

India's Number 1 Education App

PHYSICS

BOOKS - TARGET PHYSICS (HINGLISH)

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Model Question Paper I

1. The magnitude of the gravitational field at

distance r_1 and r_2 from the centre of a

uniform sphere of radius R and mass M are F_1 and F_2 respectively. Then:

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{A.}\; \frac{F_1}{F_2} = \frac{r_1}{r_2} \mathrm{if} \;\; r_1 < R \;\; \mathrm{and} \;\; r_2 < R \\ \mathsf{B.}\; \frac{F_1}{F_2} = \frac{2r_1^2}{r_2} \mathrm{if} \;\; r_1 > R \;\; \mathrm{and} \;\; r_2 > R \\ \mathsf{C.}\; \frac{F_1}{F_2} = \frac{r_1}{r_2} \mathrm{if} \;\; r_1 > R \;\; \mathrm{and} \;\; r_2 > R \\ \mathsf{D.}\; \frac{F_1}{F_2} = \frac{r_1^2}{r_1^2} \mathrm{if} \;\; r_1 < R \;\; \mathrm{and} \;\; r_2 < R \end{array}$$

Answer: A

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2. If the sum of two unit vectors is a unit vector, then find the magnitude of their differences.



Answer: B



3. When a β -particle is emitted from a nucleus,

the neutron-proton ratio

A. is decreased

B. is increased

C. remains the same

D. first decreases and then increases

Answer: A

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4. A satellite has to revolve round the earth in a circular orbit of radius 8×10^3 km. The velocity of projection of the satellite in this orbit will be -

- A. 3 km/s
- B. 16 km/s
- C. 7.16 km/s
- D. 8 km/s

Answer: C



5. A cylinderal tank has a hole of $1.6cm^2$ in its bottom. If the water is allowed to flow into the tank from a tube above it at the rate of $80cm^3/s$, then the maximum height up to which water can water can rise in the tank is

A. 0.25cm

B. 2.5cm

C. 5cm

D. 1.27cm

Answer: D



6. If momentum (P), area (A), time (T) and temperature (θ) are assumed to be fundamental quantities, then thermal capacity has dimensional formula

A.
$$\begin{bmatrix} P^{1}A^{-1/2}T^{-1} heta^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

B. $\begin{bmatrix} P^{1}A^{1/2}T^{-1} heta^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$
C. $\begin{bmatrix} P^{2}A^{-1}T^{-1} heta^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$

D. $\left[P^1A^{-1}T^1\theta^1\right]$

Answer: B

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7. Pick up the correct statement.

A. Diffraction is exhibited by all the electromagnetic waves but not by mechanical waves. B. Diffraction cannot be observed with a plane polarised light. C. The width of central maximum in th diffraction pattern due to single slit decreases as wavelength incrcases. D. The width of central maximum in the diffraction pattern due to single slit increases as wavelength increases.

Answer: D

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8. In Young's experiment for λ = 4000 Å fringes observed have width B. The light illuminating the set up now has λ = 6000 Å and the separation between the interfering sources is halved. What is the ratio of distance between the screen and the interfering sources before and now if the fringe width remains unaltered?

A. 1:3

C.3:4

D. 2:3

Answer: B



9. Which of the following is regarding mutual

inductance?

A. unit of M is henry

B. unit of M is $Wb/ampere^2$

$$\mathsf{C}.\left[M\right] = \left[ML^2T^{-2}A^{-2}\right]$$

D. both (A) and (C)

Answer: D



10. A machine gun has a mass 4 kg. It fires 50 gram bullets at the rate of 45 bullets per minute at a speed of $400ms^{-1}$. What force is required to keep the gun in position ?

A. 10N

B. 13.3N

C. 15N

D. 26N

Answer: C

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11. A wavefront is an imaginary surface, where

A. phase changes with constant rate in all

directions along the surface.

B. phase changes with the same rate per

unit length in all directions along the surface.

C. constant phase difference is always maintained.

D. phase is always the same for all the points.

Answer: D

12. A child is standing wiith hands at the centre of a platform rotating about its central axis. The kinetie energy of the system K. The chilid now seretches his arms so that of the kinetic energy of the system is now.

