



## CHEMISTRY

### NCERT - NCERT CHEMISTRY(ENGLISH)

#### SOME BASIC CONCEPTS OF CHEMISTRY

##### Solved Example

1. A piece of metal is 3 inch (represented by in) long. What is its length in cm?



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2. A jug contains 2L of milk. Calculate the volume of the milk in  $m^3$

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3. How many seconds are there in 2 days?

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4. The molecular mass of glucose ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) molecule to three significant figures is

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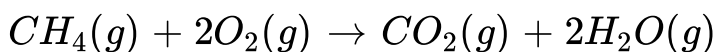
5. A compound contains 4.07% *H*, . 24.27% *C*, and 71.65% *Cl*. If its molar mass is 98.96, the molecular formula will be

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6. Calculate the amount of water (g) produced by the combustion of 16 g of methane

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7. Consider the following reactions,



How many moles of methane are required to produce 22g of  $CO_2(g)$  after combustion?

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8. 50.0kg of  $N_2(g)$  and 10kg of  $H_2(g)$  are mixed to produce  $NH_3(g)$ . Calculate the  $NH_3(g)$  formed. Identify the limiting reagent.

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9. A solution is prepared by adding 2 g of a substance A to 18 g of water. Calculate the mass per cent of the solute.

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10. Calculate the molarity of NaOH in the solution prepared by dissolving its 4 g in enough water to form 250 mL of the solution.

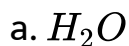
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11. The density of 3M solution of  $NaCl$  is  $1.25\text{gmL}^{-1}$ . The molality of the solution is

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Exercise

1. Calculate the molecular mass of the following:



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2. Calculate the mass percent of different elements present in sodium sulphate ( $Na_2SO_4$ ).

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3. Determine the empirical formula of an oxide of iron which has 69.9 % iron and 30.1 % dioxygen by mass.

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4. Calculate the amount of carbon dioxide that could be produced when

a. 1 mol of carbon is burnt in air

b. 1 moles of carbon is burnt in 16g of dioxygen.

c. 2 moles of carbon are burnt in 16g of dioxygen.



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5. Calculate the mass of sodium acetate ( $CH_3COONa$ ) required to make 500mL of 0.375 molar aqueous solution.

Molar mass of sodium of acetate is  $82.0245\text{gmol}^{-1}$ .



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6. Calculate the concentration of nitric acid in moles per litre in a sample which has a density  $1.41\text{gmL}^{-1}$  and the mass percent of nitric acid in it being 69% .

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7. How much copper can be obtained from 100 g of copper sulphate ( $\text{CuSO}_4$ )?

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8. Determine the molecular formula of an oxide of iron in which the mass percent of iron and oxygen are 69.9 and 30.1, respectively.(molecular mass is 159.8).

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9. Calculate the atomic mass (average) of chlorine using the following data:

	% natural abundance	Molar mass
$^{35}\text{Cl}$	75.77	34.9689
$^{37}\text{Cl}$	24.23	36.9659

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10. In three moles of ethane ( $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6$ ), calculate the following:

(i) Number of moles of carbon atoms.

(ii) Number of moles of hydrogen atoms.

(iii) Number of molecules of ethane.

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11. What is the concentration of sugar ( $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ ) in  $molL^{-1}$  if its 20g are dissolved in enough water to make a final volume up to 2L?

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12. If the density of methanol is  $0.793kgL^{-1}$  what is its volume needed for making 2.5 L of its 0.25M solution?

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13. Pressure is determined as force per unit area of the surface. The *SI* unit of pressure, pascal is as shown below:

$$1Pa = Nm^{-2}$$

If the mass of air at sea level is  $1034 \text{gcm}^{-2}$ , calculate the pressure in pascal.

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14. What is the *SI* unit of mass? How is it defined?

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15. Match the following prefixes with their multiples:

	Prefixes	Multiples
(i)	micro	$10^6$
(ii)	deca	$10^9$
(iii)	mega	$10^{-6}$
(iv)	giga	$10^{-15}$
(v)	femto	10

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16. What do you mean by significant figures?

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17. A sample of drinking water was found to be severely contaminated with chloroform ( $CHCl_3$ ) supposed to be a carcinogen. The level of contamination was 15 ppm (by mass).

(i). Express this in percent by mass

(ii). Determine the molality of chloroform in the water sample.

