221.

If

$$\int \tan(x - \alpha)\tan(x + \alpha) \cdot \tan 2x dx = p \log|\sec 2x| + q \log|\sec(x + \alpha)| + r \log|\sec(x - \alpha)| + c$$

then $p+q+r= \dots$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| - \log|\sec(x - \alpha)| - \log|\sec(x + \alpha)| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| - \log|\sec(x - \alpha)| + \log|\sec(x + \alpha)| + c$

$$C. \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + \log|\sec(x - \alpha)| - \log|\sec(x + \alpha)| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + \log|\sec(x - \alpha)| + \log|\sec(x + \alpha)| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$222. \int \tan 2x \tan 3x \tan 5x dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{5} \log|\sec 5x| + \frac{1}{3} \log|\sec 3x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{5} \log|\sec 5x| + \frac{1}{3} \log|\sec 3x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{5} \log|\sec 5x| - \frac{1}{3} \log|\sec 3x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{5} \log|\sec 5x| - \frac{1}{3} \log|\sec 3x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|\sec 2x| + c$$

Answer: D

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223. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin 5x \sin 3x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \log |\sin 3x| - \frac{1}{5} \log |\sin 5x| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \log |\sin 3x| + \frac{1}{5} \log |\sin 5x| + c$

C. $3 \log |\sin 3x| - 5 \log |\sin 5x| + c$

D. $3 \log |\sin 3x| + 5 \log |\sin 5x| + c$

Answer: A



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224. $\int \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)} dx$

A. $\log \left| \cos \left(x + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| - \log \left| \cos \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \cos \left(x + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + \log \left| \cos \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + c$

C. $\log \left| \sin \left(x + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| - \log \left| \sin \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + c$

$$D. \log \left| \sin \left(x + \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + \log \left| \sin \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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225. If $\int \frac{\sin x}{\cos(x-a)} dx = kx + n \cdot \log[\sec(x-a)] + p$, then $(k, n) \equiv$

A. $x \cos a - (\sin a) \log |\cos(x-a)| + c$

B. $x \cos a + (\sin a) \log |\cos(x-a)| + c$

C. $x \sin a - (\cos a) \log |\cos(x-a)| + c$

D. $x \sin a + (\cos a) \log |\cos(x-a)| + c$

Answer: C



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226. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int \frac{\cos x}{\cos(x + a)} dx$$

A. $x \sin a + (\cos a) \log |\cos(x + a)| + c$

B. $x \sin a - (\cos a) \log |\cos(x + a)| + c$

C. $x \cos a + (\sin a) \log |\cos(x + a)| + c$

D. $x \cos a - (\sin a) \log |\cos(x + a)| + c$

Answer: D



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227. $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin(x - a)} dx = ?$

A. $x \sin a + (\cos a) \log |\cos(x - a)| + c$

B. $x \sin a - (\cos a) \log |\cos(x - a)| + c$

C. $x \cos a + (\sin a) \log |\cos(x - a)| + c$

D. $x \cos a - (\sin a) \log |\cos(x - a)| + c$

Answer: C

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228. $\int \frac{\cos(x - a)}{\sin(x + a)} dx =$

A. $x \cos 2a + (\sin 2a) \log |\sin(x + a)| + c$

B. $x \cos 2a - (\sin 2a) \log |\sin(x + a)| + c$

C. $x \sin 2a + (\cos 2a) \log |\sin(x + a)| + c$

D. $x \sin 2a - (\cos 2a) \log |\sin(x + a)| + c$

Answer: C

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229. Evaluate : $\int \frac{\sin(x - a)}{\sin(x + a)} dx$

A. $x\cos 2a + (\sin 2a)\log|\sin(x + a)| + c$

B. $x\cos 2a - (\sin 2a)\log|\sin(x + a)| + c$

C. $x\sin 2a + (\cos 2a)\log|\sin(x + a)| + c$

D. $x\sin 2a - (\cos 2a)\log|\sin(x + a)| + c$

Answer: B

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230. $\int \frac{\cos(x - a)}{\sin(x + b)} dx =$

A. $x\sin(a - b) - \cos(a - b)\log|\sin(x + b)| + c$

B. $x\sin(a - b) + \cos(a - b)\log|\sin(x + b)| + c$

C. $x\sin(a + b) - \cos(a + b)\log|\sin(x + b)| + c$

D. $x\sin(a + b) + \cos(a + b)\log|\sin(x + b)| + c$

Answer: D

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231. $\int \frac{\sin(x + a)}{\cos(x - b)} dx =$

A. $x\sin(a + b) + \cos(a + b)\log|\sec(x - b)| + c$

B. $x\sin(a - b) + \cos(a - b)\log|\sec(x - b)| + c$

C. $x\sin(a - b) - \cos(a - b)\log|\sec(x - b)| + c$

D. $x\sin(a + b) - \cos(a + b)\log|\sec(x - b)| + c$

Answer: A



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232. $\int \frac{\sin(x + a)}{\cos(x - a)} dx =$

A. $x\sin 2a + (\cos 2a)\log|\cos(x - a)| + c$

B. $x\sin 2a - (\cos 2a)\log|\cos(x - a)| + c$

C. $x\cos 2a + (\sin 2a)\log|\cos(x - a)| + c$

$$D. x\cos 2a - (\sin 2a)\log|\cos(x - a)| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$233. \int \frac{\sin(x + a) - \sin(x - a)}{\sin(x + a) + \sin(x - a)} dx =$$

A. $(\cot a)\log|\sec x| + c$

B. $(\cot a)\log|\sin x| + c$

C. $(\tan a)\log|\sin x| + c$

D. $(\tan a)\log|\sec x| + c$

Answer: C

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$$234. \int \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin(x + \alpha)} dx =$$

A. $x(\cos\alpha - \sin\alpha) + (\cos\alpha + \sin\alpha)\log|\sin(x - \alpha)| + c$

B. $x(\cos\alpha + \sin\alpha) + (\cos\alpha - \sin\alpha)\log|\sin(x - \alpha)| + c$

C. $x(\cos\alpha + \sin\alpha) + (\cos\alpha - \sin\alpha)\log|\sin(x + \alpha)| + c$

D. $x(\cos\alpha + \sin\alpha) - (\cos\alpha - \sin\alpha)\log|\sin(x + \alpha)| + c$

Answer: C

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235. $\int \frac{dx}{\sin(x - a)\sin(x - b)}$

A. $\frac{1}{\sin(b - a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x - b)}{\sin(x - a)} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{\sin(b - a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x - a)}{\sin(x - b)} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\cos(b - a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x - b)}{\sin(x - a)} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{\cos(b - a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x - a)}{\sin(x - b)} \right| + c$

Answer: A



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$$236. \int \frac{dx}{\sin(x+a)\sin(x+b)} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x+a)}{\sin(x+b)} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x+b)}{\sin(x+a)} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x+b)}{\sin(x+a)} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x+a)}{\sin(x+b)} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$237. \text{ Evaluate: } \int \frac{1}{\cos(x-a)\cos(x-b)} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-b)}{\cos(x-a)} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-a)}{\cos(x-b)} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-b)}{\cos(x-a)} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-a)}{\cos(x-b)} \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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238. Evaluate: (i) $\int \frac{\cos 2x + x + 1}{x^2 + \sin 2x + 2x} dx$ (ii) $\int \frac{1}{\cos(x+a)\cos(x+b)} dx$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x+b)}{\cos(x+a)} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x+a)}{\cos(x+b)} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x+b)}{\cos(x+a)} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x+a)}{\cos(x+b)} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$239. \int \frac{dx}{\cos(x-a)\sin(x-b)} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-a)}{\sin(x-b)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x-b)}{\cos(x-a)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-a)}{\sin(x-b)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x-b)}{\cos(x-a)} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$240. \int \frac{1}{\sin(x-a)\cos(x-b)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-b)}{\sin(x-a)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sin(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x-a)}{\cos(x-b)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\cos(x-b)}{\sin(x-a)} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\cos(b-a)} \log \left| \frac{\sin(x-a)}{\cos(x-b)} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$241. \int \frac{1}{1 + \tan x} dx$$

A. $\frac{1}{2}(x + \log|\sin x + \cos x|) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}(x - \log|\sin x + \cos x|) + c$

C. $x + \log|\sin x + \cos x| + c$

D. $x - \log|\sin x + \cos x| + c$

Answer: A

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$$242. \int \frac{dx}{(1 - \cot x)} = ?$$

A. $\frac{-1}{2}(x + \log|\sin x - \cos x|) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2}(x - \log|\sin x + \cos x|) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}(x + \log|\sin x - \cos x|) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}(x - \log|\sin x + \cos x|) + c$

Answer: C

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243. $\frac{1}{2 + 3\tan x}$

A. $\frac{1}{13}(2x + 3\log|2\cos x + 3\sin x|) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{13}(2x - 3\log|2\cos x + 3\sin x|) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{13}(x + 3\log|2\cos x + 3\sin x|) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{13}(x - 3\log|2\cos x + 3\sin x|) + c$

Answer: A

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244. $\int \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{3\sin x + 4\cos x} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{25}(11x + 2\log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{25}(11x - 2\log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{25}(11x + \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{25}(11x - \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

Answer: A



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245. Evaluate: $\int \frac{2\sin x + 3\cos x}{3\sin x + 4\cos x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{5}(18x + \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{25}(18x + \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{5}(18x - \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{25}(18x - \log|3\sin x + 4\cos x|) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$246. \int \frac{4\sin x - 38\cos x}{5\sin x - 11\cos x} dx =$$

A. $3x + \log|5\sin x - 11\cos x| + c$

B. $3x - \log|5\sin x - 11\cos x| + c$

C. $x + \log|5\sin x - 11\cos x| + c$

D. $x - \log|5\sin x - 11\cos x| + c$

Answer: B



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$$247. \int \frac{3e^x + 4}{2e^x - 8} dx =$$

A. $\frac{x}{2} + 2\log|2e^x - 8| + c$

B. $\frac{-x}{2} + 2\log|2e^x - 8| + c$

C. $2x + \frac{1}{2}\log|2e^x - 8| + c$

D. $-2x + \frac{1}{2}\log|2e^x - 8| + c$

Answer: B



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248. $\int \frac{4e^x + 4}{2e^x - 8} dx =$

A. $A = 5, B = 3$

B. $A = 5, B = -3$

C. $A = -5, B = 3$

D. $A = -5, B = -3$

Answer: B



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249. $\int \frac{3e^{2x} + 5}{4e^{2x} - 5} dx =$

A. $\frac{7}{4} \log |4e^{2x} - 5| - x + c$

B. $\frac{7}{8} \log |4e^{2x} - 5| - x + c$

C. $\frac{7}{4} \log |4e^{2x} - 5| + x + c$

D. $\frac{7}{8} \log |4e^{2x} - 5| + x + c$

Answer: B



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250. $\int \frac{20 - 12e^x}{3e^x - 4} dx =$

A. $-5x + \log |3e^x - 4| + c$

B. $5x - \log |3e^x - 4| + c$

C. $5x + \log |3e^x - 4| + c$

$$D. -5x - \log|3e^x - 4| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$251. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$A. 2\sqrt{x} - 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 6\log|\sqrt[6]{x} + 1| + c$$

$$B. 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 6\log|\sqrt[6]{x} + 1| + c$$

$$C. 2\sqrt{x} - 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 6\log|\sqrt[6]{x} + 1| + c$$

$$D. 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 6\log|\sqrt[6]{x} + 1| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$252. \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } x - \frac{6}{5} \sqrt[6]{x^5} + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{x^2} - 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 6\log \left| \sqrt[6]{x} + 1 \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } x - \frac{6}{5} \sqrt[6]{x^5} + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{x^2} - 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 6\log \left| \sqrt[6]{x} + 1 \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } x + \frac{6}{5} \sqrt[6]{x^5} + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 6\log \left| \sqrt[6]{x} + 1 \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } x + \frac{6}{5} \sqrt[6]{x^5} + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 6\log \left| \sqrt[6]{x} + 1 \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$253. \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt[4]{x^3}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{2}{3} \left(\sqrt[4]{x^3} - \log \left| \sqrt[4]{x^3} + 1 \right| \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{3} \left(\sqrt[4]{x^3} + \log \left| \sqrt[4]{x^3} + 1 \right| \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{4}{3} \left(\sqrt[4]{x^3} - \log \left| \sqrt[4]{x^3} + 1 \right| \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{4}{3} \left(\sqrt[4]{x^3} + \log \left| \sqrt[4]{x^3} + 1 \right| \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$254. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt[6]{x+2}} =$$

$$A. 2\sqrt{x+2} + 6\sqrt[6]{x+2} + 6\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt[6]{x+2}\right) + c$$

$$B. 2\sqrt{x+2} + 6\sqrt[6]{x+2} - 6\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt[6]{x+2}\right) + c$$

$$C. 2\sqrt{x+2} - 6\sqrt[6]{x+2} + 6\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt[6]{x+2}\right) + c$$

$$D. 2\sqrt{x+2} - 6\sqrt[6]{x+2} - 6\tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt[6]{x+2}\right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$255. \int \frac{dx}{(3x+2)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (3x+2)^{\frac{4}{5}}} =$$

$$A. \frac{5}{3} \sqrt[5]{3x+2} + 5 \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + 5 \tan^{-1} \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + c$$

$$B. \frac{5}{3} \sqrt[5]{3x+2} + 5 \sqrt[15]{3x+2} - 5 \tan^{-1} \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + c$$

$$C. \frac{5}{3} \sqrt[5]{3x+2} - 5 \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + 5 \tan^{-1} \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + c$$

$$D. \frac{5}{3} \sqrt[5]{3x+2} - 5 \sqrt[15]{3x+2} - 5 \tan^{-1} \sqrt[15]{3x+2} + c$$

Answer: C



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$$256. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 8} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$B. \sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} (\sqrt{2x}) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$257. \int \frac{dx}{\alpha^2 x^2 + \beta^2} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\alpha\beta} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\alpha x}{\beta} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\alpha\beta} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\beta x}{\alpha} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\alpha x}{\beta} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{\beta}{\alpha} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\beta x}{\alpha} \right) + c$$

Answer: A

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258. $\int \frac{dx}{5x^2 + 7} =$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{35}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5x}}{\sqrt{7}} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{5\sqrt{7}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5x}}{\sqrt{7}} \right) + c$

C. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{7}} \right) \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5x}}{\sqrt{7}} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{7}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5x}}{\sqrt{7}} \right) + c$

Answer: A



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259. $\int \frac{1}{16x^2 + 9} dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{3} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{12} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{3} \right) + c$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{3} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{4}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x}{3} \right) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$260. \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } 2\sqrt{x} + 2\tan^{-1}\sqrt{x} + c$$

$$\text{B. } 2\sqrt{x} - 2\tan^{-1}\sqrt{x} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sqrt{x} - \tan^{-1}\sqrt{x} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{1+x} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$261. \int \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx =$$

A. $2\cot^{-1}(\cos x) + c$

B. $2\tan^{-1}(\cos x) + c$

C. $\cot^{-1}(\cos x) + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}(\cos x) + c$

Answer: C

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$$262. \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + 5} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{3}\cot^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3}\tan^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{6}\cot^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{6}\tan^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

Answer: D

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$$263. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2} \left(9 + (\sin^{-1}x)^2 \right)} =$$

A. $3 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin^{-1}x}{3} \right) + c$

B. $3 \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin^{-1}x}{3} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin^{-1}x}{3} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{3} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin^{-1}x}{3} \right) + c$

Answer: C

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$$264. \int \frac{dx}{e^{3x} + e^{-3x}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} e^{-3x} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} e^{3x} + c$$

$$C. 3 \tan^{-1} e^{-3x} + c$$

$$D. \tan^{-1} e^{3x} + c$$

Answer: B

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$$265. \frac{1}{ae^x + be^{-x}}$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} e^x \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} e^x \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{be^x}{a}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{ab}} \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{ae^x}{b}} \right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$266. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 e^x + b^2 e^{-x}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ae^x}{b} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{b} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ae^x}{b} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{be^x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ae^x}{b} \right) + c$$

Answer: D

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$$267. \int \frac{dx}{(4x^2 - 1)} = ?$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2x - 1}{2x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2x - 1} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x - 1}{2x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2x - 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$268. \int \frac{dx}{9x^2 - 8} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{12\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{3x - 2\sqrt{2}}{3x + 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{12\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{3x + 2\sqrt{2}}{3x - 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{6\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{3x - 2\sqrt{2}}{3x + 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{6\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{3x + 2\sqrt{2}}{3x - 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$269. \int \frac{x^3}{16x^8 - 25} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{320} \log \left| \frac{4x^4 - 5}{4x^4 + 5} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{320} \log \left| \frac{4x^4 + 5}{4x^4 - 5} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{160} \log \left| \frac{4x^4 - 5}{4x^4 + 5} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{160} \log \left| \frac{4x^4 + 5}{4x^4 - 5} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$270. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{ab} \log \left| \frac{a - bx}{a + bx} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{ab} \log \left| \frac{a + bx}{a - bx} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2ab} \log \left| \frac{a - bx}{a + bx} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2ab} \log \left| \frac{a + bx}{a - bx} \right| + c$

Answer: D

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$$271. \int \frac{dx}{8 - 7x^2} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{14}} \log \left| \frac{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}x}{2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7}x} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{14}} \log \left| \frac{2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7}x}{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}x} \right| + c$

$$C. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}x}{2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7}x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}x}{2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7}x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$272. \int \frac{\sec x \tan x}{9 - 16 \tan^2 x} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{20} \log \left| \frac{5 - 4 \sec x}{5 + 4 \sec x} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{20} \log \left| \frac{5 + 4 \sec x}{5 - 4 \sec x} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{40} \log \left| \frac{5 - 4 \sec x}{5 + 4 \sec x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{40} \log \left| \frac{5 + 4 \sec x}{5 - 4 \sec x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$273. \int \frac{1 + \tan^2 x}{1 - \tan^2 x} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| \frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$274. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^2}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{b} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{bx}{a} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{b} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{ax}{b} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{a} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{bx}{a} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{a} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{ax}{b} \right) + c$$

Answer: A

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$$275. \int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - 25x^2}} \right) dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{3} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{5} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{-1}{3} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{5} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{5} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5x}{3} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{-1}{5} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5x}{3} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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276. If $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - 16x^2}} dx = \alpha \sin^{-1}(\beta x) + c$, then $\alpha + \frac{1}{\beta} =$

A. 1

B. $\frac{7}{12}$

C. $\frac{19}{12}$

D. $\frac{9}{12}$

Answer: A

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277. Evaluate: $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} dx$

A. $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sin^{-1}x + c$

B. $-\sqrt{1-x^2} - \sin^{-1}x + c$

C. $-\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sin^{-1}x + c$

D. $\sqrt{1-x^2} - \sin^{-1}x + c$

Answer: A



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278. $\int \frac{\sec x}{\sqrt{\cos 2x}} dx =$

A. $\sin^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

B. $\cos^{-1}(\tan x) + c$

C. $\tan x + c$

D. $(\sin x)(\sqrt{\cos x}) + c$

Answer: A



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279. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\sqrt{8 - \sin 2x}} dx$

A. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{3}\right) + c$

$$\text{B. } \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{3}\right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$280. \int \sqrt{\sec x + 1} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sqrt{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } 2 \sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$281. \int \frac{\sqrt{e^x}}{\sqrt{e^{-x} - e^x}} dx =$$

- A. $\sin^{-1}e^x + c$
- B. $2\sin^{-1}e^x + c$
- C. $-\sin^{-1}e^x + c$
- D. $-2\sin^{-1}e^x + c$

Answer: A

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$$282. \text{ Evaluate: (i) } \int \frac{a^x}{\sqrt{1 - a^{2x}}} dx \text{ (ii) } \int \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2 - x^4}} dx$$

- A. $\frac{1}{\log a} \cos^{-1}a^x + c$
- B. $\frac{1}{\log a} \sin^{-1}a^x + c$

C. $(\log a)\cos^{-1}a^x + c$

D. $(\log a)\sin^{-1}a^x + c$

Answer: B

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283. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 25}} =$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{2}}\right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{2}}\right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{25}{2}}\right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{25}{2}}\right| + c$

Answer: C

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$$284. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 8}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{8}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x - \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{8}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \sqrt{3x^2 + 8} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x - \sqrt{3x^2 + 8} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$285. \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{16 + \tan^2 x}} dx$$

$$A. 4 \log \left| \tan x + \sqrt{4 + \tan^2 x} \right| + c$$

$$B. 4 \log \left| \tan x + \sqrt{16 + \tan^2 x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \tan x + \sqrt{4 + \tan^2 x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \tan x + \sqrt{16 + \tan^2 x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$286. \int \frac{e^{x/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 e^x + b^2 e^{-x}}} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{b} \log \left| e^x - \sqrt{e^{2x} + \frac{b^2}{a^2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{b} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + \frac{b^2}{a^2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{a} \log \left| e^x - \sqrt{e^{2x} + \frac{b^2}{a^2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{a} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + \frac{b^2}{a^2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$287. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3x^2 - 5}}$$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{3}} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{3}} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{3}} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{3}} \right| + c$

Answer: A



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$$288. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4x^2 - 5}} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{4}} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{5}{4}} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 5} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 5} \right| + c$

Answer: B

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289. $\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 4}} dx =$

A. $-3 \log \left| \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x^2} - 4} \right| + c$

B. $3 \log \left| \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x^2} - 4} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{3} \log \left| \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x^2} - 4} \right| + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x^2} - 4} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$290. \int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x - \frac{1}{2}}} dx =$$

A. $\log \left| \sin x + \cos x + \sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2 - \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$

B. $-\log \left| \sin x + \cos x + \sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2 - \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$

C. $\log \left| \sin x + \cos x + \sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2 - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$

D. $-\log \left| \sin x + \cos x + \sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2 - \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$

Answer: B

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$$291. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 + x^2)^3}} =$$

$$A. \frac{x}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} + c$$

$$C. \frac{x}{a \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{a \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} + c$$

Answer: A



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$$292. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} =$$

$$A. \frac{-1}{ax} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{ax} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + c$$

$$C. \frac{-1}{a^2 x} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{a^2x} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} + c$$

Answer: C

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$$293. \int \frac{dx}{(x^2 - 1)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{2}x} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{-\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{2}x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{2}x} \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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294. Let $f(x) = \int \frac{x^2}{(1+x^2)(1+\sqrt{1+x^2})} dx$ and $f(0) = 0$ then $f(1)$ is

A. $\log(1 + \sqrt{2})$

B. $\log(1 - \sqrt{2})$

C. $\log(1 + \sqrt{2}) - \frac{\pi}{4}$

D. $\log(1 + \sqrt{2}) + \frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer: C



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295. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}}$

A. $\frac{-x}{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + c$

B. $\frac{x}{a\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + c$

$$C. \frac{-x}{a^2\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x}{a^2\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + c$$

Answer: D



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$$296. \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{x}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{x}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{-1}{x}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{-1}{x}\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$297. \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(a^2 - x^2)^3}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} - \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + c$$

Answer: D

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$$298. \int \sqrt{\frac{x}{a^3 - x^3}} dx \text{ is equal to}$$

$$A. \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{2}{3} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{3}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{3}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$299. \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{x} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} + \frac{1}{a} \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - \frac{1}{a} \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} + a \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - a \sec^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$300. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - 1}} =$$

$$A. \frac{-1}{x} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{x} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + c$$

$$C. \frac{-x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$301. \int \sqrt{\frac{a-x}{x}} dx =$$

$$A. a \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) - \sqrt{x(a-x)} + c$$

$$B. a \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + \sqrt{x(a-x)} + c$$

$$C. a \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a}} - \sqrt{x(a-x)} + c$$

$$D. a \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a}} + \sqrt{x(a-x)} + c$$

Answer: D

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$$302. \int \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{x-a}} dx$$

$$A. \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - a \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$B. \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$C. -\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} - a \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

$$D. -\sqrt{a^2 - x^2} + a \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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303. $\int x \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} dx$

A. $\frac{\cos^{-1}x}{2} + \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

B. $\frac{\cos^{-1}x}{2} + \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

C. $\frac{\cos^{-1}x}{2} - \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

D. $\frac{\cos^{-1}x}{2} - \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

Answer: B

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304. $\int x \sqrt{\frac{a^2-x^2}{a^2+x^2}} dx$

A. $\frac{-1}{2}\sqrt{a^4-x^4} + \frac{a^2}{2}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{a^2}\right) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2}\sqrt{a^4-x^4} - \frac{a^2}{2}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{a^2}\right) + c$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a^4 - x^4} - \frac{a^2}{2}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{a^2}\right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a^4 - x^4} + \frac{a^2}{2}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x^2}{a^2}\right) + c$$

Answer: C



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305. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}}$ is equal to

A. $x = acost$

B. $x = 2acost$

C. $x = 2at$

D. $x = 2a\sin^2 t$

Answer: D



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306. $\int \frac{dx}{(x^2 + 4x + 8)}$

A. $2\tan^{-1}(x + 2) + c$

B. $2\tan^{-1}(x + 4) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + 2}{4}\right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + 2}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: D



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307. $\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 8x + 20} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + 2}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + 4}{2}\right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x + 2}{4}\right) + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x+4}{4} \right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$308. \int \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{(x+2)(x^2 + 2x + 3)} dx =$$

A. $\log|x+2| - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

B. $\log|x+2| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

C. $\log|x+2| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

D. $\log|x+2| + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

Answer: B

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$$309. \int \frac{dx}{2x^2 + 3x + 5} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{31}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 3}{\sqrt{31}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{4}{\sqrt{31}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 3}{\sqrt{31}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{31}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x + 3}{\sqrt{31}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{4}{\sqrt{31}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4x + 3}{\sqrt{31}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$310. \int \frac{dx}{(4x^2 - 4x + 3)}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x-1}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x-1}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$311. \int \frac{dx}{9x^2 + 6x + 10}$$

$$A. \frac{1}{18} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x+2}{3} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{18} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x+1}{3} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{9} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x+2}{3} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{9} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x+1}{3} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$312. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 2x\cos\alpha + 1} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sin\alpha} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x + \cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sin\alpha} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{x + \cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\cos\alpha} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x + \cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\cos\alpha} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{x + \cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$313. \text{ Evaluate } \int \frac{x}{x^4 + x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^2 + 2}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x^2 + 2}{2\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$314. \int \frac{dx}{5 - 6\sin 2x + 9\cos^2 x} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{34}} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{5\tan x - 6}{\sqrt{34}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{34}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5\tan x - 6}{\sqrt{34}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{4}{\sqrt{34}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5\tan x - 6}{3\sqrt{34}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{\sqrt{34}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5\tan x - 6}{2\sqrt{34}} \right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$315. \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{2\tan^2 x + 7\tan x + 13} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{55}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4\tan x + 7}{\sqrt{55}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{55}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x + 7}{\sqrt{55}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{55}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4\tan x + 7}{\sqrt{55}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{55}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x + 7}{\sqrt{55}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$316. \int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 4x - 5} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x+5}{x-1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x-1}{x+5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{x+5}{x-1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{x-1}{x+5} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$317. \int \frac{dx}{2x^2 + x - 1}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2(x+1)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{x+1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2(x+1)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{x+1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$318. \int \frac{dx}{4x^2 + 20x + 17} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{2x - 5 - 2\sqrt{2}}{2x - 5 + 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{2x - 5 + 2\sqrt{2}}{2x - 5 - 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{2x - 5 - 2\sqrt{2}}{2x - 5 + 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{2x - 5 + 2\sqrt{2}}{2x - 5 - 2\sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$319. \int \frac{x}{2x^4 - 2x^2 - 1} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{2x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{3}}{2x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{2x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{3}}{2x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{2x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{3}}{2x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{2x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{3}}{2x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$320. \int \frac{x}{4x^4 - 2x^2 - 3} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{13}} \log \left| \frac{4x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{13}}{4x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{13}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{13}} \log \left| \frac{4x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{13}}{4x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{13}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{8\sqrt{13}} \log \left| \frac{4x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{13}}{4x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{13}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{8\sqrt{13}} \log \left| \frac{4x^2 - 1 + \sqrt{13}}{4x^2 - 1 - \sqrt{13}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$321. \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x + 5 \sin x \cos x + 2} =$$

A. $2 \log \left| \frac{2 \tan x + 3}{3 \tan x + 3} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \frac{2 \tan x + 3}{3 \tan x + 3} \right| + c$

C. $2 \log \left| \frac{3 \tan x + 2}{3 \tan x + 3} \right| + c$

D. $\log \left| \frac{3 \tan x + 2}{3 \tan x + 3} \right| + c$

Answer: D



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$$322. \int \frac{\cos x}{3 \sin^2 x - 4 \sin x + 1} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{3 \sin x - 1}{3 \sin x - 3} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{3 \sin x - 1}{3 \sin x - 3} \right| + c$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{3\sin x - 3}{3\sin x - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{3\sin x - 3}{3\sin x - 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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323. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{x \{ 6(\log x)^2 + 7\log x + 2 \}}$.

