



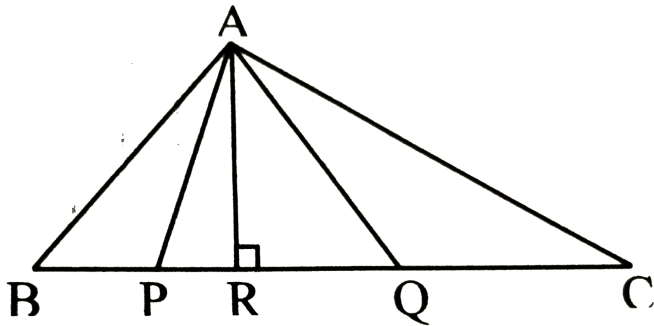
# MATHS

## BOOKS - TARGET MATHS (HINGLISH)

### SIMILARITY

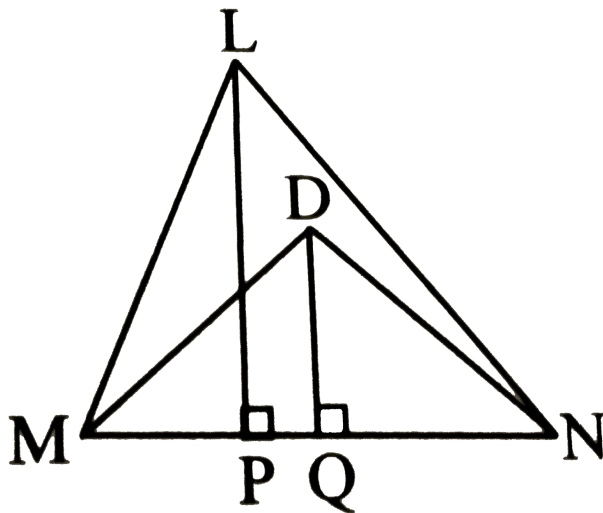
**Fill In The Properly State The Reason**

1. Find  $\frac{A(\triangle ABC)}{A(\triangle APQ)}$ .



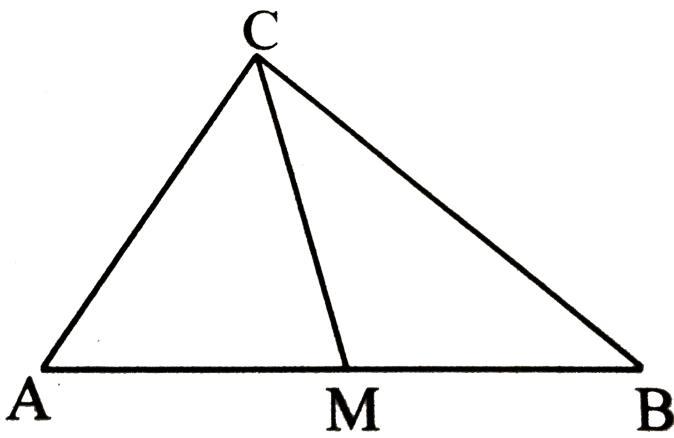
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2. Find  $\frac{A(\triangle LMN)}{A(\triangle DMN)}$



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3. In the adjoining figure, M is the midpoint of seg AB and seg CM is a median of  $\triangle ABC$ . Find  $\frac{A(\triangle AMC)}{A(\triangle BMC)}$ .



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## Textual Activity

1. Draw a  $\triangle ABC$ .

1. Bisect  $\angle B$  and name the point of intersection of AC and the angle bisector as D.

2. Measure the sides.

$AB = \square \text{ cm}$ ,  $BC = \square \text{ cm}$ ,

$AD = \square \text{ cm}$ ,  $DC = \square \text{ cm}$

3. Find ratios  $\frac{AB}{BC}$  and  $\frac{AD}{DC}$ .

4. You will find that both the ratios are almost equal.

6. Bisect remaining angles of the triangle and find the ratio as above. Verify that the ratios are equal.



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2. Draw three parallel lines.

ii. Label them as  $l$ ,  $m$ ,  $n$ .

iii. Draw transversals  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ .

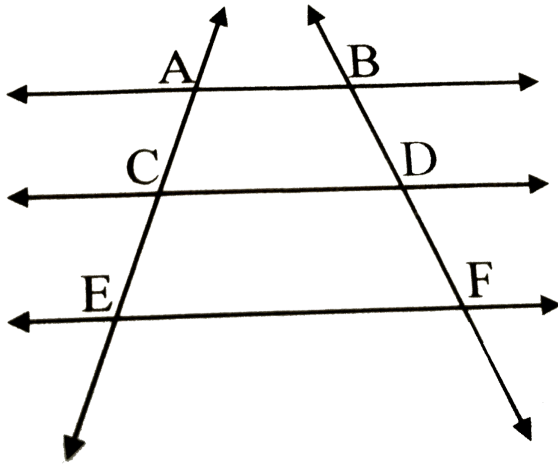
iv.  $AB$  and  $BC$  are intercepts on transversal  $t_1$ .

v.  $PQ$  and  $QR$  are intercepts on transversal  $t_2$ .

vi. Find ratios  $\frac{AB}{BC}$  and  $\frac{PQ}{QR}$ . You will find that they are almost equal. Verify that they are equal.

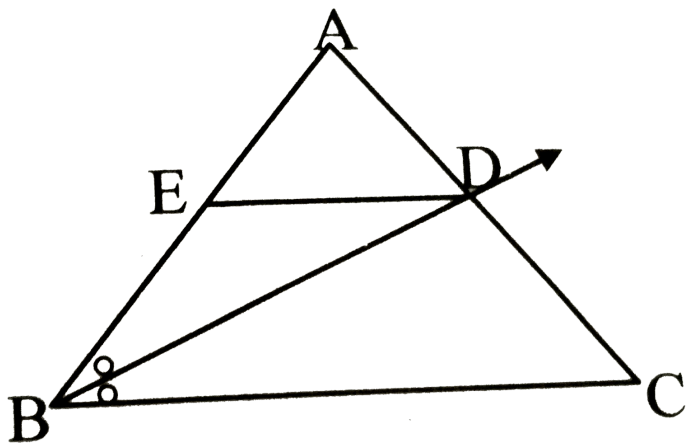
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3. In the adjoining figure,  $AB \parallel CD \parallel EF$ . If  $AC = 5.4$ ,  $CE = 9$ ,  $BD = 7.5$ , then find  $DF$ .



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4. In  $\triangle ABC$ , ray  $BD$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ .  $A-D-C$ , side  $DE \parallel$  side  $BC$ ,  $A-E-B$ , then prove that  $\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{AE}{EB}$ .



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Try This

1. Three statements are given below:

I. In a  $\parallel$ gm, the angle bisectors of two adjacent angles enclose a right angle.

II. The angle bisectors of a  $\parallel$ gm form a rectangle.

III. The triangle formed by joining the midpoints of the sides of an isosceles triangle is not necessarily an isosceles triangle.

Which is true?



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Practice Set 11



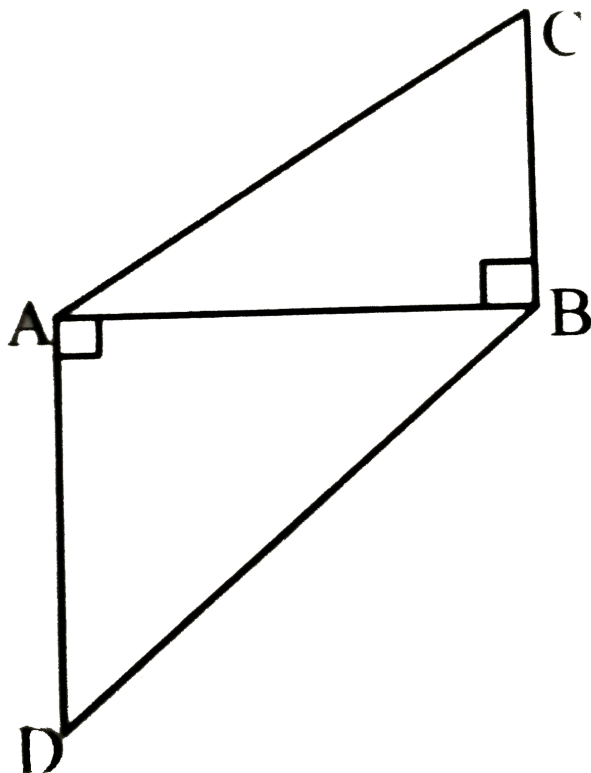
1. Base of a triangle is 9 and height is 5. Base of another triangle is 10 and height is 6. Find the ratio of areas of these triangles.



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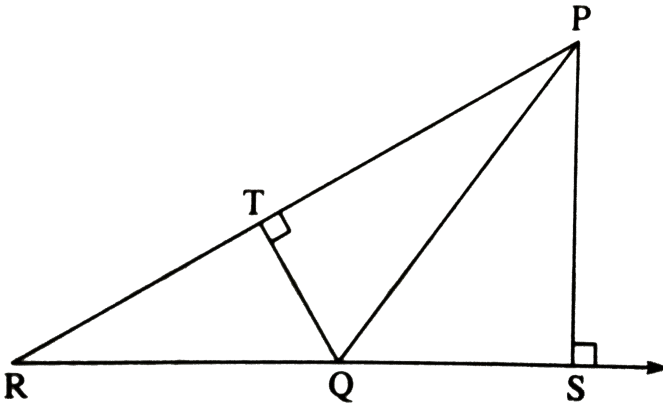
2. In the adjoining figure,  $BC \perp AB$ ,  $AD \perp AB$ ,  $BC = 4$ ,  $AD = 8$ , then find

$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta ADB)}$$



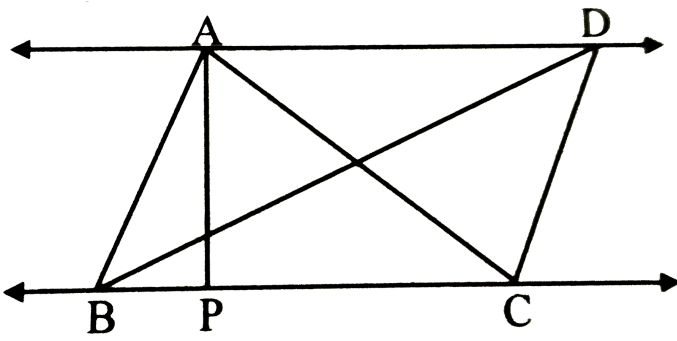
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3. In the following figure set  $PS \perp$  seg  $RQ$ , set  $QT \perp$  set  $PR$ . If  $RQ = 6$ ,  $PS = 6$  and  $PR = 12$ , then find the  $QT$ .



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4. In the adjoining figure,  $AP \perp BC$ ,  $AD \parallel BC$ , then find  $A(\Delta ABC) : A(\Delta BCD)$ .

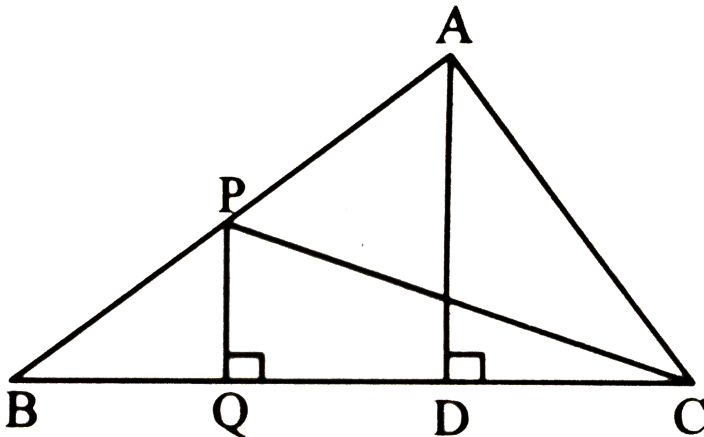


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5. In the adjoining figure,  $PQ \perp BC$ ,  $AD \perp BC$ , then

find ratio

$$\frac{A(\Delta PQB)}{A(\Delta PBC)}.$$



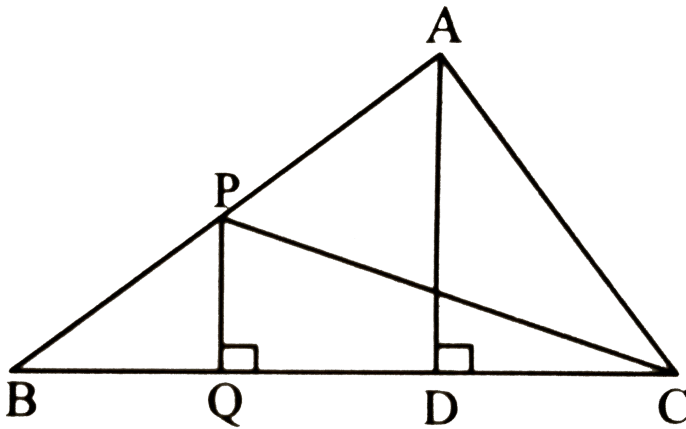


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6. In the adjoining figure,  $PQ \perp BC$ ,  $AD \perp BC$ , then

find ratio

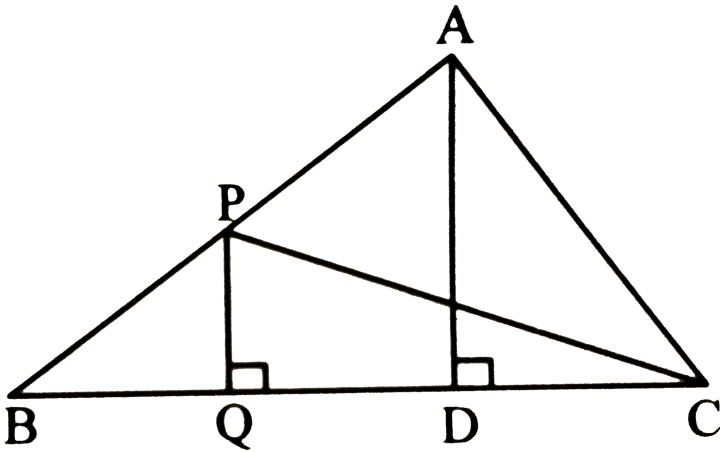
$$\frac{A(\Delta PBC)}{A(\Delta ABC)}.$$



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7. In the adjoining figure,  $PQ \perp BC$ ,  $AD \perp BC$ , then find ratio

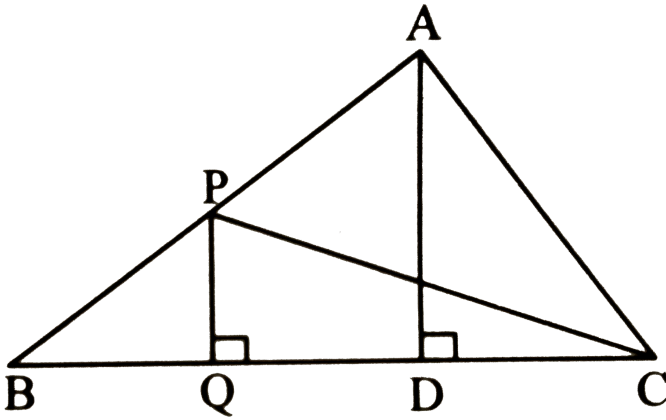
$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta ADC)}$$



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8. In the adjoining figure,  $PQ \perp BC$ ,  $AD \perp BC$ , then find ratio

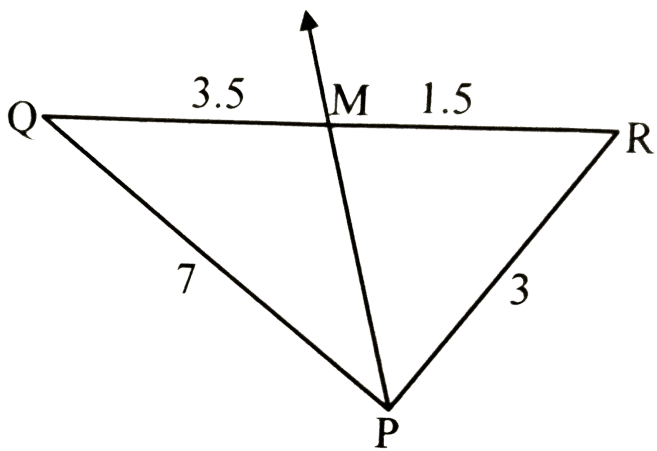
$$\frac{A(\triangle ADC)}{A(\triangle PQC)}$$



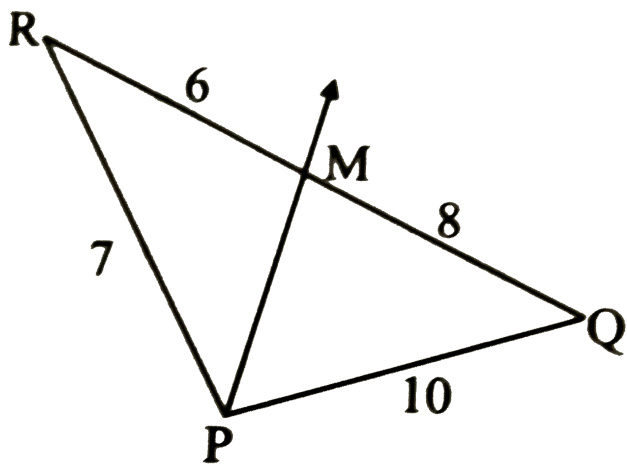
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## Practice Set 1 2

1. Given below are some triangle and lengths of line segments. Identify in which figures, ray PM is the bisector of  $\angle QPR$ .

