

BIOLOGY

NCERT - NCERT BIOLOGY(ENGLISH)

EXCRETORY PRODUCTS AND THEIR ELIMINATION

Exercise

1. Define Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR)



2. Explain the autoregulatory mechanism of GFR.



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3. Micturition is carried out by a reflex.



4. ADH helps in water elimination, making the urine hypotonic.



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5. Protein-free fluid is filtered from blood plasma into the Bowman's capsule



6. Henle's loop plays an important role in concentrating the urine.



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7. Glucose is actively reabsorbed in the proximal convoluted tubule.



8. Give a brief account of the counter current mechanism.



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9. Describe the role of liver, lungs and skin in excretion.



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10. Explain micturition.

11. Match the items of column I with those of column II:

Answer 7:							
Column I		Column II					
(a)	Ammonotelism	(iii)	Bony fish				
(b)	Bowman's capsule	(v)	Renal tubule				
(c)	Micturition	(iv)	Urinary bladder				
(d)	Uricotelism	(i)	Birds				
(d)	ADH	(ii)	Water reabsorption				



12. What is meant by the term osmoregulation?



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13. Terrestrial animals are generally either ureotelic or uricotelic, not ammonotelic, why?



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14. What is the significance of juxtaglomerular apparatus (JGA) in kidney function?



- 15. Find out the name of the following:
- a. A chordate animal having flame cells as excretory structures
- b. Cortical portions projecting between the medullary pyramids in the human kidney
- c. A loop of capillary running parallel to the Henle's loop



16.	Ascendi	ng lir	nb	of	Henle	's loo	p is
	to	water	· wł	nerea	as the	descer	nding
limk	o is	to i	t.				



17. Reabsorption of water from distal parts of the tubules is facilitated by hormone_____.



18. Dialysis fluid contains all the constituents as in plasma except _____.



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19. A healthy adult human excretes (on an average) ____ gm of urea/day.