A.
$$\frac{K}{4}$$

B. $\frac{K}{2}$

D. 4K

Answer: B

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13. Two simple pendulums of lengths 1.44 m and 1 m start swinging together. After how many vibrations will they again start swinging together

A. 5 oscillations of smaller pendulum

B. 6 oscillations of smaller pendulum

C. 4 oscillations of bigger pendulum

D. 6 oscillations of bigger pendulum

Answer: B

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14. Two identical taqnks are placed on the two pans of a beam balance. One tank is empty and open to atomosphere. The second tank evacuated and then filled with helium until the two tanks are balanced The pressure of helium

will be (Given that $ho_{air}=7.5
ho_{He}]$

A. 15 atm

B. 7.5atm

C. 4atm

D. 1atm

Answer: B



15. Which of the following transitions will have

highest emission wavelength ?

A. n=2 to n=1

B. n=1 to n=2

C. n=2 to n=5

D. n=5 to n=2

Answer: D

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16. A cyclist is riding with a speed of 28.8 km/h. As he approaches a circular turn on the road of radius 80 m, he applies brakes and reduces his speed at constant tale of 0.6 ms the magniltude of the net acceleration of the cyclist is

A.
$$1ms^{-2}$$

B. $0.5ms^{-2}$
C. $0.75ms^{-1}$

D. $1.25ms^{-2}$

 $\mathbf{2}$

Answer: A

17. Einstein's photoelectric equation states that mv $rac{1}{2}mv^2=hv-hv_0$. In this equation v refers to

A. velocity of all ejected electrons.

B. mean velecity of emitted electrons.

C. minimum velocity of emitted electrons.

D. maximum velocity of emitted electrons.





the liquid.

Answer: C



19. Magnetic field produced by electrons in atoms and molecules is due to their

A. spin motion only.

B. orbital motion only.

C. spin and orbital motion both.

D. neither spin nor orbital motion.

Answer: C



20. In a step up transformer, if ratio of turns of primary to secondary is 1:10 and primary voltage si 230V. If the load current is 2A. Then the current in primary is

A. 20A

B. 10A

D. 1A

Answer: A

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21. A wire has breaking stress of $6 \times 10^5 N/m^2$ and a densiity of $3 \times 10^4 kg/m^3$. The length of the wire of the same material which will break under its own weight, (if $g = 10m/s^2$) is

B. 20m

C. 200m

D. 2000m

Answer: A

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22. Select the WRONG statement.

A. A potentiometer is a constant voltage

device.

B. A potentiometer is a constant current

device.

C. A potentiometer is used to measure e.m.fof a cell.

D. A potentiometer is used to measure

potential drop between two points in an

electric circuit.

Answer: A

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23. When a particle is moved , in a verticle it has

A. it has constant radial and tangential acceleration.

B. it has variable tangential and radial acceleration.

C. it has only constant radial acceleration.

D. it has only constant tangential

Answer: B



24. The amplitude of sound is doubled and the frequency is reduced to one fourth. The intensity of sound at the same point will be

A. increased to double.

B. increased to four times.

C. decreased to half.

D. decreased to one fourth.

Answer: D



25. Three capacitors of capacity C_1, C_2, C_3 are connected in series. Their total capacity will be

A. $C_1+C_2+C_3$

B. $1/(C_1+C_2+C_3)$

C. $\left(C_1^{-1} + C_2^{-1} + C_3^{-1}\right)^{-1}$

D. None of these

Answer: C

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26. When an electron in hydrogen atom is excited, from its 4th to 5the stationary orbit, the change in angular momentum of electron is (Planck's constant: $h = 6.6 imes 10^{-34} J - s$)

A. $4.16 imes 10^{-34} Js$

B. $3.32 imes 10^{-34} Js$

C. $1.05 imes 10^{-34} Js$

D. $2.08 imes10^{-34}Js$

Answer: C



27. The total number of tubes of induction passing normally through a surface situated in an electric field is called

A. normal electric induction

B. total normal electric induction

C. electric flux

D. all the above

Answer: B

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28. Two identical magnetic dipoles of magnetic moments $4A - m^2$ each, are placed at a separation of 4 m with their axis perpendicular to each other. The resultant magnetic field at a point midway between the dipoles is

A.
$$5 imes 10^{-7}T$$

B.
$$\sqrt{5} imes 10^{-7}T$$

C. $10^{-7}T$
D. $rac{\sqrt{5}}{2} imes 10^{-7}T$

Answer: D

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29. The root mean square velocity of a gas molecule of mass m at a given temperature is proportional to

A. m^0

B.m

 $\mathsf{C.}\,m^{1\,/\,2}$

D.
$$m^{-1/2}$$

Answer: D

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30. What will happen to the weight of the body at the south pole, if the earth stops rotating about its polar axis?

