



MATHS

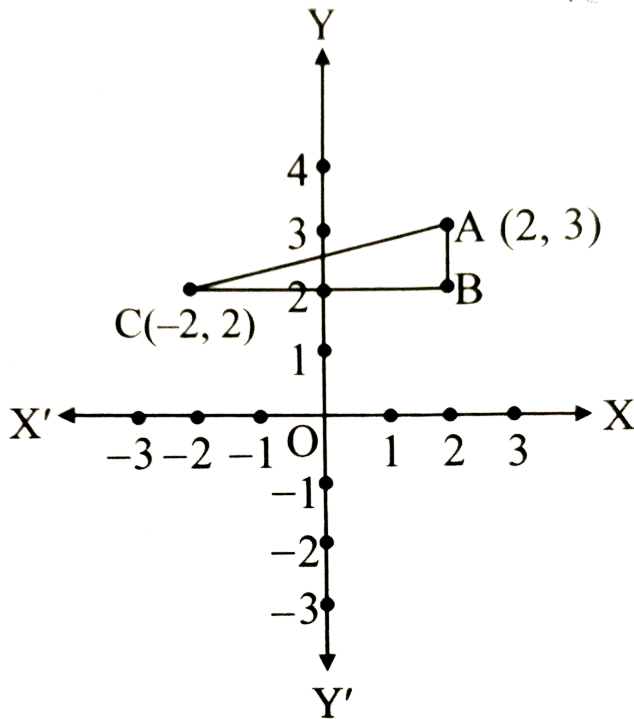
BOOKS - TARGET MATHS (HINGLISH)

CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY

Example

1. In the figure , seg $AB \parallel Y$ -axis and seg $CB \parallel X$ -axis . Co-ordinates of points A and C are given .

To find AC, fill in the boxes given below .



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2. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(ii) A (15,5) ,B(9,20) and A-P-B . Find the ratio in

which point $P(11,15)$ divides segment AB . Find the ratio using x and y co-ordinates . Write the conclusion .



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Practice Set 5 1

1. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of points .

(i) $A(2,3), B(4,1)$



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2. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of points .

P (-5,7) ,Q(-1,3)



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3. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points.

$R(0, - 3), S\left(0, \frac{5}{2}\right)$



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4. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points.

$$L(5, -8), M(-7, -3)$$



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5. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points.

$$T(-3, 6), R(9, -10)$$



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6. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of points:

$$W\left(\frac{-7}{2}, 4\right), X(11, 4)$$



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7. Determine whether the points are collinear or not:

$$A(1, -3), B(2, -5), C(-4, 7)$$



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8. Determine whether the points are collinear.

$$L(-2, 3), M(1, -3), N(5, 4)$$



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9. Determine whether the points are collinear.

$$R(0, 3), D(2, 1) \text{ and } S(3, -1)$$



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10. Determine whether the points are collinear.

$P(-2, 3)$, $Q(1, 2)$, $R(4, 1)$



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11. Find the point on the X-axis which is equidistant from $A(-3, 4)$ and $B(1, -4)$.



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12. Verify that point P (-2,2), Q (2,2) and R (2,7) are vertices of a right angled triangle .



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13. Show that points P(2,-2) , Q (7,3) ,R(11,-1) and S(6,-6) are vertices of a parallelogram.



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14. Solve the following quations. (Any two)

(i) Show that points $A(-4,-7)$, $B(-1,2)$, $C(8,5)$ and $D(5,-4)$ are vertices of rhombus ABCD.



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15. Find x , if distance between points $L(x, 7)$ and $M(1, 15)$ is 10.



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16. Show that the points $A(1, 2)$, $B(1, 6)$, $C(1 + 2\sqrt{3}, 4)$ are vertices of an equilateral triangle.



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Practice Set 5 2

1. Find the co-ordinates of point P if P divides the line segment joining the points $A(-1, 7)$ and $B(4, -3)$ in the ratio 2:3



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2. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment PQ in the ratio $a : b$.

$$P(-3, 7), Q(1, -4), a : b = 2 : 1$$



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3. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment

PQ in the ratio $a : b$.

$P(-2, -5), Q(4, 3), a : b = 3 : 4$



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4. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment PQ in the ratio $a : b$.