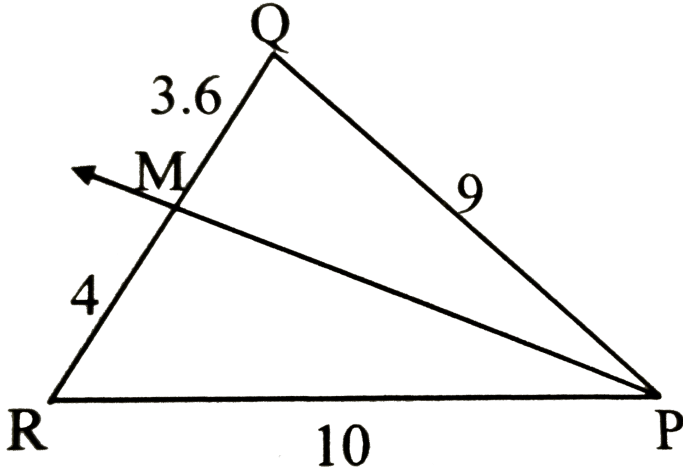


ii



iii.



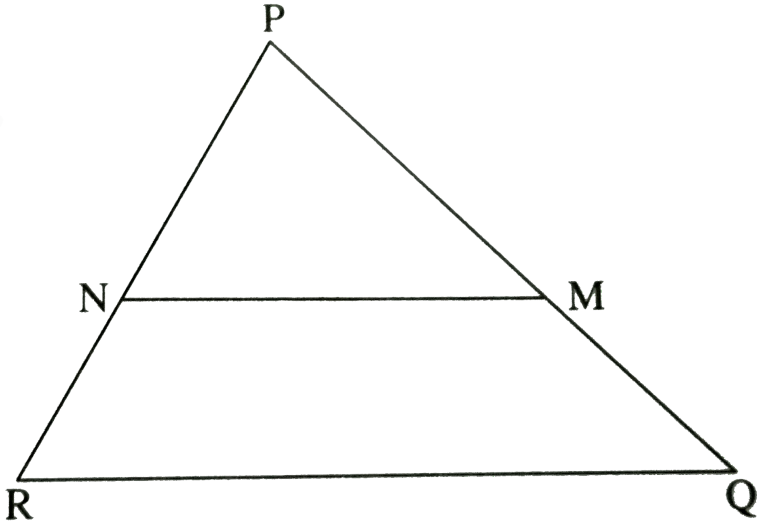


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2. In  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $PM = 15$ ,  $PQ = 25$ ,  $PR = 20$ ,  $NR = 8$ .

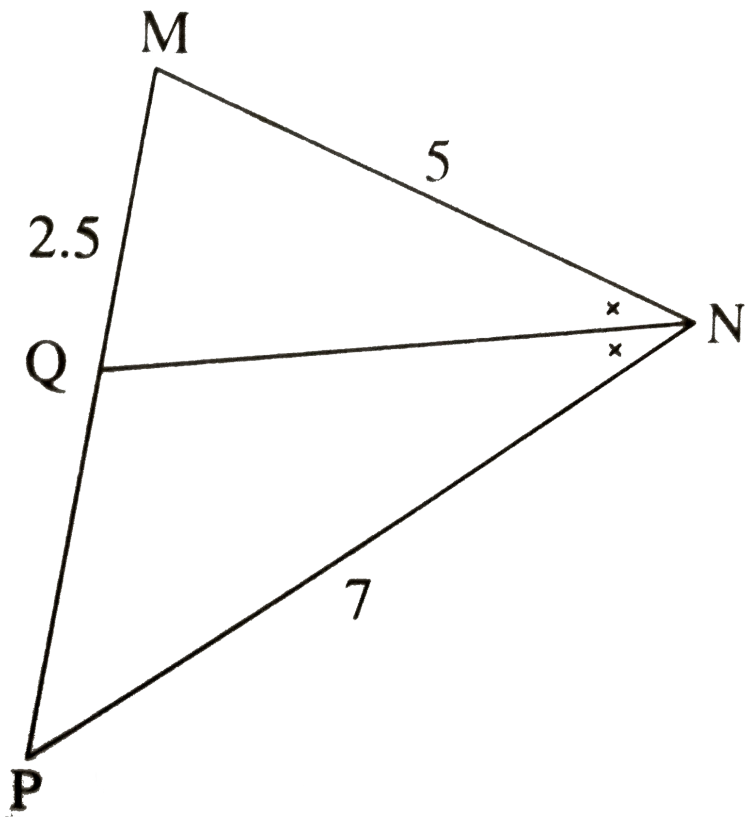
State whether line  $NM$  is parallel to side  $RQ$  or not.

Given Reason.



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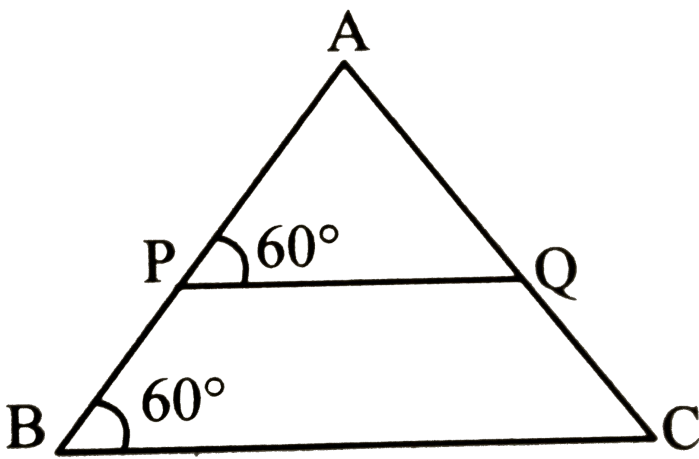
3. In  $\triangle MNP$ ,  $NQ$  is a bisector of  $\angle N$ . If  $MN = 5$ ,  $PN = 7$ ,  $MQ = 2.5$ , the find  $QP$ .



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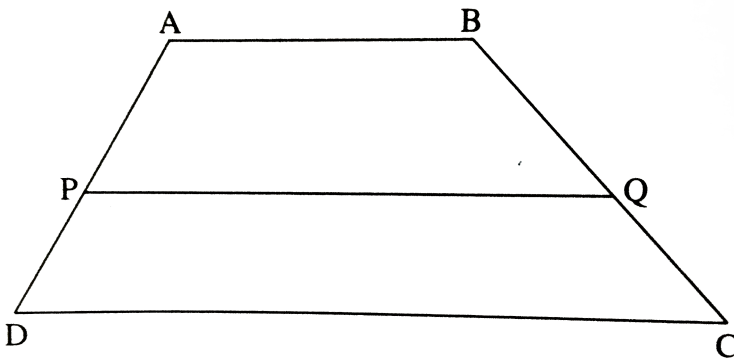
4. Measures of same angles in the figure are given.

Prove that  $\frac{AP}{PB} = \frac{AQ}{QC}$ .



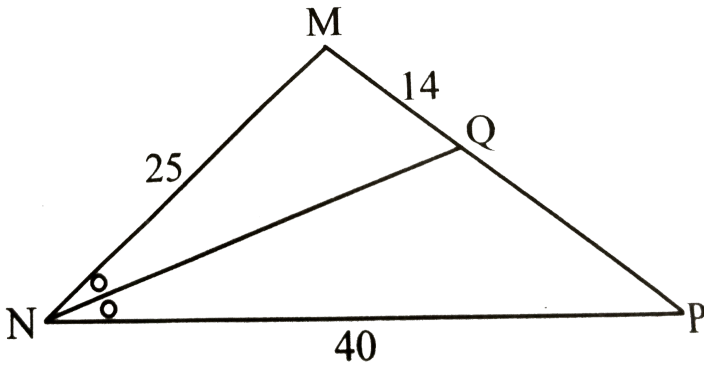
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5. In trapezium  $ABCD$  side  $AB \parallel$  side  $PQ \parallel$  side  $DC$ ,  $AP = 15$ ,  $PD = 12$ ,  $QC = 14$ , find  $BQ$ .



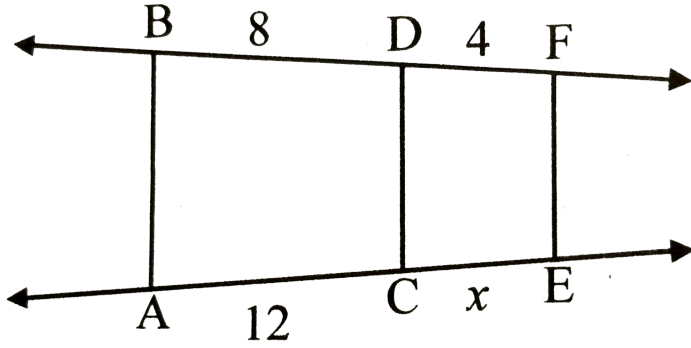
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6. Find  $QP$  using given information in the figure.



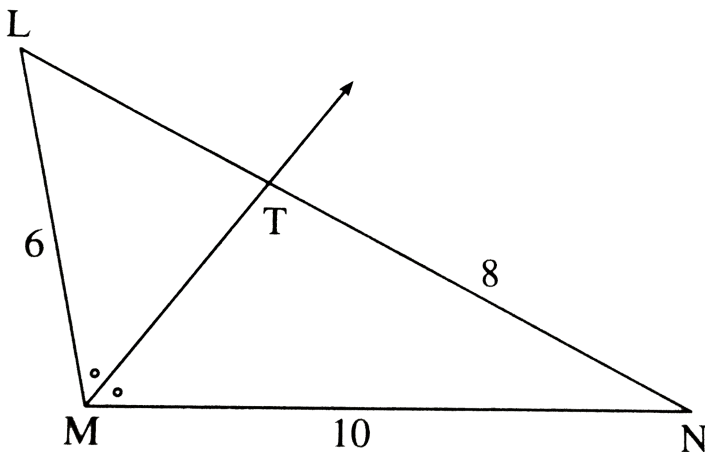
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7. In the adjoining figure, if  $AB \parallel CD \parallel FE$ , then find  $x$  and  $AE$ .

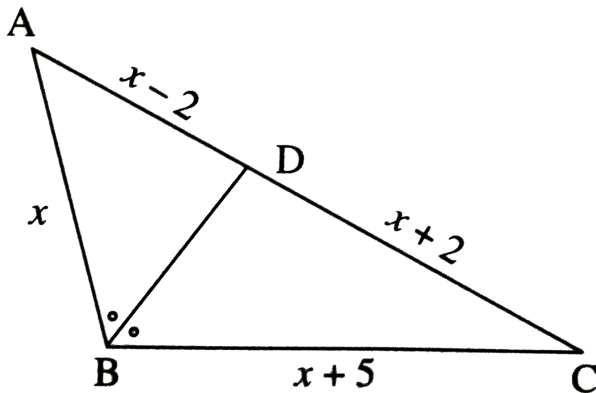


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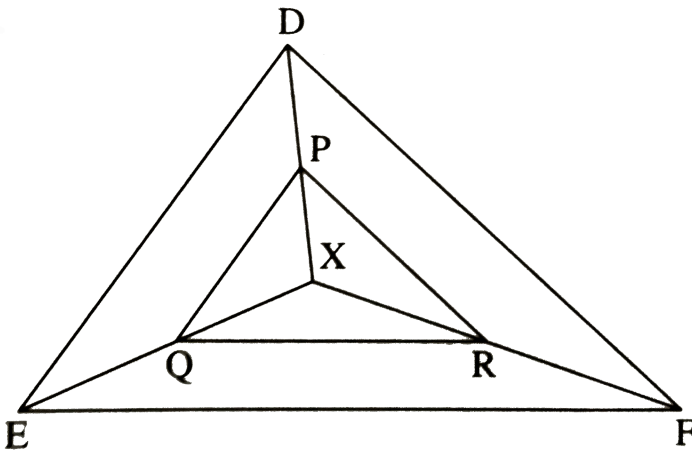
8. In  $\triangle LMN$ , ray  $MT$  bisects  $\angle LMN$ . If  $LM = 6$ ,  $MN = 10$ ,  $TN = 8$  then find  $LT$ .



9. In  $\triangle ABC$  set  $BD$  bisects  $\angle ABC$ . If  $AB = x$ ,  $BC = x + 5$ ,  $AD = x - 2$ ,  $DC = x + 2$ , then find the value of  $x$ .



10. In the figure X is any point in the interior of triangle. Point X is joined to vertices of triangle. Seg  $PQ \parallel$  set DE, set  $QR \parallel$  set EF. Fill in the blanks to prove that set  $PR \parallel$  seg DF.



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11. In  $\triangle ABC$ , ray  $BD$  bisects  $\angle ABC$  and ray  $CE$  bisects  $\angle ACB$ . If  $\text{seg } AB \cong \text{seg } AC$ , then prove that  $ED \parallel BC$ .



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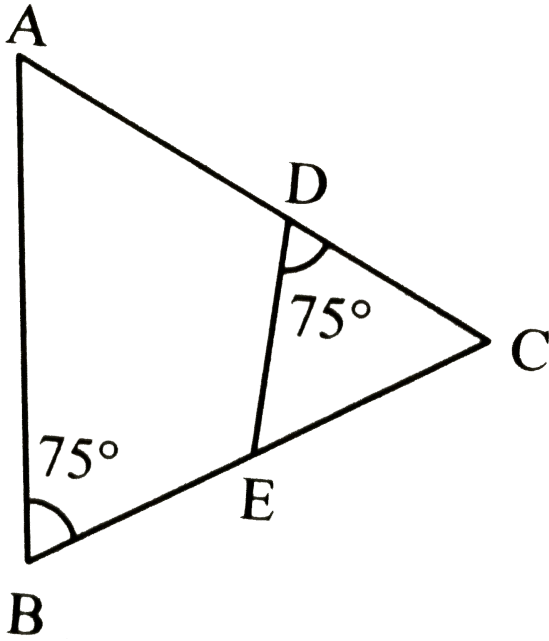
### Practice Set 13

1. In the adjoining figure,  $\angle ABC = 75^\circ$ ,  $\angle EDC = 75^\circ$ .

State which two triangles are similar and by which test?

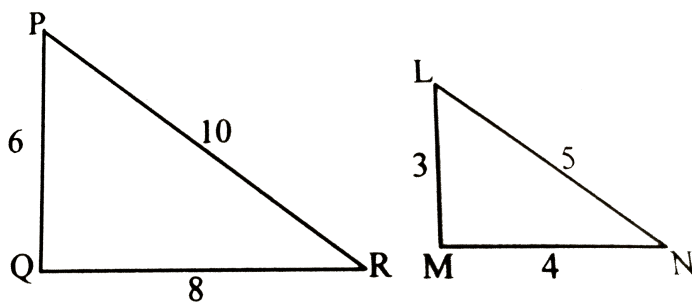
Also write the similarity of these two triangles by a

proper one to one correspondence.



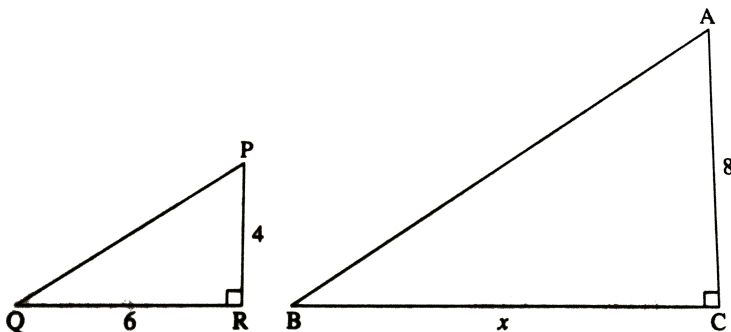
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2. Are the triangle in the adjoining figure similar? If yes, by which test?



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3. As shown in the figures, two poles of height 8m and 4m are perpendicular to the ground. If the length of shadow smaller pole due to sunlight is 6 m then long will be the shadow of the bigger pole of the same time?



