

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - MARVEL CHEMISTRY (HINGLISH)

CHEMISTRIY IN EVERYDAY LIFE



1. Drug means

- A. Dry chemicals
- B. Dry herbs
- C. Dry powder
- D. Dry medicine

Answer: B



- 2. The role of chemistry has been
 - A. to improve the quality of life

- B. to provide shelter, food and clothing
- C. to provide medicine
- D. all of these

Answer: D



- 3. The characteristic of an ideal drug is
 - A. to attack on the system
 - B. to have some side effects

C. its actio should be localized to a site of requrement only

D. it may damage the clellf of the body

Answer: C



4. Cheemotherapy is the branch of science dealing with

A. chemicals

B. treatment of disease with the use of chemicals

C. colour chemistry

D. treatment of disease effect organism but do not cure disease

Answer: B



5. The use of chemicals for treatment of diseases is called as:

A. Cobalt therapy

B. Physiotherapy

C. Chemotherapy

D. Chemical therapeutie

Answer: C



6. Drugs which do not bind to the enzyme's active site, but to different site is called

A. Inactive site Locktic site

B. Locktic site

C. Reactive site

D. Allosteric site

Answer: D



7. Drugs that bind to the receptor site and inhibit its natural function are called:

- A. Antagonists
- **B.** Agonists
- C. Pignosts
- D. Logistic

Answer: A



8. Which of the following is a general anaesthetics?

A. Procaine

B. Cocaine

C. Nitrous oxide

D. Xylocaine

Answer: C



9. Which of the following diseases is not caused by protozons ?

A. Malaria

B. Dysentery

C. Smallpox

D. syphilis

Answer: C



10. Which of the following is used in lowering the blood pressure?

- A. Reserpine
- B. Morphine
- C. Diethylether
- D. Cocaine

Answer: A



11. The pain relieving drug is know as

- A. Antibiotics
- **B.** Antiseptics
- C. Analgesics
- D. Antipyretics

Answer: C



12. The function of Antipyretices is

- A. to relieve plain
- B. to preserve food
- C. to kill the becteria
- D. to lower down the body temperature

Answer: D



13. Narcotics include

- A. kills micro-organisms
- B. lower down the body temperature
- C. immediately relieve the pain but also

cause the sleep

D. prevents the growth of bactera

Answer: C



14. Aspirin is :

A. phenyl salcylic acid

B. acetyyl salicylinc acid

C. ethly salicylate

D. hydroxy benzonic acid

Answer: B



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15. Which of the following is an antipyretic?

B. Gentain
C. phyenacetin
D. Chloroxylenol
Answer: C Watch Video Solution
16. Aspirin is :
A. 2-methyl benzoic ancid

A. Heroine

- B. 2-hydroxy benzoic acid
- C. 3-hydroxy benzonic acid
- D. 2-acetoxy benzoic acid

Answer: D



- 17. All the compounds are antipyretics, accept
 - A. Chloroamphenicol
 - B. phyenacetin

- C. Paracentamol
- D. Aspirin

Answer: A



- **18.** Aspirin was first synthesised by
 - A. Graham Bell
 - B. Gerhardt
 - C. Lister

D. Givlionatta

Answer: B



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19. Aspirin is prepared by the reaction of CH_3COCI with

- A. Benzaldehyde
- B. Salicylic acid
- C. Phenol

D. Benozic acid

Answer: B



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20. Novalgin is a common

- A. Antibiotic
- B. Antipyretic
- C. Analgesic
- D. Antimalarial

Answer: C



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21. The antibiotic used for the treatment of typhoid is :

- A. Opium
- B. Procain
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Xylocain

Answer: C



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22. Chloramphenicol is used in the treatment of

- A. phlague
- B. typhoid q
- C. bronchitics
- D. diarrhoea

Answer: B



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23. A substance which can act both as an analgesic and antipyretic is

- A. Quinine
- B. Aspirin
- C. Penicilln
- D. Insulin

Answer: B



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24. Which of the following statemts is not correct?

A. Antipyretics are substances which are used to reduce the body temprature

B. Anlgesics are substance which are used to relieve pain

- C. antisptics and disin fectants can be used for the same purposes
- D. Antiseptics can be safely applied on living beings whereas sisn featancts are not safe to apply

Answer: C



25. A 16 years old boy came to the doctor with main complaints of f requent sneezing, watering form nose and eyes, intense itching in eyes and cold. He has past history of allerguy to dust. The doctor presentibes most probably which of the drugs?