A. no change

B. increases

C. decrease but does not become zero

D. reduces to zero

Answer: A

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31. The coil of a moving coil galvanometer has 1000 turns each of area $3 \times 10^{-4} m^2$. Its suspension fibre has restoring torque of
$2 \times 10^{-4}N - m$ per degree and the radial magnetic field of induction 0.08 Wb/m. If a current of 10 µA is passed through it, then the deflection produced is

A. 0.6°

B. 1.0 $^{\circ}$

C. 1.2°

D. 0.8°

Answer: C

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32. A magnet is brought towards a coil (i) speedly (ii) slowly then the induced e.m.f./induced charge will be respectively

A. more in first case /more in first case

B. more in first case/equal in both case

C. less in first case/more in second case

D. less in first case/equal in both case

Answer: B



33. If L, M and P are the angular momentum, mass and linear momentum of a particle respectively, which of the following represents the kinetic energy of the particle when the particle rotates in a circle of radius R?

A.
$$\frac{L^2}{2M}$$

B. $\frac{P^2}{2MR}$
C. $\frac{L^2}{2MR^2}$
D. $\frac{MP}{2}$

Answer: C



34. For the stationary wave $y = 4\sin\left(rac{\pi x}{15}
ight)\cos(96\pi t)$, the distance

between a node and the next antinode is

A. 7.5

B. 15

C. 22.5

D. 30

Answer: A



35. Two convex lenses of focal lengths f_1 and f_2 are separated co-axially by a distance d. The power of the combination will be one if

A.
$$d = (f_1 + f_2) - f_1 f_2$$

$$\mathsf{B}.\, d = (f_1 - f_2) + f_1 f_2$$

C. $d=\sqrt{f_1f_2}.$. f_1+f_2

D.
$$d=\left(rac{f_1-f_2}{2}
ight)$$

Answer: A

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36. Length of antenna required to transmit the signals of frequency 100 MHz is nearly

A. 75m

B. 7.5m

C. 75cm

D. 7.5cm

Answer: C

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37. The current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer can be increased by

A. decreasing the magnetic field of the

permanent magnet.

- B. decreasing the area of the deflecting coil.
- C. increasing the number of turns in the coil.
- D. increasing the restoring couple of the coil.

Answer: C

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38. Sag in a bar of length T to weight applied its mid-point when it is supported at its end by fixed points at the same height proportional to

A. I

 $\mathsf{B}.\,l^2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,l^3$

D.
$$\frac{1}{l}$$

Answer: C



39. A long wire carries a steady curent . It is bent into a circle of one turn and the magnetic field at the centre of the coil is B. It is then bent into a circular loop of n turns. The magnetic field at the centre of the coil will be



B.
$$2n^2B$$

C. $\frac{n^2B}{4}$
D. $\frac{B}{2n^2}$

Answer: C



40. In a concave mirrorr experiment, an object is placed at a distance x_1 from the focus and the image is formed at a distance x_2 from the focus. The focus length of the mirrorr would be

A. $x_1 x_2$

$$\mathsf{B.}\sqrt{x_1x_2}$$

C.
$$rac{x_1+x_2}{2}$$

D. $\sqrt{rac{x_1}{x_2}}$

Answer: B



41. The energy in the superposition of waves

A. is lost

B. increases

C. remains same, only redistribution

occurs.

D. may increase or decrease depending

upon the medium.

Answer: C

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42. In case of vibrating string, the frequency of

the first overtone is equal to frequency of the

first overtone is equal to frequency of the

- A. fourth harmonic
- B. first harmonic
- C. second harmonic
- D. third harmonic

Answer: C



43. Two electrons move parallel to each other with equal speed 'V' the ratio of magnetic & electric force between them is



Answer: C



44. If numerical aperture of a microscope is increased, then its

A. resolving power decreases.

B. resolving power femains the same.

C. limit of resolution decreases.

D. limit of resolution increases.

Answer: C

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45. A cyclotron of radius 64 cm accelerates deutrons $\left(m=3.3 imes10^{-27}kg
ight)$ if the cyclotrons frequency is 5MHz, then the

maximom speed with which the dentrons emerge, is

A.
$$3 imes 10^7 m\,/\,s$$

B. $2 imes 10^7 m\,/\,s$

C. $1.5 imes 10^7 m\,/\,s$

D. $2 imes 10^6 m\,/\,s$

Answer: B



46. A turtle in water (refractive index μ) looks at a stationary cloud vertically above in the air. If h is the height of the cloud and d is the depth of the fortle from the surface, then the distance of the cloud as estimated by the turfle is