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \frac{6\log c + 3}{6\log c + 4} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| \frac{6\log c + 4}{6\log c + 3} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{6\log c + 3}{6\log c + 4} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{6\log c + 4}{6\log c + 3} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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324. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{(1+x-x^2)}$.

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}+1-2x}{\sqrt{5}-1+2x} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}-1+2x}{\sqrt{5}+1-2x} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}+1-2x}{\sqrt{5}-1+2x} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}-1+2x}{\sqrt{5}+1-2x} \right| + c$

Answer: B



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325. $\int \frac{dx}{7+6x-x^2} =$

A. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{7-x}{1+x} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{1+x}{7-x} \right| + c$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \frac{7-x}{1+x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \frac{1+x}{7-x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$326. \int \frac{dx}{3 - 10x - 25x^2} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{20} \log \left| \frac{3+5x}{1-5x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{20} \log \left| \frac{1-5x}{3+5x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{10} \log \left| \frac{3+5x}{1-5x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{10} \log \left| \frac{1-5x}{3+5x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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327. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-6x-x^2}} dx$ का मान होगा -

A. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-3}{4}\right) + c$

B. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-3}{2}\right) + c$

C. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+3}{4}\right) + c$

D. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+3}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: C

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328. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{8+2x-x^2}}$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{3}\right) + c$

B. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{3}\right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{3} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{3}\right) + c$

$$D. \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{3}\right) + c$$

Answer: D

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$$329. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3+4x-4x^2}} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right) + c$

B. $2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right) + c$

D. $2 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: C

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$$330. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{21 + 4x - x^2}} =$$

A. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right) + c$

B. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{5}\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{5}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x-2}{5}\right) + c$

Answer: A



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$$331. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{15 + 4x - 4x^2}} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2}\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-1}{4}\right) + c$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{2} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{4} \right) + c$$

Answer: B



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332. Evaluate : $\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{5 - 4e^x - e^{2x}}} dx$

$$\text{A. } \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{e^x - 2}{3} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{e^x + 2}{3} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{e^x - 1}{3} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{e^x + 1}{3} \right) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$333. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 29}} =$$

A. $\log \left| x + 4 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 29} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| x - 4 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 29} \right| + c$

C. $\log \left| x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 29} \right| + c$

D. $\log \left| x - 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 29} \right| + c$

Answer: C

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$$334. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{3x^2 - 4x + 2}} =$$

A. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{2}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{2}{3}} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x - \frac{2}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{2}{3}} \right| + c$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{2}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{2}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x - \frac{2}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{4x}{3} + \frac{2}{3}} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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335. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{3x^2 + 5x + 7} dx$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{5}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5x}{3} + \frac{7}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{5}{6} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5x}{3} + \frac{7}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{5}{3} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5x}{3} + \frac{7}{3}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| x + \frac{5}{6} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5x}{3} + \frac{7}{3}} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$336. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 3x + 5}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$337. \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^6 + 2x^3 + 3}} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{3} \log \left| x^3 + 1 + \sqrt{x^6 + 2x^3 + 3} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| x^3 - 1 + \sqrt{x^6 + 2x^3 + 3} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } 3 \log \left| x^3 + 1 + \sqrt{x^6 + 2x^3 + 3} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } 3 \log \left| x^3 - 1 + \sqrt{x^6 + 2x^3 + 3} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$338. \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2\sin x + 5}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \sin x - 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2\sin x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } -\log \left| \sin x - 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2\sin x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \sin x + 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 x + 2\sin x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } -\log \left| \sin x + 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 x + 2\sin x + 5} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$339. \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{2\tan^2 x + 3\tan x + 3}} dx =$$

$$A. \log \left| \tan x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{\tan^2 x + \frac{3\tan x}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \log \left| \tan x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\tan^2 x + \frac{3\tan x}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \tan x + \frac{3}{4} + \sqrt{\tan^2 x + \frac{3\tan x}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \tan x + \frac{1}{4} + \sqrt{\tan^2 x + \frac{3\tan x}{2} + \frac{3}{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$340. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(x-a)(x-b)}} dx$$

$$A. \log \left| x + \frac{a+b}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + (a+b)x + ab} \right| + c$$

$$B. \log \left| x - \frac{a+b}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + (a+b)x + ab} \right| + c$$

$$C. \log \left| x + \frac{a-b}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + (a-b)x + ab} \right| + c$$

$$D. \log \left| x - \frac{a-b}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + (a-b)x + ab} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$341. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - 8x - 20}} =$$

$$A. \log \left| x + 4 - \sqrt{x^2 - 8x - 20} \right| + c$$

$$B. \log \left| x - 4 + \sqrt{x^2 - 8x - 20} \right| + c$$

$$C. \log \left| x - 4 - \sqrt{x^2 - 8x - 20} \right| + c$$

$$D. \log \left| x + 4 + \sqrt{x^2 - 8x - 20} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$342. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(x-2)(x-3)}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| x + \frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 6} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| x - \frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 6} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| x + \frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 5x + 6} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| x - \frac{5}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 5x + 6} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$343. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x(5x-2)}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \sqrt{5} \log \left| x - \frac{1}{5} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{2x}{5}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| x - \frac{1}{5} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{2x}{5}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| x - \frac{1}{5} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{2x}{5}} \right| + c$$

$$D. 2\sqrt{5}\log\left|x - \frac{1}{5} + \sqrt{x^2 - \frac{2x}{5}}\right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$344. \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{\sin^2 x - \sin x - 3}} dx =$$

A. $\log\left|\sin x + 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 - 2\sin x - 3}\right| + c$

B. $\log\left|\sin x + 1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 - 2\sin x - 3}\right| + c$

C. $\log\left|\sin x - 1 + \sqrt{\sin^2 - 2\sin x - 3}\right| + c$

D. $\log\left|\sin x - 1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 - 2\sin x - 3}\right| + c$

Answer: C

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345. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{\sqrt{\sin^4 x + 4\sin^2 x - 2}} dx$

A. $-\log \left| \sin^2 x + 2 + \sqrt{\sin^4 + 4\sin^2 x - 2} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \sin^2 x + 2 + \sqrt{\sin^4 + 4\sin^2 x - 2} \right| + c$

C. $-\log \left| \sin x + 2 + \sqrt{\sin^4 + 4\sin^2 x - 2} \right| + c$

D. $\log \left| \sin x + 2 + \sqrt{\sin^4 + 4\sin^2 x - 2} \right| + c$

Answer: B



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346. $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + x + 1} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| x^2 + 2x + 1 \right| - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| x^2 + 2x + 1 \right| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| x^2 + 2x + 1 \right| - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 + 2x + 1| + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

Answer: A

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347. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1 - 3x}{3x^2 + 4x + 2} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log |3x^2 + 4x + 2| + \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x + 2}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2} \log |3x^2 + 4x + 2| + \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x + 2}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{2} \log |3x^2 + 4x + 2| - \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x + 2}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log |3x^2 + 4x + 2| - \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3x + 2}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$

Answer: B

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$$348. \int \frac{5x - 1}{3x^2 + x + 2} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{5}{6} \log |3x^2 + x + 2| - \frac{11}{3\sqrt{23}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6x + 1}{\sqrt{23}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{5}{6} \log |3x^2 + x + 2| + \frac{11}{3\sqrt{23}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6x + 1}{\sqrt{23}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{5}{3} \log |3x^2 + x + 2| - \frac{11}{3\sqrt{23}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6x + 1}{\sqrt{23}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{5}{3} \log |3x^2 + x + 2| + \frac{11}{3\sqrt{23}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6x + 1}{\sqrt{23}} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$349. \frac{3x + 4}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$$

$$A. \frac{3}{2} \log |x^2 + 6x + 5| + \frac{5}{4} \log \left| \frac{x + 1}{x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{3}{2} \log |x^2 + 6x + 5| - \frac{5}{4} \log \left| \frac{x + 1}{x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{3}{2} \log |x^2 + 6x + 5| + \frac{5}{2} \log \left| \frac{x + 1}{x + 5} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{3}{2} \log \left| x^2 + 6x + 5 \right| - \frac{5}{2} \log \left| \frac{x+1}{x+5} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$350. \int \frac{2x+3}{2x^2+3x-1} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| 2x^2 + 3x - 1 \right| + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{17}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3-\sqrt{17}}{4x+3+\sqrt{17}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| 2x^2 + 3x - 1 \right| - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{17}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3-\sqrt{17}}{4x+3+\sqrt{17}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| 2x^2 + 3x - 1 \right| + \frac{3}{\sqrt{17}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3-\sqrt{17}}{4x+3+\sqrt{17}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| 2x^2 + 3x - 1 \right| - \frac{3}{\sqrt{17}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3-\sqrt{17}}{4x+3+\sqrt{17}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$351. \int \frac{2-x}{4x^2+4x-3} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{5}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2x+3} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \log |4x^2+4x-3| + c$$

$$B. \frac{5}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2x+3} \right| - \frac{1}{8} \log |4x^2+4x-3| + c$$

$$C. \frac{5}{32} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2x+3} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \log |4x^2+4x-3| + c$$

$$D. \frac{5}{32} \log \left| \frac{2x-1}{2x+3} \right| - \frac{1}{8} \log |4x^2+4x-3| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$352. \int \frac{2x+1}{8-6x-9x^2} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{54} \log \left| \frac{4+3x}{2-3x} \right| + \frac{1}{9} \log |8-6x-9x^2| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{54} \log \left| \frac{4+3x}{2-3x} \right| - \frac{1}{9} \log |8-6x-9x^2| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{54} \log \left| \frac{4+3x}{2-3x} \right| + \frac{1}{3} \log |8-6x-9x^2| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{54} \log \left| \frac{4 + 3x}{2 - 3x} \right| - \frac{1}{3} \log \left| 8 - 6x - 9x^2 \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$353. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{8 + x - x^2}} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{33}} \right) + \sqrt{8 + x - x^2} + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{33}} \right) - \sqrt{8 + x - x^2} + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{33}} \right) + \sqrt{8 + x - x^2} + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{33}} \right) - \sqrt{8 + x - x^2} + c$$

Answer: B



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354. $\int \sqrt{\frac{9-x}{x}} dx =$

A. $\sqrt{9x - x^2} + \frac{3}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-9}{9}\right) + c$

B. $\sqrt{9x - x^2} - \frac{3}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-9}{9}\right) + c$

C. $\sqrt{9x - x^2} + \frac{9}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-9}{9}\right) + c$

D. $\sqrt{9x - x^2} - \frac{9}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-9}{9}\right) + c$

Answer: C

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355. $\frac{7x+3}{\sqrt{3+2x-x^2}}$

A. $5 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) + 7\sqrt{3+2x-x^2} + c$

B. $5 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) - 7\sqrt{3+2x-x^2} + c$

C. $10 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) + 7\sqrt{3+2x-x^2} + c$

$$D. 10\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) - 7\sqrt{3+2x-x^2} + c$$

Answer: D

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$$356. \int \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}} dx =$$

A. $2\sqrt{x^2+2x+3} - \log\left|x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}\right| + c$

B. $2\sqrt{x^2+2x+3} + \log\left|x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}\right| + c$

C. $\sqrt{x^2+2x+3} - \log\left|x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}\right| + c$

D. $\sqrt{x^2+2x+3} + \log\left|x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}\right| + c$

Answer: A

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$$357. \int \frac{3x + 2}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 2x + 1}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x + 1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x + 1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x + 1} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2x^2 + 2x + 1} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$358. \int \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \sqrt{x^2 - x} + \log \left| x - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sqrt{x^2 - x} - \log \left| x - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - x} \right| + c$$

$$C. \sqrt{x^2 - x} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| x - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \sqrt{x^2 - x} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| x - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 - x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$359. \int \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x+2}} dx =$$

$$A. \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right| + c$$

$$B. \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right| + c$$

$$C. \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right| + c$$

$$D. \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + 3x + 2} \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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360. If $\int \sqrt{\frac{x-5}{x-7}} dx = A\sqrt{x^2 - 12x + 35} + \log \left| x - 6 + \sqrt{x^2 - 12x + 35} \right| + C$, then

A. -1

B. $\frac{1}{2}$

C. $\frac{-1}{2}$

D. 1

Answer: D



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361. $\int \frac{x^2 + 5}{x^2 + 1} dx =$

A. $x - 4\tan^{-1}x + c$

B. $x + 4\tan^{-1}x + c$

C. $x - 2\tan^{-1}x + c$

D. $x + 2\tan^{-1}x + c$

Answer: B



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362. $\int \frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2} dx$

A. $2\tan^{-1}x + x + c$

B. $2\tan^{-1}x - x + c$

C. $\tan^{-1}x + x + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}x - x + c$

Answer: B



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363. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 + 5x + 3}{x^2 + 3x + 2} dx$

A. $x + \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| + 2\log\left|\frac{x + 1}{x + 2}\right| + c$

$$\text{B. } x - \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| + 2\log\left|\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } x + \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| - 2\log\left|\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } x - \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| - 2\log\left|\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right| + c$$

Answer: C

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$$364. \int \frac{x - x^2}{x^2 - 2x - 3} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } x + \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 - 2x - 3| + \log\left|\frac{x-3}{x+1}\right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } -x + \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 - 2x - 3| + \log\left|\frac{x-3}{x+1}\right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } -x - \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 - 2x - 3| + \log\left|\frac{x-3}{x+1}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } -x - \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 - 2x - 3| - \log\left|\frac{x-3}{x+1}\right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$365. \int \frac{x^3}{x^2 + x + 1} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2}{2} + x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2}{2} - x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2}{2} + x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2}{2} - x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$366. \text{ Evaluate: } \int \frac{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{3}{2} \log |x^2 - x + 1| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{3}{2} \log |x^2 - x + 1| + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - x + 1| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - x + 1| + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$367. \int \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x + 5}{x^2 - 2x + 3} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - 2x + 3| + \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - 2x + 3| + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x - \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - 2x + 3| + \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x - \frac{1}{2} \log |x^2 - 2x + 3| + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$368. \int \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x - 2}{x + 2} dx$$