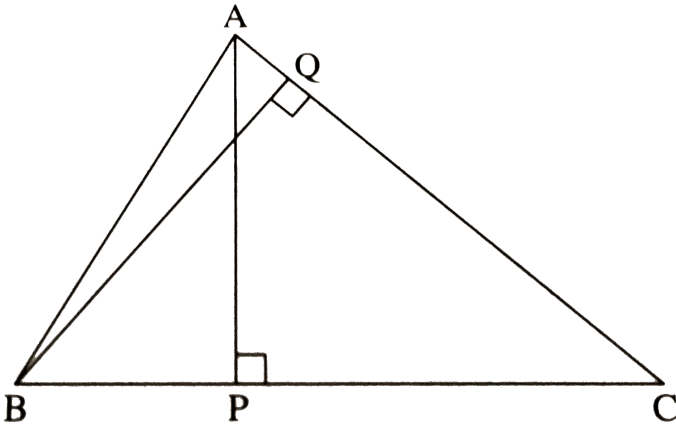
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4. In

$\Delta ABC$ ,  $AP \perp BC$ ,  $BQ \perp AC$ .  $B - P - C$ ,  $A - Q - C$ ,

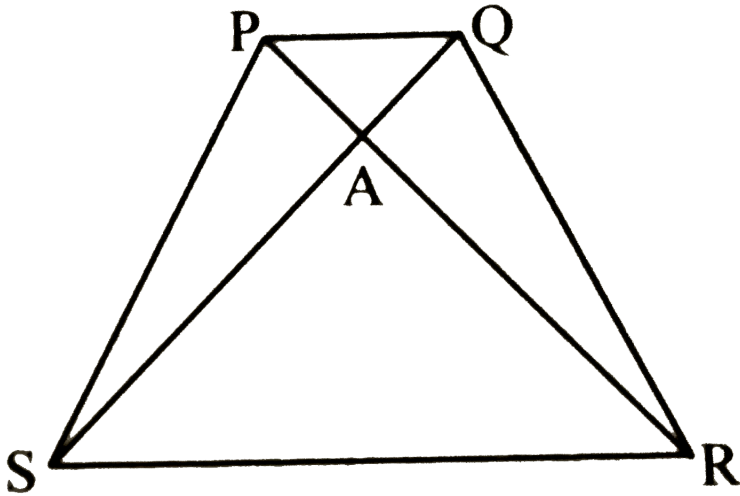
then prove that  $\Delta CPA \sim \Delta CQB$ .

If  $AP = 7$ ,  $BQ = 8$ ,  $BC = 12$  then find AC.



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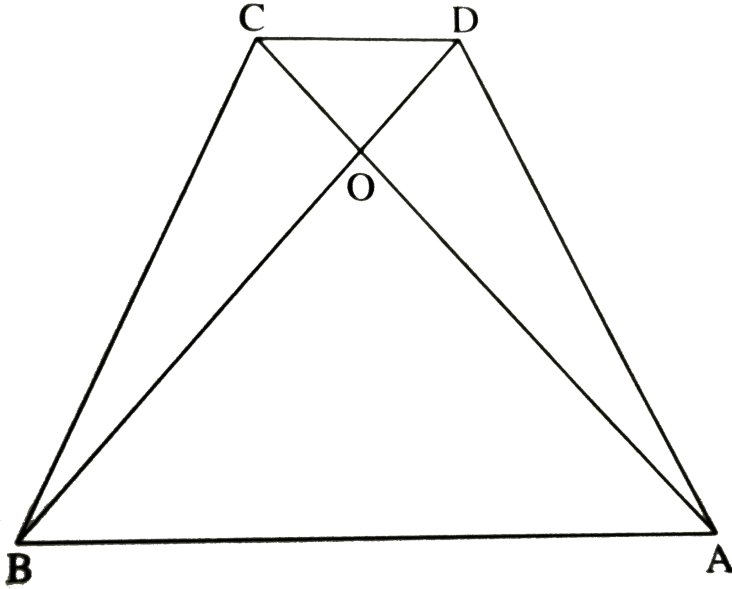
5. Given : In trapezium PQRS, side  $PQ \parallel SR$ ,  $AR = 5 AP$ ,  $AS = 5 AQ$ , then prove that  $SR = 5 PQ$ .



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6. In trapezium ABCD side  $AB \parallel DC$ , diagonals AC and BD intersect in point O. If

$AB = 20$ ,  $DC = 6$ ,  $OB = 15$  then find  $OD$ .



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7.  $\square ABCD$  is a parallelogram. Point  $E$  is on side  $BC$ . Line  $DE$  intersects ray  $AB$  in point  $T$ . Prove that  $DE \times BE = CE \times TE$ .



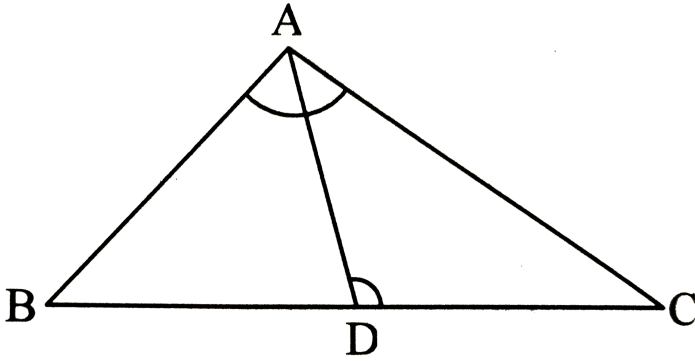
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8. In the figure, seg  $AC$  and seg  $BD$  intersect each other in point  $P$  and  $\frac{AP}{CP} = \frac{BP}{DP}$ . Prove that  $\triangle ABP \sim \triangle CDP$ .

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9. In the adjoining figure, in  $\triangle ABC$ , point  $D$  is on side  $BC$  such that,  $\angle BAC = \angle ADC$ . Prove that,

$$CA^2 = CB \times CD.$$



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## Practice Set 1 4

1. The ratio of corresponding sides of similar triangles is 3:5, then what is the ratio of their areas.

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2. If  $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$  and  $AB:PQ = 2:3$ , then fill in the blanks:

$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta PQR)} = \frac{(AB)^2}{\square} = \frac{2^2}{3^2} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta PQR)} = \frac{AB^2}{PQ^2} = \frac{2^2}{3^2} = \frac{4}{9}$$

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3. If  
 $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$ ,  $A(\Delta ABC) = 80$ ,  $A(\Delta PQR) = 125$ ,  
then fill in the blanks:

$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta \dots \dots \dots)} = \frac{80}{125} \therefore \frac{AB}{PQ} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

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4.

$$\triangle LMN \sim \triangle PQR,$$

$9 \times A(\triangle PQR) = 16 \times A(\triangle LMN)$ . If  $QR = 20$ , then find  $MN$ .



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5. Areas of two similar triangles are 225 sq cm and 81 sq cm. If a side of the smaller triangle is 12 cm, then find the corresponding side of the bigger triangle.

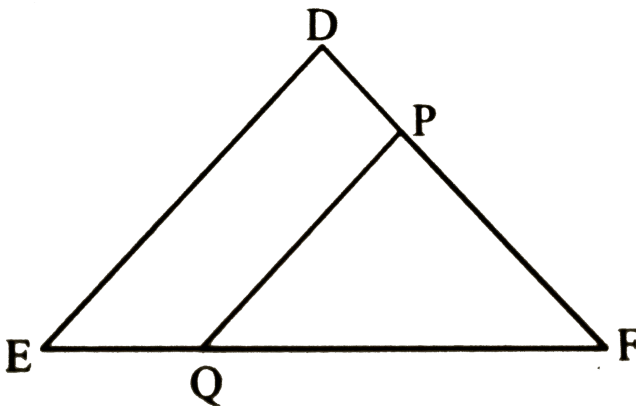


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6.  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  are equilateral triangles. If  $A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle DEF) = 1 : 2$  and  $AB = 4$ , find  $DE$ .

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7. In the adjoining figure,  $\text{seg } PQ \parallel \text{seg } DE$ ,  $A(\triangle PQF) = 20$  sq. units,  $PF = 2 DP$ , then find  $A(\square DPQE)$  by completing the following activity.

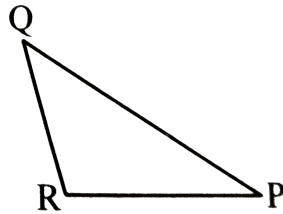
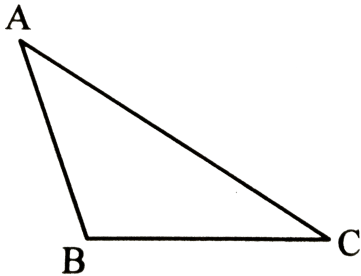


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## Problem Set 1

1. In  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle PQR$ , in a one to one correspondence.

$$\frac{AB}{QR} = \frac{BC}{PR} = \frac{CA}{PQ}, \text{ then}$$



A.  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle ABC$

B.  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle CAB$

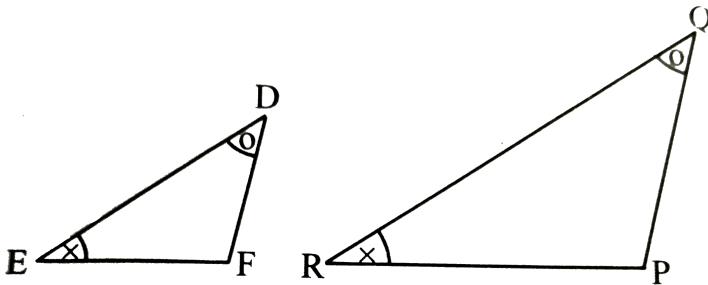
C.  $\triangle CBA \sim \triangle PQR$

D.  $\triangle BCA \sim \triangle PQR$

Answer: B

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2. If in  $\triangle DEF$  and  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $\angle D = \angle Q$ ,  $\angle R = \angle E$ , then which of the following statements is false?



A.  $\frac{EF}{PR} = \frac{DF}{PQ}$

B.  $\frac{DE}{PQ} = \frac{EF}{RP}$

$$C. \frac{DE}{QR} = \frac{DF}{PQ}$$

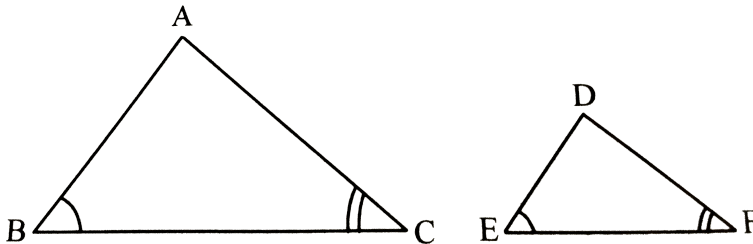
$$D. \frac{EF}{RP} = \frac{DE}{QR}$$

**Answer: B**



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3. In  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$ ,  $\angle B = \angle E$ ,  $\angle F = \angle C$  and  $AB = 3 DE$ , then which of the statements regarding the two triangles is true?



A. The triangles are not congruent and not similar.

B. The triangles are similar but not congruent.

C. The triangles are congruent and similar.

D. None of the statements above is true.

**Answer: B**

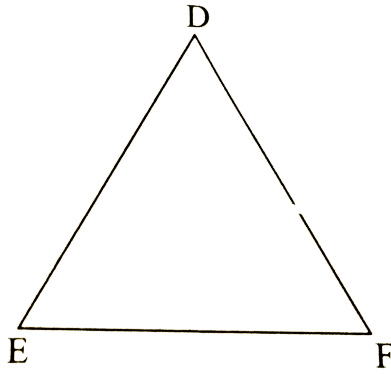
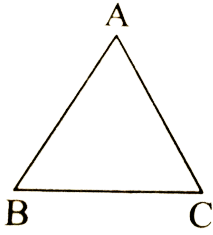


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4.  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  are equilateral triangles,

$$A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle DEF) = 1 : 2.$$

If  $AB = 4$  then what is the length of  $DE$ ?



A.  $2\sqrt{2}$

B. 4

C. 8

D.  $4\sqrt{2}$

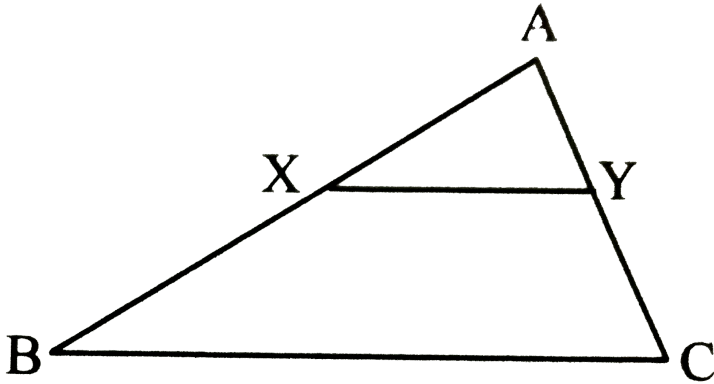
**Answer: D**



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5. In the adjoining figure,  $\text{seg } XY \parallel \text{seg } BC$ , then which of the following statements is true?



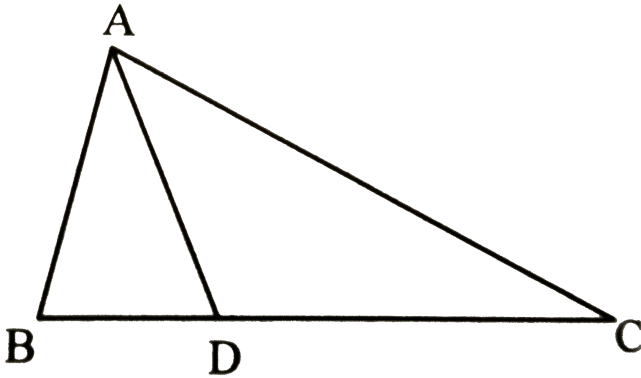
- A.  $\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{AX}{AY}$
- B.  $\frac{AX}{XB} = \frac{AY}{AC}$
- C.  $\frac{AX}{YC} = \frac{AY}{XB}$
- D.  $\frac{AB}{YC} = \frac{AC}{XB}$

**Answer: A**

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6. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $B - D - C$  and  $BD = 7$ ,  $BC = 20$ , then find the ratio.

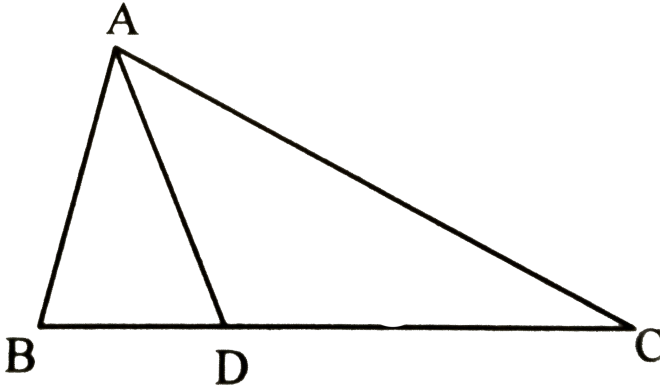
$$\frac{A(\triangle ABD)}{A(\triangle ADC)}$$



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7. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $B - D - C$  and  $BD = 7$ ,  $BC = 20$ , then find the ratio

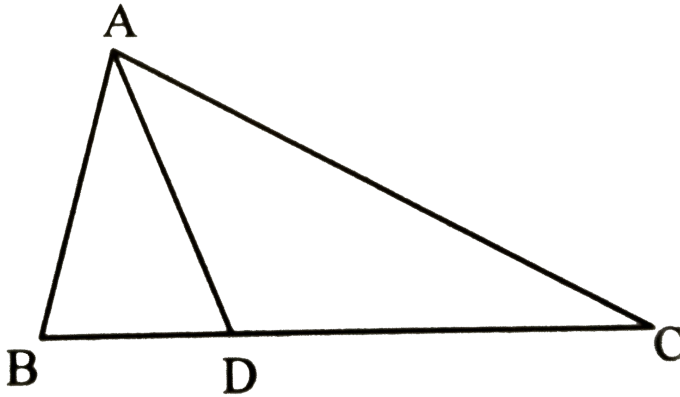
$$\frac{A(\triangle ABD)}{A(\triangle ABC)}$$



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8. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $B - D - C$  and  $BD = 7$ ,  $BC = 20$ , then find following ratios.

$$\frac{A(\triangle ADC)}{A(\triangle ABC)}$$



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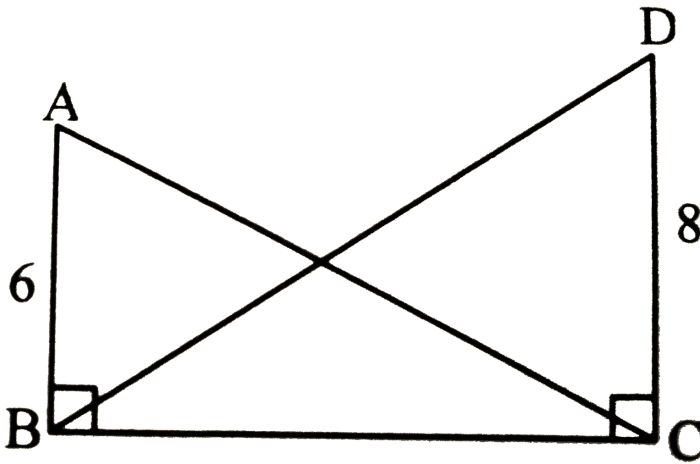
9. Ratio of areas of two triangles with equal height is 2:3. If base of the smaller triangle is 6 cm, the what is the corresponding base of the bigger triangle?