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**18.** Express the following in the scientific notation:

a. 0.0048

b. 234000

c. 8008

d. 500.0

e. 6.0012



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**19.** How many significant figures are present in the following?

a. 0.0025

b. 208

c. 5005

d. 126000

e. 500.0

f. 2.0034



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**20.** Round up the following upto three significant figures:

a. 34.216

b. 10.4107

c. 0.04597

d. 2808



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**21.** The following data are obtained when dinitrogen and dioxygen react to gether to form different compounds:

	Mass of dinitrogen	Mass of dioxygen
<i>i.</i>	14g	16g
<i>ii.</i>	14g	32g
<i>iii.</i>	28g	32g
<i>iv.</i>	28g	80g

a. Which law of chemical combination is obeyed by the above experimental data? Give its statement.

d. Fill in the blanks in the following conversions:

I.  $1\text{km} = \dots\dots \text{mm} = \dots\dots \text{pm}$

II.  $1\text{mg} = \dots\dots \text{kg} = \dots\dots \text{ng}$

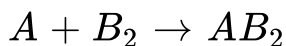
III.  $1\text{mL} = \dots\dots \text{L} = \dots\dots \text{dm}^3$

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22. If the speed of light is  $3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ms}^{-1}$ , calculate the distance covered by light in  $2.00\text{ns}$ .

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**23.** In a reaction



Identify the limiting reagent, if any, in the following reaction mixtures.

a. 300atoms of  $A$  + 200 molecules of  $B$

b.  $2\text{mol}A$  +  $3\text{mol}B$

c. 100atoms of  $A$  + 100 molecules of  $B$

d.  $5\text{mol}A$  +  $2.5\text{mol}B$

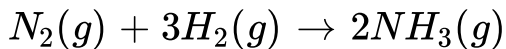
e.  $2.5\text{mol}A$  +  $5\text{mol}B$



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**24.** Dinitrogen and dihydrogen react with each other to produce ammonia according to the following chemical equation:





- a. Calculate the mass of ammonia produced if  $2.00 \times 10^3 g$  dinitrogen reacts with  $1.00 \times 10^3 g$  of dihydrogen.
- b. Will any of the two reactants remain unreacted?
- c. If yes, which one and what would be its mass?

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25. How are  $0.50 mol Na_2CO_3$  and  $0.50 M Na_2CO_3$  different?

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26. If ten volumes of dihydrogen gas reacts with five volumes of dioxygen gas, how many volumes of water

vapour would be produced?



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**27.** Convert the following into basic units:

a.  $28.7\text{pm}$

b.  $15.15\text{pm}$

c.  $25365\text{mg}$



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**28.** Which one of the following will have the largest number of atoms?

(i)  $1\text{ g Au (s)}$

(ii)  $1\text{ g Na (s)}$

(iii) 1 g Li (s)

(iv) 1 g of  $Cl_2(g)$

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29. Calculate the molarity of a solution of ethanol in water in which the mole fraction of ethanol is 0.040.

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30. What will be the mass of one  $^{12}C$  atom in g?

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**31.** How many significant figures should be present in the answer of the following calculations?

a. 
$$\frac{0.02856 \times 298.15 \times 0.112}{0.5785}$$

b.  $5 \times 5.364$

c.  $0.0125 + 0.7864 + 0.0215$

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**32.** Use data given in the following table to calculate the molar mass of naturally occurring argon isotopes:

Isotope	Isotopic molar mass	Abundance
${}^{36}\text{Ar}$	$35.96755\text{gmol}^{-1}$	0.337 %
${}^{38}\text{Ar}$	$37.96272\text{gmol}^{-1}$	0.063 %
${}^{40}\text{Ar}$	$39.9624\text{gmol}^{-1}$	99.600 %

(Round of the answer to the nearest whole number ).

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**33.** Calculate the number of atoms in each of the following

(i) 52 moles of Ar (ii) 52 u of He (iii) 52 g of He.



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**34.** A welding fuel gas contains carbon and hydrogen only.

Burning a small sample of it in oxygen gives 3.38 g carbon

dioxide, 0.690 g of water and no other products. A volume of

10.0 litre (Measured at STP) of this welding gas is found

weigh 11.6g. Calculate

(i) empirical formula,

(ii) molar mass of the gas, and

(iii) molecular formula.



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**35.** Calcium carbonate reacts with aqueous  $HCl$  to give  $CaCl_2$  and  $CO_2$  according to the reaction:

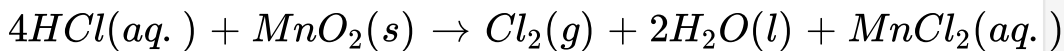


What mass of  $CaCO_3$  is required to react completely with  $25mL$  of  $0.75MHCl$ ?



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**36.** Yellowish-green gas chlorine ( $Cl_2$ ) can be prepared in the laboratory by heating hydrochloric acid ( $HCl, aq$ ) with pyrolusite (manganese dioxide,  $MnO_2$ ):



How many grams of  $HCl$  reacts with  $5.00g$  of manganese dioxide?



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