A. $\frac{x^2}{2} + x + \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| + 3\log\left|\frac{x + 1}{x + 2}\right| + c$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} + x + \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| - 3\log\left|\frac{x + 1}{x + 2}\right| + c$

C. $\frac{x^2}{2} + x - \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| + 3\log\left|\frac{x + 1}{x + 2}\right| + c$

D. $\frac{x^2}{2} + x - \log|x^2 + 3x + 2| - 3\log\left|\frac{x + 1}{x + 2}\right| + c$

Answer: B

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$$369. \int \frac{4x^4 - 4x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 5}{4x^2 - 4x - 3} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2}{3} + x + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x-3}{2x+1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2}{3} + x - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x-3}{2x+1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2}{3} - x + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x-3}{2x+1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2}{3} - x - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2x-3}{2x+1} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$370. \int \sqrt{e^x - 1} dx = ?$$

$$\text{A. } 2\sqrt{e^x - 1} - 2\tan^{-1}\sqrt{e^x - 1} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sqrt{e^x - 1} - \tan^{-1}\sqrt{e^x - 1} + c$$

$$\text{C. } 2\sqrt{e^x - 1} + 2\tan^{-1}\sqrt{e^x - 1} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{e^x - 1} + \tan^{-1}\sqrt{e^x - 1} + c$$

Answer: A



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$$371. \int \frac{dx}{(x-1)\sqrt{x+1}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$372. \int \frac{dx}{(x+1)\sqrt{x-1}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{B. } 2\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{2}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{2}} + c$$

Answer: A

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$$373. \int \frac{dx}{(2x+1)\sqrt{x-2}} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{2x-4}{5}} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{2x-4}{5}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{5}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{2x-4}{5}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\tan^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{2x-4}{5}} + c$$

Answer: D

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$$374. \int \frac{dx}{(2x+3)\sqrt{x-4}} =$$

$$A. \sqrt{\frac{11}{2}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2x-8}{11}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{11}{2} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2x-8}{11}} + c$$

$$C. \sqrt{\frac{2}{11}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2x-8}{11}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{11} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2x-8}{11}} + c$$

Answer: C



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$$375. \int \frac{dx}{(2x+3)\sqrt{3x+2}} =$$

$$A. \frac{2}{5} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{6x+4}{5}} + c$$

$$B. \frac{5}{2} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{6x+4}{5}} + c$$

$$C. \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{6x+4}{5}} + c$$

$$D. \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{6x+4}{5}} + c$$

Answer: C

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$$376. \int \frac{dx}{(x+1)\sqrt{x^2-2}} =$$

$$A. -\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x+2}{\sqrt{2}(x+1)} \right) + c$$

$$B. -\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{x+2}{\sqrt{2}(x+1)} \right) + c$$

$$C. -\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(x+1)}{x+2} \right) + c$$

$$D. -\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(x+1)}{x+2} \right) + c$$

Answer: A

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$$377. \int \frac{dx}{(-1)\sqrt{1+x^2}} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} - \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} - \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-x)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x} + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$378. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{2ax-x^2}} =$$

$$A. a\sqrt{\frac{2a-x}{x}} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{a} \sqrt{\frac{2a-x}{x}} + c$$

$$\text{C. } -a \sqrt{\frac{2a-x}{x}} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-1}{a} \sqrt{\frac{2a-x}{x}} + c$$

Answer: D

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379. Evaluate: $\int \frac{dx}{(x+1)\sqrt{1+x-x^2}}$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{x+1} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{x+1} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \sqrt{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{x+1} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{2} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{x+1} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$380. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{2x^2 - 2x + 1}} =$$

A. $-\log x + \log \left| 1 - x + \sqrt{1 - 2x + 2x^2} \right| + c$

B. $\log x + \log \left| 1 - x + \sqrt{1 - 2x + 2x^2} \right| + c$

C. $\log x - \log \left| 1 - x + \sqrt{1 - 2x + 2x^2} \right| + c$

D. $-\log x - \log \left| 1 - x + \sqrt{1 - 2x + 2x^2} \right| + c$

Answer: C



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$$381. \int \frac{dx}{1 - 2\sin x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 + \sqrt{3}}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 - \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 - \sqrt{3}}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 + \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 - \sqrt{3}}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 + \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 + \sqrt{3}}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 - \sqrt{3}} \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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$$382. \int \frac{dx}{3 + 2\sin x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(3 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{2\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(3 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$383. \frac{1}{4 + 5 \sin x}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 1}{2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2}{2 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1}{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 4}{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$384. \int \frac{dx}{3 + 5 \cos x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2 - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2 + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2 + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2 - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2 - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2 + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2 + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{2 - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$385. \frac{1}{4 - 5\cos x}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1}{3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1}{3\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$386. \int \frac{dx}{1 - \sin x + \cos x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right) \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } -\log \left| \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1 \right) \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } -\log \left| \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1 \right) \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$387. \int \frac{dx}{2 + \cos x - \sin x} =$$

A. $\sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) + c$

B. $\sqrt{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) + c$

C. $2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) + c$

D. $2 \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - 1 \right) \right) + c$

Answer: B



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388. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int \frac{dx}{(2\sin x + \cos x + 3)}$$

A. $\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

B. $2\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

C. $\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right) + c$

D. $2\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right) + c$

Answer: A

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389. $\int \frac{dx}{2\sin x - \cos x + 3} =$

A. $\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

C. $\tan^{-1}\left(2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

D. $2\tan^{-1}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right) + c$

Answer: C

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$$390. \int \frac{dx}{3 - \cos x - 3\sin x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \frac{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1}{2\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2} \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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$$391. \int \frac{dx}{3\sin x + 2\cos x + 3} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 5}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 5}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$392. \int \frac{dx}{13 + 3\cos x + 4\sin x} =$$

A. $\frac{-1}{6} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$

C. $\frac{-1}{12} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{12} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{6} \left(5 \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \right) \right) + c$

Answer: B



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$$393. \int \frac{dx}{\cos a + \cos x} =$$

$$\text{A. } (\operatorname{cosec} a) \log \left| \frac{\cot\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cot\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } (\operatorname{cosec} a) \log \left| \frac{\cot\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\cot\left(\frac{a}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } (\operatorname{cosec} a) \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } (\operatorname{cosec} a) \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$394. \int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos a \cos x} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{\sin a} \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \tan \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) \right) + c$

B. $\frac{2}{\sin a} \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \tan \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) \right) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\cos a} \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \tan \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) \right) + c$

D. $\frac{2}{\cos a} \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) \cot \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) \right) + c$

Answer: B

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395. $\int \frac{1 + \cos \alpha \cos x}{\cos \alpha + \cos x} dx =$

A. $x \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \log \left| \frac{\cot \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} \right) + \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)}{\cot \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} \right) - \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)} \right| + c$

B. $x \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \log \left| \frac{\cot \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} \right) + \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)}{\cot \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} \right) - \tan \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)} \right| + c$

$$\text{C. } x \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } x \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \log \left| \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$396. \int \frac{1}{1 - \sin 2x} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{-1}{\tan x + 1} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\tan x + 1} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{-1}{\tan x - 1} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\tan x - 1} + c$$

Answer: C



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$$397. \int \frac{dx}{2\sin 2x - 3} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3\tan x + 2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3\tan x + 2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3\tan x - 2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3\tan x - 2}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$398. \frac{1}{2 - 3\sin 2x}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{2\tan x - 3 - \sqrt{5}}{2\tan x - 3 + \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{2\tan x - 3 + \sqrt{5}}{2\tan x - 3 - \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{2\tan x - 3 - \sqrt{5}}{2\tan x - 3 + \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{2\tan x - 3 + \sqrt{5}}{2\tan x - 3 - \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$399. \frac{1}{3 - 5\sin 2x}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{3\tan x - 9}{3\tan x - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{3\tan x - 1}{3\tan x - 9} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \frac{3\tan x - 9}{3\tan x - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{8} \log \left| \frac{3\tan x - 1}{3\tan x - 9} \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$400. \int \frac{dx}{3 - 2\cos 2x} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} (\sqrt{5} \tan x) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} (\sqrt{5} \tan x) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$401. \int \frac{dx}{3\cos 2x + 5} =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{4} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\tan x}{4} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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$$402. \int \frac{dx}{2 - 3\cos 2x}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{5}\tan x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}\tan x + 1}{\sqrt{5}\tan x - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}\tan x - 1}{\sqrt{5}\tan x + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{5}\tan x + 1}{\sqrt{5}\tan x - 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$403. \int \frac{dx}{3 + 4\cos 2x} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{7} + \tan x}{\sqrt{7} - \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{7} - \tan x}{\sqrt{7} + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{7} + \tan x}{\sqrt{7} - \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{7}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{7} - \tan x}{\sqrt{7} + \tan x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$404. \int \frac{dx}{5 + 7\cos 2x} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{6} - \tan x}{\sqrt{6} + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{6} + \tan x}{\sqrt{6} - \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{6} - \tan x}{\sqrt{6} + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4\sqrt{6}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{6} + \tan x}{\sqrt{6} - \tan x} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$405. \int \frac{dx}{3 + 2\sin 2x + 4\cos 2x} =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{11}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{11} + 2 - \tan x}{\sqrt{11} - 2 + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2\sqrt{11}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{11} - 2 + \tan x}{\sqrt{11} + 2 - \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{2}{\sqrt{11}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{11} + 2 - \tan x}{\sqrt{11} - 2 + \tan x} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{2}{\sqrt{11}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{11} - 2 + \tan x}{\sqrt{11} + 2 - \tan x} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$406. \int \frac{dx}{1 + \sin^2 x} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}(2 \tan x) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{2} \tan^{-1}(2 \tan x) + c$

C. $2 \tan^{-1}(2 \tan x) + c$

D. $-2 \tan^{-1}(2 \tan x) + c$

Answer: A



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$$407. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 + b^2 \cos^2 x} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{b\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b \tan x}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{b\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b \tan x}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right) + c$

$$C. \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \tan x}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{-1}{a\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \tan x}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$408. \int \frac{dx}{3 + 2\cos^2 x}$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \tan x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \tan x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \frac{\cot^{-1}(\tan x)}{\sqrt{5}} + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \frac{\tan^{-1}(\tan x)}{\sqrt{5}} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$409. \int \frac{dx}{4 + 5\cos^2 x} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{2}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{12} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$

Answer: A



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$$410. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 \sin^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x} =$$

A. $\frac{-1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b \tan x}{a} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b \tan x}{a} \right) + c$

$$C. \frac{-1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \tan x}{b} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{ab} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{a \tan x}{b} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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411. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{1 + 3\sin^2 x + 8\cos^2 x} dx$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{12} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \tan x}{3} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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412. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{\cos 2x + 3\sin^2 x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}\tan x) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}\tan x) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}\tan x) + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{2\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}\tan x) + c$

Answer: A



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413. Evaluate: $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x + \sin 2x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{\tan x}{\tan x - 2} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{\tan x}{\tan x + 2} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{\tan x}{\tan x - 2} \right| + c$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{\tan x}{\tan x + 2} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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414. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\cos x}{\cos 3x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{1 - \sqrt{3} \tan x}{1 + \sqrt{3} \tan x} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sqrt{3} \tan x}{1 - \sqrt{3} \tan x} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{1 - \sqrt{3} \tan x}{1 + \sqrt{3} \tan x} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sqrt{3} \tan x}{1 - \sqrt{3} \tan x} \right| + c$

Answer: D

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415. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin 3x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{3} - \tan x}{\sqrt{3} + \tan x} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{3} - \tan x}{\sqrt{3} + \tan x} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{3} + \tan x}{\sqrt{3} - \tan x} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \log \left| \frac{\sqrt{3} + \tan x}{\sqrt{3} - \tan x} \right| + c$

Answer: D



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416. If $\int f(x) dx = g(x)$, then $\int f^{-1}(x) dx =$

A. $g^{-1}(x)$

B. $f^{-1}(x)$

C. $xf^{-1}(x) - g^{-1}(x)$

$$D. xf^{-1}(x) - g\left(f^{-1}(x)\right)$$

Answer: D



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417. Evaluate $\int \left[f(x)g^n(x) - f^n(x)g(x) \right] dx$

A. $f(x)g'(x) - f'(x)g(x)$

B. $f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$

C. $f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)$

D. $\frac{f(x)}{g'(x)}$

Answer: A



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418. If $\int xf(x)dx = \frac{f(x)}{2}$, then $f(x)$ is equal to

A. e^x

B. e^{-x}

C. $\log x$

D. e^{x^2}

Answer: D



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419. $\int x \sin x dx =$

A. $\cos x + x \sin x + c$

B. $\cos x - x \sin x + c$

C. $\sin x + x \cos x + c$

D. $\sin x - x \cos x + c$

Answer: D



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$$420. \int x \sin 2x dx =$$

$$A. \frac{\sin 2x}{4} - \frac{x \sin 2x}{2} + c$$

$$B. \frac{\sin 2x}{4} - \frac{x \cos 2x}{2} + c$$

$$C. \frac{\cos 2x}{4} + \frac{x \sin 2x}{2} + c$$

$$D. \frac{\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{x \cos 2x}{2} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$421. \int x \sin 5x \sin 2x dx =$$

$$A. \frac{x \sin 3x}{6} + \frac{\cos 3x}{18} + \frac{x \sin 7x}{14} - \frac{\cos 7x}{98} + c$$

$$B. \frac{x \sin 3x}{6} + \frac{\cos 3x}{18} - \frac{x \sin 7x}{14} + \frac{\cos 7x}{98} + c$$

$$C. \frac{x \sin 3x}{6} + \frac{\cos 3x}{18} - \frac{x \sin 7x}{14} - \frac{\cos 7x}{98} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x\sin 3x}{6} + \frac{\cos 3x}{18} + \frac{x\sin 7x}{14} + \frac{\cos 7x}{98} + c$$

Answer: C



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422. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int x \sin^2 x dx$$

$$A. \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{\cos 2x}{8} + c$$

$$B. \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x\sin 2x}{4} - \frac{\cos 2x}{8} + c$$

$$C. \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sin 2x}{4} + \frac{\cos 2x}{8} + c$$

$$D. \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sin 2x}{4} - \frac{\cos 2x}{8} + c$$