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10. In the adjoining figure,

$\angle ABC = \angle DCB = 90^\circ$ ,  $AB = 6$ ,  $DC = 8$ , then

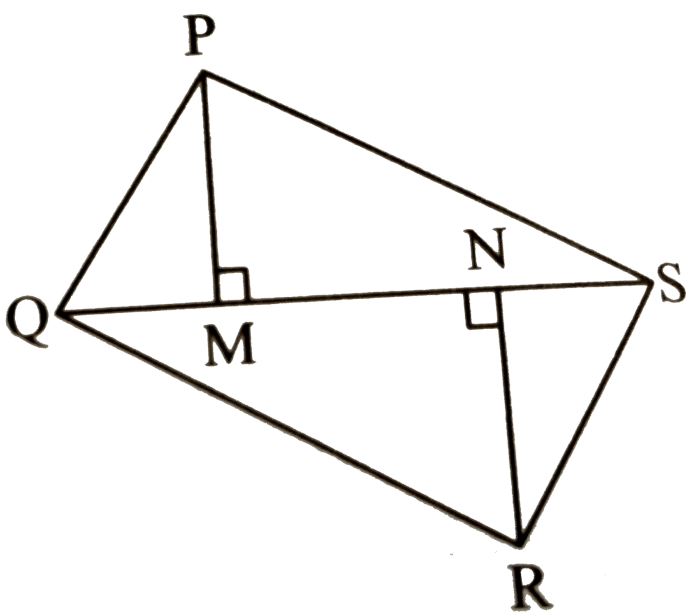
$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta DCB)} = ?$$



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11. In the adjoining figure,  $PM = 10$  cm,  $A(\Delta PQS) = 100$

sq. cm,  $A(\Delta QRS) = 110$ sq. cm, then find  $NR$ .



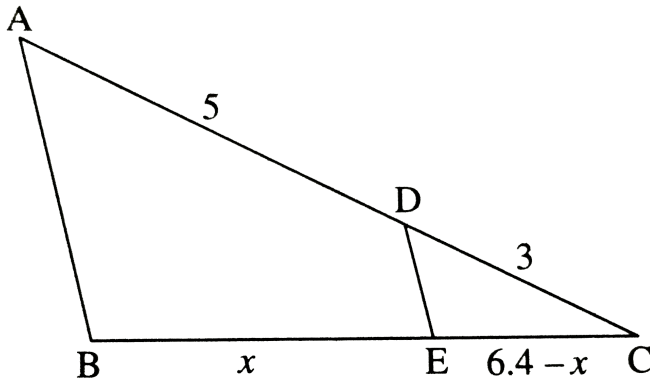
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12.  $\Delta MNT \sim \Delta QRS$ . Length of altitude drawn from point T is 5 and length of altitude drawn from point S is

9. Find the ratio  $\frac{A(\Delta MNT)}{A(\Delta QRS)}$ .

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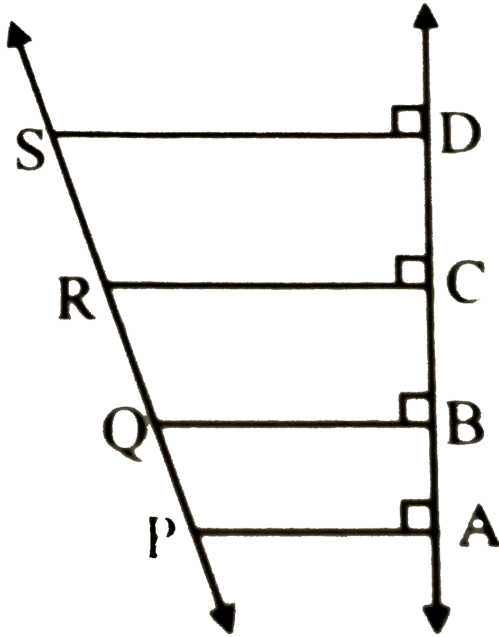
13. In the figure  $A - D - C$  and  $B - E - C$  seg  $DE \parallel$  side  $AB$ . If  $AD = 5$ ,  $DC = 3$ ,  $BC = 6.4$  then find  $BE$ .



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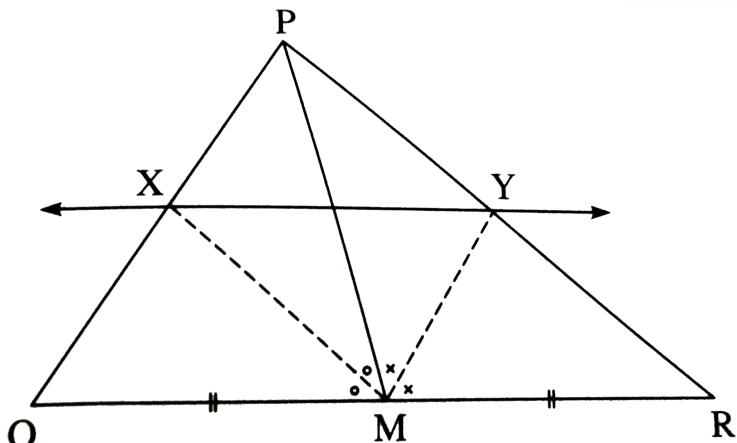
14. In the adjoining figure, seg  $PA$ , seg  $QB$ , seg  $RC$  and seg  $SD$  are perpendicular to line  $AD$ .  $AB = 60$ ,  $BC = 70$ ,  $CD$

= 80, PS = 280, then find PQ, QR and RS.



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15.

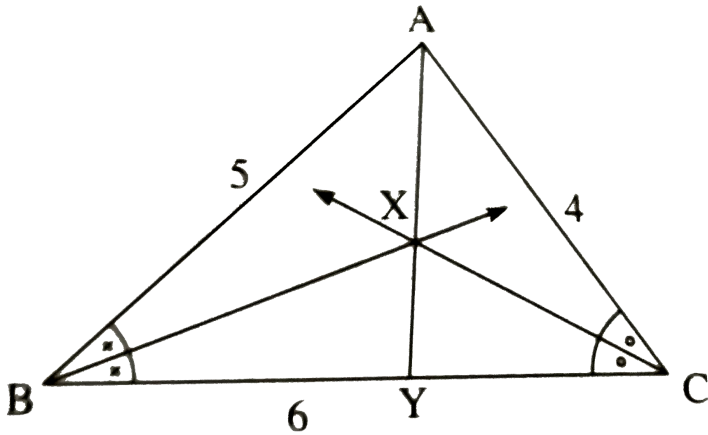
In  $\triangle PQR$  seg  $PM$  is a median. Angle bisectors of  $\angle PMQ$  and  $\angle PMR$  intersect side  $PQ$  and side  $PR$  in points  $X$  and  $Y$  respectively. Prove that  $XY \parallel QR$ .

Complete the proof by filling in the boxes:

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16. In the figure bisectors of  $\angle B$  and  $\angle C$  of  $\triangle ABC$  intersect each other in point  $X$ . Line  $AX$  intersects side

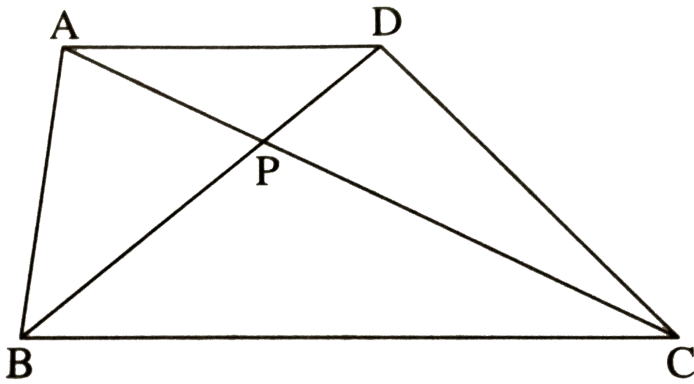
BC in point Y.  $AB = 5$ ,  $AC = 4$ ,  $BC = 6$  then find  $\frac{AX}{XY}$



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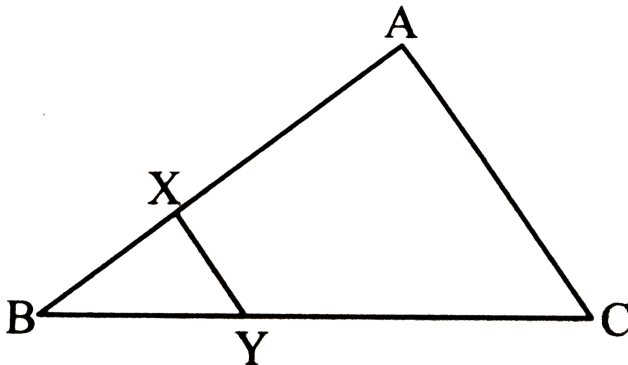
17. In  $\square ABCD$ , seg  $AD \parallel$  seg  $BC$ . Diagonal  $AC$  and diagonal  $BD$  intersect each other in point  $P$ . Then show

that  $\frac{AP}{PD} = \frac{PC}{BP}$ .



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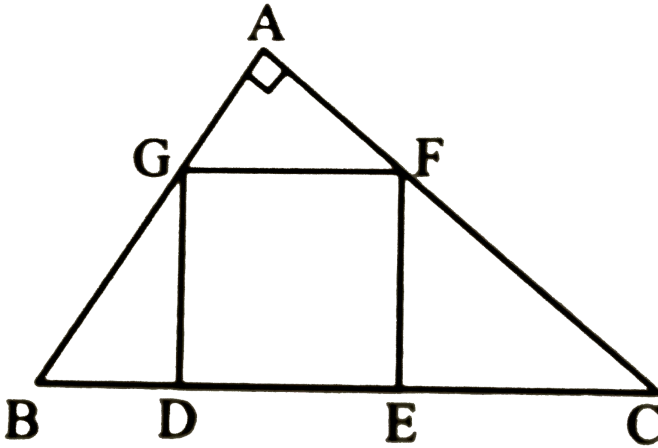
**18.** In the adjoining figure,  $XY \parallel \text{seg } AC$ . If  $2 AX = 3 BX$  and  $XY = 9$ , find the value of  $AC$ .





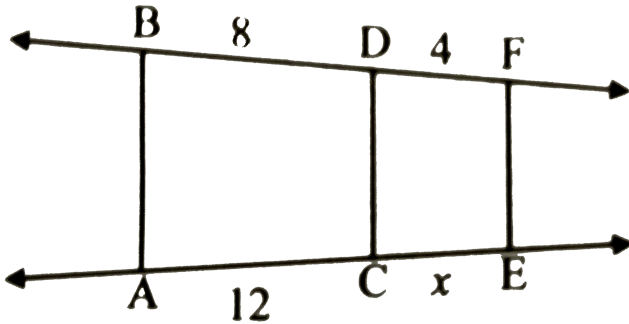
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19. In the adjoining figure, the vertices of square  $DEFG$  are on the sides of  $\triangle ABC$ . If  $\angle A = 90^\circ$ , then prove that  $DE^2 = BD \times EC$ .



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1. In the adjoining figure, if  $AB \parallel CD \parallel FE$ , then find  $x$  and  $AE$ .



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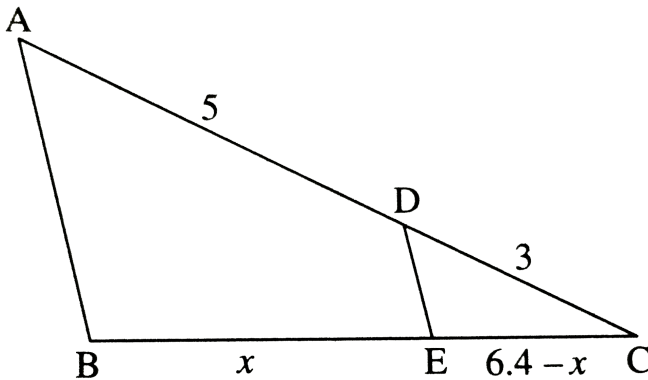
2. In  $\triangle ABC$ , ray  $BD$  bisects  $\angle ABC$  and ray  $CE$  bisects  $\angle ACB$ . If  $\text{seg } AB \cong \text{seg } AC$ , then prove that  $ED \parallel BC$ .

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3.  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  are equilateral triangles. If  $A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle DEF) = 1 : 2$  and  $AB = 4$ , find DE.

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4. In the figure  $A - D - C$  and  $B - E - C$  seg  $DE \parallel$  side AB. If  $AD = 5$ ,  $DC = 3$ ,  $BC = 6.4$  then find BE.

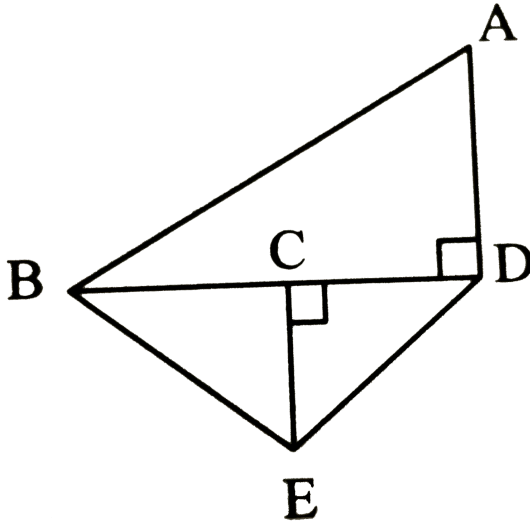


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## Multiple Choice Questions

1. In the given figure, if  $AD = 5$  cm and  $CE = 3$ , then

$$\frac{A(\triangle ABD)}{A(\triangle BED)} = \text{-----}.$$



A.  $\frac{5}{3}$

B.  $\frac{25}{9}$

C.  $\frac{3}{5}$

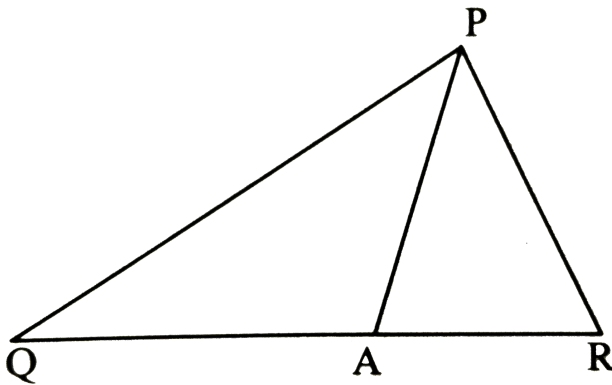
D.  $\frac{5}{8}$

Answer: A

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2. In  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $Q - A - R$  and  $QA = 6$  cm,  $QR = 11$  cm , then

$$\frac{A(\triangle PRA)}{A(\triangle PQA)} =$$



A.  $\frac{5}{6}$



B.  $\frac{6}{5}$

C.  $\frac{3}{5}$

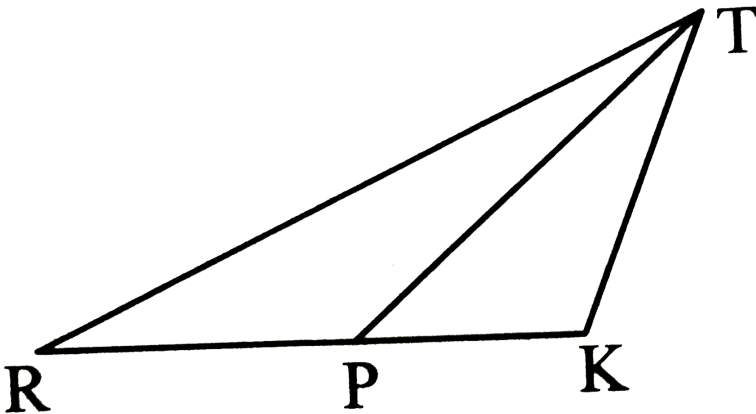
D.  $\frac{5}{3}$

Answer: A



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3. In the figure,  $RP : PK = 11 : 8$ , then  $\frac{A(\triangle TRP)}{A(\triangle TPK)} =$



A. 11 : 8

B. 8 : 11

C. 7 : 11

D. 11 : 19

**Answer: A**



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4. Ratio of areas of two triangles with equal bases is 3 :

4. If height of the bigger triangle is 20 cm, then the corresponding height of the smaller triangle is

A. 4 cm

B. 9 cm

C. 12 cm

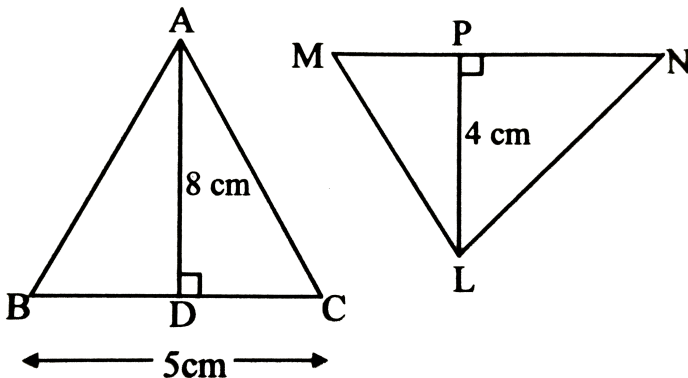
D. 15 cm

**Answer: D**



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5. If  $A(\triangle ABC) = A(\triangle LMN)$ , then  $MN =$



A. 40 cm

B. 10 cm

C. 4 cm

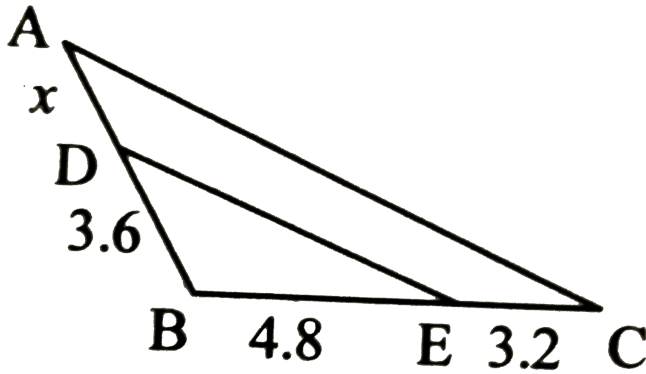
D. 20 cm

**Answer: B**



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6. In the given figure, if  $DE \parallel AC$ , then  $AB =$



A.  $2.4units$

B.  $5.4units$

C.  $6units$

D.  $9units$

**Answer: C**



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7. X and Y are points on sides AB and AC respectively of  $\triangle ABC$ . For which of the following cases will XY be parallel to BC?