- A. Norediindrone
- B. Lansoprazole
- C. Reserpine `
- D. Chlorphueniramine

Answer: D



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26. An antipyretic is

- A. Quinine
- B. Paracetamol
- C. Luminal
- D. Piperazine

Answer: B



27. Which of the following medicine is required for malaria ?

A. Aspirin

B. Penicillin

C. Chloroquine

D. Paracetamol

Answer: C



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28. Is hypnotic.

A. Luminal

B. Phenol

C. Catechlo

D. Salol

Answer: A



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29. An antiderpressant is

- A. PENICILLIN
- B. Aspirin
- C. Gentain
- D. Cocaine

Answer: D



30. Drug which helps to reduce anxiety and brings about calmnes is :

- A. Analgesics
- **B.** Antibiotics
- C. Hypnotics
- D. Antidepressants

Answer: C



31. Drug which is used to reduce anxiety and brings calmness is known as

- A. Analgesics
- **B.** Anibiotics
- C. Hypnotics
- D. Antidepressants

Answer: B



32. A hypnotic is

- A. Savlon
- B. Seconal
- C. Aspirin
- D. Procain

Answer: A



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33. Equanil is _____

A. tranquillizer

B. antibiotic

C. antispeptic

D. analgesic

Answer: D



34. Diazepam is used

- A. to kill bacteria
- B. for tha control of anxiety and tension
- C. to stop growth of microorganism
- D. to stop growth of microorgaism

Answer: B



35. Barbiturates are

- A. sleep producing
- B. antibiotics
- C. non hypnotic
- D. food presercative

Answer: A



36. Veroral is used as

A. anaesthetic

B. Antiseptic

C. sedative

D. antibotics

Answer: C



37. Which of these is a hypnotic?

- A. Metaldehyde
- B. Acetadehyde
- C. Paraldehyde
- D. Orthoaldehyde

Answer: C



38. An example of a psychedelic agent is:

A. DNA

B. LSD

C. DDT

D. TNT

Answer: B



39. Which of the followoing is an antidepressants?

- A. Choroxylenol
- B. Bithionla
- C. Cocaine
- D. Penicilin-G

Answer: C



- 40. Veronal, a barbiturate drug, is used as
 - A. Anaesthetic
 - **B.** Sedative
 - C. Antiseptic
 - D. Antipyretic

Answer: B



41. Which of the following diseases is caused by bacteria?

A. Tubrerculosis

B. Dysentery

C. Malaria

D. Syphilis

Answer: A



42. Dettol is an exmaple of:-
A. Analgesic
B. Hypnotic
C. Antiseptic
D. Narcotics
Answer: C
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43. One percent phenol is

- A. antimalarial
- B. antidepressant
- C. antibiotic
- D. disinfectant

Answer: D



- **44.** Which of the following is antiseptic?
 - A. tincture iodine

- B. cotrimoxazole
- C. equanil
- D. cyclopropane

Answer: A



- **45.** Gentian can be used as
 - A. tranquillizers
 - B. anaesthetics

- C. antiseptic
- D. antripyretics

Answer: C



- **46.** Phenol derivatives are
 - A. analgesics
 - B. antiseptics
 - C. antipyretics

D. antiboiotics

Answer: B



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47. Bithional is used as

A. tranquillizer

B. antiseptic

C. analgesic

D. antipyretic

Answer: B



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- 48. Very diltute solution of boric acis is used
 - A. for washing clothes
 - B. for drinking
 - C. for bleaching clothes q
 - D. for washing eyes

Answer: D

- 49. Aminoglycosides are used against
 - A. acidity
 - B. bacterial infection
 - C. loss of appetite
 - D. hepatitis

Answer: B



50. Commonly used Dettol' is mixture of

- A. O-Cresol + Terpineol
- B. O-Chlorine+Terpineol
- C. Chloroxdylenol + Terpineol
- D. Phenol + Terpineol

Answer: C



51. Brown phenyl is prepared by mixing

- A. Castor oil and turkey oil
- B. Turkey red oil and pine oil
- C. Castor oil and pine oil
- D. Citronella oil and olive oil

Answer: B



52. Citronella oil is

- A. Mosquito repellent
- B. Hypnotic
- C. Sedative
- D. Antipyretics

Answer: A



53. Antiseptic chloroxylenol is:

- A. 4 chloro 3, 5-dimethylphenol
- B. 3-chloro-4, 5 dimethyphenol
- C. 4-chloro -2, 5-dimethylphenol
- D. 5-chloro-3, 4 dimethyphenol