A.
$$d + h\left(1 + \frac{1}{\mu}\right)$$

B. $h + d\left(1 - \frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
C. $d + h\left(1 - \frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

D. $d+\mu h$





Model Question Paper Ii

1. Two solid spheres of came metal bar of mass 8M and 27M fall simultaneouslyon a viscous liquid and their terminal velocities are v and nv, then values n is B. 8.5

C. 4

D. 2.25

Answer: D

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2. A stone of mass ied to a string of lengh l rotating along & a circular path with constant speed v. The torque on the stone is

A. mv^2l

B. mvl

$$\mathsf{C}.mrac{v}{l}$$

D. zero

Answer: D

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3. At which temperaure, he surface tension of

water has a minimum value?

A. $4^\circ C$

B. $10^{\circ}C$

C. $27^{\circ}C$

D. $37^\circ C$

Answer: D

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4. If the distance between any two bodies in

the aniverse is reduwed to half the present

distance between them, then atraction

between them will

A. increase 4 times.

B. increase 2 fames.

C. remain constant.

D. decrease by 1/2.

Answer: A

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5. In a spring block system if length of the spring is reduced by $1\,\%$, then time period

A. increase by 2%.

B. increase by 0.5%

C. decrease by 2%.

D. decrease by 0.5%.

Answer: D

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6. A $5\mu F$ capacitor is fully charged across a 12 V battery, It is then disconnected from the battery and connected to an uncharged capacitor, If the voltage across the capacitor becomes 3 V then the capacitance of the

A. $3\mu F$

B. $15\mu F$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,25\mu F$

D. $60 \mu F$

Answer: B



7. In Wheatstone's bridge P = 9ohm, Q = 11 ohm, R = 4ohm and S = 6ohm. How much resistance must be put in parallel to the resistance S to balance the bridge

A. 24 ohm

B.
$$\frac{44}{9}$$
 ohm

- C. 26.4 ohm
- D. 18.7 ohm

Answer: C



8. A flywheel of mass 10 kg and radius 10 cm is revolving at a speed of 240 r.p.m. Its kinetic energy is

A.
$$\frac{32}{\pi}J$$

- B. $3.2\pi^2 J$
- C. $32\pi J$

D. $32\pi^2 J$

Answer: B



9. Toroid is a solenoid of

A. infinite length.

- B. infinite length of non-uniform radius.
- C. finite length bent into a circle.
- D. infinite length bent into a circle.

Answer: C

10. In a Young's double slit experiment, the slits are 2mm apart and are illuminated with a mixture of two wavelength $\lambda_0 = 750 nm$ and $\lambda = 900 nm$. The minimum distance from the common central bright fringe on a screen 2mfrom the slits where a bright fringe from one interference pattern coincides with a bright fringe from the other is



11. Select the correct statement . If a liquid surface is curved , then

A. the pressure on the concave side is less

than that on the convex side.

B. the pressure on the concave side is

equal to pressure on convex side.

C. the pressure on concave side is more

than that on convex side.

D. the pressure on the concvex side is

atmospheric pressure.

Answer: C

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12. A wheel is subjected to uniform angular acceleration about its axis. Initially, its angular velocity is zero. In the first $2 \sec$, it rotates through an angle θ_1 , in the next $2 \sec$, it

rotates through an angle $heta_2$. The ratio of $heta_2/ heta_1$ is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 5

Answer: C



13. A refrigerator with COP = 1/3 release 200J at heat to a reservoir. Then the work done on the working substance is

A.
$$\frac{100}{3}J$$

B. 100J

$$\mathsf{C}.\,\frac{200}{3}J$$

D. 150J

Answer: D



14. In electromagnetic induction, the induced

charge in a coil is independent of

A. change in the flux

B. time

C. resistance of the circuit

D. time and resistance of the circuit

Answer: C

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15. The capacitance of a parallel plate

capacitor can be increased by

A. increasing the area of the plates.

B. decreasing the distances between the

plates.