A.  $AX = 1.3$  cm,  $XB = 3.9$  cm,

$AY = 2.8$  cm,  $YC = 5.6$  cm,

B.  $AX = 1.3$  cm,  $XB = 3.9$  cm,

$AY = 2.8$  cm,  $YC = 8.4$  cm

C.  $AX = 1.3$  cm,  $XB = 2.6$  cm,

$AY = 2.8$  cm,  $YC = 8.4$  cm

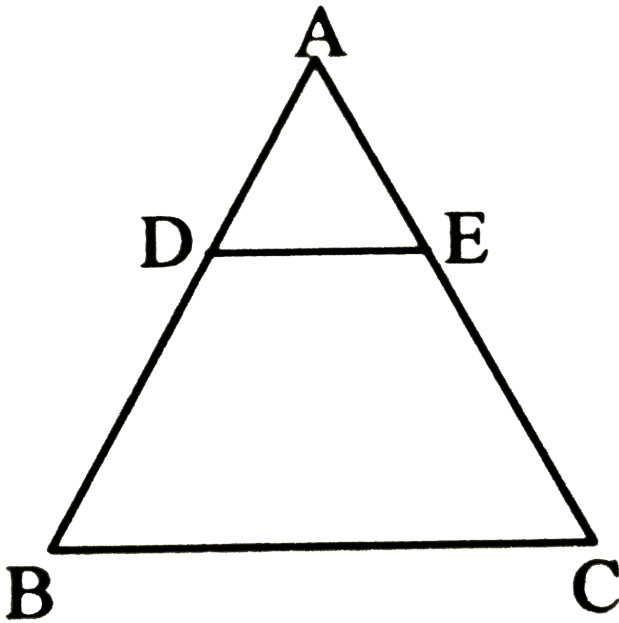
D.  $AX = 1.3$  cm,  $XB = 2.6$  cm,

$AY = 2.8$  cm,  $YC = 11.2$  cm

Answer: B

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8. In the given figure,  $DE \parallel BC$ . If  $AB = 12$  cm and  $AD = 3$  cm, then  $AE : EC =$



A. 1 : 2

B. 1:3

C. 1:4

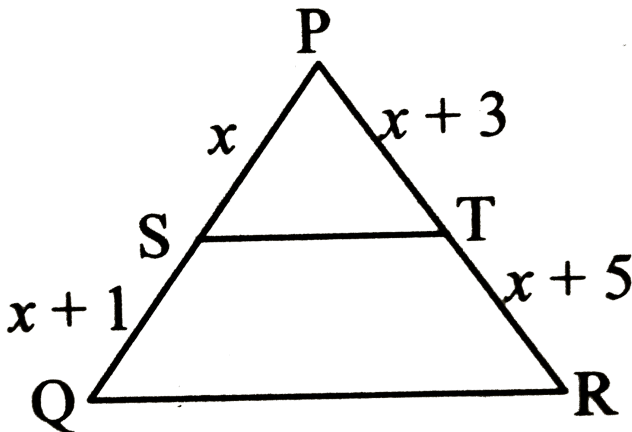
D. 4:1

Answer: B



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9. In  $\triangle PQR$ , if  $ST \parallel QR$ , then what is the value of  $x$ ?





A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

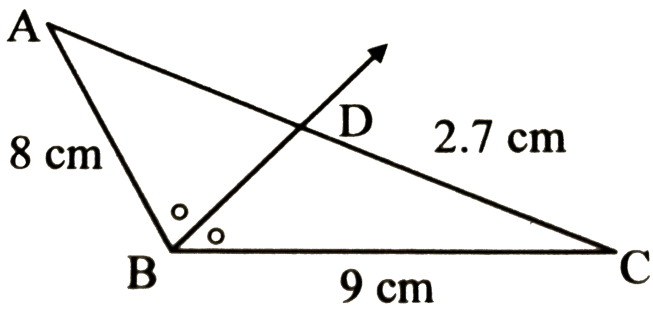
D. 4

**Answer: C**



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10. Ray  $BD$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle ABC$ . The perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$  is



A. 2.4 cm

B. 3.1 cm

C. 22.1 cm

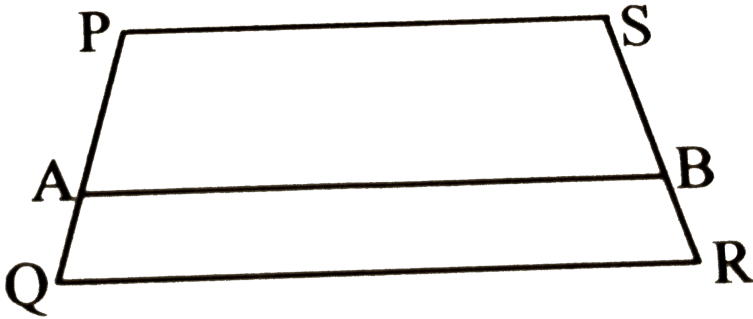
D. 22.8 cm

**Answer: C**



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11.  $\square PQRS$  is a trapezium, and  $AB \parallel PS \parallel QR$ . If  $PA = 3$  cm,  $AQ = 1.4$  cm,  $BR = 2.1$  cm, then  $SB =$



- A. 2 cm
- B. 2.5 cm
- C. 4 cm
- D. 4.5 cm

**Answer: D**



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12. In  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle XYZ$ ,  $\frac{AB}{YZ} = \frac{BC}{ZX} = \frac{AC}{XY}$ , then by which correspondence are  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle XYZ$  similar?

A.  $ABC \leftrightarrow XYZ$

B.  $ABC \leftrightarrow YXZ$

C.  $ABC \leftrightarrow YZX$

D.  $BAC \leftrightarrow YZX$

**Answer: C**



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13. If in  $\Delta PQR$  and  $\Delta XYZ$ ,  $\frac{PQ}{XY} = \frac{QR}{XZ}$  then the triangles will be similar, when

A.  $\angle P \cong \angle X$

B.  $\angle R \cong \angle Y$

C.  $\angle Q \cong \angle Y$

D.  $\angle Q \cong \angle X$

**Answer: D**



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14. If  $\Delta PQR \sim \Delta DEF$ ,  $\angle P = 65^\circ$  and  $\angle F = 32^\circ$ , then  $\angle Q$  is

A.  $32^\circ$

B.  $65^\circ$

C.  $83^\circ$

D.  $97^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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15. यदि  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$  तथा  $2AB = PQ$  व  $BC = 8$  सेमी है

तब  $QR =$

A. 4 cm

B. 16 cm

C. 8 cm

D. 32 cm

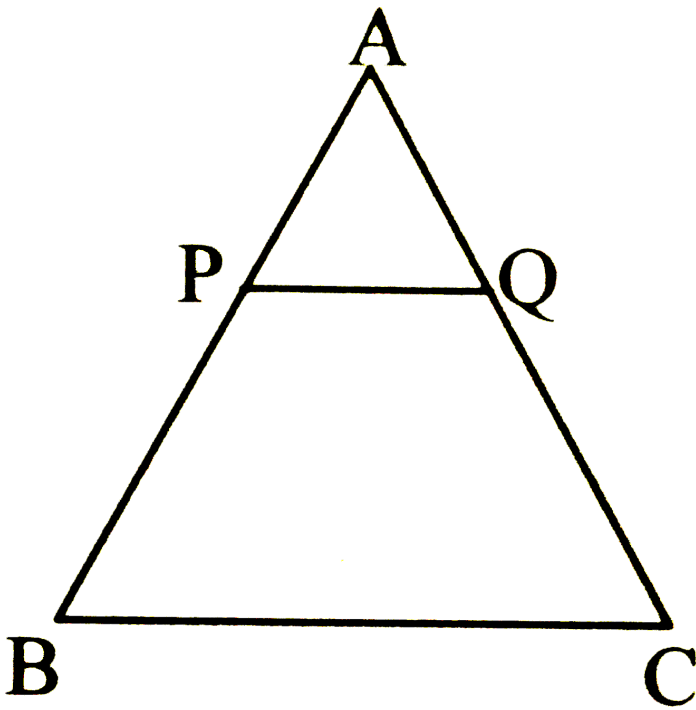
**Answer: B**



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**16.** In the given figure, if  $\text{seg } PQ \parallel \text{seg } BC$  such that

$\frac{AP}{AB} = \frac{2}{5}$ , then  $\frac{PQ}{BC}$  is equal to

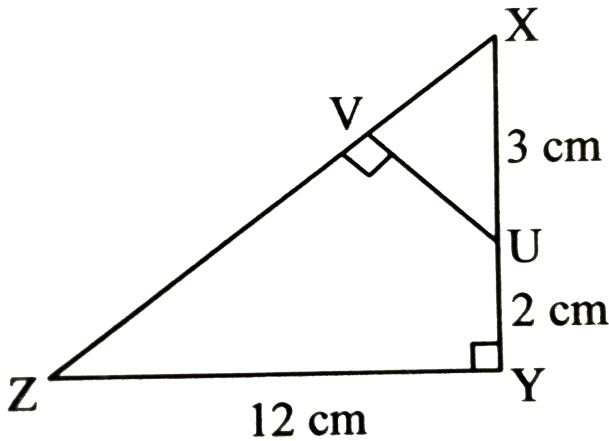


- A.  $\frac{2}{3}$
- B.  $\frac{2}{5}$
- C.  $\frac{3}{2}$
- D.  $\frac{5}{2}$

**Answer: B**



17. In the figure, if  $\triangle XYZ$  is right angled at Y and  $UV \perp XZ$ ,  $XZ = 13$  cm , then the lengths of XV and UV respectively are.



A.  $15$ cm,  $36$ cm

B.  $36$ cm,  $15$ cm

C.  $\frac{15}{13}$  cm,  $\frac{36}{13}$  cm

D.  $\frac{36}{13} \text{ cm}, \frac{15}{13} \text{ cm}$

**Answer: C**



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**18.** A vertical pole of length 6 m casts a shadow 4 m long on the ground and at the same time a tower casts a shadow 28 m long. Find the height of the tower.

A. 14 m

B. 28 m

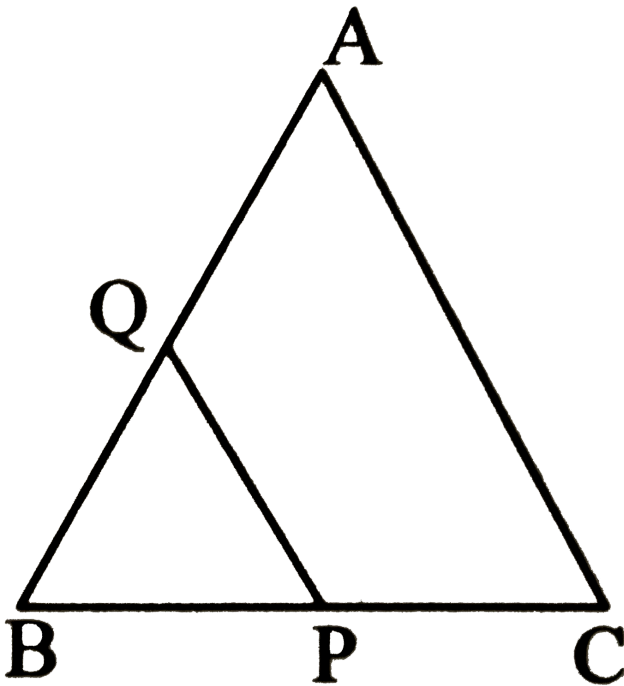
C. 35 m

D. 42 m

Answer: D

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19. In the figure,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle BPQ$ . If  $AB = BC$  and  $P$  is the midpoint of seg  $BC$ , then  $A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle BPQ) =$



A. 1:2

B. 2:1

C. 1:4

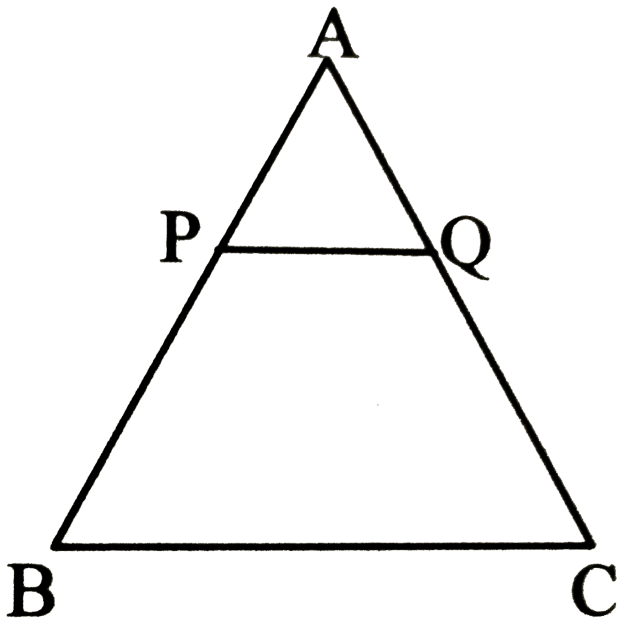
D. 4:1

**Answer: D**



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20. In the figure,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle APQ$ . If  $AB = 12$  cm, and  $AQ = \frac{1}{4} AC$ , then the length of  $AP$  is



A. 2 cm

B. 3 cm

C. 4 cm

D. 6 cm

**Answer: B**



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21.  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle XYZ$ .  $PQ : XY = 7 : 3$ , then

$A(\triangle PQR) : A(\triangle XYZ) =$

A. 7:3

B. 3:7

C. 49:9

D. 9:49

**Answer: C**



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22. If  $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$  with  $\frac{BC}{QR} = \frac{1}{3}$ , then  $\frac{ar(\Delta PRQ)}{ar(\Delta BCA)}$  is equal to

A. 9

B. 3

C.  $\frac{1}{3}$

D.  $\frac{1}{9}$

**Answer: A**



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23.  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ . If  $BC = 5$  cm,  $EF = 7.5$  cm and  $A(\triangle DEF) = 45\text{cm}^2$ , then  $A(\triangle ABC) =$

A.  $10\text{cm}^2$

B.  $20\text{cm}^2$

C.  $30\text{cm}^2$

D.  $40\text{cm}^2$

**Answer: B**



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24. If the ratio of corresponding sides of similar triangles is  $3 : 4$ , then the ratio of their areas is



A. 3:4

B. 4:9

C. 9:16

D. 16:9

**Answer: C**



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25. The areas of two similar triangles are  $32\text{cm}^2$  and  $50\text{cm}^2$ . The ratio of their corresponding sides is