Answer: A



54. Which of the following substances may be used as antiseptic as well as disinfectant?

- A. Fromaldehyde
- B. chlorine
- C. $KMnO_4$
- D. Phenol

Answer: D



55. An antibiotic is	
A. Compose	
B. Ampicillin	
C. Aspirin	
D. Equanil	

Answer: B



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56. The first antibiotic discovered was

- A. Penicillin
- B. Tetracyclin
- C. Ampicillin
- D. Chloromycetin

Answer: A



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57. Which of the following is not an antibiotic

A. Teramycin

- B. Chloromycetin
- C. Ampiclilin
- D. Morphine

Answer: D



- **58.** Penicillin was discovered by:
 - A. Grahm Bell
 - B. Alexander Fleming

- C. Comrforthq
- D. Dreser

Answer: B



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59. Streptomycin is an example of

- A. Antipyretic
- B. Analgesic
- C. Antibhiotic

D. Anaesthetic

Answer: C



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60. The compound which is obtained form a mould and which is toxic for other wmould is called

A. Antibiotic

B. Anaesthetic

- C. Analgesics
- D. antiseptic

Answer: A



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61. Erythromycin is

- A. becteriostatic
- B. antioxident
- C. bacteriocial

D. foof preservative

Answer: A



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62. Ofloxacin is

A. antiseptic

B. anaesthetic

C. antibiotic

D. antipyretic

Answer: C



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63. Side effect of streptomycin is

A. vertigo

B. kidney damage

C. yellow staining of teeth

D. both (a) ana (b)

Answer: D

64. Sulphonamides acts as

A. Hypnotics q

B. Antidepressants

C. Antimicrobials

D. Antibiotics

Answer: C



65. Progestogens and oestrogens are used as

- A. Antacids
- B. Antifertility drugs
- C. antimicrobials
- D. Antibiotics

Answer: B



66. Which of the following is not a broad spectrum antibiotic?

- A. Tetracycline
- B. Chloromycetin
- C. Penicilln
- D. None of these

Answer: C



67. Sulpha drugs are derivatives of

A. Benzene sulphonic acid

B. Sulphanilic acid

C. Sulphanilamide

D. P-aminobenzenoc acid

Answer: C



68. The antacid which prevent formation fromtaion of acid in stomach is

- A. Sodium silicate
- B. Magnesium trisilicate
- C. Boric acid q
- D. Sodium sulphite

Answer: B



69. Antiacids are the substance which

A. reduce the pH in stomach

B. freduce the pH in blood

C. raise the pH in stomach

D. either raise or reduce pH in stomach,

depending on its dose

Answer: C



70. Which of the following is antacid?

- A. Sodium bicarbonate
- B. Calcium carbonate
- C. Potassium carbonate
- D. Barium carbonate

Answer: A



71. Which of the side effects of antacids is

- A. it lowers blood pressure
- B. it causes dry mouth and swelling of eyelids
- C. it gives chalky taste in mouth
- D. it gives chalky taste in mouth

Answer: D



72. The chemical substances which neutralise enough of acid in the gastric juices and give relief form acid indigestion, heart burns and gastric ulcers are celled

- A. Antibioties
- B. Analgesics
- C. Antacids
- D. Antipyretic

Answer: C



73. Sodium benzoate is

- A. sweetening agent
- B. food preservative
- C. disinfectant
- D. antiseptic

Answer: B



74. Chemical preservatives

A. reduces pH of food

B. prevents the growth of organisms

C. serves as nanitioxidant

D. all of them

Answer: D



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75. Sulpherdioxide and sulphites are used in a

- A. textile indeustry
- B. wine industry
- C. dairy products
- D. perfume industry

Answer: B



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76. Which of the following is used in the preservation of food ?

- A. Sodium sulphate
- B. Saccharin
- C. Sodium metabisulphite
- D. Butyrated hydroxy anisole

Answer: C



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77. Which compound is used as a preservation in foods?

- A. Salt of sorbic acid
- B. Citric acid
- C. Ascorbic acid
- D. Saccharin

Answer: A



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78. Which is not edible colour form the following?

- A. Carotene
- B. Caramel
- C. Tetrezine
- D. Alitame

Answer: D



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79. Saccharin is Times sweeter than cane sugar.