$P(2,6), Q(-4,1), a : b = 3 : 4$



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5. Find the ratio in which point $T(-1, 6)$ divides the line segment joining the points $P(-3, 10)$ and $Q(6, -8)$



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6. Point P is the centre of the circle and AB is a diameter. Find the co-ordinates of point B if co-ordinates of point A and P are $(2, -3)$ and $(-2, 0)$ respectively.



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7. Find the ratio in which point P ($k,7$) divides the segment joining A ($8,9$) and B ($1,2$) . Also find find k.



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8. Find the coordinates of midpoint of the segment joining the points ($22,20$) and ($0,16$).



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9. Find the centroids of the triangles whose vertices are given below:

$$(-7, 6), (2, -2), (8, 5)$$



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10. Find the centroids of the triangles whose vertices are given below:

$$(3, -5), (4, 3), (11, -4)$$



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11. Find the centroids of the triangles whose vertices are given below:

$(4, 7), (8, 4), (7, 11)$



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12. In $\triangle ABC$, $G(-4, -7)$ is the centroid. If $A(-14, -19)$ and $B(3, 5)$ then find the coordinates of C.



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13. $A(h, -6)$, $B(2, 3)$ and $C(-6, k)$ are the co-ordinates of vertices of a triangle whose centroid is $G(1, 5)$ Find h and k .



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14. Find the co-ordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment AB with A (2,7) and B (-4,-8) .



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15. If $A(-14, -10)$, $B(6, -2)$ is given. Find the coordinates of the points which divide segment AB into four equal parts.



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16. If $A(20,10)$, $B(0,20)$ are given, find the coordinates of the points which divide segment AB into five congruent parts.



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Practice Set 5 3

1. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given. Find the slope of these lines.

45°



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2. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given. Find the slope of

these lines.

60°



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3. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given . Find the slope of these lines .

(iii) 90°



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4. Find the slope of the lines passing through the given points

$$A(2, 3), B(4, 7)$$



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5. Write the slope of line passing through $P(-3,1)$ and $Q(5-2)$.



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6. Find the slopes of the lines passing through the given points:

$$C(5, -2), D(7, 3)$$



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7. Find the slopes of the lines passing through the given points:

$$L(-2, -3), M(-6, -8)$$



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8. Find the slopes of the lines passing through the given points:

$$E(-4, -2), F(6, 3)$$



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9. Find the slopes of the lines passing through the given points:

$$T(0, -3) \text{ and } S(0, 4)$$



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10. Determine whether following points are collinear.

$$A(-1, -1), B(0, 1), C(1, 3)$$



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11. Determine whether following points are collinear.

$$D(-2, -3), E(1, 0), F(2, 1)$$



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12. Determine whether following points are collinear.

$$L(2, 5), M(3, 3), N(5, 1)$$



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13. Determine whether following points are collinear.

$$P(2, -5), Q(1, -3), R(-2, 3)$$



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14. Determine whether the following points are collinear or not:

$$R(1, -4), S(-2, 2), T(-3, 4)$$



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15. Determine whether the following points are collinear or not:

$$A(-4, 4), K\left(-2, \frac{5}{2}\right), N(4, -2)$$



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16. If $A(1, -1)$, $B(0, 4)$, $C(-5, 3)$ are vertices of a triangle, then find the slope of each side.



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17. Show that $A(-4, -7)$, $B(-1, 2)$, $C(8, 5)$ and $D(5, -4)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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18. Find k , if $R(1, -1)$, $S(-2, K)$ and slope of line RS is -2 .



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19. Find k , if $B(k, -5)$, $C(1, 2)$, and slope of the line is 7 .



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20. Find k , if $PQ \parallel RS$ and $P(2,4)$, $Q(3,6)$, $R(3,1)$, $S(5,k)$.



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Problem Set 5

1. Seg AB is parallel to Y -axis and coordinates of point of A are $(1,3)$ then coordinates of point B can be

A. $(3,1)$

B. (5,3)

C. (3,0)

D. (1,-3)

Answer: D



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2. Out of the following pointlies to the right of the origin on X-axis.