A. 3:7

B. 4:5

C. 5 : 4

D. 16 : 25

**Answer: B**



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26.  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle UTS$ . If  $A(\triangle PQR) : A(\triangle UTS) = 16 : 9$ ,

and  $TS = 1.8$  cm, then  $QR =$

A. 1.35 cm

B. 2.4 cm

C. 3.2 cm

D. 1.1 cm

**Answer: B**



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27.  $\triangle DEF \sim \triangle MNK$ . If  $DE = 2$ ,  $MN = 5$ , then find

the value of  $\frac{A(\triangle DEF)}{A(\triangle MNK)}$

A.  $\frac{2}{5}$

B.  $\frac{5}{2}$

C.  $\frac{4}{25}$

D.  $\frac{25}{4}$

**Answer: C**



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28. If  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$  such that

$A(\triangle ABC) = 4A(\triangle DEF)$  and  $AC = 6$  cm, then  $DF =$

A. 2 cm

B. 3 cm

C. 6 cm

D. 9 cm

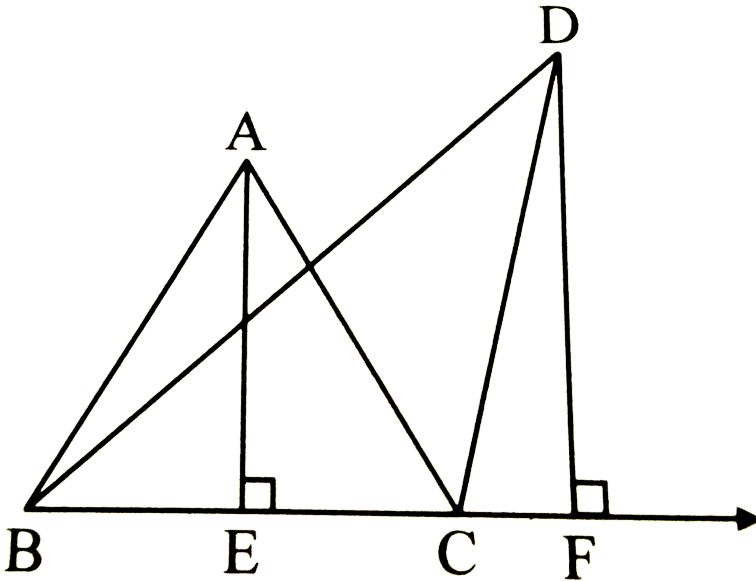
**Answer: B**



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1. In given figure,  $\text{seg } AE \perp \text{seg } BC$ ,  $\text{seg } DF \perp \text{line } BC$ ,

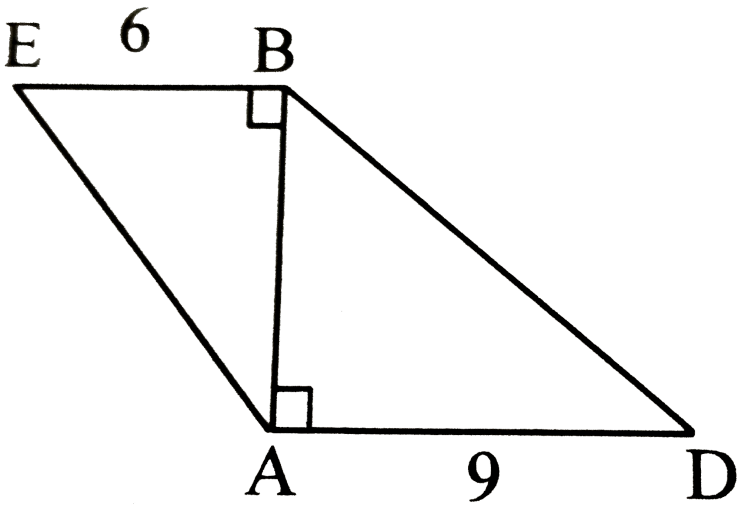
$AE = 4$ ,  $DF = 6$ , then find  $\frac{A(\triangle ABC)}{A(\triangle DBC)}$ .



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2. In the given figure,  $\text{seg } BE \perp \text{seg } AB$  and  $\text{seg } BA \perp$

$\text{seg } AD$ . If  $BE = 6$  and  $AD = 9$ , then find  $\frac{A(\triangle ABE)}{A(\triangle BAD)}$ .



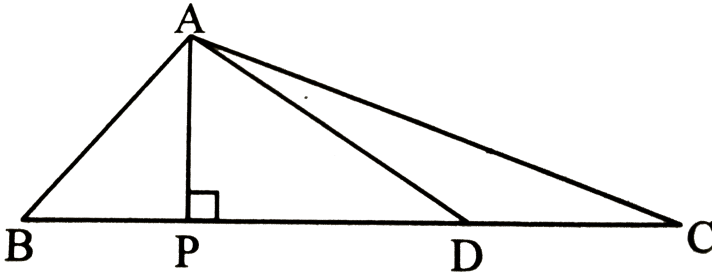
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3. In  $\triangle ABC$ , point  $D$  is on side  $BC$  such that  $DC = 6$ ,  $BC =$

15. find

(i)  $A(\triangle ABD) : A(\triangle ABC)$  and

(ii)  $A(\triangle ABD) : A(\triangle ADC)$ .



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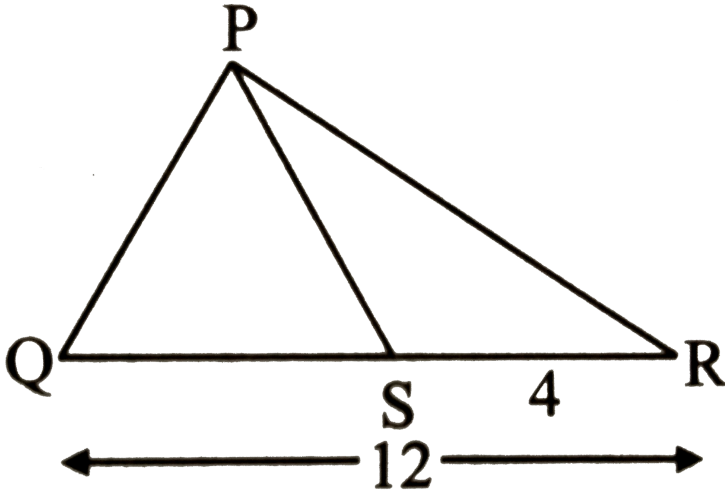
4. In the given figure,  $QR = 12$  and  $SR = 4$ .

Find the values of

(i)  $\frac{A(\triangle PSR)}{A(\triangle PQR)}$

(ii)  $\frac{A(\triangle PQS)}{A(\triangle PQR)}$

(iii)  $\frac{A(\Delta PQS)}{A(\Delta PSR)}$



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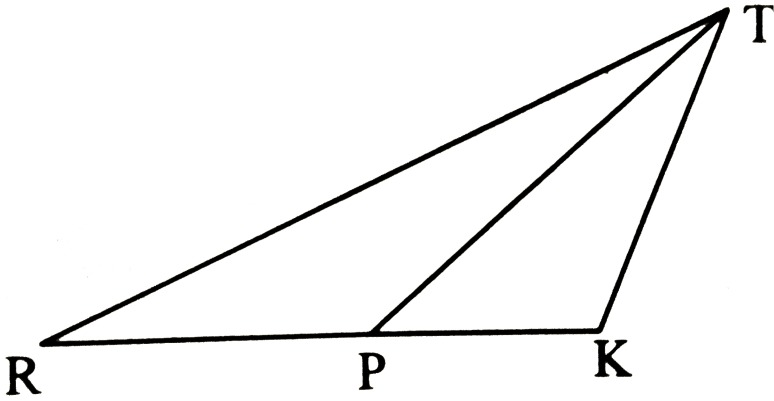
5. In the given figure, if  $RP : PK = 3 : 2$ , then find the following ratios.

(i)  $A(\Delta TRP) : A(\Delta TPK)$

(ii)  $A(\Delta TRK) : A(\Delta TPK)$



(iii)  $A(\Delta TRP) : A(\Delta TRK)$



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6. In the given figure, in  $\Delta ABC$ , point D is on side AC. If

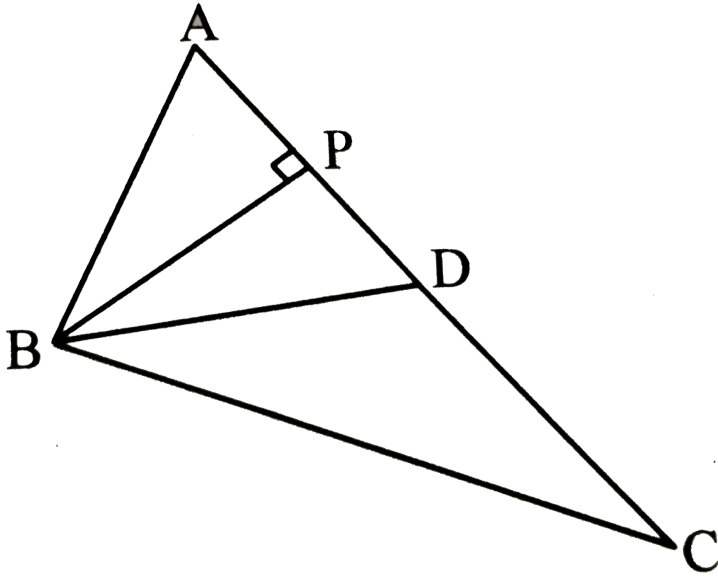
$AC = 16$ ,  $DC = 9$  and  $BP \perp AC$  then, find the following

ratios.

i.  $\frac{A(\Delta ABD)}{A(\Delta ABC)}$

ii.  $\frac{A(\Delta BDC)}{A(\Delta ABC)}$

iii.  $\frac{A(\triangle ABD)}{A(\triangle BDC)}$



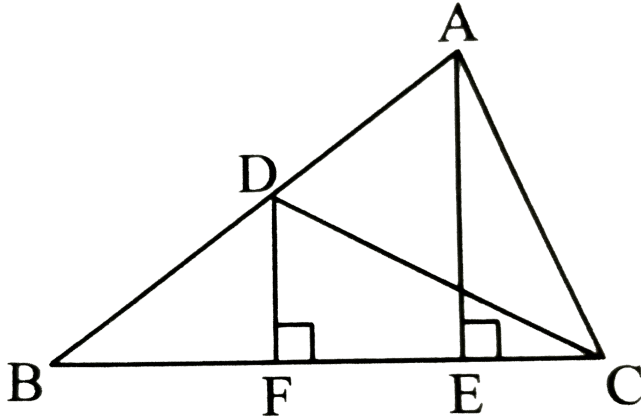
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7. In the given figure,  $\text{seg } AE \perp \text{seg } BC$  and  $\text{seg } DF \perp \text{seg } BC$ . Find

i.  $\frac{A(\triangle ABC)}{A(\triangle DBC)}$

ii.  $\frac{A(\triangle DBF)}{A(\triangle DFC)}$

iii.  $\frac{A(\Delta AEC)}{A(\Delta DBF)}$



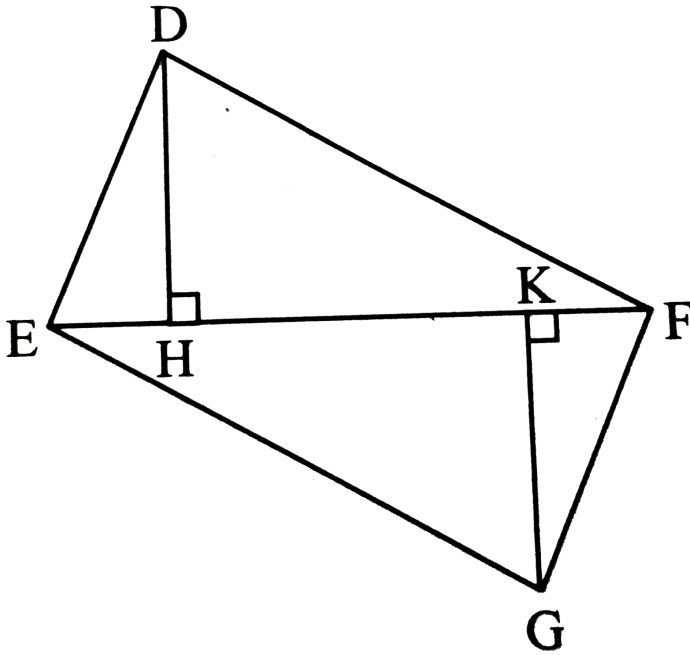
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8. In the following figure, seg  $DH \perp$  seg  $EF$  and seg  $GK \perp$   $EF$ . If  $DH = 6$  cm,  $GK = 10$  cm and  $A(\Delta DEF) = 150\text{cm}^2$ , then find:

(i)  $EF$

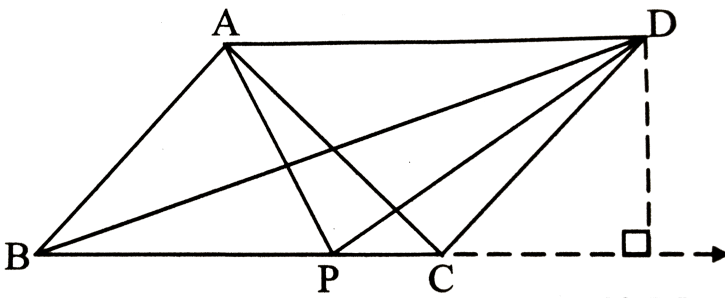
(ii)  $A(\Delta GEF)$

(iii)  $A(\square DFGE)$



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9.  $\square ABCD$  is a parallelogram.  $P$  is any point on side  $BC$ . Find two pairs of triangles with equal areas.



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10. The ratio of the areas of two triangles with common base is 4:3. Height of the larger triangle is 6 cm, then find the corresponding height of the smaller triangle.

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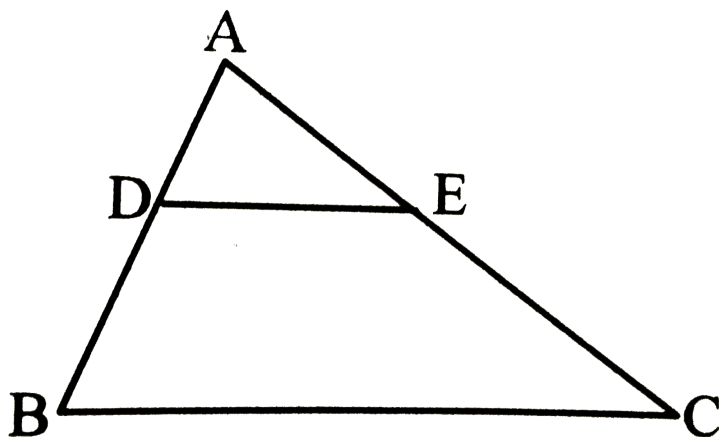
11. The ratio of the areas of two triangles with the common base is 6:5. Height of the larger triangle is 9

cm, then find the corresponding height of the smaller triangle.

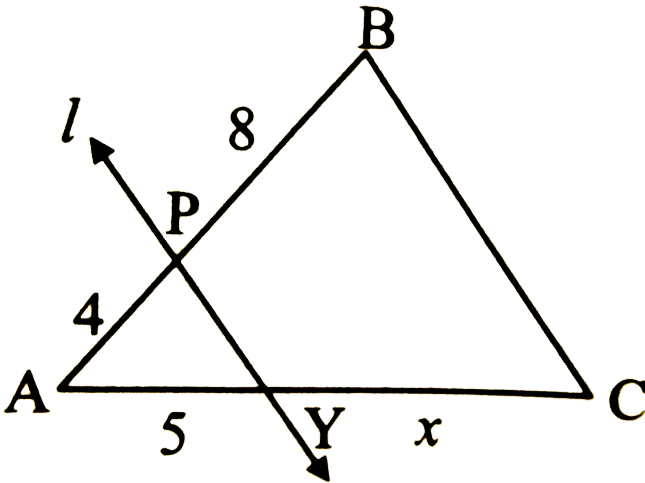
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## Additional Problems For Practice Based On Practice Set 1 2

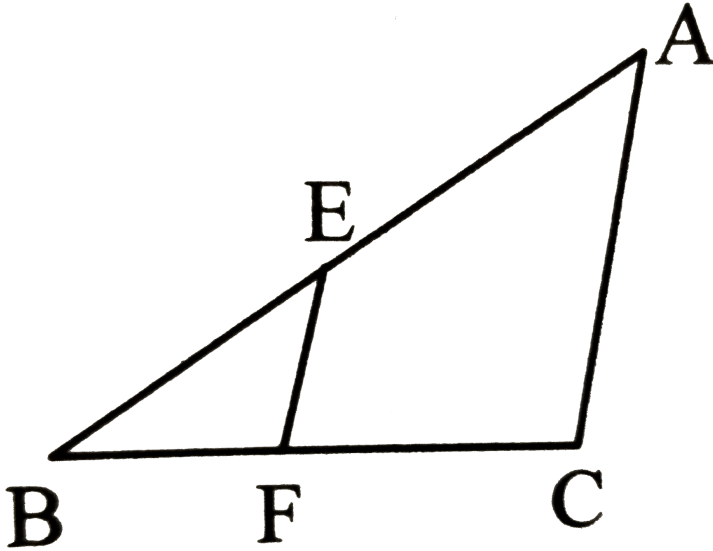
1. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $DE \parallel BC$ . If  $DB = 5.4$  cm,  $AD = 1.8$  cm,  $EC = 7.2$  cm, then find  $AE$ .