- A. 10
- B. 100
- C. 550
- D. 200

Answer: C



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80. Saccharin molecule contains

A. tow six membered rings

- B. one six membered, one five membered ring fused in O-position
- C. one five numbered ring and two three membered ring
- D. one six membered ring and three five membered ring

Answer: B



81. O-sulphabenzoic imide is

- A. Saccharin
- B. Succinic acid
- C. BHT
- D. BHA

Answer: A



- 82. Choose the correct statement.
 - A. Saccharin is 650 times seeeter than sugar
 - B. Alitame is 2000 times sweeter than sugar
 - C. Sucralose is 1600 times sweeter than sugar
 - D. Aspartame is 550 times sweeter than sugar

Answer: B



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- 83. An antioxdidant, which is used in food is
 - A. butylated hydroxyanisol
 - B. chloroxylenol
 - C. dichlophenac sodium
 - D. diazepam

Answer: A

84. BHA is

A. antioxidant

B. sedative

C. analgesic

D. antipyretic

Answer: A



85. Sulphite is used to

- A. non-hypnotic
- B. sedative
- C. antioxidant
- D. Antibiotic

Answer: C



86. Antioxidants

- A. retard the reaction of oxygen on food
- B. favour the oxidation reaction
- C. favour dehydration
- D. cause hydrolysis

Answer: A



87. Sulphur dioxide is

- A. disinfectant
- B. antioxident
- C. sedative
- D. both (a) ana (b)

Answer: D



88. BHT

A. retards rancidity of oil

B. preserves colour, odour & flavour of food

C. retards hydrolysis

D. (a) and (b)

Answer: D



89. BHT is

- A. Butylated p -hydroxy Toluene
- B. Butylated p -hydroxy Anisole
- C. Butylated p hydroxy nitrile
- D. Butylated p hydroxy Trinintride

Answer: A



90. The molecular formula of BHA is"

A.
$$C_{15}H_{24}O$$

B.
$$C_{15}H_{24}O_2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,C_{11}H_{16}O_2$$

D.
$$C_{11}H_{16}O$$

Answer: C



91. Antacids are

A. weak aids

B. weak base

C. non - electrolytes

D. strong base

Answer: B



92. Soaps are essential mixture of salts of fatty acid present in detergents and oils.

- A. K
- B. K, Na
- C. Mg, Na
- D. Ca, Na

Answer: B



93. Which metal is used for hard soaps? A. Esterfication B. Elimination C. Saponification D. Naeutralisation **Answer: B**



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94. The process of soap formation is known as

- A. Esterification
- **B.** Elimination
- C. Saponification
- D. Neutralisaiton

Answer: C



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95. Detergents obtained from LAB are biodegradable. LAB stands for

- A. Laboratory tested raw material
- B. Low anionic balance
- C. Linear alkyl benzene
- D. None of these

Answer: C



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96. The group commonly present in synthetic detergents is

A. RNA

B. RONa

C. RCOONa

D. $RC_6H_4SO_3Na$

Answer: D



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97. Soap is

A. Sodium stearate

- B. Calium stearate
- C. Sodium acetate
- D. Sodium benzoate

Answer: A



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98. Detergents the surface tension of water.

A. reduces the surface tension of water

- **B.** Increases
- C. Keeps constant
- D. Slightly increases

Answer: A



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99. Which of the following detergent is used as germicide ?

A. Cetyltrimethyl ammonium chloride

- B. p-dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- C. Sodium lauryl alko sulphonate
- D. Butylated hydroxy toluene

Answer: D



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100. Aspirin is :

- A. Antimalarial
- B. Anllgesic

- C. Antipyretic
- D. both (a) ana (c)

Answer: D



- **101.** Other substitute for aspirin is
 - A. naproxen
 - B. phenacetin
 - C. luminal

D. barbituric acid

Answer: B



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102. Which of the following compound is not a truquillizer?

A. seconal

B. phenacetin

C. luminal

D. barbituric acid

Answer: D



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103. Salol can be used as

A. antipyretic

B. antiseptic

C. antibiotic

D. (a) and (b)

Answer: D



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104. Hydrogen peroxide solution is used

- A. to clean and deodorise wounds
- B. to disinfect food containers in food industry
- C. in household cleaning purpose
- D. all the above

Answer: D



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105. Which of the following is a broad spectrum antibiotic?

- A. Ampicillin
- B. Penicillin
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Streptomycin

Answer: B



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106. Which of the following antibiotic contains NO_2 group attached to aromatic nucleus in its structure?