C. using a dielectric of higher permittivity.

D. all the above.

Answer: D

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16. In the determination of Young's modulus $\left(Y=rac{4MLg}{\pi\,/\,d^2}
ight)$ by using Searle's method, a wire of length L =180cm and a diametre d=0.6 mm is used. For a load M =4 kg, an extension I= 0.2 mm in the length of the wire is observed. Quantities d and I are measured using a respectively. They have the same pitch of 0.5 mm. The number of divisions on their circular scale is 100. The contributions to the maximum probable error of the measurement are
A. due to the errors in the measurements

of d and l are the same.

B. due to the error in the measurement of

d is 0.4% more than that due to the

error in the measurement of l.

C. due to the error in the measurement of I

is 0.83% more than that due to the error

in the measurement of d.

D. due to the error in the measurement of

d is four times that due to the error in

the measurement of l.

Answer: C

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17. The centre of mass of a right circular cone of height h, radiusr and constant density ρ is at

A.
$$\left(0, 0, \frac{h}{4}\right)$$

B. $\left(0, 0, \frac{h}{3}\right)$

$$\mathsf{C.}\left(0,0,\frac{h}{2}\right)$$
$$\mathsf{D.}\left(0,0,\frac{h}{7}\right)$$

Answer: A



18. A horizontal wire oarries 160 A current below which another wire of linear density $16 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{kg}}{m}$ carrying a current is kept at 1.2 cm distance. If the wire kept below hangs in air, what is the current in this wire?

A. 58.8 A1

B. 9.8 A

C. 98 A

D. 48 A

Answer: A



19. A charge q is spread uniformly over an isolated ring of radius 'R'. The ring is rotated about its natural axis and has magnetic dipole

moment of the ring as M. Angular velocity of

rotation is

A.
$$\frac{M}{2qR^2}$$
B.
$$\frac{M}{(qR)^2}$$
C.
$$\frac{2M}{qR^2}$$
D.
$$\frac{qM}{2R}$$

Answer: C



20. An object is placed at a distance u from a concave mirror and its real image is received on a screen placed at a distance of v from the mirror. If f is the focal length of the mirror, then the graph between 1/v versus 1/u is



Answer: B



- **21.** In forced vibration, the body vibrates with the
 - A. same frequency of external force.
 - B. different frequency of external force.
 - C. exactly half of external force frequency.
 - D. same and different frequencies of

external force frequency.

Answer: A



22. Light travels from a medium of refractive index H, to another of refractive index $\mu_2(\mu_1 > \mu_2)$. For total internal reflection of light, which is NOT true?

A. Light can travel from medium of refractive index Hi to l_2 .

B. Angle of incidence must be greater than

the critical angle.

C. There is no refraction of light.

D. Light can travel from the medium of

refractive index μ_1 to μ_1 .

Answer: D

23. Huygen's priciple of secondary wavelets may be used to

A. find the velocity of light in vacum.

B. explain the particle behaviour of light.

C. find the new position of a wavefront.

D. explain sentering of light

Answer: C

24. The momentum of a photon of an electromagnetic radiation is 3.3×10^{-29} kg m/sec. What is the frequency of the associated waves ? [$h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ J-s]

A. $1.5 imes 10^{13}Hz$

B. $7.5 imes10^{12}Hz$

C. $6.0 imes 10^3 Hz$

D. $3.0 imes10^3Hz$

Answer: A

25. Two satellites of masses 3 m and m orbit the earth in circular orbits of radii r and 3 r respectively. The ratio of the their speeds is

A. 1

B.
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

C. $\frac{1}{3}$
D. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$

Answer: B

26. The reactance of a capacitanee at 50 Hz is 4Ω . If the frequency is increased to 200 Hz, then the reactance is

A. 16Ω

 $\mathsf{B.}\,8\Omega$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2\Omega$

D. 1Ω

Answer: D



27. A steel ring of radius r and cross section area A is fitted on to a wooden disc of radius R(R > r). If Young's modulus be R, then the force with which the steel ring is expanded is

A.
$$\frac{AYR}{r}$$

B. $\frac{AY(R-r)}{r}$
C. $\frac{Y}{A} \frac{(R-r)}{r}$
D. $\frac{Yr}{AR}$





28. The second law of thermodynamies implies

A. whole of the heat can be converted into

mechanical energy

B. no heat engine can be 100% efficient

C. every heat engine has an efficienes of

100%

D. a refrigerator can reduce the lemgeritre

to absolute zero,

Answer: B

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29. A $1.00 \times 10^{-20} kg$ particule is performing S.H.M. with a period of $1.00 \times 10^{-5} s$ and with maximum velocity $1.00 \times 10^3 m/s$. The maximum displacement from the mean position is