A. (-2,0)

B. (0,2)

C. (2,3)

D. (2,0)

Answer: D



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3. Distance of point (-3,4) from the origin is

.....

A. 7

B. 1

C. 5

D. -5

Answer: C



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4. A line makes an angle of 30° with the positive direction of X-axis. So the slope of the line is

A. $\frac{1}{2}$

B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

D. $\sqrt{3}$

Answer: C



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5. Determine whether the given points are collinear.

$$A(0, 2), B(1, -0.5), C(2, -3)$$



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6. Determine whether the given points are collinear.

$$P(1, 2), Q\left(2, \frac{8}{5}\right), R\left(3, \frac{6}{5}\right)$$



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7. Determine whether the given points are collinear.

$$L(1, 2), M(5, 3), N(8, 6)$$



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8. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line segment joining $P(0, 6)$ and $Q(12, 20)$



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9. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points $A(3, 8)$ and $B(-9, 3)$ is divided by the Y-axis.



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10. Find the point on X axis which is equidistant from $P(2, -5)$ and $Q(-2, 9)$



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11. Find the distance between the following pairs of points.

$A(a, 0), B(0, a)$



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12. Find the distance between the following pairs of points.

$$P(-6, -3), Q(-1, 9)$$

A. Find the distances between the following points .

$$R(-3a, a), S(a, -2a)$$

B.

C.

D.

Answer: $\therefore d(P,Q)=13$ units



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13. Find the distance between the following pairs of points.

$$R(-3a, a), S(a, -2a)$$



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14. Find the co-ordinates of the circumcentre of a triangle whose vertices are $(-3,1)$, $(0,-2)$ and

(1,3) .



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15. In the following examples, can the segment joining the given points form a triangle? If triangle is formed, state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

$L(6, 4), M(-5, -3), N(-6, 8)$



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16. In the following examples , can the segment joining the given points form a triangle ? If triangle is formed , state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

(ii) $P(-2,-6)$, $Q(-4,-2)$, $R(-5,0)$



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17. In the following examples , can the segment joining the given points form a triangle ? If

triangle is formed , state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

(iii)

A

$$(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}), B(-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}), C(-\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{6})$$



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18. Find k if the line passing through points $P(-12, -3)$ and $Q(4, k)$ has slope $\frac{1}{2}$.



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19. Show that the line joining the points $A(4,8)$ and $B(5,5)$ is parallel to the line joining the points $C(2,4)$ and $D(1,7)$.



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20. Show that points $P(1, - 2)$, $Q(5, 2)$, $R(3, - 1)$, $S(- 1, - 5)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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21. Show that the points $P(2,1)$, $Q(-1,3)$, $R(-5,-3)$ and $S(-2,-5)$ are the vertices of a square .



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22. Find the lengths of the medians of a triangle whose vertices are $A(-1, 1)$, $B(5, -3)$ and $C(3, 5)$.



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23. Find the co-ordinates of centroid of the triangles if points $D(-7, 6)$, $E(8, 5)$ and $F(2, -2)$ are the mid points of the sides of that triangle.



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24. Show that points A (4,-1) B (6,0) C (7,-2) and D (5,-3) are the vertices of a square.



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25. Find the co-ordinates of circumcentre and radius of circumcircle of $\triangle ABC$ if $A(7,1)$, $B(3,5)$ and $C(2,0)$ are given .



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26. Given $A(4, -3)$, $B(8, 5)$. Find the co-ordinates of the point that divides segment AB in the ratio $3:1$.



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27. Find the type of the quadrilateral, if point $A(-4, -2)$, $B(-3, -7)$, $C(3, -2)$ and $D(2, 3)$ are joined serially.



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28. The line segment AB is divided into five congruent parts at P, Q, R and S such that $A-P-Q-R-S-B$. If point $Q(12, 14)$ and $S(4, 18)$ are given, find the co-ordinates of A, P, R, B .



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29. Find the co-ordinates of the centre of the circle passing through the point, $P(6, - 6)$, $Q(3, - 7)$ and $R(3, 3)$



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30. Find the possible pairs of co-ordinates of the fourth vertex D of the parallelogram if three of its vertices are A (5,6) , B (1,-2) and C (3,-2) .