- A. Streptomycin
- B. Chloramphenicol
- C. Penicillin
- D. Valium

Answer: D



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107. Benadryl is used as

- A. Antiseptic
- B. Desinfectant
- C. Analgensinc
- D. Antihistamine

Answer: D

108. Food preservation is necessary to preserve the food in its

A. nutrition value

B. flavour

C. texture

D. all the above

Answer: D



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109. Chemical preservatives

A. anti - mioxidant only

B. antioxidant only

C. eithr anti - microbial or antioxidant

D. anti - microbial and antioxidant both

Answer: D



110. Saccharin is marketed as its

- A. Calcium salt
- B. Magnesium salt
- C. sodum salt
- D. Sulphonated salt

Answer: B



111. Molecular formula of saccharin is

A.
$$C_6H_6O_2NS$$

B.
$$C_9H_7O_3NS$$

C.
$$C_9H_7O_3NS_2$$

D.
$$C_7H_5O_3NS$$

Answer: D



112. 📝

is the structural formula of

- A. Saccharin
- B. BHT
- C. BHA
- D. P-creasol

Answer: B



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113. Structurally biodegradable detergent should contain :

- A. Normal alkyl chain
- B. Branch alkyl chain
- C. Phenyl side chain
- D. Cyclohexyl side chain

Answer: A



114. A synthetic detergent is a

- A. Cleansing agent
- B. Drug
- C. Catalyst
- D. Soap

Answer: A



115. Which of the following represents a synthetic detergent?

- A. $C_{15}H_{31}$ COOK
- B. $CH_3(CH_2)_6COONa$
- C. 🗾
- D. None of these

Answer: C



116. Which of the following is an antidiabetic drug?

- A. Insulin
- B. Penicillin q
- C. Chloroqunine
- D. Aspirin

Answer: A



117. Which of the following drugs is an antifertity durg?

- A. Sulphaguanidine
- B. Paludrin
- C. Norethindron
- D. Bithional

Answer: C



118. The substance used in the birth control pills is

- A. Tetracycline
- B. Sulphadiazine
- C. Mifepriston
- D. Piperazine

Answer: C



119. The compond is used as

- A. antiseptic
- B. antibiotic
- C. anlgesic
- D. pesitide

Answer: C



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- 1. Which is not baeterostatic?
 - A. Erythromycin
 - B. Tetracycline
 - C. Chloramphenicol
 - D. Cephalosporine

Answer: D



2. Antipyretics are used to

A. increase body temperature

B. reduce body temperature q

C. mental discases

D. destoy bacteria

Answer: B



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- A. Preservative q
- B. Anatacid
- C. Antiseptic
- D. Aritificial sweetner

Answer: A



4. Which of the following is a bactericidal antibiotic?

A. Erythromycin

B. Tetracyline

C. Chloromphenicol

D. Ofioxacin

Answer: D



5. Aspirin is:

A. phenyl salicylic acid

B. acetyl salicylic acid

C. ethyl salicylate

D. hydroxy benzoic acid

Answer: B



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6. Antipyretics are used to

A. to relieve pain					
B. to preserve food					
C. to kill the becteria					
D. to lower down the body temperature					
Answer: D					
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7. Aminoglycosides are used against

A. acidity

- B. bacteral inflection
- C. loss of appetite
- D. hepatitis

Answer: B



- **8.** Equanil is _____
 - A. tranquillizer
 - B. antibiotic

C. antiseptic

D. analgesic

Answer: A



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9. Repeated use of which one of the following fertilizers would increase the acidity of the soil?

A. $(NH_4)_2SO_4$

 $B. KNO_3$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,NH_2CONH_2$

D. NCI_2

Answer: A



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10. Which of the following is an analgesic?

A. Ofloxacin

B. Penicillin

- C. Aminoglycosides
- D. Paracetamol

Answer: D



- 11. Butylated hydroxy anisole is a/an
 - A. an anti oxidant
 - B. clinsing agent
 - C. disinnfectant

D. an antihistamine

Answer: A



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12. Bulletproof helmets are made from

- A. Lexanq
- B. Saran
- C. Glyptal
- D. Thiokol

Answer: A



- **13.** Which of the following processes is not used to preserve the food?
 - A. Irradiation
 - B. Addition of salts
 - C. Addition of heat
 - D. Hydration

Answer: D



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14. Which of the following is used as antiseptic

?