A. 10 mm

B. 1.59 mm

C. 1mm

D. 0.24mm

Answer: B



30. In Davisson-Germer experiment, if the angle of diffraction is 52° , the find the glancing angle.

A. $26^{\,\circ}$

B. 64°

C. 52°

D. 104°

Answer: B



31. The refractive index of the material of an equilateral prism is 1.3. The angle of minimum deviation due to the prism would be

A. 30°

B. less than 40°

C. 45°

D. between 30° and 60°

Answer: B



32. If a particle executing S.H.M. with amplitude A and maximum velocity vo, then its speed at displacement A/2 is



Answer: A

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33. lonosphere is used for.....

A. Sky waves

B. space waves

C. ground waves

D. all

Answer: A

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34. Electric field intensity at a point due to an infinite sheet of charge having surface charge density σ is *E*.If sheet were conducting electric intensity would be

A. E/2

B.E

C. 2E

D. 4E

Answer: C

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35. The logic behind NOR gate is that it gives

A. high output when both the inputs are

- B. low output when both the inputs are low.
- C. high output when both the inputs are
- D. Both (A) and (B).

Answer: A



36. Ratio of the amplinudes of interfering waves is 4. Now de ratio of their intensities will he

A. 16:1

B.49:1

C. 9:16

D. 3:4

Answer: C



37. The U-tabe with limbs of diameters 5 mm and 2 mm contains water of surface tension $7 \times 10^{-2} Nm^{-1}$. The angle of contact is zero and density $10^3 kgm^{-3}$. If g is $10ms^{-2}$ then, the difference in levela in the twa limbs is

A. 8.4 cm

B. 8.4 cm

C. 8.4 m

D. 0.84 cm

Answer: B



38. In above question, if the centripetal force F is kept constant but the angular velocity is doubled, the new radius of the path (original radius R) will be

A. R/4

B. R/2

C. 2R

D. 4R

Answer: A



39. The sine of the angle between $\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ is

A. 1

B. 0.91

C. 0.76

D. 0.67





40. The instrument among the following which measures the e.m.f of a cell most accurately is

A. a voltmeter

B. an ammeter

C. potentiometer

D. post office box





41. What is the shape of magnet in moving coil galvanometer to make the radial magnetic field ?

A. Concave.

B. Horse shoe magnet.

C. Convex.

D. Electromagnet.





42. An electron cannot be occupied in

A. valence band

- B. conduction band
- C. forbidden band
- D. all of these





43. Beats are produced by the superimposition of two waves of nearly equal frequencies. Which of the following statements is CORRECT?

A. All particles of the medium vibrate simple harmonically with frequency equal to the difference between the frequencies of the component waves. B. The frequency of beats changes with the

location of the observer.

- C. The frequency of beats changes with time.
- D. Amplitude of vibration of particles at any

point changes simple harmonically with

frequency equal to one half of the the

difference between component waves.

Answer: D

44. Gyromagnetic ratio is a ratio of charge to

A. magnetic moment of electron.

B. electric dipole moment of electron.

C. mass of electron.

D. angular momentum of electron.

Answer: C

45. Which of the following is the fusion reaction ?

A.
$${}^2_1H+{}^2_1H
ightarrow{}^4_2He$$

- $\mathsf{B}.\,{}^1_0H+{}^{14}_7H\rightarrow {}^{14}_6C+{}^1_1H$
- ${\sf C}.\,{}^1_0n+{}^{238}_{92}U\to {}^{239}_{93}Np+ \ +\ \beta^{\,-1}+\gamma$

D.
$${}^3_1
ightarrow {}^3_2 He + eta^{-1} + \gamma$$

Answer: A

46. Light is incident at an angle *i* on a glass slab. The reflected ray is completely polarished . The angle of refraction is

A.
$$90^\circ$$
 $-i$

B.
$$180^\circ\,-i$$

- C. $90^\circ\,+\,i$
- D. i

Answer: A



47. If the length of a closed organ pipe is 1m and velocity of sound is 330 m/s , then the frequency for the second note is

A. 4(330/4)Hz

B. 3(330/4)Hz

C. 2(330/4)Hz

D. 5(330/4)Hz

Answer: B