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31. Find the slope of the diagonals of a quadrilateral with vertices $A(1, 7)$, $B(6, 3)$, $C(0, -3)$ and $D(-3, 3)$.



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Activities For Practice

1. Find the point on the X-axis which is equidistant from $A(-3, 4)$ and $B(1, -4)$.



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2. Complete the following activities. (any one)

(i) If the line passing through points P (-12,-3) and Q(4,k) has slope $\frac{1}{2}$, complete the activity to find the value of k.



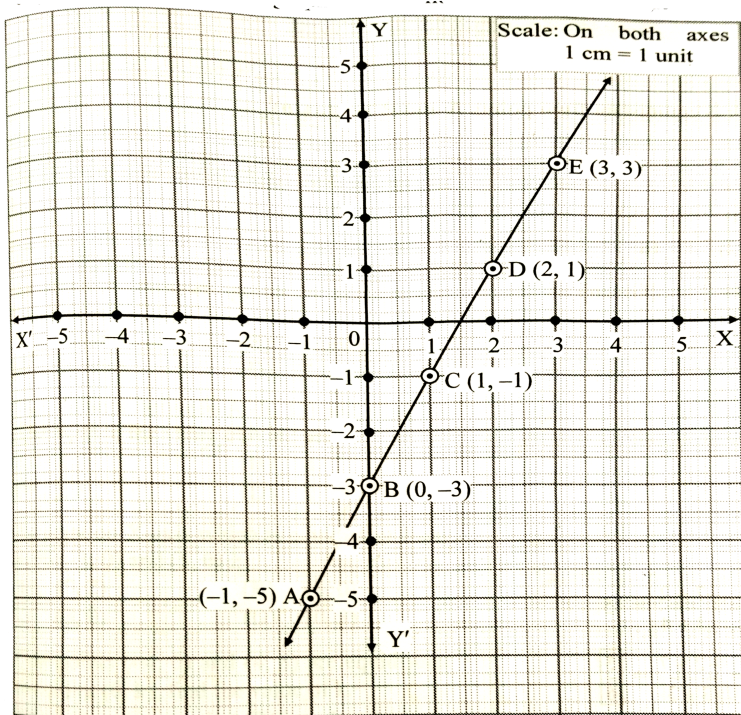
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3. To show that A(-4,-2) ,B (-3,-7) ,C(3,-2) and D (2,3) are the vertices of a parallelogram



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4. Complete the table below the graph with the help of the following graph.



Sr. No.	First point	Second point	Co-ordinates of first point (x_1, y_1)	Co-ordinates of second point (x_2, y_2)	$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
1	C	E	(1, -1)	(3, 3)	<input type="text"/>
2	A	B	(-1, -5)	(0, -3)	<input type="text"/>
3	B	D	(0, -3)	(2, 1)	<input type="text"/>



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Multiple Choice Questions

1. The distance of the point $(4,3)$ from the X - axis is

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 5

Answer: B



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2. The distance of the points $(8,6)$ from the origin is

A. 8

B. 4

C. 10

D. 6

Answer: C



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3. The distance between points A (6,0) and B(0,8) is

A. 14 units

B. 2 units

C. 10 units

D. 7 units

Answer: C



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4. If the distance between A ($h, 12$) and origin is 13 units, then the value of h is are

A. ± 5

B. 4

C. ± 3

D. 2

Answer: A::C



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5. The point on x-axis which is equidistant from points A (-1, 0) and B(5, 0) is

A. (0,2)

B. (2,0)

C. (3,0)

D. (0,3)

Answer: B



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6. If the points $(-4,0)$ and $(4,8)$ are equidistant from point $(0,k)$, find the value of k .

A. ± 4

B. -4

C. 4

D. 0

Answer: C



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7. If the point (x,y) is equidistant from $(7,1)$ and $(3,5)$, then

A. $x+y=2$

B. $x-y=2$

C. $y=x+2$

D. $x+y=-2$

Answer: B



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8. The perimeter of a triangle with vertices $(0,3)$ $(0,0)$ and $(4,0)$ is

- A. 5
- B. 12
- C. 9
- D. 16

Answer: B



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9. ABCD is a rectangle whose three vertices are A (0,4) B (0,0) and C (3,0) . The length of its diagonal is

A. 5

B. 3

C. 6

D. 4

Answer: A



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10. The points $(-4,0)$, $(4,0)$ and $(0,3)$ are the vertices of a

- A. a right angled triangle
- B. an isosceles triangle
- C. an equilateral triangle
- D. an equilateral triangles

Answer: B



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11. Which of the points A (1,2), B (-2,2) , C (-3,-4) and D (4,-1) is nearest to the origin ?