- A. Chloroamphenicol
- B. Bithionla
- C. Cimetidine
- D. Chlordiazepoxide

Answer: B



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Test Your Graps

1. The Molecular formula of aspirin is

A.
$$C_9H_{10}O_4$$

B.
$$C_9H_8O_4$$

C.
$$C_8H_8O_3$$

D. $C_9H_8O_2$

Answer: B



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2. Psychotherapeutie drug is the other name of

A. antipyretic

B. antibiotics

C. tranquilizers

D. analgesics

Answer: C



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3. 2- Acettoxy benzoic acid is an

A. analgesic

B. antiboitic

C. antiseptic

D. antacid

Answer: A



- **4.** A substance which can act both as an antiseptic and disinfectant is:
 - A. Aspirin
 - B. chloroxylenol
 - C. bithional
 - D. phenol

Answer: D



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5. Which of the following is an antidepressent
?

- A. ibuprofen
- B. Tetracycline
- C. Aspirin
- D. Valium

Answer: D



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- 6. The sleep inducing drug is called
 - A. Analgesic
 - B. Tranquillizer
 - C. Antibiotic
 - D. Antiseptic

Answer: B

7. Aspirin is:

A. acetyl derivative of salicylic acid

B. hydroxy derivative of salicylic acid

C. nitro derivative of salicylin acid

D. halo d e rivative of salicylic acid

Answer: A



8. In stomach aspirin gets hydrolysed to

A. benzoic acid

B. Phenol

C. salicylic acid

D. hydrochloric acid

Answer: C



9. A disinfectant

A. is safe for living t issues

B. is bacteriostatic

C. do not kill micro - organisms

D. is not safe for living tissues, is

bactericidal

Answer: D



10. Which of the following is not a common antacid?

- A. NaOH
- B. KOH
- C. $M > (OH)_2$
- D. HCI

Answer: C



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11. Which of the following is not bacteriostatic antibiotic?

- A. Penicillin
- B. Tetracycline
- C. Erythromycin
- D. Chloramphenicol

Answer: A



12. Molecular formula of butylated hydroxy toluene is

A.
$$C_{15}H_{24}O$$

B.
$$C_{15}H_{28}O$$

C.
$$C_{14}H_{24}O_2$$

D.
$$C_{15}H_{27}O$$

Answer: A



13. A chemical substance which radiues the temperature of body in fever is

A. anti - inflammatory

B. pyretic

C. antipyretic

D. antiseptie

Answer: C



14. In	stomach	aspirin	gets	hydro	lysed	to
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- A. salicylic acid
- B. benzoic acid
- C. phenol
- D. propanoic acid

Answer: A



15. Molecular formula of butylated hydroxy toluene is

A.
$$C_{15}H_{24}O$$

B.
$$C_8H_{24}O$$

C.
$$C_{11}H_{16}O_2$$

D.
$$C_{11}H_{16}O$$

Answer: A



16. Aluminium Phosphate

A. raise ithe pH in stomach

B. reduce the pH in stomach

C. reduce the pH in blood

D. only kill bacteria

Answer: A



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17. Saccharin molecule contains

- A. one sulphur atom
- B. one nitrogen atom
- C. one phosphorous atom
- D. one sulphur atom and one nitrogen atom

Answer: D



18. Which of the following term means pain killing?

- A. Antibiotic 1
- B. Analgesic
- C. Antipyretic
- D. Antioxidant

Answer: B



19. Which of the following pairs are bacteriostatic antibiotics ?

A. Erythromycin, Chloramphenicol

B. Ofloxaicn, Penicillin

C. Tetracycline, Penicillin

D. Tetracyline, Oflixacin

Answer: A



20. The Molecular formula of aspirin is

A.
$$C_8H_8O_3$$

B.
$$C_9H_8O_4$$

C.
$$C_9H_{10}O_4$$

D.
$$C_9H_9O_3$$

Answer: B



21. Saccharin is used

A. as food preservative

B. as antipyretic

C. as a sweetening agent

D. as antibiotics

Answer: C



22. Which of the following is not an antiseptic drug?

A. Dettol

B. 0.2% phenol

C. Chlorine

D. lodofrom

Answer: C



23. Phenyl h	as
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A. phenolic odour

B. fishy odour

C. fruity odour

D. no odour

Answer: A



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24. Which of the following is antibiotics?

- A. Streptomycin
- B. Novalgin
- C. Opium
- D. Paracetamol

Answer: A