Answer: D



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423. $\int x \tan^2 x dx =$

A. $x \tan x + \log|\sec x| + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

B. $x \tan x + \log|\sec x| - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

C. $x \tan x - \log|\sec x| - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

D. $x \tan x - \log|\sec x| + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

Answer: C



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424. $\int x \cot^2 x dx = ?$

A. $\log|\sin x| + x \tan x + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

B. $\log|\sin x| - x \tan x + \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

C. $\log|\sin x| + x \cot x - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

D. $\log|\sin x| - x \cot x - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$

Answer: D



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425. Evaluate: $\int x^2 \sin x \, dx$

A. $(x^2 - 2)\cos x + 2x\sin x + c$

B. $(x^2 - 2)\cos x - 2x\sin x + c$

C. $(2 - x^2)\cos x + 2x\sin x + c$

D. $(2 - x^2)\cos x - 2x\sin x + c$

Answer: C



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426. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int x \sin^{-1} x \, dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} + \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{4} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} - \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{4} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} + \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{4} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2 \sin^{-1} x}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{4} - \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{4} + c$$

Answer: D

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427. Evaluate : $\int x \tan^{-1} x dx$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2 \tan^{-1} x}{2} + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{2} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2 \tan^{-1} x}{2} - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{2} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2 \tan^{-1} x}{2} + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{2} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2 \tan^{-1} x}{2} - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\tan^{-1} x}{2} + c$$

Answer: D

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428. $\int x \sec^{-1} x dx =$

A. $\frac{x^2 \sec^{-1} x}{2} - \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{2} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{x^2 \sec^{-1} x}{2} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{2} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{x^2 \sec^{-1} x}{2} - \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{4} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{x^2 \sec^{-1} x}{2} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}{4} \right) + c$

Answer: A

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429. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int x^2 e^{3x} dx$$

A. $\frac{e^{3x}}{9} (9x^2 + 6x + 2) + c$

B. $\frac{e^{3x}}{9} (9x^2 - 6x + 2) + c$

C. $\frac{e^{3x}}{27} (9x^2 + 6x + 2) + c$

D. $\frac{e^{3x}}{27} (9x^2 - 6x + 2) + c$

Answer: D



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430. $\int e^{-2x} x dx =$

A. $\frac{e^{-2x}}{4} (2x + 1) + c$

B. $\frac{-e^{-2x}}{4} (2x + 1) + c$

C. $\frac{e^{-2x}}{2} (2x + 1) + c$

$$D. \frac{-e^{-2x}}{2}(2x + 1) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$431. \int x \log x dx = ?$$

$$A. \frac{x^2}{4}(2 \log x - 1) + c$$

$$B. \frac{x^2}{4}(2 \log x + 1) + c$$

$$C. \frac{x^2}{2}(\log x - 1) + c$$

$$D. \frac{x^2}{2}(\log x + 1) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$432. \int x^3 \log x dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^4}{4}(\log x - 1) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^4}{4}(4\log x - 1) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^4}{16}(\log x - 1) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^4}{16}(4\log x - 1) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$433. \int \frac{\log x}{(x+1)^2} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{-\log x}{x+1} + \log|x| - \log|x+1| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{\log x}{x+1} - \log|x| - \log|x+1| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{\log x}{x+1} + \log|x| - \log|x+1| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-\log x}{x+1} - \log|x| - \log|x+1| + c$$

Answer: A



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434. Evaluate $\int \frac{\log x}{(1+x)^3} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2(1+x)} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x}{1+x} \right| - \frac{\log x}{2(1+x)^2} + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2(1+x)} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x}{1+x} \right| + \frac{\log x}{2(1+x)^2} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2(1+x)} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x}{1+x} \right| - \frac{\log x}{2(1+x)^2} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2(1+x)} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x}{1+x} \right| + \frac{\log x}{2(1+x)^2} + c$

Answer: A



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435. $\int \frac{\log x}{x^3} dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{4x^2}(2\log x - 1) + c$

B. $\frac{-1}{4x^2}(2\log x + 1) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4x^2}(2\log x + 1) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4x^2}(1 - 2\log x) + c$

Answer: B



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436. If $\int \sin^{-1}x dx = x \sin^{-1}x + u + c$, then $u =$

A. $x \sin^{-1}x - \sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$

B. $x \sin^{-1}x + 2\sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$

C. $x \sin^{-1}x - 2\sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$

D. $x \sin^{-1}x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$

Answer: D



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437. $\int \cos^{-1}x dx =$

A. $x \cos^{-1}x - 2\sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

B. $x \cos^{-1}x + 2\sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

C. $x \cos^{-1}x - \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

D. $x \cos^{-1}x + \sqrt{1-x^2} + c$

Answer: C



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438. $\int \tan^{-1}x dx = \dots + C$

A. $x \tan^{-1}x + \frac{1}{2} \log |1+x^2| + c$

B. $x \tan^{-1}x - \frac{1}{2} \log |1+x^2| + c$

C. $x \tan^{-1}x + \frac{1}{4} \log |1+x^2| + c$

D. $x \tan^{-1}x - \frac{1}{4} \log |1+x^2| + c$

Answer: B

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439. $\int \sec^{-1}x dx =$

A. $x \sec^{-1}x - \log \left| x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$

B. $x \sec^{-1}x + \log \left| x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$

C. $x \sec^{-1}x - \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$

D. $x \sec^{-1}x + \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$

Answer: C

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440. $\int \log x dx = ?$

A. $x(\log x - 1) + c$

B. $x(\log x + 1) + c$

C. $x \log x - 1 + c$

D. $x \log x + 1 + c$

Answer: A



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441. $\int \log \left(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \right) dx$

A. $x \log \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + c$

B. $x \log \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right) + 2\sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + c$

C. $x \log \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right) - \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + c$

D. $x \log \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right) + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + c$

Answer: C



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$$442. \int \frac{x}{1 + \cos 2x} dx$$

A. $x \tan x + \log|\sec x| + c$

B. $x \tan x - \log|\sec x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}(x \tan x + \log|\sec x|) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}(x \tan x - \log|\sec x|) + c$

Answer: D



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$$443. \int \frac{x}{1 - \cos x} dx =$$

A. $x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + c$

B. $x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + c$

C. $-x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + c$

$$D. -x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + c$$

Answer: C

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$$444. \int \frac{x + \sin x}{1 - \cos x} dx =$$

A. $4 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $4 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| - x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| + x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $2 \log \left| \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right| - x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: B

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445. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int \frac{x}{(1 + \sin x)} dx$$

A. $x(\tan x + \sec x) + \log|1 + \sin x| + c$

B. $x(\tan x + \sec x) - \log|1 + \sin x| + c$

C. $x(\tan x - \sec x) + \log|1 + \sin x| + c$

D. $x(\tan x - \sec x) - \log|1 + \sin x| + c$

Answer: C



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446. $\int \frac{x}{1 - \sin 2x} dx =$

A. $\frac{x}{4}(\tan 2x + \sec 2x) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \sec^2 2x + \sec 2x \tan 2x \right| + c$

B. $\frac{x}{4}(\tan 2x + \sec 2x) + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \sec^2 2x + \sec 2x \tan 2x \right| + c$

C. $\frac{x}{2}(\tan 2x + \sec 2x) - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \sec^2 2x + \sec 2x \tan 2x \right| + c$

$$D. \frac{x}{2}(\tan 2x + \sec 2x) + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \sec^2 2x + \sec 2x \tan 2x \right| + c$$

Answer: C



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447. Evaluate $\int \sec^3 x dx$

A. $\sec x \tan x + \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

B. $\sec x \tan x - \log |\sec x + \tan x| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2}(\sec x \tan x + \log |\sec x + \tan x|) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2}(\sec x \tan x - \log |\sec x + \tan x|) + c$

Answer: C



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448. Evaluate: $\int \operatorname{cosec}^3 x dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2}(\log|\operatorname{cosec}x - \cot x| + \operatorname{cosec}x\cot x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2}(\log|\operatorname{cosec}x - \cot x| - \operatorname{cosec}x\cot x) + c$

C. $\frac{1}{4}(\log|\operatorname{cosec}x - \cot x| + \operatorname{cosec}x\cot x) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{4}(\log|\operatorname{cosec}x - \cot x| - \operatorname{cosec}x\cot x) + c$

Answer: B

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449. If $\int \ln(x^2 + x) dx = x \ln(x^2 + x) + A$, then $A =$

A. $\log(x + 1) + 2x + c$

B. $2x - \log(x + 1) + c$

C. $\log(x + 1) - 2x + c$

D. $-2x - \log(x + 1) + c$

Answer: C

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450. $\int \left[\log(\log x) + \frac{1}{(\log x)^2} \right] dx$ ज्ञात कीजिए!

A. $x \log(\log x) + \frac{x}{\log x} + c$

B. $x \log(\log x) - \frac{x}{\log x} + c$

C. $x \log(\log x) + \frac{1}{\log x} + c$

D. $x \log(\log x) - \frac{1}{\log x} + c$

Answer: B



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451. Evaluate: $\int e^{ax} \sin(bx + c) dx$

A. $\frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \sin(bx + c) - b \cos(bx + c)) + c_1$

B. $\frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \sin(bx + c) + b \cos(bx + c)) + c_1$

C. $\frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \cos(bx + c) - b \sin(bx + c)) + c_1$

$$D. \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2}(a\cos(bx + c) + b\sin(bx + c)) + c_1$$

Answer: A



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$$452. \int e^{ax}\cos(bx + c)dx$$

$$A. \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2}(a\sin(bx + c) - b\cos(bx + c)) + c_1$$

$$B. \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2}(a\sin(bx + c) + b\cos(bx + c)) + c_1$$

$$C. \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2}(a\cos(bx + c) - b\sin(bx + c)) + c_1$$

$$D. \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2 + b^2}(a\cos(bx + c) + b\sin(bx + c)) + c_1$$

Answer: D



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$$453. \text{ If } \int e^x \sin x dx = \frac{u}{2} e^x + c, \text{ then } u =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{e^x}{2}(\sin x + \cos x + c)$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{-e^x}{2}(\sin x + \cos x + c)$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{e^x}{2}(\sin x - \cos x + c)$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-e^x}{2}(\sin x - \cos x + c)$$

Answer: C



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$$454. \int e^{5x} \cos 2x \cos x dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{e^{5x}}{4} \left(\frac{5\cos 3x + \sin 3x}{34} + \frac{5\cos x + \sin x}{26} \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{e^{5x}}{4} \left(\frac{5\cos 3x + \sin 3x}{34} - \frac{5\cos x + \sin x}{26} \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{e^{5x}}{2} \left(\frac{5\cos 3x + \sin 3x}{34} + \frac{5\cos x + \sin x}{26} \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{e^{5x}}{2} \left(\frac{5\cos 3x + \sin 3x}{34} - \frac{5\cos x + \sin x}{26} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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455. $\int \cos\sqrt{x} dx = ?$

A. $2\sqrt{x}\cos\sqrt{x} - 2\sin\sqrt{x} + c$

B. $2\sqrt{x}\cos\sqrt{x} + 2\sin\sqrt{x} + c$

C. $2\sqrt{x}\sin\sqrt{x} - 2\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

D. $2\sqrt{x}\sin\sqrt{x} + 2\cos\sqrt{x} + c$

Answer: D



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456. $\int \sin(\log x) dx =$

A. $\frac{x}{2}(\cos(\log x) - \sin(\log x)) + c$

B. $\frac{x}{2}(\sin(\log x) - \cos(\log x)) + c$

C. $\frac{x}{2}(\cos(\log x) + \sin(\log x)) + c$

$$D. \frac{-x}{2}(\sin(\log x) + \cos(\log x)) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$457. \int \sin x \log(\cos x) dx = ?$$

A. $\cos x(1 - \log|\cos x|) + c$

B. $\cos x(1 + \log|\cos x|) + c$

C. $\sin x(1 - \log|\cos x|) + c$

D. $\sin x(1 + \log|\cos x|) + c$

Answer: A



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$$458. \int e^{\sqrt{x}} dx = ?$$

A. $2e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x} - 1) + c$

B. $2e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x} + 1) + c$

C. $e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x} - 1) + c$

D. $e^{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x} + 1) + c$

Answer: A

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459. $\int e^{\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}dx =$

A. $2\sqrt{x} - e^{\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{x}e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$

B. $(2x - 4\sqrt{x} + 4)e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$

C. $(2x + 4\sqrt{x} + 4)e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$

D. $(1 - 4\sqrt{x})e^{\sqrt{x}} + c$

Answer: B

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460. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} [\log(x^2 + 1) - 2\log x]}{x^4} dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3} + \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{3} - \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) + c$

C. $\frac{2}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3} + \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) + c$

D. $\frac{2}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{3} - \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\right) + c$

Answer: B



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461. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int \frac{\log(\log x)}{x} dx$$

A. $\log x(\log x + 1) + c$

B. $\log x(\log x - 1) + c$

C. $\log x(\log(\log x) + 1) + c$

D. $\log x(\log(\log x) - 1) + c$

Answer: D

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462. $\int x^3 e^{x^2} dx$

A. $\frac{e^{x^2}}{2} (x^2 - 1) + c$

B. $\frac{e^{x^2}}{2} (x^2 + 1) + c$

C. $\frac{e^{x^2}}{2} (2x^2 - 1) + c$

D. $\frac{e^{x^2}}{2} (2x^2 + 1) + c$

Answer: A

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463. $\int \left(\log(1 + \cos x) - x \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) dx =$

A. $-x \log(1 + \cos x) + c$

B. $x \log(1 + \cos x) + c$

C. $\frac{-x}{2} \log(1 + \cos x) + c$

D. $\frac{x}{2} \log(1 + \cos x) + c$

Answer: B



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464. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} dx$$

A. $x \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x - x^2} + \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + c$

B. $x \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x - x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + c$

$$C. x \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x-x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + c$$

$$D. x \cos^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x-x^2} + \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x} + c$$

Answer: A



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465. $\int \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x} dx$ is equal to

$$A. x + \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x} + c$$

$$B. x + \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + c$$

$$C. (x+1) \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x} + c$$

$$D. (x+1) \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + c$$

Answer: D



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466. Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} - \cos^{-1}\sqrt{x}}{\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} + \cos^{-1}\sqrt{x}} dx$