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

Answer: A



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12. The co-ordinates of point which divides the segment joining A (0,4) and B (6,0) in the ratio 1 :2 are

A. $\left(\frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

B. $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{8}\right)$

C. $\left(2, \frac{8}{3}\right)$

D. $\left(\frac{8}{3}, 2\right)$

Answer: C



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13. In what ratio does the point $P(2, -5)$ divide the line segment joining $A(-3, 5)$ and $B(4, -9)$?

A. 1 : 3

B. 3 : 1

C. 1 : 4

D. 3 : 4

Answer: A



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14. If point P (1,1) divides line segment joining the points A and B (-1,-1) in the ratio 5: 2 , then co-ordinates of A are

A. (3,3)

B. (6,6)

C. (2,2)

D. (1,1)

Answer: B



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15. The point which divides the line segment joining the points $(5,4)$ and $(-13,1)$ in the ratio $2:1$ lies in the

- A. I quadrant
- B. II quadrant
- C. III quadrant
- D. IV quadrant

Answer: B



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16. The ratio in which X -axis divides the segment joining $(-4,3)$ and $(2,-6)$ is

A. 1 : 2

B. 2 : 1

C. 1 : 3

D. 3 : 1

Answer: A



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17. The line segment joining the points $(-1,-2)$ and $(2,8)$ is divided by Y-axis in the ratio

A. 2 : 1

B. 1 : 2

C. 2 : 3

D. 3 : 2

Answer: B



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18. The co-ordinates of the midpoint of segment joining A (3,4) and B (5,-2) are

A. (1,4)

B. (4,3)

C. (1,3)

D. (4,1)

Answer: D



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19. If the line joining A (3,3) and a point B has midpoint at origin , then co-ordinates of B are

A. (3,-3)

B. (-3,-3)

C. (-3,3)

D. (0,0)

Answer: B



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20. If $(5,6)$ is the midpoint of the line segment joining $(6,5)$ and $(4,k)$, then the value of K is

A. 5

B. 6

C. 7

D. 8

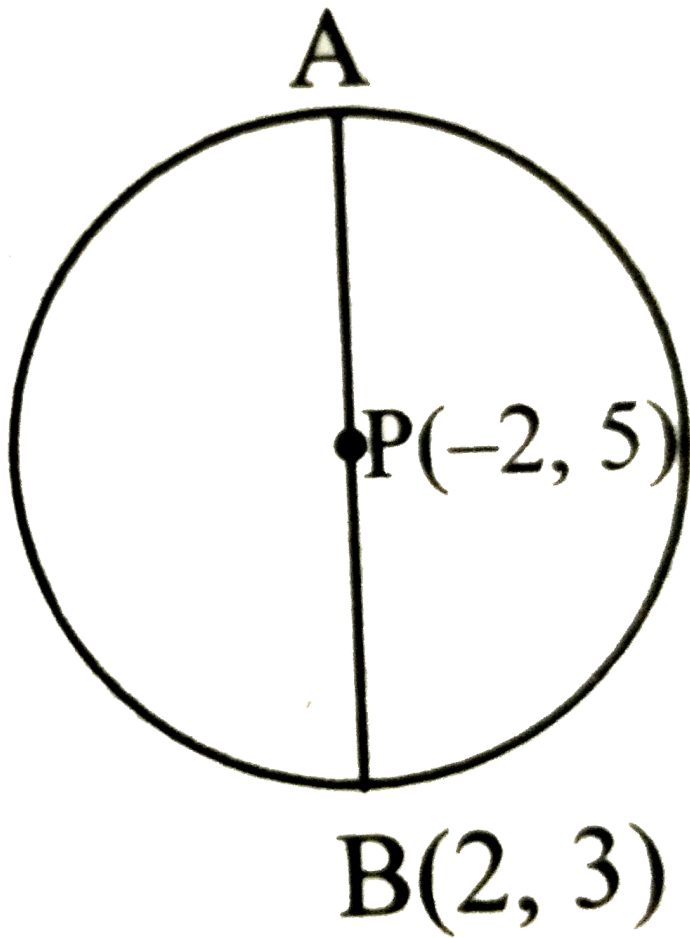
Answer: C



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21. In the figure , point P is the centre of the circle and AB is the diameter . The co-ordinates

