



MATHS

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MATHS (ENGLISH)

TRIANGLE TRIGONOMETRY

Example

1. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if

$$m\angle A = 45^\circ, m\angle B = 57^\circ, a = 4.$$



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2. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $a = 7$, $b = 12$, $m\angle C = 62^\circ$

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3. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $a = 3$, $b = 5$, $c = 7$.



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4. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if

$$m\angle A = 125^\circ, a = 10, b = 8.$$



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5. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $m\angle A = 90^\circ, a = 7, b = 5$.



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6. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $m\angle A = 50^\circ, a = 3, b = 5$.



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7. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $m\angle A = 50^\circ$, $a = 7$, $b = 5$.



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8. Solve $\triangle ABC$ if $m\angle A = 50^\circ$, $a = 4$, $b = 5$.



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9. Find the area of the triangle if $m\angle A = 62^\circ$, $b = 6$, $c = 12$.



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Exercises

1. the exact value of $\tan(-60^\circ)$ is

A. $-\sqrt{3}$

B. -1

C. $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

D. $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Answer: A



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2. The exact value of $\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}$ is

A. -1

B. $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C. $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

D. $-\frac{1}{2}$.

Answer: C



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3. $\csc 540^\circ$ is

A. 0

B. $-\sqrt{3}$

C. $-\sqrt{2}$

D. undefined

Answer: D



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4.

In

$\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 30^\circ$, $b = 8$, and $a = 4\sqrt{2}$,

angle C could equal

A. 45°

B. 135°

C. 60°

D. 15°

Answer: D



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5. In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 30^\circ$, $a = 6$ and $c = 8$.

Which of the following must be true?

A. $0^\circ < \angle C < 90^\circ$

B. $90^\circ < \angle C < 135^\circ$

C. $45^\circ < \angle C < 135^\circ$

D. $0^\circ < \angle C < 45^\circ$

or

$$135^\circ < \angle C < 180^\circ$$

Answer: D



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6. The angles of a triangle are in a ratio of 8:3:1. the ratio of the longest side of the triangle to the next longest side is

A. $\sqrt{6}:2$

B. 8:3

C. $\sqrt{3}:1$

D. 8:5

Answer: A



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7. The sides of a triangle are in a ratio of 4:5:6.

the smallest angle is

A. 82°

B. 69°

C. 56°

D. 41°

Answer: D



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8. Find the length of the longer diagonal of a parallelogram if the sides are 6 inches and 8 inches and the smaller angle is 60°

A. 8

B. 11

C. 12

D. 7

Answer: C



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9. What are all values of side a in the figure below such that two triangles can be constructed?



A. $a > 4\sqrt{3}$

B. $a > 8$

C. $a = 4\sqrt{3}$

D. $4\sqrt{3} < a < 8$

Answer: D

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10.

In

$\triangle ABC$, $\angle B = 30^\circ$, $\angle C = 105^\circ$, and $b = 10$

. The length of side a equals.



A. 7

B. 9

C. 10

D. 14

Answer: D



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11. The area of $\triangle ABC$, $= 24\sqrt{3}$, side $a=6$,
and side $b=16$. the value of $\angle C$ is

A. 30°

B. 30° or 150°

C. 60°

D. 60° or 120°

Answer: D



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12. The area of $\triangle ABC = 12\sqrt{3}$, side $a = 6$, and side $b = 9$ side $c =$

A. $2\sqrt{37}$

B. $2\sqrt{13}$

C. $2\sqrt{37}$ or $2\sqrt{13}$

D. 10

Answer: C



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13. Given the following data which, can form two triangles?

I. $\angle C = 30^\circ, c = 8, b = 12$

II. $\angle B = 45^\circ, a = 12\sqrt{2}, b = 12\sqrt{2}$

III. $\angle C = 60^\circ, b = 12, c = 5\sqrt{3}$

A. only I

B. only II

C. only III

D. only I and II

Answer: A



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