A. $\frac{4}{\pi} \left(\sqrt{x-x^2} + (1-2x)\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} \right) - x + c$

B. $\frac{4}{\pi} \left(\sqrt{x-x^2} - (1-2x)\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} \right) - x + c$

C. $\frac{2}{\pi} \left(\sqrt{x-x^2} + (1-2x)\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} \right) - x + c$

D. $\frac{2}{\pi} \left(\sqrt{x-x^2} - (1-2x)\sin^{-1}\sqrt{x} \right) - x + c$

Answer: D



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467. $\int \frac{x \sin^{-1}x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

A. $\cos(\sin^{-1}x) + x \sin^{-1}x + c$

B. $-\cos(\sin^{-1}x) + x \sin^{-1}x + c$

C. $(\sin^{-1}x)\cos(\sin^{-1}x) + x + c$

$$D. -(\sin^{-1}x)\cos(\sin^{-1}x) + x + c$$

Answer: D



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468. If $I_1 = \int \sin^{-1}x dx$ and $I_2 = \int \sin^{-1}\sqrt{-x^2} dx$, then

A. $I_1 = I_2$

B. $I_2 = \frac{\pi}{2}I_1$

C. $I_1 + I_2 = \frac{\pi x}{2}$

D. $I_1 - I_2 = \frac{\pi x}{2}$

Answer: C



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469. $\int \cot^{-1}(1 - x + x^2) dx =$

A. $x \tan^{-1} x + (1 - x) \tan^{-1}(1 - x) + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + x^2| + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + (1 - x^2)| + c$

B. $x \tan^{-1} x - (1 - x) \tan^{-1}(1 - x) + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + x^2| + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + (1 - x^2)| + c$

C. $x \tan^{-1} x - (1 - x) \tan^{-1}(1 - x) - \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + x^2| + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + (1 - x^2)| + c$

D. $x \tan^{-1} x - (1 - x) \tan^{-1}(1 - x) + \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + x^2| - \frac{1}{2} \log |1 + (1 - x^2)| + c$

Answer: C

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470. if $d \frac{f(x)}{dx} = x \cos x + \sin x$ and $f(0) = 2$ then find $f(x) = ?$

A. $x \sin x$

B. $x \cos x + \sin x + 2$

C. $x \sin x + 2$

D. $x \cos x + 2$

Answer: C

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471. Q12) If the antiderivative of $f(x)$ is e^x and antiderivative of $g(x)$ is $\cos x$, then $\int f(x)\cos x dx + \int g(x)e^x dx$

A. $f(x)g(x) + c$

B. $f(x) + g(x) + c$

C. $e^x \cos x + c$

D. $-e^x \cos x + c$

Answer: C



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472. $\int e^x(1 + \tan x + \tan^2 x) dx =$

A. $e^x \tan x + c$

B. $-e^x \tan x + c$

C. $e^x(1 + \tan x) + c$

D. $-e^x|\log \sin x| + c$

Answer: A



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473. $\int e^x(\cot x - 1 - \cot^2 x) dx =$

A. $e^x \cot x + c$

B. $-e^x \cot x + c$

C. $e^x \cot^2 x + c$

D. $-e^x \cot^2 x + c$

Answer: A



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474. $\int e^x \sec x (1 + \tan x) dx = ?$

A. $e^x \cot x + c$

B. $e^x \tan x + c$

C. $e^x \sec x + c$

D. $e^x \cos x + c$

Answer: C



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475. $\int e^x (\tan x + \log \sec x) dx = ?$

A. $-e^x \tan x + c$

B. $e^x \tan x + c$

C. $-e^x \log(\sec x) + c$

D. $e^x \log(\sec x) + c$

Answer: D



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476. $\int e^x(\cot x + \log \sin x) dx = ?$

A. $-e^x \cot x + c$

B. $-e^x \log(\sin x) + c$

C. $e^x \cot x + c$

D. $e^x \log(\sin x) + c$

Answer: D



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477. $\int e^x \left(\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\sin^2 x} \right) dx =$

A. $e^x \operatorname{cosec} x + c$

B. $-e^x \operatorname{cosec} x + c$

C. $e^x \operatorname{sec} x + c$

D. $-e^x \operatorname{sec} x + c$

Answer: B



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478. If $\int e^x \left(\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} \right) dx = f(x) + \text{Constant}$, then $f(x)$ is equal to

A. $e^x \cot \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$

B. $-e^x \cot \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$

C. $2e^x \cot \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$

D. $-2e^x \cot \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$

Answer: B



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479. $\int e^x \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) dx = ?$

A. $e^x \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $e^x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $2e^x \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $-2e^x \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: A



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480. Evaluate: $\int e^x \left(\frac{2 + \sin 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} \right) dx$

A. $e^x \cot x + c$

B. $e^x \tan x + c$

C. $e^x \sin x + c$

D. $e^x \cos x + c$

Answer: B



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481. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int e^x \left(\frac{2 - \sin 2x}{1 - \cos 2x} \right) dx$$

A. $e^x \tan x + c$

B. $-e^x \tan x + c$

C. $e^x \cot x + c$

D. $-e^x \cot x + c$

Answer: D



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482. Evaluate: $\int e^x \left(\frac{1 + \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x} \right) dx$

A. $e^x \cot x + c$

B. $-e^x \cot x + c$

C. $e^x \tan x + c$

D. $-e^x \tan x + c$

Answer: C



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483. Evaluate: $\int e^x \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2} \sin^{-1} x + 1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

A. $e^x \sin^{-1} x + c$

B. $-e^x \sin^{-1} x + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + c$

$$D. \frac{-e^x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + c$$

Answer: A

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$$484. \int e^x \left(\frac{1 + x \log x}{x} \right) dx = ?$$

A. $\frac{\log x}{x} + c$

B. $e^x \log x + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{x} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{\log x} + c$

Answer: B

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485. $\int \frac{e^x}{x} (x(\log x)^2 + 2\log x) dx =$

A. $2e^x \log x + c$

B. $-2e^x \log x + c$

C. $e^x (\log x)^2 + c$

D. $-e^x (\log)^2 x + c$

Answer: C



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486. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int e^x \left(\log x + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) dx$$

A. $\frac{e^x}{x} (1 + \log x) + c$

B. $\frac{e^x}{x} (1 - \log x) + c$

C. $e^x \left(\log x - \frac{1}{x} \right) + c$

$$D. e^x \left(\log x + \frac{1}{x} \right) + c$$

Answer: C

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$$487. \int e^x \left(\frac{x-1}{x^2} \right) dx =$$

A. $\frac{e^x}{x} + c$

B. $\frac{-e^x}{x} + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{x^2} + c$

D. $\frac{-e^x}{x^2} + c$

Answer: A

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488. $\int e^x \cdot \frac{x}{(1+x)^2} dx = ?$

A. $\frac{-e^x}{x+1} + c$

B. $\frac{-e^x}{(x+1)^2} + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{x+1} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{(x+1)^2} + c$

Answer: C



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489. $\int e^x \left(\frac{x+3}{(x+4)^2} \right) dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{(x+4)^2} + c$

B. $\frac{e^x}{(x+4)^2} + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{x+4} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{x+3} + c$

Answer: C

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490. $\int \frac{xe^x}{(x+2)^3} dx =$

A. $\frac{-e^x}{x+2} + c$

B. $\frac{e^x}{x+2} + c$

C. $\frac{-e^x}{(x+2)^2} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{(x+2)^2} + c$

Answer: D

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491. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int e^x \frac{(x-1)}{(x+1)^3} dx$$

A. $\frac{-e^x}{x+1} + c$

B. $\frac{e^x}{x+1} + c$

C. $\frac{-e^x}{(x+1)^2} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{(x+1)^2} + c$

Answer: D



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492. $\int e^x \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{(x+1)^2} \right) dx =$

A. $e^x \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right) + c$

B. $e^x \left(\frac{x+1}{x-1} \right) + c$

C. $e^x(x + 1)(x - 1) + c$

D. $e^x(x + 1) + c$

Answer: A

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493. $\int e^x \left(\frac{x + 2}{x + 4} \right)^2 dx =$

A. $e^x \left(\frac{x}{x + 4} \right) + c$

B. $e^x \left(\frac{x + 2}{x + 4} \right) + c$

C. $e^x \left(\frac{x - 2}{x + 4} \right) + c$

D. $e^x \left(\frac{2x}{x + 4} \right) + c$

Answer: A

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494. Evaluate: $\int e^x \frac{(1-x)^2}{(1+x^2)^2} dx$

A. $\frac{e^x}{1+x^2} + c$

B. $\frac{-e^x}{1+x^2} + c$

C. $\frac{e^x}{(1+x^2)^2} + c$

D. $\frac{-e^x}{(1+x^2)^2} + c$

Answer: A



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495. $\int e^x \left(\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) dx =$

A. $\frac{-e^x}{x^2 + 1} + c$

B. $\frac{e^x}{x^2 + 1} + c$

C. $\frac{-e^x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} + c$

D. $\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} + c$

Answer: D

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496. Evaluate: $\int e^{2x} (-\sin x + 2\cos x) dx$

A. $e^{2x}\sin x + c$

B. $-e^{2x}\sin x + c$

C. $e^{2x}\cos x + c$

D. $-2e^{2x}\cos x + c$

Answer: C

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$$497. \int e^{\frac{x}{2}} \left(\frac{2 - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} \right) dx =$$

A. $2e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $-2e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $-e^{\frac{x}{2}} \cot\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: B



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498. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\int e^{2x} \left(\frac{1 + \sin 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} \right) dx$$

A. $\frac{e^{2x}}{2} \cot x + c$

B. $\frac{e^{2x}}{2} \tan x + c$

C. $2e^{2x}\cot x + c$

D. $2e^{2x}\tan x + c$

Answer: B



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499. $\int e^{3x} \left(\log 2x + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx =$

A. $\frac{e^{3x}}{3} \log 2x + c$

B. $\frac{e^{3x}}{2} \log 2x + c$

C. $3e^{3x} \log 2x + c$

D. $e^{3x} \log 2x + c$

Answer: A



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500. $\int e^{\cos x}(\sin x \cos x + \sin x) dx =$

A. $e^{\cos x} \cos x + c$

B. $-e^{\cos x} \cos x + c$

C. $e^{\cos x}(1 + \cos x) + c$

D. $-e^{\cos x}(1 + \cos x) + c$

Answer: B



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501. $\int e^{\sin x}(\sin x \cos x + \cos x) dx =$

A. $e^{\sin x} \sin x + c$

B. $-e^{\sin x} \sin x + c$

C. $e^{\sin x}(1 + \sin x) + c$

D. $-e^{\sin x}(1 + \sin x) + c$

Answer: A



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502. $\int e^{\tan x} (\sec^2 x + \sec^3 x \sin x) dx$ is equal to

A. $e^{\tan x} + c$

B. $-e^{\tan x} + c$

C. $e^{\tan x} \tan x + c$

D. $-e^{\tan x} \tan x + c$

Answer: C



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503. $\int [\sin(\log x) + \cos(\log x)] dx$

A. $-x \sin(\log x) + c$

B. $x\sin(\log x) + c$

C. $-x\cos(\log x) + c$

D. $x\cos(\log x) + c$

Answer: B

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504. $\int \left[\frac{1}{\log x} - \frac{1}{(\log x)^2} \right] dx =$

A. $\frac{1}{\log x} + c$

B. $\frac{x}{\log x} + c$

C. $\frac{x}{(\log x)^2} + c$

D. $\frac{1}{x\log x} + c$

Answer: B

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505. $\int \frac{\log x}{(1 + \log x)^2} dx =$ (A) $\frac{1}{1 + \log x} + c$ (B) $\frac{x}{1 + \log x} + c$ (C) $\log \log(1 + \log x) + c$ (D) none of these

A. $\frac{x}{1 + \log x} + c$

B. $\frac{-x}{1 + \log x} + c$

C. $\frac{1}{1 + \log x} + c$

D. $\frac{-1}{1 + \log x} + c$

Answer: A

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506. If $\int \left[\frac{\log x - 1}{1 + (\log x)^2} \right]^2 dx = \frac{f(x)}{1 + (g(x))^2} + c$, then (A) $f(x) = x$ (B) $f(x) = x^2$
 (C) $g(x) = \log x$ (D) $g(x) = (\log x)^2$

A. $\frac{xe^2}{1 + x^2} + c$

B. $\frac{x}{(\log x)^2 + 1} + c$

C. $\frac{\log x}{(\log x)^2 + 1} + c$

D. $\frac{x}{x^2 + 1} + c$

Answer: B



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507. $\int e^{\sin^{-1}x} \left(\frac{x + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \right) dx =$

A. $xe^{\sin^{-1}x} + c$

B. $-xe^{\sin^{-1}x} + c$

C. $e^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

D. $-e^{\sin^{-1}x} + c$

Answer: A



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508. $\int e^{\tan^{-1}x} \left(1 + \frac{x}{1+x^2} \right) dx$

A. $e^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

B. $-e^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

C. $xe^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

D. $-xe^{\tan^{-1}x} + c$

Answer: C



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509. The integral $\int \left(1 + x - \frac{1}{x} \right) e^{x + \frac{1}{x}} dx$ is equal to

A. $(x - 1)e^{x + \frac{1}{x}} + c$

B. $xe^{x + \frac{1}{x}} + c$

C. $(x + 1)e^{x + \frac{1}{x}} + c$

$$D. -xe^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + c$$

Answer: B



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$$510. \int 3^x(f(x)\log 3 + f'(x))dx =$$

A. $3^x f'(x)\log 3 + c$

B. $3^x f(x)\log 3 + c$

C. $3^x f'(x) + c$

D. $3^x f(x) + c$

Answer: D



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$$511. \int \sqrt{(x-3)(5-x)}dx =$$

$$A. \frac{x-4}{2} \sqrt{(8x-x^2)-15} + \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1}(x-4) + c$$

$$B. \frac{x-4}{2} \sqrt{(8x-x^2)-15} + \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1}(x-4) + c$$

$$C. \frac{x-4}{4} \sqrt{(8x-x^2)-15} + \frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1}(x-4) + c$$

$$D. \frac{x-4}{4} \sqrt{(8x-x^2)-15} + \frac{1}{2} \sin^{-1}(x-4) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$512. \int \sqrt{4+3x-2x^2} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{4x-3}{4\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{4+3x-2x^2} + \frac{41}{16\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4x-3}{\sqrt{41}} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{4x-3}{4\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{4+3x-2x^2} + \frac{41}{32\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4x-3}{\sqrt{41}} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{4x-3}{8} \sqrt{4+3x-2x^2} + \frac{41}{16\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4x-3}{\sqrt{41}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{4x-3}{8} \sqrt{4+3x-2x^2} + \frac{41}{32\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4x-3}{\sqrt{41}} \right) + c$$