of A are



A. (6,7)

B. (-6,7)

C. (6,3)

D. (-6,3)

Answer: B



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22. In the figure , if P (5,-3) and Q(3,y) are the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points A (-2,-5) and B (2,-5) . then y equals?

A. 2

B. 4

C. -4

D. -6

Answer: C



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23. The point which lies on the perpendicular bisector of the line segment joining the points $A(-2,-5)$ and $B(2,5)$ is

A. (0,0)

B. (0,2)

C. (2,0)

D. (-2,0)

Answer: A



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24. If $A(4, 9)$, $B(2, 3)$ and $C(6, 5)$ are the vertices of ABC , then the length of median

through C is (a) 5 units (b) $\sqrt{10}$ units (c) 25
units (d) 10 units

A. $\sqrt{5}$

B. $\sqrt{10}$

C. 25

D. 10

Answer: B



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25. In $\triangle PQR$, $G(6,-2)$ is the centroid. If $P(3,-5)$ and $Q(11,-4)$, then co-ordinates of R are

A. $(3,4)$

B. $(4,3)$

C. $(-3,4)$

D. $(4,-3)$

Answer: B



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26. In $A (h,-5)$, $B (-1,-6)$ and $C (4,k)$ are the coordinates of vertices of $\triangle ABC$ whose centroid is $G (2,-4)$, then the value of k is

A.

B.

C.

D.

Answer:



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27. The slope of the parallel to Y-axis

A. is 0

B. is 1

C. is -1

D. cannot be determined

Answer: D



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28. Write is the slope of the line which makes an angle of 60° with positive direction of X-axis .

A. $\frac{1}{2}$

B. $\sqrt{3}$

C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Answer: B



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29. If the slope of a line is $\sqrt{3}$, the angle made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis is _ _ _ _ _

A. 30°

B. 45°

C. 60°

D. 90°

Answer: C



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30. The slope of the line passing through the points (5,-2) and (-3,-6) is

A. 2

B. -2

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $-\frac{1}{2}$

Answer: C



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31. If the slope of the line joining the points $(k,-3)$ and $(-6,-8)$ is $\frac{5}{4}$, then the value of k is

A. 2

B. -2

C. 3

D. -3

Answer: B



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32. The line joining the points $(1,-5)$ and $(4,-3)$ is parallel to the line joining the points .

A. $(2,0)$ and $(0,-3)$

B. $(-2,0)$ and $(0,-3)$

C. $(-3,0)$ and $(0,-2)$

D. $(-3,0)$ and $(0,2)$

Answer: D



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33. Which of the following points are collinear ?

A. $(-2,3)$, $(3,-1)$ and $(-7,5)$

B. $(-1,1)$, $(5,7)$ and $(8,10)$

C. $(-3,-1)$, $(1,-2)$ and $(6,2)$

D. $(0,1)$, $(3,0)$ and $(-1,-3)$

Answer: B



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34. If the points $(k, 2k)$, $(3k, 3k)$ and $(3, 1)$ are collinear, then k is (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) $-\frac{2}{3}$

A. $-\frac{1}{2}$

B. $\frac{1}{2}$

C. $\frac{-1}{7}$

D. $\frac{1}{7}$

Answer: B



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Additional Problems For Practice

1. Find the distance between the following points .

(i) $A(0,0)$, $B (-5,12)$

(ii) $M (-4,-3)$, $N (2,-1)$

(iii) $P (3,-4)$, $Q(-3,4)$

(iv) $L(4,1)$, $M (1,-3)$

(v) $P(-1,1)$, $Q(5,-7)$



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2. Using distance formula, show that the points $(1, 5)$, $(2, 4)$ and $(3, 3)$ are collinear.