2. In the given figure, line  $l \parallel$  side  $BC$ ,  $AP = 4$ ,  $PB = 8$ ,  $AY = 5$  and  $YC = x$ . Find  $x$ .



3. In the adjoining figure,  $\text{seg } EF \parallel \text{side } AC$ ,  $AB = 18$ ,  $AE = 10$ ,  $BF = 4$ . Find  $BC$ .

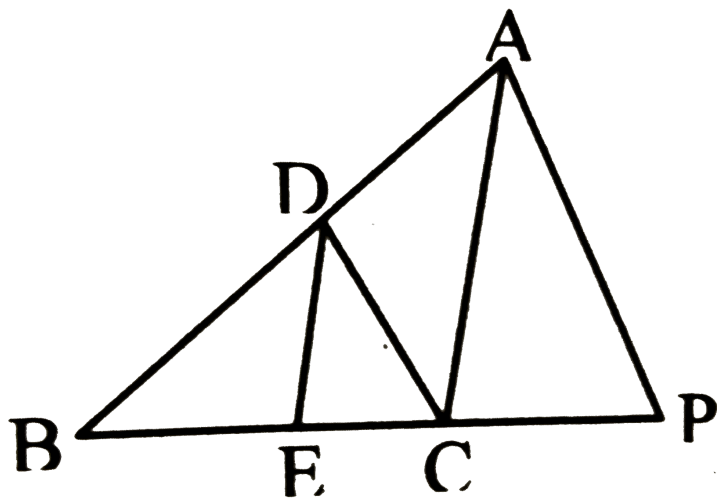


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4. In the adjoining figure,  $\text{seg } DE \parallel \text{side } AC$  and  $\text{seg } DC \parallel \text{side } AP$ .



Prove that  $\frac{BE}{EC} = \frac{BC}{CP}$ .

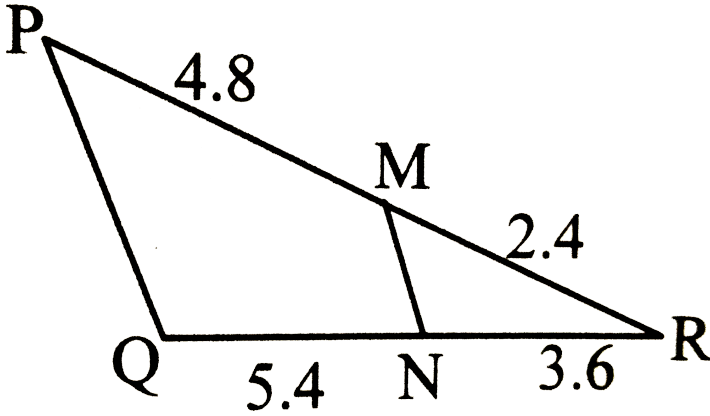


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5. In the adjoining figure,  $PM = 4.8$ ,  $MR = 2.4$ ,  $QN = 5.4$ ,  $NR = 3.6$ .

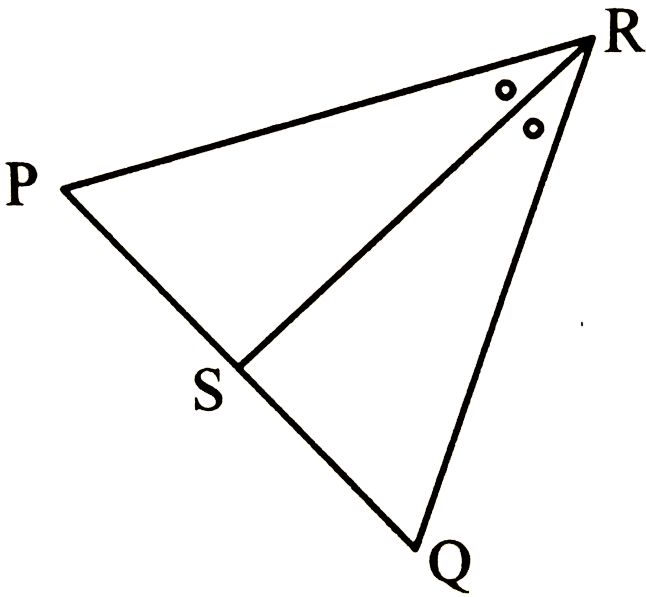
State with reason whether seg MN is Parallel to side PQ

or not?



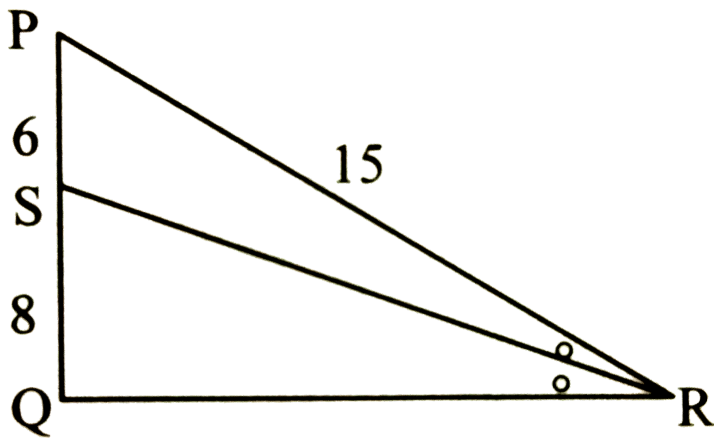
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6. In  $\triangle PQR$ , seg  $RS$  bisects  $\angle R$ . if  $PR = 15$ ,  $RQ = 20$ ,  $PS = 12$ , then find  $SQ$ .



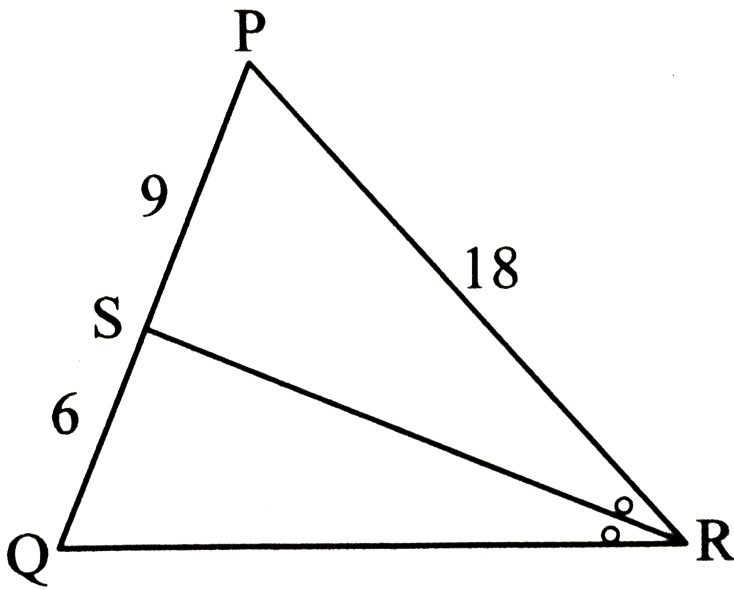
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7. In the following figure, in  $\triangle PQR$ , seg RS is the bisector of  $\angle PRQ$ ,  $PS=6$ ,  $SQ=8$ ,  $PR=15$ , Find QR.



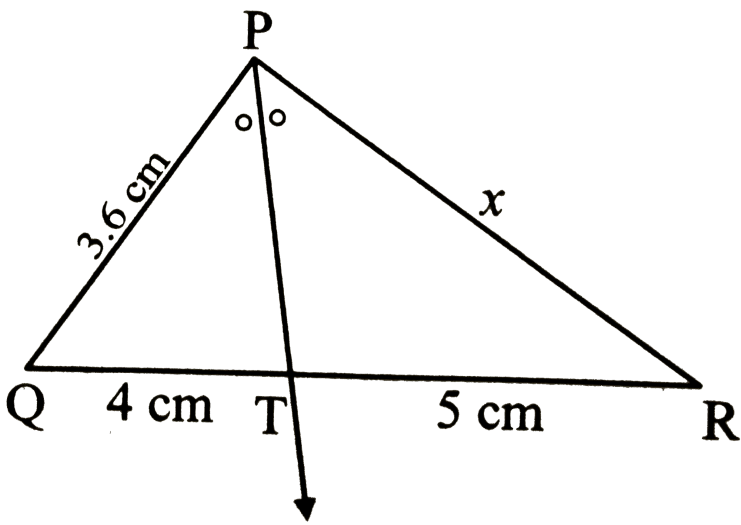
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8. In the following figure, in  $\triangle PQR$ , seg  $RS$  is the bisector of  $\angle PRQ$ . If  $PS = 9$ ,  $SQ = 6$ ,  $PR = 18$ , find  $QR$ .



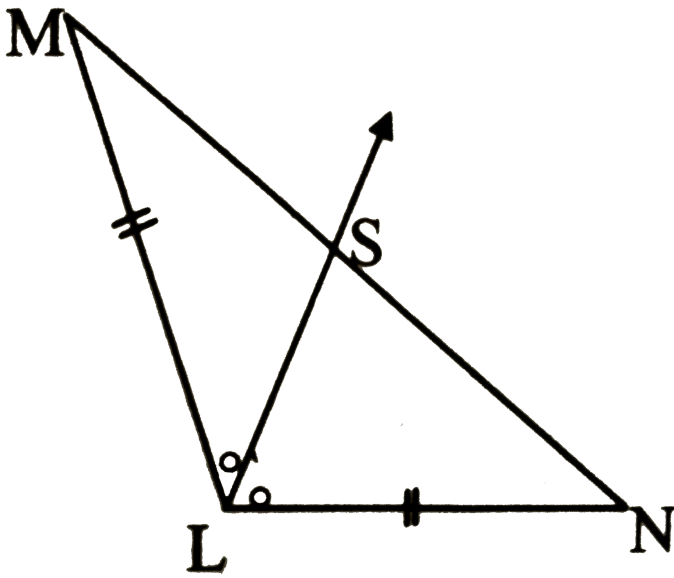
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9. In the following figure, ray  $PT$  is the bisector of  $\angle QPR$ . Find the value of  $x$  and perimeter of  $\triangle PQR$ .



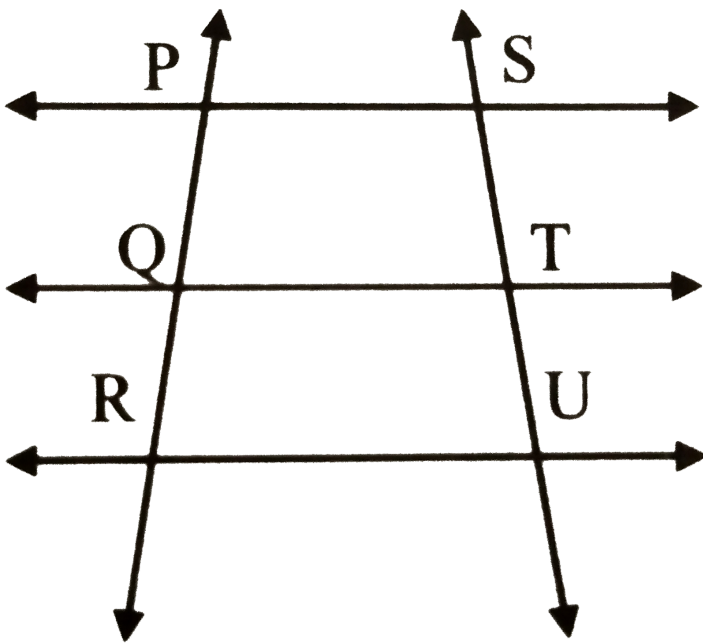
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10. In the given figure, ray  $LS$  is the bisector of  $\angle MLN$ , and  $ML = LN$ . Find the relation between  $MS$  and  $SN$ .



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11. In the adjoining figure,  $\text{seg } PS \parallel \text{seg } QT \parallel \text{seg } RU$ ,  $PQ = 6.4$ ,  $PR = 9.6$  and  $ST = 11$ , then find the length of  $SU$ .



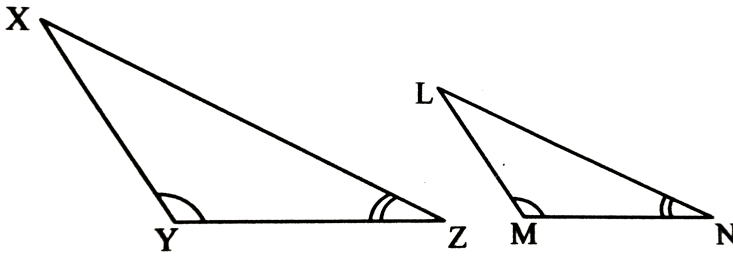
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## Additional Problems For Practice Based On Practice Set 1 3

1. In  $\triangle XYZ$ ,  $\angle Y = 100^\circ$ ,  $\angle Z = 30^\circ$ . In  $\triangle LMN$ ,  $\angle M = 100^\circ$ ,  $\angle N = 30^\circ$ . Are  $\triangle XYZ$  and

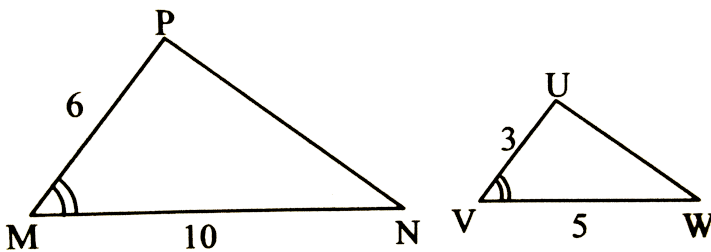


$\triangle LMN$  similar? If yes, by which test?



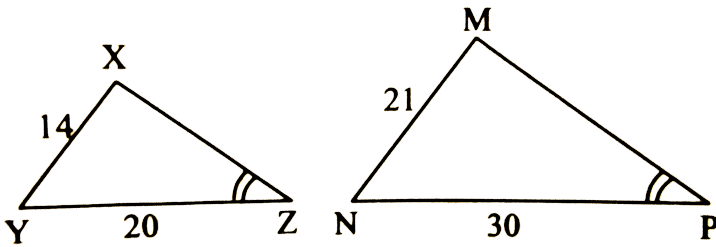
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2. Are two triangles in the figure given below similar according to the information given? If yes, by which test?



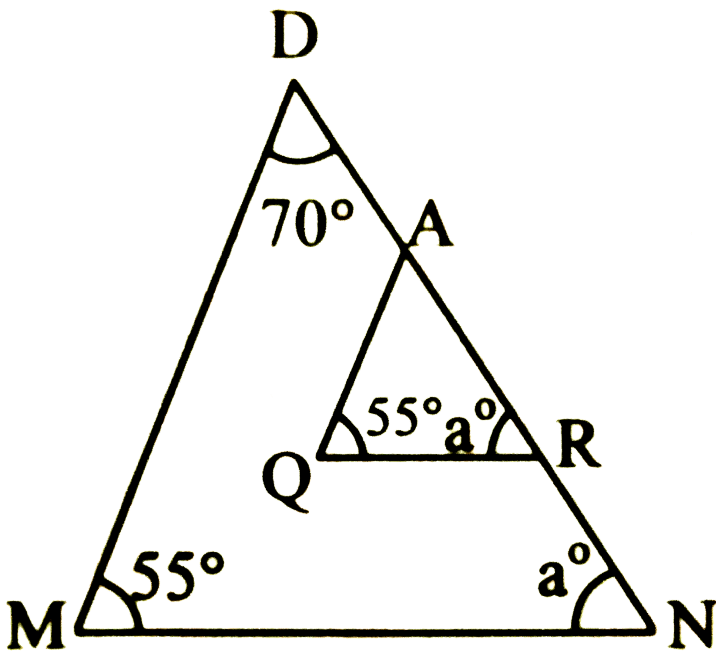
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3. Can we say that two triangles in the given figure are similar according to the information given? If yes, by which test?



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4. In the figure given below, which triangles are similar? Justify.



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5. A street light bulb is fixed on a pole 6 m above the level of the street. If a woman of height 1.5 m casts a shadow of 3 m, then find how far she is away from the base of the pole.



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6. Diagonals of a quadrilateral  $ABCD$  intersect in point  $Q$ .  
if  $2 QA = QC$ ,  $2 QB = QD$ , then prove that  $DC = 2 AB$ .



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7. In  $\square ABCD$ , side  $BC \parallel$  side  $AD$ . Diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$  intersect each other at  $P$ . If  $AP = \frac{1}{3}AC$  then prove  $DP = \frac{1}{2}BP$ .