Answer: C



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513. $\int \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} dx$

A. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} - \frac{2}{9} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{2} \right) + c$

B. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} + \frac{2}{9} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{2} \right) + c$

C. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} - \frac{2}{3} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{2} \right) + c$

D. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{4 - 9x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3x}{2} \right) + c$

Answer: D



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514. $\int \sqrt{2ax - x^2} dx$

$$\text{A. } \frac{(x-a)\sqrt{2ax-x^2}}{2} - \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-a}{a}\right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{(x-a)\sqrt{2ax-x^2}}{2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-a}{a}\right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{(x-a)\sqrt{2ax-x^2}}{2} - \frac{a}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-a}{a}\right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{(x-a)\sqrt{2ax-x^2}}{2} + \frac{a}{2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x-a}{a}\right) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$515. \int \cos x \sqrt{36 - \sin^2 x} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{\sin x - a}{2} \sqrt{36 - \sin^2 x} + 3 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{6}\right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{\sin x - a}{2} \sqrt{36 - \sin^2 x} + 6 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{6}\right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{\sin x}{2} \sqrt{36 - \sin^2 x} + 18 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{6}\right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{\sin x - a}{2} \sqrt{36 - \sin^2 x} + 36 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{6}\right) + c$$

Answer: C

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516. $\int \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} dx =$

A. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} + \frac{2}{3} \log \left| 3x + \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} \right| + c$

B. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} - \frac{2}{3} \log \left| 3x + \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} + \frac{2}{9} \log \left| 3x + \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} + \frac{2}{9} \log \left| 3x + \sqrt{9x^2 - 4} \right| + c$

Answer: B

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517. $\int \sqrt{4x^2 + 5} dx =$

A. $\frac{x}{2} \sqrt{4x^2 + 5} - \frac{5}{4} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{4}} \right| + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4x^2 + 5} + \frac{5}{4}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{4}}\right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4x^2 + 5} - \frac{5}{2}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{4}}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4x^2 + 5} + \frac{5}{2}\log\left|x + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{5}{4}}\right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$518. \int \sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{3x - 1}{6}\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4} + \frac{1}{2}\log\left|3x - 1 + \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4}}{3}\right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{3x - 1}{6}\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4} - \frac{1}{2}\log\left|3x - 1 + \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4}}{3}\right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{3x - 1}{3}\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4} + \frac{1}{2}\log\left|3x - 1 + \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4}}{3}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{3x - 1}{3}\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4} - \frac{1}{2}\log\left|3x - 1 + \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 - 6x + 4}}{3}\right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$519. \int \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{x+2}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} + \frac{9}{2} \log \left| x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{x+2}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} - \frac{9}{2} \log \left| x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{x+2}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} + \frac{3}{2} \log \left| x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{x+2}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} - \frac{3}{2} \log \left| x + 2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 13} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$520. \int \sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{x-2}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} - \frac{9}{2} \log \left| x - 2 + \sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 5} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{x-2}{2} \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} + \frac{9}{2} \log \left| x-2 + \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{x-2}{2} \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} - \frac{9}{4} \log \left| x-2 + \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{x-2}{2} \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} + \frac{9}{4} \log \left| x-2 + \sqrt{x^2-4x-5} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$521. \int \sqrt{2x^2 + 3x + 4} dx$$

$$A. \frac{4x+3}{8} \sqrt{2x^2+3x+4} - \frac{23}{8\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + 2} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{4x+3}{8} \sqrt{2x^2+3x+4} + \frac{23}{8\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + 2} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{4x+3}{8} \sqrt{2x^2+3x+4} - \frac{23}{16\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + 2} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{4x+3}{8} \sqrt{2x^2+3x+4} + \frac{23}{16\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{4x+3}{4} + \sqrt{x^2 + \frac{3x}{2} + 2} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$522. \int \sin x \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} dx =$$

- A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| 1 - \cos x + \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} \right| + \frac{1 - \cos x}{2} \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} + c$
- B. $\frac{-1}{2} \log \left| 1 - \cos x + \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} \right| + \frac{1 - \cos x}{2} \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} + c$
- C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \cos x - 1 + \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} \right| + \frac{1 - \cos x}{2} \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} + c$
- D. $\frac{-1}{2} \log \left| \cos x - 1 + \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} \right| + \frac{1 - \cos x}{2} \sqrt{\cos^2 x - 2\cos x + 2} + c$

Answer: D



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$$523. \int e^x \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} dx =$$

- A. $\frac{e^x}{4} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$
- B. $\frac{e^x}{4} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$
- C. $\frac{e^x}{2} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$

$$D. \frac{e^x}{2} \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| e^x + \sqrt{e^{2x} + 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$524. \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2}}{x} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{\log x}{2} \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \log x + \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{\log x}{2} \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \log x + \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{\log x}{2} \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \log x + \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{\log x}{2} \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} + \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \log x + \sqrt{1 + (\log x)^2} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$525. \int \frac{\sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1}}{x} dx =$$

A.

$$\frac{2\log x + 3}{4} \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} - \frac{5}{4} \log \left| \log x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} \right|$$

B.

$$\frac{2\log x + 3}{4} \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} - \frac{5}{8} \log \left| \log x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} \right|$$

C.

$$\frac{2\log x + 3}{4} \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} + \frac{5}{4} \log \left| \log x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} \right|$$

D.

$$\frac{2\log x + 3}{4} \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} + \frac{5}{8} \log \left| \log x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{(\log x)^2 + 3(\log x) + 1} \right|$$

Answer: B



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$$526. \int (x - 5) \sqrt{x^2 - 1} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} - \frac{5x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + \frac{5}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} + \frac{5x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \frac{5}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} - \frac{5x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \frac{5}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} + \frac{5x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + \frac{5}{2} \log \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$527. \int x \sqrt{1 + x - x^2} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(1 + x - x^2)^3} + \frac{1}{16} \left((2x - 1) \sqrt{1 + x - x^2} + \frac{5}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(1 + x - x^2)^3} - \frac{1}{16} \left((2x - 1) \sqrt{1 + x - x^2} + \frac{5}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{-1}{3} \sqrt{(1 + x - x^2)^3} - \frac{1}{8} \left((2x - 1) \sqrt{1 + x - x^2} + \frac{5}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{-1}{3} \sqrt{(1 + x - x^2)^3} + \frac{1}{8} \left((2x - 1) \sqrt{1 + x - x^2} + \frac{5}{2} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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528. Evaluate: $\int (x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} dx$

A.

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{1}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{3}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + C$$

B.

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} + \frac{1}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} - \frac{3}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + C$$

C.

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{1}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} - \frac{3}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + C$$

D.

$$\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} + \frac{1}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{3}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right| + C$$

Answer: D



529. Evaluate: $\int (x - 5) \sqrt{x^2 + x} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x)^3} + \frac{11}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x} + \frac{11}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x} \right| c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x)^3} - \frac{11}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x} + \frac{11}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x} \right| c$

C. $\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x)^3} + \frac{11}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x} - \frac{11}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x} \right| c$

D. $\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(x^2 + x)^3} - \frac{11}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x} - \frac{11}{16} \log \left| \frac{2x + 1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x} \right| c$

Answer: B



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530. Evaluate: $\int (3x - 2) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} dx$

A.

$$\sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{7}{8} (2x + 1) \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{21}{16} \log \left| x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} \right| c$$

$$\text{B. } \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{7}{8}(2x + 1)\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} - \frac{21}{16}\log\left|x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}\right| + c$$

C.

$$\sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{7}{8}(2x + 1)\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + \frac{21}{8}\log\left|x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \sqrt{(x^2 + x + 1)^3} - \frac{7}{8}(2x + 1)\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} - \frac{21}{8}\log\left|x + \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}\right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$531. \int \frac{dx}{x(x+1)} =$$

$$\text{A. } \log\left|\frac{x+1}{x}\right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log\left|\frac{x}{x+1}\right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log\left|\frac{x-1}{x}\right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log\left|\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$532. \int \frac{dx}{x - x^3} =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1 - x^2}{x^2} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \frac{1 - x}{x(1 + x)} \right| + c$

C. $\log |x - x^3| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{x^2}{1 - x^2} \right| + c$

Answer: D



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$$533. \int \frac{dx}{x(x - 2)(x - 4)}$$

A. $\frac{1}{8}\log|x| - \frac{1}{4}\log|x - 2| - \frac{1}{8}\log|x - 4| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{8}\log|x| - \frac{1}{4}\log|x - 2| + \frac{1}{8}\log|x - 4| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{8}\log|x| + \frac{1}{4}\log|x - 2| - \frac{1}{8}\log|x - 4| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{8}\log|x| + \frac{1}{4}\log|x - 2| + \frac{1}{8}\log|x - 4| + c$

Answer: B



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534. $\int \frac{x + 1}{x^2 + 5x + 6} dx =$

A. $\log \left| \frac{(x + 3)^2}{x + 2} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \frac{x + 2}{(x + 3)^2} \right| + c$

C. $2\log \left| \frac{x + 3}{x + 2} \right| + c$

D. $2\log \left| \frac{x + 2}{x + 3} \right| + c$

Answer: A

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$$535. \int \frac{2x}{4 - 3x - x^2} dx =$$

A. $\frac{-8}{5} \log|4 + x| + \frac{2}{5} \log|1 - x| + c$

B. $\frac{-8}{5} \log|4 + x| - \frac{2}{5} \log|1 - x| + c$

C. $\frac{-4}{5} \log|4 + x| + \frac{2}{5} \log|1 - x| + c$

D. $\frac{-4}{5} \log|4 + x| - \frac{2}{5} \log|1 - x| + c$

Answer: B

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$$536. \int \frac{4x}{2x^2 + x - 1} dx =$$

A. $\frac{2}{3} \log|2x - 1| + \frac{2}{3} \log|x + 1| + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{2}{3}\log|2x - 1| - \frac{2}{3}\log|x + 1| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{3}\log|2x - 1| + \frac{4}{3}\log|x + 1| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{2}{3}\log|2x - 1| - \frac{4}{3}\log|x + 1| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$537. \int \frac{12x + 3}{6x^2 + 13x - 63} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{31}{41}\log|2x + 9| + \frac{51}{41}\log|3x - 7| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{31}{21}\log|2x + 9| + \frac{51}{21}\log|3x - 7| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{51}{41}\log|2x + 9| + \frac{31}{41}\log|3x - 7| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{51}{21}\log|2x + 9| + \frac{31}{41}\log|3x - 7| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$538. \int \frac{x^2 + 2}{(x - 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{4} \log|x - 1| + 2 \log|x + 2| + \frac{11}{4} \log|x + 3| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{4} \log|x - 1| + 2 \log|x + 2| - \frac{11}{4} \log|x + 3| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{4} \log|x - 1| - 2 \log|x + 2| + \frac{11}{4} \log|x + 3| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{4} \log|x - 1| - 2 \log|x + 2| - \frac{11}{4} \log|x + 3| + c$$

Answer: C



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$$539. \int \frac{x^2}{(x - 1)(3x - 1)(3x - 2)} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \log|x - 1| + \frac{1}{18} \log|3x - 1| + \frac{4}{9} \log|3x - 2| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{2} \log|x - 1| - \frac{1}{18} \log|3x - 1| + \frac{4}{9} \log|3x - 2| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{2} \log|x - 1| + \frac{1}{18} \log|3x - 1| - \frac{4}{9} \log|3x - 2| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{2} \log|x - 1| - \frac{1}{18} \log|3x - 1| - \frac{4}{9} \log|3x - 2| + c$$

Answer: C

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540. $\int \frac{x^2 + x - 1}{x^2 + x - 6} dx$

A. $x + \log|x + 3| + \log|x + 2| + c$

B. $x - \log|x + 3| - \log|x + 2| + c$

C. $x - \log|x + 3| + \log|x + 2| + c$

D. $x + \log|x + 3| - \log|x + 2| + c$

Answer: C

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541. Evaluate : $\int \frac{1 - x^2}{x(1 - 2x)} dx$

A. $\frac{x}{2} + \log|x| + \frac{3}{2}\log|1 - 2x| + c$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x}{2} + \log|x| - \frac{3}{2}\log|1 - 2x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x}{2} + \log|x| + \frac{3}{4}\log|1 - 2x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x}{2} + \log|x| - \frac{3}{4}\log|1 - 2x| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$542. \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x + 11}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 9\log|x - 2| + 11\log|x - 3| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{x^2}{2} - x + 9\log|x - 2| + 11\log|x - 3| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 9\log|x - 2| - 11\log|x - 3| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{x^2}{2} + x - 9\log|x - 2| + 11\log|x - 3| + c$$

Answer: D



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543. $\int \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 3}{2x^2 - x - 1} dx =$

A. $\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{5}{6}\log|2x + 1| + \frac{1}{3}\log|x - 1| + c$

B. $\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{5}{6}\log|2x + 1| + \frac{2}{3}\log|x - 1| + c$

C. $\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{6}\log|2x + 1| + \frac{2}{3}\log|x - 1| + c$

D. $\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x + \frac{1}{6}\log|2x + 1| + \frac{1}{3}\log|x - 1| + c$

Answer: B



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544. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} dx$

A. $x + 5\log\left|\frac{(x - 3)^2}{x - 2}\right| + c$

B. $x - 5\log\left|\frac{(x - 3)^2}{x - 2}\right| + c$

C. $x + \log\left|\frac{(x - 3)^2}{x - 2}\right| + c$

$$D. x - \log \left| \frac{(x-3)^2}{x-2} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$545. \int \frac{3}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)} dx =$$

A. $\tan^{-1}x + \frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

B. $\tan^{-1}x - \frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

C. $\tan^{-1}x + 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

D. $\tan^{-1}x - 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$

Answer: B

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$$546. \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + 2)(2x^2 + 1)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}x) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}x) + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{2}{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}x) + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{2}{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2}x) + c$$