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3. Show that point $P(-3, 2)$, $Q(1, -2)$ and $R(9, -10)$ are collinear



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4. Find the coordinates of centre of the circle passing through the points $P(6,-6)$, $Q(3,-7)$ and $R(3,3)$



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5. Find the value of y if the distance between the points $A(2,-2)$ and $B(-1,y)$ is 5.



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6. Show that point $(5,3)$ is equidistant from the points $(1,1)$ and $(3,-1)$



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7. Find the co-ordinates of a point on Y-axis which is equidistant from $M(-5,-2)$ and $N(3,4)$



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8. If point (x, y) is equidistant from points $(7, 1)$ and $(3, 5)$ show that $y = x - 2$



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9. Find the relation between x and y , such that the point (x, y) is equidistant from points $(-1, 8)$ and $(3, 4)$



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10. Show that the points $A(1,2), B(4,3), C(1,0)$ and $D(-2,-1)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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11. If $P(-2, 4), Q(4, 8), R(10, 5)$ and $S(4, 1)$ are the vertices of a quadrilateral, show that it is a parallelogram.



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12. Show that points $(1,7)$, $(4,2)$, $(-1,-1)$ and $(-4,4)$ are vertices of a square.



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13. Show that points A $(4,-1)$ B $(6,0)$ C $(7,-2)$ and D $(5,-3)$ are the vertices of a square.



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14. Show that the points $P(0,2)$ $Q(3,-1)$ $R(-2,-6)$ and $S(-5,-3)$ are the vertices of a rectangle.



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15. $A(-3,-4)$, $B(-5,0)$, $C(3,0)$ are the vertices of $\triangle ABC$. Find the co-ordinates of the circumcentre of $\triangle ABC$.



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16. If A (2,7) ,B (-6,1) and C (-5,8) are the vertices of a triangle, then find the co-ordinates of circumcentre of that triangle .



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17. In ΔPQR , if P (5,-1) ,Q(-3,3) ,R (-2,6) are the vertices , then find the co-ordinates of the circumcentre and the radius of the circumcircle.



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18. Find the centre and radius of the circle passing through the points P (-7,4) ,Q(0,3) and R (-4,5)



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19. If A (3,5) , B (7,9) and Q divides seg AB in the ratio 2: 3 , then find the co-ordinates of points Q .



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20. If $C(-2,-6)$, $D(2,10)$ and Q divides seg CD in the ratio $4:3$. Find the co-ordinates of points Q .



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21. If point T divides the segment AB with $A(-7,4)$ and $B(-6,-5)$ in the ratio $7:2$, find the co-ordinates of T



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22. If point $P(-4,6)$ divides the line segment AB with $A(-6,10)$ in the ratio $2:1$, then coordinates of the point B are -----



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23. The line segment LM is divided by point $B(-7,2)$ in the ratio $2:1$ if $L(5,4)$, then find the coordinates of M



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24. A (12,5) ,B (4,-3) and A-P-B . Find the ratio in which point P (9,2) divides segment AB.



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25. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points (2,-2) and (-7,-4)



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26. If P is the midpoint of line segment AB with $A(-4, 2)$ and $B(6, 2)$ then coordinates of point P are.



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27. If $A(-14, -10)$, $B(6, -2)$ is given. Find the coordinates of the points which divide segment AB into four equal parts.



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28. In $\triangle ABC$, the co-ordinates of vertices A, B and C are (4,7), (-2,3) and (2,1) respectively. Find the lengths of its medians.

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29. The centroid of $\triangle PQR$ is G (2,-4), and P(3,-5) and Q(-1,-6) are its vertices. Then find the co-ordinates of R.

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30. Find the slope of the following lines.

(i) Line parallel to X-axis .

(ii) Line passing through the points A(-2,-3) and B(2,4)

(iii) Line passing through the points P (3,2) and Q(4,1) .

(iv) Line passing through the points A(-3,5) and B (4,-1).

(v) Line passing through points C(3,5) and D(-2,-3) .

(vi) Line passing through the points A (6,-2) and B (-3,4) .



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31. If slope of the line joining points $P(k,0)$ and $Q(-3,-2)$ is $\frac{2}{7}$, then find k .