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1.  $\triangle DEF \sim \triangle MNK$ . If  $DE = 5$ , and  $MN = 6$ , then find the

value of  $\frac{A(\triangle DEF)}{A(\triangle MNK)} =$



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2.  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ . If  $A(\triangle ABC) = 25$ ,

$A(\triangle PQR) = 16$  find  $AB: PQ$ .



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3. If  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle PMN$  and  $9A(\triangle PQR) = 16$

$A(\triangle PMN)$ , then find  $\frac{QR}{MN}$ .



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4.  $\triangle LMN \sim \triangle RST$  and  $A(\triangle LMN) = 100\text{sq. Cm}$ ,  
 $A(\triangle RST) = 144\text{sq cm}$ ,  $LM = 5\text{cm}$ . Find  $RS$ .

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5. Ratio of corresponding sides of two similar triangles is  $2 : 5$ . if the area of the smaller triangle is  $64\text{sq. Cm}$ , then what is the area of the bigger triangle?

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6.  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  are equilateral triangles. If  $A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle DEF) = 1 : 2$  and  $AB = 4$ , find DE.

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7. If the areas of two similar triangles are equal, prove that they are congruent.

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8. In trapezium AC and BD intersect each other at point

P. Then prove that  $\frac{A(\triangle ABP)}{A(\triangle CPD)} = \frac{AB^2}{CD^2}$ .

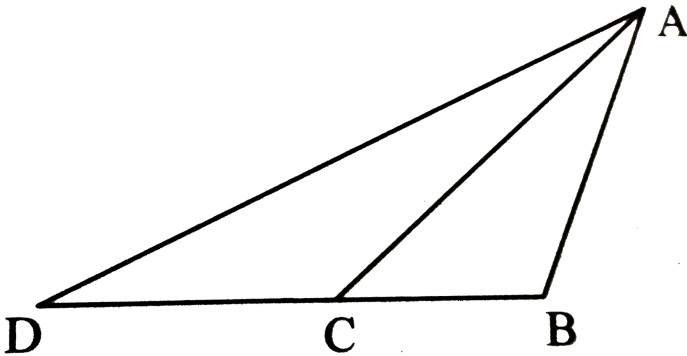
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## Chapter Assessment

1. Choose the correct alternative.

In the given figure, if  $BC = 3\text{cm}$  and  $BD = 7\text{ cm}$  , then

$$\frac{A(\Delta ABC)}{A(\Delta ABD)} =$$



A.  $\frac{7}{3}$

B.  $\frac{10}{3}$



C.  $\frac{3}{7}$

D.  $\frac{3}{10}$

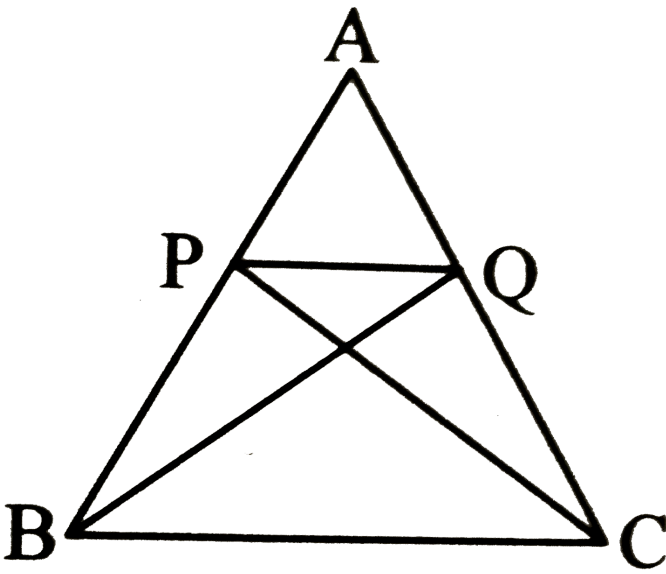
**Answer: C**



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2. Choose the correct alternative.

In the given figure, if  $\text{seg } PQ \parallel BC$ , then  $\frac{A(\Delta BPQ)}{A(\Delta CQP)} =$



A.  $\frac{PQ}{BC}$

B.  $\frac{PQ}{QC}$

C.  $\frac{QC}{BP}$

D.  $\frac{1}{1}$

**Answer: D**



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3. Choose the correct alternative.

$\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle PQR$  are equilateral triangles. If

$A(\triangle ABC) : A(\triangle PQR) = 1 : 16$ , and  $AB = 2$  cm, then

what is the length of  $PR$ ?

A. 4 cm

B. 2 cm

C. 6 cm

D. 8cm

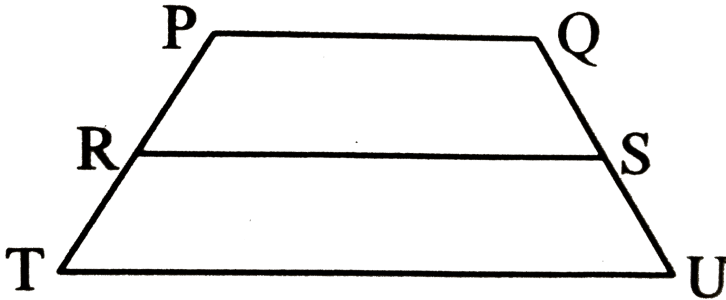
**Answer: D**



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4. Choose the correct alternative.

In the given figure, if  $\text{seg PQ} \parallel \text{RS} \parallel \text{seg TU}$ , and  $PR = 6$ ,  $RT = 3$ ,  $QS = 5$ , then what is the length of  $SU$ ?



A. 2.5 units

B. 7.5 units

C. 10 units

D. 1.5 units

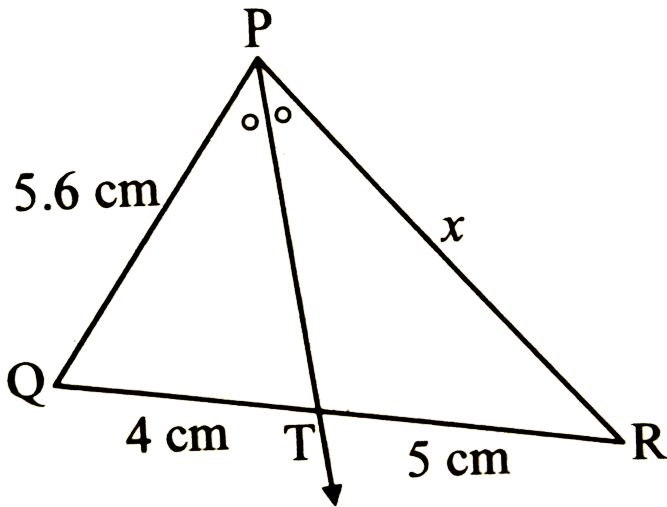
**Answer: A**

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5.

In the given figure, ray  $PT$  is the bisector of  $\angle QPR$ .

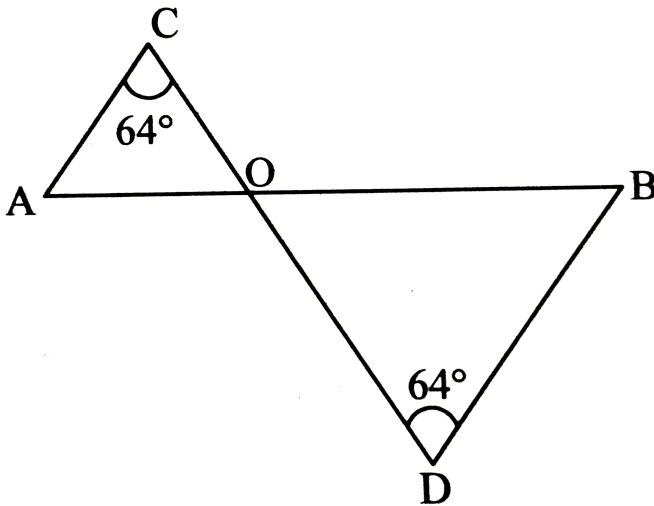
Find the value of  $x$ .



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6.

Are the triangle shown in the figure below similar? If so, by which test of similarity?



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7. Complete the following activities

The areas of two triangle with same base are in

proportion of their corresponding height. To prove the theorem, answer the following

a. Draw two triangles, give names of all points, show their bases.

b. Write 'given' and 'to prove' from the figures drawn.



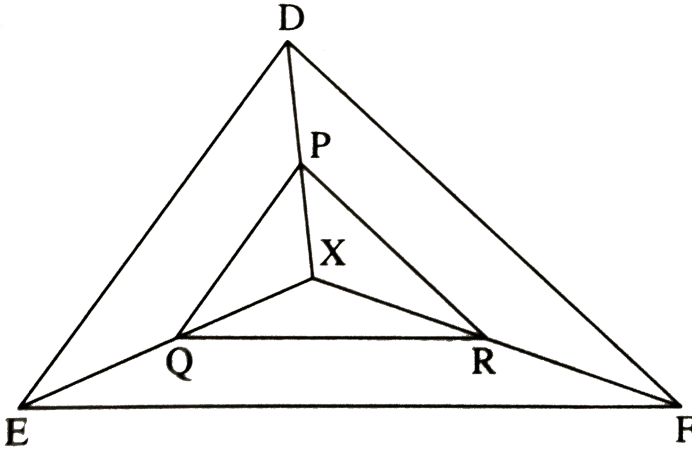
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**8.** In the figure  $X$  is any point in the interior of triangle.

Point  $X$  is joined to vertices of triangle.  $\text{Seg } PQ \parallel \text{set}$

$DE$ ,  $\text{set } QR \parallel \text{set } EF$ . Fill in the blanks to prove that set

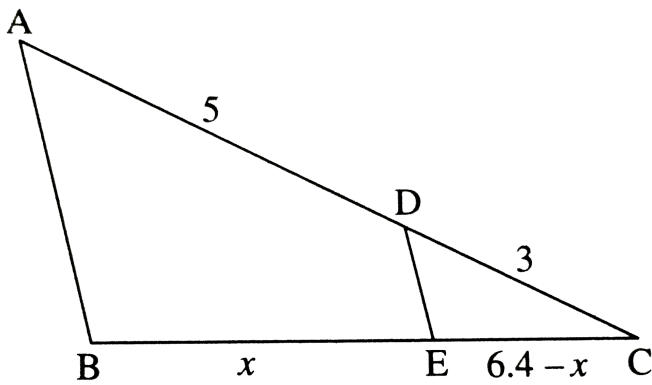
$PR \parallel \text{seg } DF.$



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**9.** In the figure  $A - D - C$  and  $B - E - C$   $\text{seg } DE \parallel$   
side  $AB$ . If  $AD = 5$ ,  $DC = 3$ ,  $BC = 6.4$  then find  $BE$ .





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10. A vertical pole of length 8 m casts a shadow of 15 m long on the ground. At the same time, a tower casts a shadow 45 m long. Find the height of the tower.



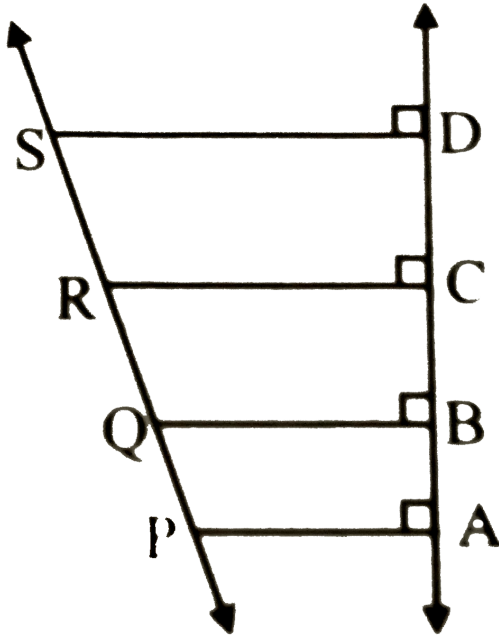
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**11.** The ratio of the areas of two triangles with equal height is 3 : 4. Base of the smaller triangle is 15 cm. Find the corresponding base of the large triangle.

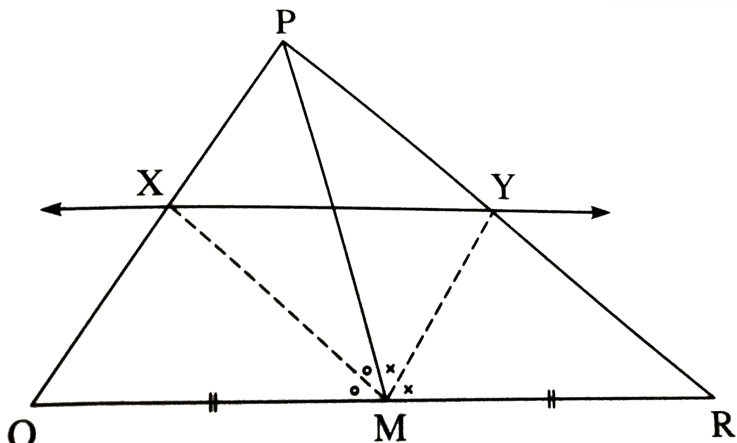
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**12.** In the adjoining figure, seg PA , seg QB, seg RC and seg SD are perpendicular to line AD. AB = 60, BC = 70, CD

$PS = 280$ , then find  $PQ$ ,  $QR$  and  $RS$ .



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13.

In  $\triangle PQR$  seg  $PM$  is a median. Angle bisectors of  $\angle PMQ$  and  $\angle PMR$  intersect side  $PQ$  and side  $PR$  in points  $X$  and  $Y$  respectively. Prove that  $XY \parallel QR$ .

Complete the proof by filling in the boxes:

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14. Solve the following questions.

Diagonals of a quadrilateral  $ABCD$  intersect in point  $Q$ . if

2 QA = QC, 2 QB = QD, then prove that DC = 2AB.



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**15.** Prove that , "If a line parallel to a side of a triangle intersects the remaining sides in two distinct points then the line divides the sides in the same proportion".

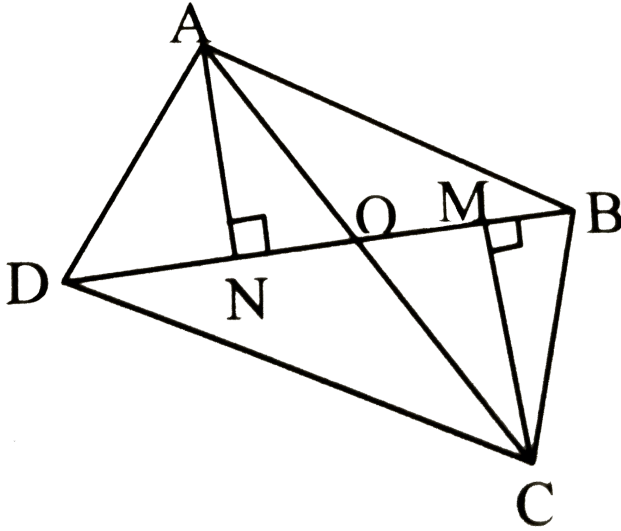


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**16.** Slove the following questions.

In the figure,  $\triangle ADB$  and  $\triangle CDB$  are drawn on the same base BD.if AC and BD intersect at O, then prove

that  $\frac{A(\triangle ADB)}{A(\triangle CDB)} = \frac{AO}{CO}$ .

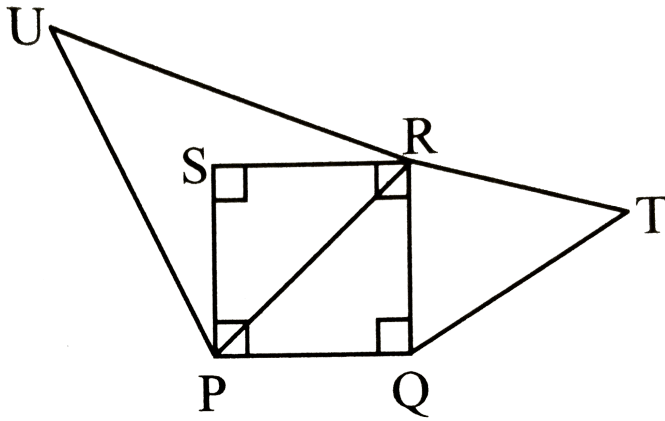


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17.

In the given figure,  $\square PQRS$  is a square. If  $\triangle QRT$  and  $\triangle PRU$  are similar to each other, then

prove that  $A(\Delta QRT) = \frac{1}{2}A(\Delta PRU)$ .



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18.

Prove that for a given correspondence, if three angles of one triangles are congruent to the corresponding three angles of the other triangle, then the two triangles are similar.

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**19.** In order to prove, 'The bisector of an angle of a triangle divides the side opposite to the angle in the ratio of the remaining sides.

(i) Draw a neat labelled figure.

(ii) Write 'Given' and 'To prove'.



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