Answer: B



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$$547. \int \frac{x^2}{x^4 + 5x^2 + 6} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \sqrt{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \sqrt{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \sqrt{3} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + c$$

Answer: A



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$$548. \int \frac{2x^2 - 1}{(x^2 + 4)(x^2 + 5)} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{11}{2\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$B. \frac{11}{2\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) - \frac{9}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$C. \frac{11}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$$

$$D. \frac{11}{\sqrt{5}} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{5}} \right) - \frac{9}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + c$$

Answer: D



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$$549. \int \frac{2x^2 - 1}{(x^2 + 4)(x^2 - 5)} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{5} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{x + \sqrt{5}}{x - \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{5} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{5}}{x + \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{5} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{x + \sqrt{5}}{x - \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{5} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{5}}{x + \sqrt{5}} \right| + c$$

Answer: B

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$$550. \text{ If : } \int \frac{2x^2 + 3}{(x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 4)} dx = \log \left[\left(\frac{x - 2}{x + 2} \right)^a \cdot \left(\frac{x + 1}{x - 1} \right)^b \right] + c \text{ then : } (a, b) \equiv$$

$$A. a = \frac{11}{12}, b = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\text{B. } a = \frac{11}{12}, b = \frac{-5}{6}$$

$$\text{C. } a = \frac{-11}{12}, b = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\text{D. } a = \frac{-11}{12}, b = \frac{-5}{6}$$

Answer: A



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$$551. \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 3)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{10} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{15\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{2}}{x + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{10} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{15\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{2}}{x + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{10} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{15\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{2}}{x + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{10} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{15\sqrt{2}} \log \left| \frac{x - \sqrt{2}}{x + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c$$

Answer: D



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$$552. \int \frac{dx}{x(x^5 + 1)}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{5} \log \left| \frac{x^5 + 1}{x^5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{5} \log \left| \frac{x^5}{x^5 + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{10} \log \left| \frac{x^5 + 1}{x^5} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{10} \log \left| \frac{x^5}{x^5 + 1} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$553. \int \frac{dx}{x(x^6 + 1)}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x^6}{x^6 + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x^6 + 1}{x^6} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } 6 \log \left| \frac{x^6}{x^6 + 1} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } 6 \log \left| \frac{x^6 + 1}{x^6} \right| + c$$

Answer: A



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$$554. \int \frac{2x}{(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 3)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } 2 \log \left| \frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + 3} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } 2 \log \left| \frac{x^2 + 3}{x^2 + 2} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + 3} \right| + c$$

$$D. 2\log\left|\frac{x^2 + 3}{x^2 + 2}\right| + c$$

Answer: C

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555. $\int \frac{x}{(x^2 - a^2)(x^2 - b^2)} dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{2(a^2 - b^2)} \log\left|\frac{x^2 - a^2}{x^2 - b^2}\right| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2(a^2 - b^2)} \log\left|\frac{x^2 - b^2}{x^2 - a^2}\right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \log\left|\frac{x^2 - a^2}{x^2 - b^2}\right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \log\left|\frac{x^2 - b^2}{x^2 - a^2}\right| + c$

Answer: A

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$$556. \int \frac{x^2}{(1+x^3)(2+x^3)} dx$$

$$A. \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x^3+2}{x^3+1} \right| + c$$

$$B. \frac{1}{6} \log \left| \frac{x^3+1}{x^3+2} \right| + c$$

$$C. \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{x^3+2}{x^3+1} \right| + c$$

$$D. \frac{1}{3} \log \left| \frac{x^3+1}{x^3+2} \right| + c$$

Answer: D

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$$557. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{(1-\cos 2x)(2-\cos 2x)} dx =$$

$$A. \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1-\cos 2x}{2-\cos 2x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2 - \cos 2x}{1 - \cos 2x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2 - \cos 2x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \frac{2 - \cos 2x}{1 - \cos 2x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$558. \int \frac{dx}{\sin x(3 + 2\cos x)}$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{10} \log|1 - \cos x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| + \frac{2}{5} \log|3 + 2\cos x| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{10} \log|1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| - \frac{2}{5} \log|3 + 2\cos x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{10} \log|1 - \cos x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| - \frac{2}{5} \log|3 + 2\cos x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{10} \log|1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| + \frac{2}{5} \log|3 + 2\cos x| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$559. \int \frac{dx}{\sin x + \sin 2x}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| + \frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\cos x| + c$
- B. $\frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \cos x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| + \frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\cos x| + c$
- C. $\frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| - \frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\cos x| + c$
- D. $\frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \cos x| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \cos x| - \frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\cos x| + c$

Answer: C



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$$560. \int \frac{dy}{\cos y + \sin 2y} =$$

- A. $\frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\sin y| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \sin y| + \frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \sin y| + c$
- B. $\frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\sin y| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \sin y| - \frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \sin y| + c$
- C. $\frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\sin y| - \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \sin y| + \frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \sin y| + c$
- D. $\frac{2}{3} \log|1 + 2\sin y| + \frac{1}{2} \log|1 + \sin y| - \frac{1}{6} \log|1 - \sin y| + c$

Answer: B



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$$561. \int \frac{e^x}{(1 + e^x)(2 + e^x)} dx$$

A. $\log \left| \frac{1 + e^x}{2 + e^x} \right| + c$

B. $\log \left| \frac{2 + e^x}{1 + e^x} \right| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{1 + e^x}{2 + e^x} \right| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2 + e^x}{1 + e^x} \right| + c$

Answer: A



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$$562. \int \frac{1}{x \log x (2 + \log x)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{2 + \log x}{\log x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log \left| \frac{\log x}{2 + \log x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{2 + \log x}{\log x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{\log x}{2 + \log x} \right| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$563. \int \frac{\log x}{x(1 + \log x)(2 + \log x)} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \log \left| \frac{(2 + \log x)^2}{1 + \log x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log \left| \frac{1 + \log x}{(2 + \log x)^2} \right| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log \left| \frac{2 + \log x}{1 + \log x} \right| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log \left| \frac{1 + \log x}{2 + \log x} \right| + c$$

Answer: A

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$$564. \int \frac{1 + \log x}{x(2x + \log x)(3 + \log x)} dx \text{ (March '16)}$$

$$\text{A. } 2\log|3 + \log x| + \log|2 + \log x| + c$$

$$\text{B. } 2\log|3 + \log x| - \log|2 + \log x| + c$$

$$\text{C. } \log|3 + \log x| + 2\log|2 + \log x| + c$$

$$\text{D. } \log|3 + \log x| - 2\log|2 + \log x| + c$$

Answer: B

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565. Evaluate: $\int \frac{5x^2 + 20x + 6}{x^3 + 2x^2 + x} dx$

A. $6\log|x| + \log|x + 1| + \frac{9}{x + 1} + c$

B. $6\log|x| - \log|x + 1| + \frac{9}{x + 1} + c$

C. $6\log|x| + \log|x + 1| - \frac{9}{x + 1} + c$

D. $6\log|x| - \log|x + 1| - \frac{9}{x + 1} + c$

Answer: D



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566. The value of $\int \frac{3x + 2}{(x - 2)^2(x - 3)} dx$ is equal to

A. $11\log\left|\frac{x - 3}{x - 2}\right| - \frac{8}{x - 2} + c$

B. $11\log\left|\frac{x - 3}{x - 2}\right| - \frac{4}{x - 2} + c$

C. $11\log\left|\frac{x - 3}{x - 2}\right| + \frac{8}{x - 2} + c$

$$D. 11\log\left|\frac{x-3}{x-2}\right| + \frac{4}{x-2} + c$$

Answer: C



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$$567. \int \frac{3x+1}{(x+2)(x-2)^2} dx$$

$$A. \frac{5}{16}\log|x-2| + \frac{7}{4(x-2)} + \frac{5}{16}\log|x+2| + c$$

$$B. \frac{5}{16}\log|x-2| - \frac{7}{4(x-2)} - \frac{5}{16}\log|x+2| + c$$

$$C. \frac{5}{16}\log|x-2| - \frac{7}{4(x-2)} + \frac{5}{16}\log|x+2| + c$$

$$D. \frac{5}{16}\log|x-2| + \frac{7}{4(x-2)} - \frac{5}{16}\log|x+2| + c$$

Answer: B



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$$568. \int \frac{3x-2}{(x+1)^2(x+3)} dx$$

$$A. \frac{11}{4} \log|x+1| + \frac{5}{2(x+1)} + \frac{11}{4} \log|x+3| + c$$

$$B. \frac{11}{4} \log|x+1| - \frac{5}{2(x+1)} - \frac{11}{4} \log|x+3| + c$$

$$C. \frac{11}{4} \log|x+1| - \frac{5}{2(x+1)} + \frac{11}{4} \log|x+3| + c$$

$$D. \frac{11}{4} \log|x+1| + \frac{5}{2(x+1)} - \frac{11}{4} \log|x+3| + c$$

Answer: D

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569. Evaluate : $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{(x - 1)^2} dx$

$$A. x + 2 \log|x+1| + \frac{2}{x+1} + c$$

$$B. x + 2 \log|x+1| - \frac{2}{x+1} + c$$

$$C. x - 2 \log|x+1| + \frac{2}{x+1} + c$$

$$D. x - 2 \log|x+1| - \frac{2}{x+1} + c$$

Answer: D

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570. $\int \frac{3x - 1}{(x - 2)^2} dx$

A. $3\log|x - 2| + \frac{1}{x - 2} + c$

B. $3\log|x - 2| - \frac{1}{x - 2} + c$

C. $3\log|x - 2| + \frac{5}{x - 2} + c$

D. $3\log|x - 2| - \frac{5}{x - 2} + c$

Answer: D



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571. $\int \frac{2x + 7}{(x - 4)^2} dx =$

A. $4\log|x - 4| - \frac{15}{x - 4} + c$

B. $4\log|x - 4| + \frac{15}{x - 4} + c$

C. $2\log|x - 4| - \frac{15}{x - 4} + c$

$$D. 2\log|x - 4| + \frac{15}{x - 4} + c$$

Answer: C

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572. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{(x - 1)^3} dx$

A. $\log|x - 1| - \frac{3}{x - 1} - \frac{3}{2(x - 1)} + c$

B. $\log|x - 1| - \frac{3}{x - 1} + \frac{3}{2(x - 1)} + c$

C. $\log|x - 1| + \frac{3}{x - 1} - \frac{3}{2(x - 1)} + c$

D. $\log|x - 1| + \frac{3}{x - 1} + \frac{3}{2(x - 1)} + c$

Answer: A

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573. Evaluate: $\int \frac{(3\sin x - 2)\cos x}{5 - \cos^2 x - 4\sin x} dx$

$$\text{A. } 3\log|\sin x - 2| + \frac{4}{\sin x - 2} + c$$

$$\text{B. } 3\log|\sin x - 2| - \frac{4}{\sin x - 2} + c$$

$$\text{C. } 3\log|\sin x - 2| + \frac{2}{\sin x - 2} + c$$

$$\text{D. } 3\log|\sin x - 2| - \frac{2}{\sin x - 2} + c$$

Answer: B

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$$574. \int \frac{\tan x}{(1 - \tan x)} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \right| + \frac{1}{2(1 - \sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \right| - \frac{1}{2(1 - \sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right| + \frac{1}{2(1 - \sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{4} \log \left| \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right| - \frac{1}{2(1 - \sin x)} + c$$

Answer: C



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$$575. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{(3 + 2\sin x)^2} dx =$$

$$\text{A. } \frac{1}{2} \log|3 + 2\sin x| + \frac{3}{2(3 + 2\sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{B. } \frac{1}{2} \log|3 + 2\sin x| - \frac{3}{2(3 + 2\sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{C. } \frac{1}{2} \log|3 + 2\sin x| + \frac{2}{3(3 + 2\sin x)} + c$$

$$\text{D. } \frac{1}{2} \log|3 + 2\sin x| - \frac{2}{3(3 + 2\sin x)} + c$$

Answer: A



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$$576. \int \frac{8}{(x + 2)(x^2 + 4)} dx$$

$$\text{A. } \log|x + 2| + \frac{1}{2} \log|x^2 + 4| - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$\text{B. } \log|x + 2| - \frac{1}{2} \log|x^2 + 4| + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$C. \log|x + 2| - \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 + 4| - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$D. \log|x + 2| + \frac{1}{2}\log|x^2 + 4| + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

Answer: B

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$$577. \int \frac{5x^2}{(x + 1)(x^2 + 4)} dx =$$

$$A. \log|x + 1| + 2\log|x^2 + 4| - 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$B. \log|x + 1| - 2\log|x^2 + 4| + 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$C. \log|x + 1| - 2\log|x^2 + 4| - 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

$$D. \log|x + 1| + 2\log|x^2 + 4| + 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$$

Answer: A

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578. Evaluate: $\int \frac{x}{(x+1)(x^2+1)} dx$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x-1| + \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x-1| - \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x-1| - \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x-1| + \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

Answer: C



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579. $\int \frac{dx}{1+x+x^2+x^3} =$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1+x| + \frac{1}{4} \log|1+x^2| + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1+x| - \frac{1}{4} \log|1+x^2| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1+x| + \frac{1}{4} \log|1+x^2| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log|1+x| - \frac{1}{4} \log|1+x^2| + \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}x + c$

Answer: D



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$$580. \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2(x^2+1)} dx =$$

A. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x+1| + \frac{1}{2(x+1)} - \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + c$

B. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x+1| - \frac{1}{2(x+1)} + \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + c$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x+1| - \frac{1}{2(x+1)} - \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + c$

D. $\frac{1}{2} \log|x+1| + \frac{1}{2(x+1)} + \frac{1}{4} \log|x^2+1| + c$

Answer: C



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581. Let $I_n = \int \tan^n x dx, (n > 1) \cdot I_4 + I_6 = a \tan^5 x + b x^5 + c$, where c is constant of integration, then the ordered pair (a,b) is equal to

A. $\left(\frac{-1}{5}, 0\right)$

B. $\left(\frac{-1}{5}, 1\right)$

C. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, 0\right)$

D. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -1\right)$

Answer: C



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582. If $\int \frac{dx}{(x^2 + 4)(x^2 + 9)} = A \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + B \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + c$, then $A - B =$

A. $\frac{1}{6}$

B. $\frac{1}{30}$

C. $\frac{-1}{30}$

D. $\frac{-1}{6}$

Answer: A



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