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32. Using slope concept, check whether the following points are collinear or not.

(i) $A(7,8)$, $B(-5,2)$ and $(3,6)$

(ii) $X(-1,3)$, $Y(8,-3)$ and $Z(2,1)$

(iii) $A(-2,-2)$, $B(1,1)$ and $D(3,3)$



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33. Show that points P $(-2,3)$,Q $(1,2)$,R $(4,1)$ are collinear.



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34. Show that points P $(3,1)$,Q $(-1,9)$,and R $(4,-1)$ are collinear.



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35. Find the value of k , if the points $A(-1,1)$
 $B(5,7)$ and $C(8,k)$ are collinear



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36. Find the value of k , so that line joining the
points $A(3,k)$ and $B(2,7)$ is parallel to line
joining the points $C(-1,4)$ and $D(0,6)$.



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37. Show that $\square ABCD$ is a parallelogram if A (4,8) ,B(5,5), C(2,4) ,D(1,7) .



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38. If A(6,1) ,B(8,2) ,C(9,4) and D (7,3) are the vertices of $\square ABCD$, show that $\square ABCD$ is a parallelogram.



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1. Choose the correct alternative.

(i) The distance of Q (3,-1) from the origin is

A. 2 units

B. 4 units

C. $\sqrt{5}$ units

D. $\sqrt{10}$ units

Answer: D



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2. Choose the correct alternative.

(ii) The midpoint of the segment joining the points A (-5,6) and B (-6,5) is

A. $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$

B. $\left(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$

C. $\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{-11}{2}\right)$

D. $\left(\frac{-11}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$

Answer: D



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3. Choose the correct alternative.

(iii) if point P divides segment joining $(-5,6)$ and $B(3,-5)$ in the co-ordinates of points P are

A. $(-2,-2)$

B. $(-1,-1)$

C. $(-3,1)$

D. $(1,-3)$

Answer: C



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4. The slope of X axis is.....

A. 0

B. 1

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Answer: A



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5. Solve the following questions . (Any one)

(i) Find the slope of the lines making 45° and 90° with the direction of X-axis .



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6. Find the co-ordinates of a point on Y-axis which is equidistant from S (-3,-1) and T (2,-2) .



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7. Find k if the line passing through points $P(-12, -3)$ and $Q(4, k)$ has slope $\frac{1}{2}$.



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8. Find the slope of line l which is parallel to X-axis . Also , find the slope of line n which is parallel to Y-axis .



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9. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(i) Check if the points $(3,9)$, $(0,6)$ and $(-4,2)$ are collinear or not .



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10. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(ii) Find the ratio in which point $Q (-1,4)$ divides the line segment joining $R (0,6)$ and $S(-4,-2)$.



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11. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(iii) Find the co-ordinates of the centroid of Δ ABC if $A(-3,2)$, $B (-6,-1)$ and $C (0,5)$ are its vertices.



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12. Show that points

$A(- 4, - 7), B(- 1, 2), C(8, 5)$ and

$D(5, - 4)$ are the vertices of rhombus ABCD.



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13. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(ii) Find the co-ordinates of the points which divides the segment joining $P(-6,10)$ and $Q(-10,-2)$ into four equal parts .



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14. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(iii) Find the lengths of the medians of a triangle whose vertices are $(8,2)$, $(-2,0)$ and $(-4,-2)$.





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15. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(iv) Find the ratio in which point P ($k,7$) divides the segment joining A ($8,9$) and B ($1,2$) . Also find k .



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16. Prove that the points ($3, 0$), ($6, 4$) and ($-1, 3$) are the vertices of a right angled isosceles triangle.



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17. Points $A(-1, y)$ and $B(5, 7)$ lie on a circle with centre $O(2, -3y)$. Find the values of y . Hence, find the radius of the circle.



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18. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(i) Point R divides seg PQ externally in the ratio

3: 1 and P-Q-R. find the ratio in which point Q divides seg PR.



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19. Solve the following questions. (Any two)

(ii) A (15,5) ,B(9,20) and A-P-B . Find the ratio in which point P(11,15) divides segment AB. Find the ratio using x and y co-ordinates . Write the conclusion .



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